EXHIBIT D2 QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT 2nd QUARTER SFY 2025

October 1, 2024 – December 31, 2024



Produced for Arkansas Department of Human Services Division of Children and Family Services by Evident Change

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Reports of Child Maltreatment

Quick Facts

Volume and Description of Child Maltreatment Reports



Of the 8,307 reports of child maltreatment accepted by the Arkansas Child Abuse Hotline during the second quarter, 82 percent were assigned to DCFS and 18 percent were assigned to the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police, which is responsible for investigating the most serious allegations of maltreatment.

Of the reports assigned to DCFS, 77 percent were assigned for an investigation and 23 percent were handled through differential response (DR).

DR allows the Division to respond to specific, low-risk maltreatment reports through a family assessment and provision of services rather than a traditional investigation.

The following types of allegations can qualify for DR:

- Inadequate supervision if children are at least five
- Environmental neglect if children are at least three
- Medical neglect if children
 are at least thirteen
- Lock out if children are at least ten
- Inadequate food, inadequate shelter, inadequate clothing, or educational neglect with no age restrictions
- Certain allegations of abuse where the incident occurred at least one year prior to the report date

Findings of Child Maltreatment Investigations

Seventeen percent of the investigations assigned to DCFS during the second quarter were found true, compared to 29 percent for CACD. The overall substantiation rate stood at 20 percent.

Appendix A provides further detail on the number of referrals accepted for investigation and those found true for the most recent quarter.



Percentage of Investigations Found True

Characteristics of Children Involved in True Investigations

There were 1,885 victim children involved in substantiated maltreatment investigations during the quarter.

Of those children, 56 percent were white, 21 percent were black, and 13 percent were multiracial. Less than half (46 percent) were under six years of age.

The majority of victim children (54 percent) were female.



Types of Allegations in True Investigations

Neglect was the most commonly reported allegation for the 1,885 victim children, followed by allegations of physical abuse and sexual abuse.

Percentage of Children in True Allegations of Maltreatment					
	Number of Children Cited in True AllegationPercentage of Childr Cited in True Allegat				
Neglect	1,211	64%			
Physical Abuse	474	25%			
Sexual Abuse	363	19%			
Sexual Exploitation	46	2%			
Abandonment	18	1%			

A child may have more than one allegation.

Findings of Maltreatment Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities				
Finding	Child Fatality Child Near Fatali			
True	1	3		
Unsubstantiated	1	2		
Inactive	0	0		
Pending	7	0		

Reports Involving Fatalities or Near Fatalities

During the second quarter, there were nine maltreatment investigations of child fatalities. Of those, one was found true, one was unsubstantiated, and seven were still pending.

Over the same period, there were five investigations of near fatalities. Three were found true, and two were unsubstantiated.

Reports Assigned for Differential Response (DR)



Number of Reports Assigned for Differential Response

The number of reports assigned for DR during the second quarter (1,555) increased by 16 percent over the previous quarter.

Meeting Agency Policies

Timeliness of Initiating Investigations

The law requires reports of maltreatment to be initiated within 24 hours of receipt of a Priority I report or within 72 hours for a Priority II report.

Priority I reports cite more severe allegations while Priority Il reports cite comparatively less serious allegations.

Initiation occurs when all victim children are interviewed or observed (if too young for an interview) within the designated timeframes.

DCFS initiated 75 percent of its investigations on time during the second guarter, identical to its performance during the previous quarter.



Timeliness of Completing Investigations

DCFS completed 76 percent of its investigations on time (within 45 days of receipt of the report) during the quarter. This was lower than its performance during the previous guarter (84 percent).



Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments



Timeliness of Initiating Reports Assigned to DR

DR referrals must be initiated within 72 hours of receipt of the report.

DCFS initiated 69 percent of its DR reports on time during the second quarter, identical to its performance during the previous quarter.

Timeliness of Completing Reports Assigned to DR

Reports assigned to DR must be closed within 30 days of receipt of the report. In certain instances where the family's needs necessitate longer involvement, two 15-day extensions can be granted, for a total of 60 days.

The Division closed 63 percent of DR reports on time during the second quarter, taking into account reports in which extensions were granted.



