Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to law as it existed prior to the 82nd General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: S2/2/99 A D:11	
2	82nd General Assembly A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 1999 SENATE BILL	154
4		
5	By: Senator Mahony	
6	By: Representatives Sheppard, M. Smith	
7		
8		
9	For An Act To Be Entitled	
10	"AN ACT TO AMEND ARKANSAS CODE ANNOTATED §23-79-208 TO	
11	FURTHER CLARIFY THE EXISTING INTENT OF THE GENERAL	
12	ASSEMBLY THAT INSURANCE POLICY HOLDERS SHALL NOT BE	
13	LIABLE FOR THE ATTORNEYS' FEES INCURRED BY INSURANCE	
14	COMPANIES IN THE DEFENSE OF CASES IN WHICH THE	
15	INSURANCE COMPANY IS FOUND NOT LIABLE FOR THE LOSS;	
16	AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES. "	
17	Subtitle	
18		
19 20	"TO FURTHER CLARIFY THAT INSURANCE POLICY HOLDERS SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR THE	
20 21	ATTORNEYS' FEES INCURRED BY INSURANCE	
21 22	COMPANIES IN DEFENSE OF CASES IN WHICH	
23	THE INSURANCE COMPANY IS FOUND NOT	
23 24	LIABLE FOR THE LOSS. "	
2 - 25	LIABLE FOR THE 2000.	
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:	
 27		
28	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Annotated § 23-79-208 is amended to read as	S
29	follows:	
30	"23-79-208. Damages and attorney's attorneys' fees on loss claims.	
31	(a) In all cases where loss occurs and the cargo, fire, marine,	
32	casualty, fidelity, surety, cyclone, tornado, life, health, accident, medic	cal,
33	hospital, or surgical benefit insurance company and fraternal benefit socie	ety
34	or farmers' mutual aid association liable therefor shall fail to pay the	
35	losses within the time specified in the policy, after demand made therefor,	
36	the person, firm, corporation, or association shall be liable to pay the	

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- 1 holder of the policy or his assigns, in addition to the amount of the loss,
- 2 twelve percent (12%) damages upon the amount of the loss, together with all
- 3 reasonable attorneys' fees for the prosecution and collection of the loss. $\underline{\text{In}}$
- 4 <u>no event will the holder of the policy or his assigns be liable for the</u>
- 5 <u>attorneys'</u> fees incurred by the insurance company, fraternal benefit society
- 6 <u>or farmers' mutual aid association in the defense of a case where the insurer</u>
- 7 <u>is found not liable for the loss.</u>
 - (b) The attorney's fee When attorneys' fees are due to a policyholder or his assigns, they shall be taxed by the court where the same is heard on original action, by appeal or otherwise, and shall be taxed up as a part of the costs therein and collected as other costs are or may be by law collected.
 - (c) Writs of attachment or garnishment filed or issued after proof of loss or death has been received by the company shall not defeat the provisions of this section, provided the company or association desiring to pay the amount of the claim as shown in the proof of loss or death may pay the amount into the registry of the court, after issuance of writs of attachment and garnishment in which event there shall be no further liability on the part of the company.
 - (d) Recovery of less than the amount demanded by the person entitled to recover under the policy shall not defeat the right to the twelve percent (12%) damages and attorneys' fees provided for in this section if the amount recovered for the loss is within twenty percent (20%) of the amount demanded or which is sought in the suit.
 - (e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, this section is not intended to either vitiate or supplant the provisions of the Arkansas Rules of Civil Procedure, which rules and the relief described therein remain available to any litigant under the circumstances described within. Nothing herein is intended to supersede, supplant or in any way affect the rights and remedies under applicable law currently available to the insurance company, fraternal benefit society or farmers mutual aid society association against policy holders who file fraudulent claims."

SECTION 2. <u>It is the express intent of the General Assembly that this</u>

Act be applied retroactively to pending cases as it is remedial and procedural in nature.

SECTION 3. All provisions of this Act of a general and permanent nature are amendatory to the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated and the Arkansas Code Revision Commission shall incorporate the same in the Code.

SECTION 4. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect

SECTION 4. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are declared to be severable.

SECTION 5. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed. Specifically, any other law or parts of law of general application regarding the award of attorneys' fees, as applied to litigation involving policies of insurance, are superseded by the provisions of this Act. Specifically, the provisions of §16-22-308 regarding the award of attorneys' fees to the prevailing party in a civil action for breach of contract are expressly superseded by the provisions of this Act.

 Eighty-second General Assembly that insurers are seeking an award of attorneys' fees as the prevailing party in litigation involving disputes over the coverage of losses under policies of insurance. If successful, this will result in a chilling effect on insurance policyholders' good faith challenge of an insurer's denial of coverage. This is a result never intended by the General Assembly and which will have a negative impact on the policyholders and economy of this state. Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist and this act being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety shall become effective on the date of its approval by the Governor. If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor, it shall become effective on the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the bill. If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is overridden, it shall become effective on the date the last house overrides the veto.

/s/Webb