

ADAM WALSH CHILD PROTECTION AND SAFETY ACT
 JULY, 2006
 (Effective immediately)

1. Improves the SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION PROGRAM - requires mandatory condition of probation and supervised release that offenders comply with sex offender registration requirements (for those required to register);
2. Creates NEW FEDERAL OFFENSES for:
 - failure to register as a sex offender
 - engaging in a child exploitation enterprise
 - deceiving a person into viewing obscenity or deceiving a minor into viewing material harmful to minors
3. INCREASED PENALTIES for federal sex abuse and child sexual exploitation crimes
 - Mandatory Minimum ("MM") 10 year term of imprisonment, additional and consecutive to the punishment for the qualifying offense, upon a registered sex offender who commits a qualifying offense
 - New MM terms for violent crimes against children
 - murder - MM 30 years (or death or life imprisonment if additional factors present, i.e., intentional killing, etc.
 - kidnapping or maiming - MM 25 years
 - crime of violence resulting in bodily injury or if a dangerous weapon was used in the commission of the offense - MM 10 years.
 - enticement of minor to engage in criminal sexual activity - MM 10 years (up from 5) to Life (up from 30 years)
 - New MM terms for production of child pornography for IMPORTATION to the U.S. - MM 15 years (up from none) for first offense; 25 years (up from none) for second offense; and 35 years (up from none) for third offense.
 - Other increased penalties
 - transportation of a minor to engage in criminal sexual activity MM 10 years (up from 5) to Life (up from 30 years
 - aggravated sexual abuse with children - MM 30 years (up from none) to Life
 - sex trafficking of children - MM 15 years (up from none) or sex trafficking by force, fraud, or coercion - MM 10 years (up from none)
 - failure to report child abuse - new max: 1 year (up from class B misdemeanor);
4. No statute of limitations in kidnapping of minor or sexual exploitation cases;
5. Amends the Bail Reform Act 1) to provide that in any case that involves a minor

victim (under enumerated sections), or a failure to register offense, any release order shall contain, at a minimum, ELECTRONIC MONITORING (we have been successful in getting online computer prohibitions also); 2) expands the list of the types of cases that may trigger the detention hearing requirement in 18 U.S.C. §3142(f)(1); and 3) changes one of the factors to be considered in setting conditions of release;

6. Provides for the civil commitment of dangerous sex offenders;

*photo, reception
protection of
wild, organs*

7. Provides that in criminal proceedings, child pornography images must remain in the control of the government or the court, thereby protecting the victims from the risk of further dissemination of those images. The provision provides that courts shall deny defense requests to copy, photograph, duplicate, or otherwise reproduce material constituting child pornography, so long as the government makes the material reasonably available to the defendant. The provision states that material is reasonably available to the defendant if the government provides ample opportunity for the defense to examine it at a government facility.

This should be awarded to include images EXAMS