Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to law as it existed prior to the 82nd General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H3/29/99 H4/2/99		
2	82nd General Assembly	A Bill		
3	Regular Session, 1999		SENATE BILL 8	345
4				
5	By: Senator Everett			
6				
7				
8		For An Act To Be Entitled		
9	"AN ACT	TO AMEND AND REPEAL VARIOUS PROVISIONS II	N THE	
10	ARKANSAS	CODE REGARDING PUBLIC DEFENDERS; AND FO	R	
11	OTHER PU	RPOSES. "		
12				
13		Subtitle		
14	''AN	N ACT TO AMEND AND REPEAL VARIOUS		
15	PRC	OVISIONS IN THE ARKANSAS CODE		
16	REG	GARDING PUBLIC DEFENDERS. "		
17				
18				
19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANS	AS:	
20				
21	SECTION 1. Ar	kansas Code 16-87-102, 16-87-103, 16-87-	104, 16-87-105,	
22	16-87-106, 16-87-107	, 16-87-108, 16-87-109, 16-87-110, 16-87	-111, 16-87-112,	
23	and 16-87-113 are re	peal ed.		
24	16-87-102. Pur	pose.		
25	It is declared	to be the policy of this state to provid	de for the	
26	realization of the c	onstitutional guarantees of counsel for (needy persons	
27	accused of serious c	rimes by means of a program established	by this chapter	-to
28	the end that no inno	cent person shall be convicted, that the	_guilty_shall_b∈	€
29	convicted, and, when	convicted and if imprisonment is warran	ted, shall be	
30	incarcerated only af	ter a fair trial and in compliance with	the Arkansas	
31	Constitution and the	United States Constitution.		
32				
33	16-87-103. Def	ïnitions.		
34	As used in thi	s chapter, unless the context otherwise	requi res:	
35	(1) 'Counsel'	means any attorney used to serve as cou	nsel pursuant to	€
36	the provisions of th	is chapter;		

1	(2) 'Detain' means to have in custody or otherwise deprive of freedom
2	of action;
3	(3) 'Expenses' include the cost of investigation, other preparation,
4	and trial;
5	(4) 'Needy person' means a person who, at the time his need is
6	determined, is unable to employ an attorney or afford other necessary expenses
7	incidental_thereto;-
8	(5) 'Serious crime' includes any felony, misdemeanor, or offense, the
9	penalty for which includes the possibility of confinement or the prolongation
10	of confinement.
11	
12	16-87-104. Creation of public defender commissions and offices.
13	When a majority of the legislators of any judicial district shall
14	petition the Governor to create a public defender office in their judicial
15	district, the Governor shall create a public defender commission in that
16	judicial district. The commission shall be composed of the county judge or
17	judges of the judicial district and the circuit judge or judges of the
18	judicial district.
19	
20	16-87-105. Public defenders and deputy defenders - Appointment -
21	Qualifications.
22	(a) The commission shall appoint a public defender for a term of two
23	(2) years who may be removed by the commission for just cause.
24	(1) Just cause for removal shall consist of permanent physical or
25	mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties,
26	willful misconduct in office, willful and persistent failure to perform public
27	defender duties, habitual intemperance, or conduct prejudicial to the
28	administration of justice.
29	(2) The public defender may serve as many successive terms as the
30	commission may approve.
31	(b) Each public defender may appoint deputy defenders as authorized by
32	the public defender's commission to assist him in the performance of his
33	duties.
34	(1) The person or persons appointed shall serve at the pleasure
35	of the public defender.
36	(2) Whether the deputy public defenders shall be allowed to