Timely Initiation of DR Reports

Benefits to Children and Families

Preventing the Recurrence of Maltreatment

Five percent of the victim children involved in true investigations during the second quarter of SFY 2024 experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within 12 months. Three percent experienced a recurrence of maltreatment within six months.



Recurrence of Maltreatment within 6 and 12 Months

The National Standard for recurrence within 12 months is 9.1 percent or less

Recurrence of Maltreatment Among Families Who Received DR Services

Three percent of the children who began receiving DR services during the second quarter of SFY 2024 were involved in a true investigation of child maltreatment within 12 months, and two percent were involved within six months.



Involvement in True Maltreatment Reports within 6 and 12 Months of Receiving DR Services

In-Home Services

Quick Facts

Volume and Description of Cases

Volume of Cases



In most instances, DCFS offers inhome services through a protective services case, which is opened when a true maltreatment report or court order necessitates DCFS' involvement with a family but there is not an immediate threat to any child's safety in the home.

The number of in-home protective services cases decreased slightly during the quarter. There were 1,497 in-home protective services cases, involving 3,555 children, open across the state at the end of the quarter.

The Division also offers in-home supportive services to families on a voluntary basis. DCFS was responsible for 465 supportive services cases at the end of the quarter.

Length of Time Cases Have Been Open

Both in-home protective services cases and supportive services cases that were active as of the end of the quarter had been open, on average, for approximately four and one-half months.



Average Number of Days Cases Have Been Open as of the End of Quarter

Age of Children in In-Home Protective Services Cases

Over half (55 percent) of the children involved in in-home protective services cases at the end of the quarter were ages six or older.

Age of Children in In-Home Cases



Meeting Agency Policies

Monthly Visits to In-Home Protective Services Cases

Families with an open in-home protective services case must receive a face-to-face visit from a caseworker each month. Caseworkers made 81 percent of these required visits during the second quarter.

This is slightly higher than the inhome visitation rate observed for each of the previous three quarters. The Division's goal is 85 percent.



Required Monthly Visits to In-Home Cases

Benefits to Children and Families

Victimization Rate Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services

Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive or Protective Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of the Initiation of Service 40% 30% 20% 10% 8% 7% 5% 6% 0% 3rd Qtr 4th Qtr 1st Qtr 2nd Qtr Supportive Services Protective Services

The percentage of children involved in a protective services case who were maltreated within one year of service initiation was eight percent for the second quarter.

The rate of maltreatment for children involved through a supportive services case was five percent for the second quarter.

Rate of Entry Into Foster Care Among Children Who Received Protective and Supportive Services



Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive or Protective Services who Entered Foster Care within One Year of the Initiation of Service

Of the children who began receiving protective services during the second quarter one year ago, nine percent entered foster care within one year of the initiation of those services.

Two percent of the children who began receiving supportive services during the same timeframe entered care within one year.

In-home services prevent the vast majority of children from being revictimized or entering foster care within one year.

Foster Care

Volume and Description of Cases

Number of Children in Foster Care



Characteristics of Children in Foster Care

At the end of the quarter, children ages five years or younger made up 34 percent of all children in foster care. Fortysix percent of those in care were white, 25 percent were multiracial, and 19 percent were black.

Of the children in foster care at the end of the guarter, 51 percent were male and 49 percent were female.



Age of Children in Care at the End of the Quarter



Admissions Into and Discharges From Foster Care

More children exited foster care during the second quarter than had entered.



Number of Admissions into and Discharges from

Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care 2nd Quarter SFY 2025

Placement Reason	Number of Entries	Total
Neglect	270	53%
Substance Abuse	199 ¹	39%
Parent Incarceration	117	23%
Physical Abuse	80	16%
Inadequate Housing	77	15%
Abandonment	35	7%
Sexual Abuse	31	6%
Caretaker Illness	25	5%
Child's Behavior	24	5%
Court Ordered Foster Care in FINS Case	6	1%
All Other Reasons	11	2%

Reasons for Children's Entry Into Foster Care

Neglect and substance abuse were the most common reasons for children entering foster care during the second quarter, similar to the previous quarter.

