As Engrossed: 8/16/94 8/17/94 8/18/94

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2	79th General Assembly A Bill
3	Second Extraordinary Session, 1994 SENATE BILL 5
4	By: Senators Bell, Everett, Hoofman and Holiman
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7	For An Act To Be Entitled
8	"AN ACT TO ADD ARKANSAS CODE 5-73-129 TO PROVIDE FOR THE
9	SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE OF FIREARMS UNLAWFULLY POSSESSED BY
10	MINORS; TO AMEND ARKANSAS CODE 9-27-313 TO SPECIFY THE
11	DISPOSITION OF ALLEGED JUVENILE DELINQUENTS TAKEN INTO
12	CUSTODY BY POLICE; TO AMEND ARKANSAS CODE 9-27-336 TO
13	PROVIDE THAT IN CERTAIN INSTANCES JUVENILES ALLEGED TO
14	HAVE COMMITTED A DELINQUENT ACT AND WHO ARE AWAITING
15	INITIAL APPEARANCE BEFORE A JUDGE MAY BE HELD IN AN ADULT
16	JAIL OR LOCKUP FOR UP TO 48 HOURS; TO DECLARE AN
17	EMERGENCY; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES."
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19	Subtitle
20	"TO PROVIDE FOR SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE
21	OF FIREARMS UNLAWFULLY POSSESSED BY
22	MINORS; TO SPECIFY DISPOSITION OF
23	ALLEGED JUVENILE DELINQUENTS TAKEN INTO
24	CUSTODY BY POLICE."
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26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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28	SECTION 1. Subchapter 1 of Chapter 73 of Title 5 of the Arkansas Code
29	is amended by inserting an additional section at the end to read as follows:
30	"5-73-129. (a) Whenever a person under eighteen (18) years of age is
31	unlawfully in possession of a firearm, the firearm shall be seized and, after
32	an adjudication of delinquency or conviction, shall be subject to forfeiture.
33	(b) Whenever a felon or person under eighteen (18) years of age is
34	unlawfully in possession of a firearm in a motor vehicle, the motor vehicle
35	shall be subject to seizure and, after an adjudication of delinguency or