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1	engage in the private practice of law shall be determined on the same basis as
2	that of the public defender.
3	(c)(1) The public defender and his deputies must be competent attorneys
4	licensed to practice law in the State of Arkansas.
5	(2) The public defender and any deputy public defenders may not
6	be related within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity to the
7	prosecuting attorney, deputy prosecuting attorney, sheriff, chief of police of
8	any town in the county served, judge or magistrate having criminal
9	jurisdiction, or member of the commission, nor may either be a partner or
10	associate or otherwise have any business relationships with the prosecuting
11	attorney, deputy prosecuting attorney, or judge or magistrate having criminal
12	jurisdiction.
13	
14	16-87-106. Public defenders - Duties - Court-appointed attorneys.
15	(a)(1) If the judge of any court determines that a person subject to
16	the jurisdiction of the court is entitled to representation and a public
17	defender has been created under the provisions of this chapter to represent
18	persons before the court, the court shall appoint the public defender to
19	represent the person, except in those cases where the public defender has a
20	conflict of interest, or is unable to provide indigent defense to a particular
21	court at that time. The commission shall provide an alternative appointment
22	procedure and compensation schedule for court-appointed attorneys where the
23	public defender is not available.
24	(2) The public defender shall maintain records regarding the
25	conduct of his office and the performance of his duties pursuant to procedures
26	to be established by the Administrative Office of the Courts of the State of
27	Arkansas. The records shall be available to the commission and the public,
28	except for records concerning matters that are privileged under existing law.
29	(b) The commission shall determine if the public defender or his staff
30	may be allowed to engage in the private practice of law outside of their
31	duties as created and defined by the terms of this chapter.
32	
33	16-87-107. Office of public defender - Salaries and expenses -
34	Multicounty judicial districts - Employment status.
35	(a) The maximum salaries and expenses of the public defender's office
36	in each judicial district shall be established by the commission.

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1	(b) The salaries and expenses of the office of public defender in each
2	district shall be paid by the counties in the district in such amounts as may
3	be approved by the respective quorum courts of the counties.
4	(c) In any multicounty judicial district, the public defender
5	commission may designate one (1) county in the district as the 'host' county
6	for the public defender office. The county treasurer of any such designated
7	host county shall act as the fiscal officer for the indigent defense fund and
8	shall receive from the treasurers of all counties in the judicial district
9	funds collected from any case fee assessed under § 14-20-102 and any other
10	funds appropriated by counties from the county general funds or other sources
11	for the operation of the public defender office. The quorum court of any such
12	host county shall by ordinance appropriate funds for the annual budget of the
13	district public defender office.
14	(d) Attorneys appointed or employed as public defenders may be:
15	(1) Employees of the host county, or
16	(2) Independent contractors, at the discretion of the public
17	defender commission and with the concurrence of the quorum court of the host
18	county.
19	
20	16-87-108. Application by needy person for services.
20 21	16-87-108. Application by needy person for services. (a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public
21	(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public
21 22	(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which
21 22 23	(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print
21 22 23 24	(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a
21 22 23 24 25	(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a sentence in the state penitentiary of not less than one (1) year nor more than
21 22 23 24 25 26	(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a sentence in the state penitentiary of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a sentence in the state penitentiary of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a sentence in the state penitentiary of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000). (2) The affirmation certificate shall be provided by the public
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a sentence in the state penitentiary of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000). (2) The affirmation certificate shall be provided by the public defender to the needy person. Upon execution of the affirmation certificate,
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a sentence in the state penitentiary of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000). (2) The affirmation certificate shall be provided by the public defender to the needy person. Upon execution of the affirmation certificate, the affirmation shall be a permanent part of the needy person's records.</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(a) (1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a sentence in the state penitentiary of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000). (2) The affirmation certificate shall be provided by the public defender to the needy person. Upon execution of the affirmation certificate, the affirmation shall be a permanent part of the needy person's records. (b)(1) The determination of whether a person is a needy person and is
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a sentence in the state penitentiary of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).</pre>
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>(a)(1) Any person desiring to obtain the services of the public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without funds or assets with which to employ private counsel. The affirmation shall further provide in bold print that a false statement as to financial status shall be punishable by a sentence in the state penitentiary of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and a fine of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).</pre>