A child may have more than one reason for entry.

Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care

Reasons for Children's Discharge from Foster Care 2nd Quarter SFY 2025

Discharge Reason	Number of Discharges	Total
Reunification	251	45%
Adoption	157	28%
Guardianship	48	9%
Relative Custody	43	8%
Child Aged Out	36	6%
Non-Custodial Parent Custody	17	3%
Non-Relative Custody	3	<1%
All Other Reasons	4	<1%

National data² indicate that the three most prevalent reasons children leave care are reunification (46%), adoption (27%), and guardianship (11%).

Arkansas Division of Children and Family Services

Forty-five percent of the children who left foster care during the quarter were reunified with their own family, and 28 percent were adopted.

Overall, 93 percent of the children exiting care in Arkansas achieved permanency either by returning home or via discharge to relatives, an adoptive home, or another permanent living arrangement.

¹ These 199 cases of substance abuse include 149 instances of parental drug abuse, 41 instances of parental alcohol abuse, 6 instances of drug abuse by a child, and 3 instances of alcohol abuse by a child.

² National data from the Children's Bureau (May 2023).

Length of Stay in Foster Care

Of the children in foster care at the end of the second quarter, over half (54 percent) had been in care for 12 months or longer.

Length of Stay in Foster Care for Children in Care 2nd Quarter SFY 2025

Length of Stay	Number	Percentage	National
Less than 30 days	161	5%	4%
1-3 Months	271	8%	18%
3-6 Months	453	13%	1070
6-12 Months	700	20%	18%
12-24 Months	838	25%	26%
24-36 Months	386	11%	14%
36+ Months	626	18%	20%
Total	3,435	100%	100%

Foster Home (Rel/Fic): 20%

Placements of Children in Foster Care

Overall, 78 percent of the children in foster care at the end of the quarter resided in a family-like setting (i.e., relative placement, foster family home, therapeutic foster home, trial home visit, pre-adoptive home).

Six percent resided in congregate care, which represents placement in a qualified residential treatment program (QRTP), residential treatment care or residential care only program, or emergency shelter.



Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care

Forty-seven percent of the children in care at the end of the quarter had a permanency goal of reunification (return home) and 22 percent had a goal of adoption.

These figures differ slightly from national data from the Children's Bureau as of May 2023, with averages of 52 percent for reunification and 28 percent for adoption.



Meeting Agency Policies



30%

0%

3rd Qtr

Monthly Visits to Children in Foster Care

To ensure their safety and wellbeing, best practice requires children in care to be visited in their placement by a caseworker monthly (measured in this chart). The Division's goal is 95 percent.

DCFS caseworkers made 83 percent of their required monthly face-to-face visits with children in care during the second quarter. This was higher than the visitation rates observed for previous quarters.

Ninety-one percent of the foster children received a monthly face-to-face contact from *any* DCFS staff member, regardless of the staff member's position, location of the visit, or the purpose.

Initial Health Screenings and Comprehensive Health Assessments



4th Qtr

1st Qtr

When a child enters foster care due to an allegation of severe maltreatment, DCFS must conduct an Initial Health Screening (IHS) within 24 hours. All other incoming foster children require an initial screening within 72 hours.

Children must also receive a Comprehensive Health Assessment (CHA) within 60 days of entering foster care.

Arkansas Division of Children and Family Services

2nd Qtr

Siblings in Care Who Are Placed Together

At the end of the quarter, 72 percent of the children with siblings in foster care were placed with at least one of their siblings, while 51 percent were placed with all of their siblings.

These figures do not exclude children who were placed separately for valid reasons such as safety issues or court orders.



Percentage of Siblings in Care who are Placed Together

Placement Stability of Children in Foster Care

Placement stability is measured by the rate of placement moves per 1,000 days in foster care for children who enter care over a 12month period.

For the second quarter, the placement stability rate was 5.68, similar to the rate observed for the previous three quarters. The national standard is 4.12.



Benefits to Children and Families



Achieving Permanency Within Twelve Months

The national standard is for 40.5 percent of all children entering foster care to achieve permanency (i.e., exiting foster care to a permanent living situation) within 12 months of removal. Discharges from foster care due to reunification, relative custody, non-custodial parent custody, guardianship, adoption, and non-relative custody are considered to be permanent living situations.