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1 conviction, be subject to forfeiture.
 2.
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         (c) As used herein, the term "unlawfully in possession of a firearm"
 4 shall not include any act of possession of a firearm which is prohibited only
 5 by: A.C.A. 15-43-214 [Unlawful to possess firearms while hunting deer or
 6 turkey by bow and arrow], 15-43-225 [Unlawful for guide for persons hunting
 7 migratory birds to carry gun], 15-43-317 [Unlawful to shoot fish with a gun],
 8 5-73-127 [Unlawful to possess loaded center-fire weapons in certain areas],
 9 or; by a regulation of the Arkansas Game and Fish Commission.
               The procedures for forfeiture and disposition of the seized
11 property shall be as follows:
                    The prosecuting attorney of the judicial district within
12
               (1)
13 whose jurisdiction the property is seized which is sought to be forfeited
14 shall promptly proceed against the property by filing in the circuit or the
15 juvenile division of chancery court having jurisdiction of such person a
16 petition for an order to show cause why the circuit or juvenile division of
17 chancery court should not order forfeiture of such property.
               (2) The petition shall be verified and shall set forth:
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19
                     (A) A statement that the action is brought pursuant to this
20 section;
21
                     (B) The law enforcement agency bringing the action;
22
                     (C) A description of the property sought to be forfeited;
                          A statement that on or about a date certain there was
2.3
   an adjudication of delinquency or conviction and a finding that the property
25 seized is subject to forfeiture;
26
                     (E) A statement detailing the facts in support of
27 subsection (c) of this section; and
                      (F) A list of all persons known to the law enforcement
28
   agency, after diligent search and inquiry, who may claim an ownership interest
30 in the property by title or registration or by virtue of a lien allegedly
31 perfected in the manner prescribed by law.
         (e) (1) Upon receipt of a petition complying with the requirements of
32
33 subsection (c) of this section, the judge of the circuit or juvenile division
34 of chancery court having jurisdiction shall issue an order to show cause
35 setting forth a statement that this subchapter is the controlling law.
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- 1 (2) In addition, the order shall set a date at least forty-one
- 2 (41) days from the date of first publication of the order pursuant to
- 3 subsection (e) of this section for all persons claiming an interest in the
- 4 property to file such pleadings as they desire as to why the circuit or
- 5 juvenile division of chancery court should not order the forfeiture of such
- 6 property to use, sell, or other disposition by the law enforcement agency
- 7 seeking forfeiture of the property.
- 8 (3) The circuit or juvenile division of chancery court shall
- 9 further order that all persons who do not appear on that date are deemed to
- 10 have defaulted and waived any claim to the subject property.
- 11 (f) (1) The prosecuting attorney shall give notice of the forfeiture
- 12 proceedings by:
- 13 (A) Causing to be published a copy of the order to show
- 14 cause twice each week for two (2) consecutive weeks in a newspaper having
- 15 general circulation in the county where the property is located with the last
- 16 publication being not less than five (5) days before the show cause hearing;
- 17 and
- 18 (B) Sending a copy of the petition and order to show cause
- 19 by certified mail, return receipt requested, to each person having ownership
- 20 of or a security interest in the property or in the manner provided in Rule 4
- 21 of the Arkansas Rules of Civil Procedure, if:
- 22 (i) The property is of a type for which title or
- 23 registration is required by law;
- 24 (ii) The owner of the property is known in fact to
- 25 the law enforcement agency at the time of seizure; or
- 26 (iii) The property is subject to a security interest
- 27 perfected in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code, § 4-1-101 et seq.
- 28 (2) The law enforcement agency shall be obligated only to make
- 29 diligent search and inquiry as to the owner of the property and if, after
- 30 diligent search and inquiry, such agency is unable to ascertain the owner, the
- 31 requirement of actual notice by mail with respect to persons having perfected
- 32 security interests in the property shall not be applicable.
- 33 (g) At the hearing on the matter, the petitioner shall have the burden
- 34 to establish that the property is subject to forfeiture by a preponderance of
- 35 the evidence.

- 1 (1) In determining whether or not the motor vehicle should be
- 2 ordered forfeited, the circuit or juvenile division of chancery court may take
- 3 into consideration the following factors:
- 4 (A) any prior criminal conviction or delinquency
- 5 adjudication of the felon or juvenile;
- 6 (B) whether or not the firearm was used in connection with
- 7 any other criminal acts;
- 8 (C) whether the vehicle was used in connection with any
- 9 other criminal acts;
- 10 (D) whether the juvenile or felon was the lawful owner of
- 11 the vehicle in question;
- 12 (E) if the juvenile or felon is not the lawful owner of
- 13 the vehicle in question whether or not the lawful owner knew of the unlawful
- 14 act being committed which gives rise to the forfeiture penalty; and
- 15 (F) any other factors the circuit or juvenile division of
- 16 chancery court deems relevant.
- 17 (h) The final order of forfeiture by the circuit or juvenile division
- 18 of chancery court shall perfect in the law enforcement agency right, title,
- 19 and interest in and to such property and shall relate back to the date of the
- 20 seizure.
- 21 (i) Physical seizure of property shall not be necessary in order to
- 22 allege in a petition under this section that property is forfeitable.
- 23 (j) Upon filing the petition, the prosecuting attorney for the judicial
- 24 district may also seek such protective orders as necessary to prevent the
- 25 transfer, encumbrance, or other disposal of any property named in the
- 26 petition.
- 27 (k) The law enforcement agency to which the property is forfeited shall:
- 28 (1) Destroy all forfeited firearms;
- 29 (2) Sell the motor vehicle in accordance with subsection (k) of
- 30 this section; or
- 31 (3) If the motor vehicle is not subject to a lien which has been
- 32 preserved by the circuit or juvenile division of chancery court, retain the
- 33 motor vehicle for official use.
- 34 (1)(1) If a law enforcement agency desires to sell the forfeited motor
- 35 vehicle, the law enforcement agency shall first cause notice of the sale to be