1	
2	16-87-109. Recovery for nonpayment or reimbursement for services.
3	(a)(1) In addition to prosecution as provided in this chapter, the
4	public defender on behalf of the county or state may recover payment or
5	reimbursement, as the case may be, from each person who has received legal
6	assistance or any benefit under this chapter to which he was not entitled and
7	for which he refused to pay or reimburse. Suit must be brought within three
8	(3) years after the case on which the aid was received.
9	(2) The public defender on behalf of the county or state may
10	recover payment or reimbursement, as the case may be, from each person, other
11	than a person covered by subsection (a) of this section who has received legal
12	assistance under this chapter and who, on the date on which suit is brought,
13	is financially able to pay or reimburse the county for it according to
14	standards of ability to pay applicable under the terms of this chapter, but
15	refuses to do so. Suit must be brought within three (3) years after the date
16	on which the benefit was received.
17	(b) Amounts recovered under this section shall be paid into the general
18	fund of the county wherein the charge was placed and the service rendered, or
19	of the state, as the case may be.
19 20	of the state, as the case may be.
	of the state, as the case may be. 16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another
20	
20 21	16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another
20 21 22	16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited.
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20 21 22 23 24	16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy
20 21 22 23 24 25	16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy person-represented.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy person represented. (2) A public defender shall not refer any person, needy or
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy person represented. (2) A public defender shall not refer any person, needy or otherwise, who contacts the public defender to any other attorney, for any
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy person represented. (2) A public defender shall not refer any person, needy or otherwise, who contacts the public defender to any other attorney, for any purpose.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy person represented. (2) A public defender shall not refer any person, needy or otherwise, who contacts the public defender to any other attorney, for any purpose. (b) Violation of this section and § 16-87-109 shall be grounds for</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy person represented. (2) A public defender shall not refer any person, needy or otherwise, who contacts the public defender to any other attorney, for any purpose. (b) Violation of this section and § 16-87-109 shall be grounds for immediate removal of the public defender found to be in violation.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy person represented. (2) A public defender shall not refer any person, needy or otherwise, who contacts the public defender to any other attorney, for any purpose. (b) Violation of this section and § 16-87-109 shall be grounds for immediate removal of the public defender found to be in violation. (c) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the prosecution of an</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy person represented. (2) A public defender shall not refer any person, needy or otherwise, who contacts the public defender to any other attorney, for any purpose. (b) Violation of this section and § 16-87-109 shall be grounds for immediate removal of the public defender found to be in violation. (c) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the prosecution of an</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>16-87-110. Receipt of certain compensation and reference to another attorney prohibited. (a)(1) It shall be unlawful for the public defender to receive any funds, services, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, from any needy person represented. (2) A public defender shall not refer any person, needy or otherwise, who contacts the public defender to any other attorney, for any purpose. (b) Violation of this section and § 16-87-109 shall be grounds for immediate removal of the public defender found to be in violation. (c) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the prosecution of an offending public defender or other disciplinary action.</pre>

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1	(b) The investigator may be employed as an independent contractor or
2	may be employed as an employee of the county at the discretion of the quorum
3	court.
4	
5	16-87-112. Public defender programs in judicial districts and counties.
6	(a) There is a need to create effective state-wide public defender
7	programs at the judicial district or county level.
8	(b) Those districts or counties operating a public defender office
9	under a separate act or provision of the code may establish a public defender
10	commission for their county or district and may exercise all authority granted
11	herein not in conflict with their particular act or code provisions in §§ 16-
12	87-101 - 16-87-112.
13	(c) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall standardize a
14	reporting procedure to collect information from the judicial districts or
15	counties to aid in evaluation and administrative assistance to the public
16	defender programs created under this or other provisions of the Code.
17	
18	16-87-113. Affirmation of eligibility to be represented by public
19	defender.
20	(a)(1) Any person charged with a criminal offense desiring to obtain
21	the services of a public defender shall affirm in writing that he is without
22	funds or assets with which to employ private counsel and that he has not been
23	released on money bail in an amount greater than fifteen thousand dollars
24	(\$15,000) pursuant to the execution of an unsecured or secured bond.
25	(2)(A) The affirmation certificate shall be provided by the court
26	or the public defender to the indigent person; and
27	(B) Upon execution, the affirmation certificate shall
28	become a permanent part of the indigent person's court record.
29	(b)(1) If a public defender is appointed and the indigent person is
30	later released on money bail in an amount greater than fifteen thousand
31	dollars (\$15,000) pursuant to the execution of an unsecured or secured bond,
32	then the court may hold a hearing to determine if the person is still eligible
33	and entitled to the services of a public defender.
34	(2) If the court determines that the person is ineligible and not
35	entitled to the services of a public defender, then the court may release the
36	public defender as attorney of record.