For the second quarter of SFY 2025, 36 percent of the children entering care in Arkansas achieved permanency within 12 months, similar to the previous quarter. This is lower than the national standard.

Preventing Children's Re-Entry Into Foster Care



Six percent of children who had reunited with their families subsequently re-entered foster care within 12 months of discharge for the second quarter of SFY 2025. This is less than the national standard (8.3 percent).

Adoption

Volume and Description of Cases

Children Available for Adoption³

At the end of the second quarter, 204 children were available for adoption.

DCFS estimates that it has identified a possible pre-adoptive placement for approximately 20 percent of the children available for adoption.



Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption

Of the available children, 48 percent were white, 32 percent were multiracial, and 12 percent were black. Children ages ten and older made up 70 percent of the children available for adoption.



³ Children available for adoption are defined as those who (1) have a termination of parental rights on both parents, (2) have a permanency goal of adoption, and (3) are not placed with relatives, fictive kin, or a pre-adoptive family.

Placement of Children Available for Adoption

Sixty percent of the children available for adoption resided in either a foster family home or therapeutic foster home at the end of the quarter.



Length of Time to Adoption

Arkansas' average length of time from termination of parental rights (TPR) until adoption finalization was nearly 16 months during the quarter, almost five months longer than the previous quarter and longer than the national average (12.4 months).

at the End of the Quarter

Placement of Children Available for Adoption

to Finalization of Adoption (Months) 18.0 16.9 15.8 14.0 National Average of 12.4 months 12.0 11.1 10.0 6.0 3rd Qtr 4th Qtr 1st Qtr 2nd Qtr

Length of Time From TPR

Benefits to Children and Families

Finalized Adoptions

One-hundred and fifty-eight adoptions were finalized during the second quarter of SFY 2025.

Of those adoptions, 35 percent were finalized by relatives.

Children ages two to five made up the largest group (27 percent) among those adopted during the quarter. Fifty-nine percent of those adopted during the quarter were white.

Number of Adoptions Finalized During the Quarter



Subsidies are given to children with special needs, defined as:

Subsidized Adoptions

- Caucasian and over nine
- Healthy child of color and at least two years of age
- Member of any sibling group placed together, sharing at least one biological parent, who develop a bond
- Children who have severe medical or psychological needs that require ongoing treatment
- Children at high risk for the development of serious physical, mental, or emotional conditions documented by a medical professional

During the second quarter, **178** children began receiving adoption subsidies. Of those, 174 were federally funded subsidies and 4 were state funded subsidies.

During the quarter, a total of **8,311** children received adoption subsidies.



Resources

Quick Facts

Caseworkers and Caseloads

Investigations 2,147 **Differential Response** 467 Foster Care 3.435 In-Home 1.497 Involving 3,559 Children Supportive Services 465 ICPC 40 0 1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 5,000 6,000 One foster care case is equal to one child in care; one in-home or supportive services case

Types of Cases at the End of the Quarter

One foster care case is equal to one child in care; one in-home or supportive services ca constitutes an entire family, many of which have multiple children.

Caseloads at the End of the Quarter

At the end of the second quarter, the Division was responsible for:

- 2,147 investigations of child maltreatment and 467 DR cases;
- 3,435 foster care cases;
- 1,497 in-home protective services cases, involving 3,559 children;
- 465 supportive services cases and 40 interstate compact for the placement of children (ICPC) cases.

This is while the Division was staffed with 390 family service workers who were responsible for handling these cases.

Caseloads Handled During the Quarter

This figure illustrates the number of cases that cycled through the system anytime during the quarter (as opposed to those open at the end of the quarter, described above).

The Division oversaw 7,716 investigations, 2,171 DR cases, 3,994 children in foster care, 1,667 in-home protective services cases, 732 supportive services cases, and 50 ICPC cases.



Average Caseload

The average caseload statewide was 20 cases per worker at the end of the quarter. The Division's goal is 20 or fewer cases per worker.

36.0

30.0

24.0

18.0

12.0

18.1

Jul-24

The average caseload for each county as of December 2024 is presented in Appendix B.