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1 made by publication at least twice a week for two (2) consecutive weeks in a
 2 newspaper having general circulation in the county and sending a copy of the
 3 notice of the sale by certified mail, return receipt requested, to each person
 4 having ownership of or a security interest in the property or in the manner
 5 provided in Rule 4 of the Arkansas Rules of Civil Procedure, if:
                          The property is of a type for which title or
 7 registration is required by law;
                          The owner of the property is known in fact to the law
 8
 9 enforcement agency at the time of seizure; or
                          The property is subject to a security interest
10
                     (C)
11 perfected in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code, § 4-1-101 et seq.
                    The notice of the sale shall include the time, place, and
12
13 conditions of the sale and a description of the property to be sold.
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                   The property shall then be disposed of at public auction to
  the highest bidder for cash without appraisal.
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             The proceeds of any sale and any moneys forfeited shall be applied:
                    To payment of the balance due on any lien preserved by the
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18 circuit or juvenile division of chancery court in the forfeiture proceedings;
                   To payment of the cost incurred by the seizing agency in
19
20 connection with the storage, maintenance, security, and forfeiture of the
21 property;
22
               (3) To payment of the costs incurred by the prosecuting attorney
23 or attorney for the law enforcement agency approved by the prosecuting
24 attorney to which the property is forfeited; and
25
               (4) To payment of costs incurred by the circuit or juvenile
26 division of chancery court.
             The remaining proceeds or moneys shall be deposited into a special
27
28 county fund to be titled The Juvenile Crime Prevention Fund and the moneys
29 in that fund shall be used solely for making grants to community-based
30 non-profit organizations which work with juvenile crime prevention and
31 rehabilitation.
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         SECTION 2. Subsection (d) of Arkansas Code 9-27-313 is amended to read
34 as follows:
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"(d)(1) If a juvenile is taken into custody for unlawful possession of

- 1 a handgun (ACA 5-73-119), possession of a handgun on school property (ACA 5-
- 2 73-119), unlawful discharge of a firearm from a vehicle (ACA 5-74-107), or any
- 3 felony committed while armed with a firearm, or criminal use of a prohibited
- 4 weapon (ACA 5-73-104), the law enforcement officer shall take the juvenile to
- 5 detention and shall notify the juvenile court intake officer and prosecuting
- 6 attorney within twenty-four (24) hours so that a petition may be filed. The
- 7 authority of a juvenile intake officer to make a detention decision pursuant
- 8 to § 9-27-322 shall not apply when a juvenile is detained pursuant to this
- 9 subdivision (d)(1). A detention hearing shall be held by the court pursuant
- 10 to § 9-27-326 within seventy-two (72) hours after the juvenile is taken into
- 11 custody or, if the seventy-two (72) hours ends on a Saturday, Sunday or
- 12 holiday, on the next business day.
- 13 (2) If a juvenile is taken into custody for an act that would be
- 14 a felony if committed by an adult, other than a felony listed in (d)(1) above,
- 15 the law enforcement officer may:
- 16 (i) take the juvenile to detention. The intake officer
- 17 shall be notified immediately to make a detention decision pursuant to § 9-27-
- 18 322 within twenty-four (24) hours of the time the juvenile was first taken
- 19 into custody, and the prosecuting attorney shall be notified within twenty-
- 20 four (24) hours. If the juvenile remains in detention, a detention hearing
- 21 shall be held no later than seventy-two (72) hours after the juvenile is taken
- 22 into custody or, if the seventy-two (72) hours ends on a Saturday, Sunday, or
- 23 holiday, on the next business day;
- 24 (ii) pursuant to the Arkansas Rules of Criminal Procedure
- 25 issue a citation for the juvenile and his parents to appear for a first
- 26 appearance before the juvenile court and release the juvenile, and within
- 27 twenty-four (24) hours, notify the juvenile intake officer and prosecuting
- 28 attorney so that a petition may be filed under this subchapter; or
- 29 (iii) return the juvenile to his home.
- 30 (3) If a juvenile is taken into custody for an act that would be
- 31 a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, the law enforcement officer may:
- 32 (i) notify the juvenile intake officer who shall make a
- 33 detention decision pursuant to § 9-27-322; or
- 34 (ii) pursuant to the Arkansas Rules of Criminal Procedure
- 35 issue a citation for the juvenile and his parents to appear for a first