1	
2	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code 16-87-206, 207, and 208 are repealed.
3	16-87-206. Trial public defender offices.
4	(a) The circuit judges within one (1) or more judicial districts may,
5	with the approval of the quorum courts of the respective counties to be
6	served, create an office of trial public defender within any county or
7	combination of counties within their judicial districts.
8	(b) Trial public defenders shall defend indigent persons as determined
9	by the circuit, municipal, juvenile, probate, or chancery courts in the
10	counties they serve in all felony, misdemeanor, juvenile, guardianship, and
11	mental health cases, in traffic cases punishable by incarceration, and all
12	contempt proceedings punishable by incarceration.
13	(c) Trial public defenders appointed under this subchapter shall be
14	appointed from a list of qualified nominees submitted by the circuit,
15	chancery, probate, and juvenile court judges of the county or counties to be
16	served by them.
17	(d) Each judge may nominate up to three (3) attorneys to serve as a
18	trial public defender.
19	(e)(1) Each circuit judge, chancery judge, probate judge, juvenile
20	court judge, and county judge of the county or counties to be served by the
21	trial public defender may then vote on whom to appoint as a trial public
22	defender from the list of nominees, and the person receiving the most votes
23	shall become the trial public defender.
24	(2) In the event of a tie vote, the commission shall select the
25	trial public defender.
26	(f) Each county in the state shall implement a public defender system
27	designed to provide legal representation to indigent persons charged with
28	offenses punishable by imprisonment. The commission shall annually evaluate
29	the public defender system of each county and determine whether the system is
30	in compliance with the policies and standards established by the commission
31	pursuant to this subchapter.
32	(g)(1) The Capital, Conflicts, and Appellate Office shall not be
33	appointed to represent an indigent person in the courts of a county unless the
34	commission has determined that the county is in compliance with the policies
35	and standards established by the commission pursuant to this subchapter.
36	(2) If, during a period that a county is not in compliance with

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1	the policies and standards established by the commission pursuant to this
2	subchapter, the Capital, Conflicts, and Appellate Office represents an
3	indigent person charged with a crime committed in the county, all legal fees,
4	expenses, and costs incurred by the Capital, Conflicts, and Appellate Office
5	during the period of noncompliance, including reasonable compensation for the
6	time spent by personnel of the Capital, Conflicts, and Appellate Office, shall
7	be paid by the county.
8	(3) The commission shall certify the legal fees, expenses, and
9	costs incurred by the Capital, Conflicts, and Appellate Office during such
10	period of noncompliance to the Chief Fiscal Officer of the State, who is
11	authorized to transfer such legal fees, expenses, and costs to the commission
12	from the County Aid Fund general revenue turnback funds and to charge such
13	legal fees, expenses, and costs transferred to the commission against the
14	general revenue turnback to the county in which the crime was committed.
15	(h) Except as provided in this subchapter or by other specific
16	statutory authority, all legal fees or other expenses or costs incurred after
17	July 1, 1993, in the representation of indigent persons charged with crimes
18	punishable by imprisonment shall be paid by the county in which the crime was
19	committed.
19 20	committed.
	committed. 1 6-87-207. Term of office.
20	
20 21	16-87-207. Term of office.
20 21 22	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years,
20 21 22 23	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause,
20 21 22 23 24	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering
20 21 22 23 24 25	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties, willful misconduct in office, willful and
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties, willful misconduct in office, willful and persistent failure to perform public defender duties, habitual intemperance,
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties, willful misconduct in office, willful and persistent failure to perform public defender duties, habitual intemperance, conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice, and violation of § 16-
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties, willful misconduct in office, willful and persistent failure to perform public defender duties, habitual intemperance, conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice, and violation of § 16-
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties, willful misconduct in office, willful and persistent failure to perform public defender duties, habitual intemperance, conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice, and violation of § 16- 87-214.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties, willful misconduct in office, willful and persistent failure to perform public defender duties, habitual intemperance, conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice, and violation of § 16- 87-214.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties, willful misconduct in office, willful and persistent failure to perform public defender duties, habitual intemperance, conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice, and violation of § 16- 87-214. 16-87-208. Personnel. (a) A trial public defender may employ assistants, investigators, and
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties, willful misconduct in office, willful and persistent failure to perform public defender duties, habitual intemperance, conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice, and violation of § 16- 87-214. 16-87-208. Personnel (a) A trial public defender may employ assistants, investigators, and other staff within the budget prescribed by the quorum courts of the counties
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	16-87-207. Term of office. A trial public defender shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, and may be removed before the expiration of the term only for just cause, which includes permanent physical or mental disability seriously interfering with the performance of duties, willful misconduct in office, willful and persistent failure to perform public defender duties, habitual intemperance, conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice, and violation of § 16- 87-214. 16-87-208. Personnel. (a) A trial public defender may employ assistants, investigators, and other staff within the budget prescribed by the quorum courts of the counties he serves.