Foster Homes

Foster Homes and Beds

There were 1,386 licensed foster family homes open statewide at the end of the second quarter, providing a total of 2,702 available beds.

The number of beds increased over the previous quarter.

During the most recent quarter, 310 new foster homes were opened and 230 were closed, resulting in a net gain of 80 homes.

Appendix C displays the closure reasons for the foster homes that closed during the quarter.



Average Caseload at the End of Month

21.0

Sep-24

18.3

Aug-24

22.6

Oct-24

21.5

Nov-24

20.0

Dec-24









Foster Home Bed to Foster Child Ratio

Ratio of Foster Home Beds to Foster Children

The ratio of licensed foster home beds to children in foster care stood at 0.79 at the end of the second quarter, an improvement over the previous quarter.

The Division's goal is to have at least one foster home bed available for each child in foster care.

Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment



Five reports in which a foster parent was identified as an alleged offender was determined to be true during the second quarter. Based on the 1,832 foster homes active during that period, the percentage of foster families with a true report of maltreatment was 0.27 percent.

Appendix D provides more detail on maltreatment reports concerning foster homes.

Appendix A: Breakdown of Child Maltreatment Reports Received During the Quarter and Substantiation Rates of Maltreatment Investigations⁴

	DCFS					CACD	
	Total Assessments Assigned for DR	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True	Total Assessments Assigned for Investigation	True Investigations	Percent True
Third Quarter 2024	1,361	4,394 4,374 Closed	789	18%	1,279 1,208 Closed	377	31%
Fourth Quarter 2024	1,524	4,915 4,798 Closed	850	18%	1,412 1,336 Closed	374	28%
First Quarter 2025	1,094	4,128 4,110 Closed	931	23%	1,444 1,331 Closed	433	33%
Second Quarter 2025	1,651	5,660 5,595 Closed	963	17%	1,691 1,506 Closed	448	30%

⁴ The data cited in this appendix run two months behind the referenced quarter (*e.g.*, the second quarter refers to 8/1/2024 through 10/31/2024); as a result, the numbers cited in this appendix differ from those cited throughout the report, which considers the actual quarter. This is because investigations have a 45-day completion timeframe and this allows enough time to pass to measure the disposition of the investigations. An investigation is excluded from the calculation of the substantiation rate in the event that it has not yet been closed (and thus a disposition has not yet been rendered).





Lincoln, Madison, Montgomery, Newton, Prairie, and Woodruff counties did not have any family service workers at the end of the quarter; their cases were assigned to workers from other counties.

Appendix C: Foster Home Closure Reasons

Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
1	Benton (Bentonville)	0	7	2	0	0	2	0	11
1	Carroll (Berryville)	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	4
1	Madison (Huntsville)	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	0	7	3	2	0	2	0	14
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	0	1	0		0	3		5
2	Franklin (Ozark)	0	1	0	0	0	0		1
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	0	0	0		0	1	0	2
2	Logan (Booneville)	0	0	0		0	0	-	0
2	Logan (Paris)	0	0	0		0	2		2
2	Scott (Waldron)	0	0	0		0	0		0
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	1	4	0		0	1	0	11
2	Yell (Danville)	0	0	0		0	0	-	0
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	0	1	0		0	0		1
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	0	0	0	-	0	1	0	1
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	0	2	0		0	3	-	5
3		0	0	1		0	0		2
3	Howard (Nashville) Montgomery (Mount Ida)	0	1	0		0	0		1
				-					1
3	Perry (Perryville)	0	0	0	-	0	0		0
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
3	Polk (Mena)	0	0	1	1	0	0		2
3	Saline (Benton)	1	10	1	4	0	0		16
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	0	0	0		0	1	0	1
4	Hempstead (Hope)	0	1	1		0	0		2
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	0	0	0		0	0		0
4	Little River (Ashdown)	1	0	1		0	0		2
4	Miller (Texarkana)	0	1	1		0	0	0	3
4	Nevada (Prescott)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
4	Ouachita (Camden)	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	4
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
4	Union (El Dorado)	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	5
5	Boone (Harrison)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
5	Conway (Morrilton)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Faulkner (Conway)	1	4	3	3	0	0	0	11
5	Marion (Yellville)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
5	Newton (Jasper)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Pope (Russellville)	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	4
5	Searcy (Marshall)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	6
6	Pulaski (Jacksonville)	0	0	2		0	0		2
6	Pulaski (North)	0	5	2		0	0		11
6	Pulaski (South)	0	1	3		0	0		6
6	Pulaski (Southwest)	0	3	1		0	0		4
7	Bradley (Warren)	0	0	0		0	0		0
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	0	1	0		0	0		1
7	Cleveland (Rison)	0	0	0		0	0		0
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	0	0	0		0	0		0
7	Grant (Sheridan)	0	0	0		0	0		2
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	0	1	0		0	0		3
7	Lincoln (Star City)	0	0	0		0	0		0
7									
1	Lonoke (Lonoke) Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	1	7	1		0	0		12 2