- 1 appearance before the juvenile court and release the juvenile, and within
- 2 twenty-four (24) hours, notify the juvenile intake officer and prosecuting
- 3 attorney so that a petition may be filed under this subchapter; or
- 4 (iii) return the juvenile to his home.
- 5 (4) In all instances when a juvenile may be detained, the
- 6 juvenile may be held in a juvenile detention facility or a seventy-two (72)
- 7 hour holdover, if a bed is available therein. If not, an adult jail or lockup
- 8 may be used as provided by Arkansas Code Annotated 9-27-336.
- 9 (5) In all instances when a juvenile may be detained, the intake
- 10 officer shall make reasonable efforts to notify the juvenile s parents,
- 11 guardians, or custodians within twenty-four (24) hours."

- 13 SECTION 3. Arkansas Code 9-27-336 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 "9-27-336. Limitations on detention.
- 15 (a) A juvenile who is alleged to be or adjudicated either
- 16 dependent-neglected or a member of a family in need of services shall not be
- 17 placed or detained in a secure detention facility, in a facility utilized for
- 18 the detention of alleged or adjudicated delinquent juveniles, or in a facility
- 19 utilized for the detention of adults held for, charged with, or convicted of a
- 20 crime.
- 21 (b) Except pursuant to subsection (d), a juvenile shall not be placed
- 22 or confined in a jail or lock-up used for the detention of adults except under
- 23 the following circumstances:
- 24 (1) A juvenile who has been formally transferred from juvenile
- 25 court to circuit court and against whom felony charges have been filed or a
- 26 juvenile for whom the prosecuting attorney has the discretion to charge in
- 27 circuit court and to prosecute as an adult and the circuit court's
- 28 jurisdiction has been invoked by the filing of felony charges may be held in
- 29 an adult jail or lock-up;
- 30 (2) A juvenile alleged to have committed a delinquent act may be
- 31 held in an adult jail or lock-up for up to six (6) hours for purposes of
- 32 identification, processing, or arranging for release or transfer to an
- 33 alternative facility, provided he is separated by sight and sound from adults
- 34 who are pretrial detainees or convicted persons. A holding for those purposes
- 35 shall be limited to the minimum time necessary and shall not include travel

- 1 time for transporting the juvenile to the alternative facility; or
- 2 (3) A juvenile alleged to have committed a delinquent act who is
- 3 awaiting an initial appearance before a judge may be held in an adult jail or
- 4 lock-up for up to twenty-four (24) hours, excluding weekends and holidays,
- 5 provided the following conditions exist:
- 6 (A) The alleged act would be a misdemeanor or a felony if
- 7 committed by an adult or a violation of Arkansas Code 5-73-119; and
- 8 (B) The geographic area having jurisdiction over the
- 9 juvenile is outside a metropolitan statistical area pursuant to the Bureau of
- 10 Census' current designation; and
- 11 (C) No acceptable alternative placement for the juvenile
- 12 exists; and
- 13 (D) The juvenile is separated by sight and sound from
- 14 adults who are pretrial detainees or convicted persons.
- 15 (4) A juvenile awaiting an initial appearance and being held in
- 16 an adult jail or lockup pursuant to the twenty-four (24) hour exception, as
- 17 provided in (b)(3) above, may be held for an additional period, not to exceed
- 18 twenty-four (24) hours, provided the following conditions exist:
- 19 (A) Conditions of distance to be traveled or the lack of
- 20 highway, road, or other ground transportation do not allow for court
- 21 appearances within twenty-four (24) hours;
- 22 (B) All conditions in (b)(3) exist; and
- 23 (C) Criteria will be adopted by the Governor or his
- 24 designee to establish what distance, highway or road conditions, or ground
- 25 transportation limitations will provide a basis for holding a juvenile in an
- 26 adult jail or lockup under this exception.
- 27 (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), nothing in this subchapter is
- 28 intended to prohibit the use of juvenile detention facilities which are
- 29 attached to or adjacent to adult jails or lock-ups, provided the facilities
- 30 are designed and used in accordance with federal and state guidelines and
- 31 restrictions.
- 32 (d) Provided, however, upon petition by the quorum court of any county,
- 33 the governor may waive the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) above and
- 34 any other provision of state law, state jailing standards and state
- 35 regulations limiting the detention of juveniles in adult facilities subject to

