Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to law as it existed prior to the 82nd General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H3/19/99	
2	82nd General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 1999		HOUSE BILL 2153
4			
5	By: Representatives Clevelan	nd, Magnus, Milum, Davis, Simmons	
6			
7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	"AN ACT TO AMEND THE BIOTECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND		
10	TRAINING ACT, ARKANSAS CODE 2-8-101 ET SEQ., TO ADD A		
11	PROVISION THAT WOULD ALLOW AN INCOME TAX CREDIT FOR		
12	MANUFACTURERS OF ADVANCED BIOFUELS; TO DEFINE ADVANCED		
13	BI OFUELS;	TO DECLARE AN EMERGENCY; AND FOR	OTHER
14	PURPOSES. "	,	
15			
16		Subtitle	
17	"AN A	ACT TO PROVIDE AN INCOME TAX CREDI	Т
18	FOR	THE MANUFACTURERS OF ADVANCED	
19	BIOFU	UELS; TO DEFINE ADVANCED BIOFUELS;	
20	AND F	FOR OTHER PURPOSES. "	
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22			
23	BE IT ENACTED BY THE G	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF A	RKANSAS:
24			
25	SECTION 1. Arka	ansas Code 2-8-101 is amended to r	ead as follows:
26	"2-8-101. Legisl	ative Findings.	
27	(a) Agriculture	and economic development are depe	ndent on biotechnology,
28	which affects every Ar	rkansas farmer from the smallest t	omato grower to the
29	largest poultry produc	cer. Furthermore, intellectual pr	operty developed at
30	Arkansas' state-suppor	rted colleges and universities is	being exported to other
31	states for exploitatio	on. Development of biotechnology	in Arkansas is required
32	for the state's medical, agricultural, and other industries to remain		
33	competitive in the twenty-first century.		
34	(b) Biotechnolog	gy develops uses of biochemistry,	molecular biology,
35	genetics, and bioengin	neering to meet the needs of agric	ulture, aquaculture,
36	forestry, <u>energy,</u> and	environmental industries, as well	as developing products



1 useful for modern medicine and pharmaceuticals. Biotechnology provides high-2 paying jobs and develops high value-added products, which require an educated 3 workforce with advanced technical skills. Moreover, the growth of the 4 biotechnology industry in agriculture and other areas will enable Arkansas to 5 maintain a competitive advantage in the marketplace.

6 (c) The General Assembly finds that the biotechnology industry is at a 7 competitive disadvantage compared to other industries in Arkansas. The 8 biotechnology industry takes a longer period than other companies between 9 research, product development, and marketing. Therefore, it is determined and 10 declared that research, development and education in biotechnology are within 11 the public interest.

12 (d) It is further determined and declared that it is in the best
13 interest of the state to encourage the manufacturing of products derived from
14 biotechnology."

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SECTION 2. Arkansas Code 2-8-102 is amended to read as follows: "For the purposes of this chapter:

18 (1) 'Advanced biofuels' means ethanol, methanol, or any derivatives
 19 thereof, which are produced through biological means other than direct
 20 fermentation of a food crop.

(2) 'Biomass' means any organic material, including solid waste, but
 excluding oil, natural gas, coal and lignite or any other product thereof.

23 (1)(3) 'Biotechnology' means the uses of biochemistry, molecular 24 biology, genetics, and bioengineering to meet the needs of agriculture, 25 aquaculture, forestry, <u>energy</u>, and environmental industries, as well as 26 developing products useful for modern medicine, veterinary science, and 27 pharmaceuticals.