Area	County	Change in Family Circumstances	Foster Family's Decision	No Longer Meets Requirements	Adopted / Custody / Guardianship / Relative Only	Founded Abuse / Neglect	Provider / Services No Longer Needed	Other	Total
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	5
8	Fulton (Salem)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Greene (Paragould)	0	3	1	3	0	0	0	7
8	Izard (Melbourne)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	5
9	Cross (Wynne)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
9	Independence (Batesville)	0	2	1	4	0	0	0	7
9	Jackson (Newport)	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	4
9	Stone (Mountain View)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
9	White (Searcy)	0	1	1	2	0	1	0	5
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Desha (McGehee)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Drew (Monticello)	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	4
10	Lee (Marianna)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
10	Monroe (Brinkley)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Monroe (Clarendon)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Out of State	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	7	86	51	55	0	28	3	230

Deta	Details of the Major Closure Categories Above (Statewide)				
Closure Reason	Specific Reason	Number of Homes Closed			
Adopted / Custody / Guardianship /	Custody / Guardianship	38			
Relative Only	Child(ren) Left Care	17			
	Personal Issues	4			
Change in Family Circumstances	Provider Moved Out of State	2			
	Moved	1			
	Provider Request	76			
Factor Family's Desision	Changed to Adopt Only	6			
Foster Family's Decision	Became Private Therapeutic Foster Home	2			
	Taking a Break	2			
	DHS Request	47			
No Longer Meets Requirements	Failed Re-Evaluation / Non-Compliance	3			
	Not taking Children when Contacted	1			
Provider / Services No Longer Needed	d Provider / Services No Longer Needed				
Other	Contract Ended	3			

Appendix D: Summary of Foster Care Maltreatment Reports

Characteristics of Children in Foster Care Involved in Allegations of Maltreatment, 2nd Quarter SFY 2025

One-hundred and forty-three reports of alleged maltreatment involving children in foster care were received by the hotline during the second quarter of SFY 2025.

In 49 reports involving 54 children, foster parents⁵ were identified as the alleged offenders. As shown in the following table, five of those reports were found to be true. The foster homes identified in those five reports were subsequently closed.

True	Unsubstantiated	Pending
5	37	7

Foster Home Maltreatment Reports 2nd Quarter SFY 2025

All allegations of maltreatment concerning foster homes are investigated by the Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police. DCFS staff do not actively participate in the investigation of these reports. Allegations of maltreatment regarding foster homes require the agency to assess the safety of all children residing in the home.

The following charts describe the characteristics of the 54 children in foster care who were involved in allegations of maltreatment with foster parents identified as the alleged offenders.



⁵ This includes foster family homes and therapeutic foster homes.



County	Number of Children Involved in Maltreatment Report(s)
Pulaski	7
Benton	6
Faulkner	5
Garland	4
Sebastian	4
Drew	3
Lonoke	3
Craighead	2
Howard	2
Miller	2
Prairie	2
White	2
Cleburne	1
Crawford	1
Crittenden	1
Greene	1
Jackson	1
Lawrence	1
Little River	1
Mississippi	1
Saline	1
Sevier	1
St. Francis	1
Washington	1
Total	54

Location of Foster Homes in Which Alleged Maltreatment Occurred