1 the following restrictions: 2. (i) the authority to grant such waiver will expire on March 31, 3 1997; and (ii)such waivers may be granted only for periods of up to six (6) months, but may be renewed for successive six (6) month periods, provided 6 all such waivers shall expire on March 31, 1997; and 7 (iii) such waivers shall be available only if a county: is making a good faith effort to provide a juvenile (A) 9 detention facility that otherwise complies with state law and regulations for 10 detaining juveniles in a juvenile detention facility and has entered into a 11 written agreement with another county or counties for that specific purpose; 12 or has a juvenile detention facility located in that 13 (B) 14 county, but certifies that no further bed capacity is available or will be 15 available within a reasonable period of time and certifies that the county 16 will increase the bed capacity of its facility by March 31, 1997; and 17 (iv) such waivers shall not permit detaining juveniles in the 18 same cell or within physical reach of adults who are pretrial detainees or 19 convicted persons." 20 21 SECTION 4. All provisions of this act of a general and permanent nature 22 are amendatory to the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated and the Arkansas Code 23 Revision Commission shall incorporate the same in the Code. 2.4 25 SECTION 5. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to 26 any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect 27 other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without 28 the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this 29 act are declared to be severable. 30 31 SECTION 6. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are 32 hereby repealed. 33 SECTION 7. EMERGENCY. It is hereby found and determined by the 34 35 Seventy-Ninth General Assembly of the State of Arkansas, meeting in the Second

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1 Extraordinary Session of 1994, that a serious shortage of juvenile detention
 2 facilities exists and that there is an urgent need to provide for a longer
 3 permissible period during which a juvenile may be held in an adult jail; that
 4 in order to enable counties to detain larger numbers of juveniles during the
 5 time necessary for such counties to construct additional juvenile detention
 6 facilities, the Governor needs authority to grant temporary waivers of certain
 7 restrictions on the manner of detaining juveniles; that possession of handguns
 8 and other unlawful weapons by juveniles is widespread and such possession
 9 contributes greatly to the incidence of violent crimes committed by juveniles;
10 that serious measures are needed to remove handguns and other unlawful weapons
11 from the hands of juveniles and to stop such possession; and that the
12 authority of law enforcement officers to take juveniles into custody needs to
13 be clarified. Therefore, in order to extend the time juveniles may be held in
14 an adult jail; to invest the Governor with authority to grant temporary
15 waivers of certain restrictions on the detention of juveniles; to immediately
16 authorize the seizure, forfeiture, and destruction of unlawful weapons
17 possessed by juveniles; to authorize the seizure and forfeiture of any vehicle
18 in which a minor unlawfully possesses a weapon; to require detention of any
19 juvenile who possesses a handgun or machine gun; and to clarify the authority
20 of law enforcement officers to take juveniles into custody, an emergency is
21 hereby declared to exist, and this act being immediately necessary for the
22 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety shall be in full force
23 and effect from and after its passage and approval.
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                                   /s/Bell, et al.
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