28 (2)(4) 'Cost' means expenditures on or after the tax year beginning 29 January 1, 1997:

(A) In the case of biotechnology facilities <u>and advanced biofuels</u>
 <u>facilities</u>, all activities and cost associated with site, construction,
 expansion, improvement, renovation, or purchase of such facilities, including
 costs incurred in the purchase and installation of equipment, and support
 infrastructure;

(B) For the purpose of 'higher education partnerships,' costs and
expenses of conducting qualified research through a cooperative research

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project with one or more state-supported institutions of higher education in
 Arkansas for the conduct of qualified research;

3 (C) For the purpose of 'training,' costs shall be limited to:
4 (i) A six-month period of training at the facility; or

5 (ii) The cost of tuition, books and fees for a program of 6 secondary, undergraduate or post-graduate education in an accredited 7 institution of higher learning.

8 (iii) The costs associated with subdivisions (C)(i) and 9 (C)(ii) of this section eligible for the income tax credit shall not include 10 salaries and wages of the employees being trained. Total costs for training 11 shall not exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per employee;

12 (D) In the case of transfer of title or finance lease, the amount13 of the purchase price; or

(E) In the case of a lease which is not a finance lease but which
otherwise qualifies as a purchase under this section, the amount of the lease
payments due to be paid during the term of the lease after deducting any
portion of the lease payments attributable to interest, insurance and taxes.

18 (3)(5) 'Finance Lease' means a Lease agreement which is treated as a
 19 purchase by a Lessee for Arkansas income tax purposes.

(4)(6) 'Higher education partnerships' means any cooperative research
 project defined by terms of a written agreement whereby companies engaged in
 the business of biotechnology contract with state-supported institutions of
 higher learning in Arkansas for the conduct of qualified research.

24 (5)(7) 'Intellectual property' means patents, trade secrets, copyrights
 25 and trademarks used in biotechnology.

26 (6)(8) 'Purchase' means a transaction under which title to an item is
 27 transferred for consideration or a lease contract for a period of at least
 28 three (3) years regardless of whether title to the item is transferred at the
 29 end of such period.

30 (7)(9) 'Qualified research' means scientific research and development in 31 the field of biotechnology, including experimental or laboratory activity to 32 develop new products, improve existing products, or develop new uses of 33 products, but only to the extent that activity is conducted in Arkansas, or is 34 required by federal authorities to be conducted elsewhere. It shall be 35 performed primarily under laboratory, clinical, or field experimental 36 conditions for the purpose of reducing a concept or idea to practice, or to

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advance a concept or idea or improvement thereon to the point of practical
application. Qualified research does not include tests or inspection of
materials or products for quality control, efficiency surveys, management
studies, or other market research, or any other ordinary and necessary
expenses of conducting business.

(10) 'Solid waste' means any garbage, or sludge from a wastewater 6 7 treatment plant, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility and other discarded material, including solid, liquid, semi-solid, or 8 contained gaseous material resulting from industrial, commercial, mining, 9 agricultural, residential and other community activities, but does not include 10 solid or dissolved materials in domestic sewage, or solid or dissolved 11 12 materials in irrigation return flows or industrial discharges that are point 13 sources subject to permit under 33 U.S.C. 1342, or source, special nuclear, or by-product materials as defined by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended 14

15 <u>(68 Stat. 923).</u>

(8)(11) 'Training' means employer-paid training within Arkansas that is
 necessary to prepare employees for work in biotechnology.

(9)(12) 'Base year qualified research costs' means the costs of
 qualified research for the 1996 tax year. For any new taxpayer or taxpayer
 not required to file an Arkansas tax return in 1996, the base year qualified
 research costs shall be zero dollars (\$0).

22 (10)(13) 'Credit year' means the tax year in which costs are incurred. 23 (11)(14) 'Biotechnology facilities' means facilities and equipment

24 required to carry out qualified research.

25 (15) 'Advanced biofuels facilities' means the buildings and equipment
 26 necessary to produce advanced biofuels."

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28 SECTION 3. Title 2, Chapter 8, Subchapter 1 of the Arkansas Code is 29 amended to add a new section to be appropriately numbered by the Arkansas Code 30 Revision Commission:

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"Tax credit for advanced biofuels facility.

32 (a) There shall be allowed a credit against the income tax imposed by

33 §26-51-101 et seq. in an amount as determined in subsection (b) of this

34 section for any Arkansas taxpayer engaged in the business of producing

35 <u>advanced biofuels for the cost of:</u>

36 <u>(1) Buildings;</u>

1	(2) Equipment;		
2	(3) Higher education partnerships; and		
3	(4) Purchasing, licensing or protecting intellectual property		
4	necessary to manufacture advanced biofuels.		
5	(b) The amount of the credit allowed shall be equal to thirty percent		
6	(30%) of the cost of buildings, equipment, higher education partnerships and		
7	licenses for intellectual property necessary to manufacture advanced		
8	bi ofuel s. "		
9			
10	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code 2-8-106(a) and (b) is amended to read as		
11	follows:		
12	"(a) The income tax credits provided in this section shall be used to		
13	offset the first fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) of income tax liability		
14	arising during the credit year, and fifty percent (50%) of any remaining		
15	income tax liability for the year. Any unused credit may be carried forward		
16	for a maximum of nine (9) taxable years after the credit year in which the		
17	credit originated.		
18	(b) The taxpayer shall refund the amount of the income tax credit		
19	determined by subsection (c) of this section if, within nine (9) years of the		
20	taxable year for which the credit is originated:		
21	(A)<u>(</u>1) The biotechnology <u>or advanced biofuels</u> facility ceases to		
22	be used or operated in the manner required by this section; and		
23	(B) (2) The Arkansas Industrial Development Commission <u>Department</u>		
24	of Economic Development and the Department of Finance and Administration find		
25	that the taxpayer has ceased to qualify for tax credits under the provisions		
26	of this chapter."		
27			
28	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code 2-8-108(a) and (b) is amended to read as		
29	follows:		
30	"(a) To claim the benefits of this chapter, a taxpayer must obtain		
31	certification from the Director of the Arkansas Industrial Development		
32	Commission Department of Economic Development certifying to the Revenue		
33	Division of the Department of Finance and Administration that the taxpayer is		
34	engaged in qualified research in biotechnology <u>or the manufacturing of</u>		
35	advanced bi ofuel s.		
36	(b) The Arkansas Industrial Development Commission <u>Department of</u>		

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<u>Economic Development</u>, or its successor, shall promulgate regulations as
 necessary to administer this chapter. These rules or regulations may include,
 but are not limited to, the establishment of technical specifications and
 requirements for information and documentation for taxpayers seeking a credit
 under this chapter."

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SECTION 6. All provisions of this act of a general and permanent nature
are amendatory to the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated and the Arkansas Code
Revision Commission shall incorporate the same in the Code.

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SECTION 7. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.

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SECTION 8. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act arehereby repealed.

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20 SECTION 9. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is hereby found and determined by the Eighty-second General Assembly that Arkansas exports approximately one billion 21 22 dollars (\$1,000,000,000) to two billion dollars (\$2,000,000,000) each year for motor fuels; that Arkansas ranks number one (1) among the states in per 23 24 vehicle consumption of motor fuels; that Arkansas possesses vast quantities of feedstocks appropriate for advanced biofuels; that these feedstocks present 25 26 both an economic and an environmental detriment to the state if not used or disposed of in an acceptable manner; that intellectual property exists in the 27 state to address the production of advanced biofuels; that advanced biofuels 28 29 generally offer cleaner burning characteristics than conventional motor fuels; 30 and that it is necessary to provide mobility to the citizens of the state and 31 to address the need for the increased production of motor fuels within the 32 state. Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist and this act being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and 33 safety shall become effective on the date of its approval by the Governor. If 34 35 the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor, it shall become

36 <u>effective on the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor</u>

1	may veto the bill. If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is
2	overridden, it shall become effective on the date the last house overrides the
3	<u>veto.</u>
4	/s/ Cleveland, et al
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