1	his staff.
2	(c)(1) A trial public defender and deputy public defenders may be
3	employed on a full-time or a part-time basis.
4	(2) A trial public defender and deputies employed on a part-time
5	basis may engage in the private practice of law.
6	(3) No person may serve as a part-time trial public defender or
7	deputy public defender who also serves as a part-time municipal court judge,
8	police court judge, or prosecuting attorney.
9	
10	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code 16-87-209 is amended to read as follows:
11	"16-87-209. Court-appointed attorneys.
12	(a)(1) If the court determines that a conflict of interest exists
13	between an indigent person and the office of the trial public defender, the
14	case shall be reassigned by the court to another trial public defender in an
15	adjacent area.
16	(2) As a last resort, a private attorney who is included in a
17	list of volunteers who have agreed to accept such appointments may be
18	appointed.
19	(b) All licensed attorneys residing in Arkansas shall be notified in
20	writing by the commission that a list is being prepared of attorneys willing
21	to represent indigent persons.
22	(c) Attorneys notified under this section shall have a reasonable time
23	to submit the information requested by the commission.
24	(d)(1) A list for each judicial district shall be prepared, certified,
25	and updated annually by the commission.
26	(2) A separate list of attorneys throughout the state qualified
27	and willing to accept <u>lead counsel</u> appointment in capital cases shall be
28	prepared, certified, and updated annually by the commission.
29	(3)(A) Attorneys may not be excluded from any list unless the
30	Capital, Conflicts, and Appellate Office states in writing the reasons for
31	such action. Any attorney thus excluded may appeal the decision to the
32	Arkansas Supreme Court.
33 34	(B) The commission may not exclude attorneys from the list solely as a result of inexperience.
34 35	(4)(3) The Capital, Conflicts, and Appellate Office Commission
36	<u>shall</u> may create a second list of attorneys who may be appointed to assist the
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lead counsel, and the appointing courts may shall appoint attorneys to assist 1 2 the lead counsel in capital cases. 3 (e) The appointing court shall attempt to equalize the appointments for 4 all attorneys on the list, but this subchapter does not deprive a court of the power to appoint particularly qualified and willing attorneys in capital or 5 other complex litigation. 6 7 (f) Appointed private attorneys shall be paid reasonable fees and compensation for expenses by the county where the crime was committed. 8 9 (g) The Arkansas Supreme Court may establish presumptive maximum fees that may be exceeded upon a determination by the trial court or the Arkansas 10 Supreme Court that the case required an extraordinary amount of time to 11 12 prepare or litigate and that the request for extraordinary fees is reasonable 13 under the circumstances. (h) (f) In no event shall an attorney who has not voluntarily agreed to 14 15 accept appointments be appointed to represent an indigent person." 16 SECTION 4. Arkansas Code 16-87-211 is amended to read as follows: 17 18 "16-87-211. Compensation. 19 (a) At the conclusion of each case, the appointed attorney shall submit 20 his bill to the appointing court which shall issue an order for appropriate 21 compensation. 22 (b) An application for compensation shall be accompanied by the 23 affidavit of the appointed attorney, detailing the hours spent on the case and 24 the services rendered and whether compensation was received or has been 25 applied for from any other source. 26 (c) There shall be no maximum amount of compensation in capital cases. 27 (d) Any attorney dissatisfied with the decision of the appointing court 28 may appeal to the Arkansas Supreme Court. 29 The county or counties state may also have the right of appeal." (e) 30 31 SECTION 5. Arkansas Code 16-87-213 is amended to read as follows: 32 "16-87-213. Certificate of indigency. 33 (a) (1) (A) Any person charged with an offense punishable by imprisonment 34 who desires to be represented by an appointed attorney shall file with the 35 court in which the person is charged a written certificate of indigency. The court shall not appoint counsel prior to review of the submitted affidavit. 36

1 (B) The certificate of indigency shall be in a form 2 approved by the commission and shall be provided by the court in which the 3 person is charged. 4 (C) The certificate of indigency shall be executed under 5 oath by the person and shall state in bold print that a false statement is punishable as a Class D felony. 6 7 (D) Upon execution, the certificate of indigency shall be 8 made a permanent part of the indigent person's records. 9 (2) If the court in which the person is charged determines that the person qualifies for the appointment of an attorney under standards set by 10 the commission, the court shall, except as otherwise provided by this 11 12 subchapter, appoint the trial public defender to represent the person before 13 the court. At the time of appointment of counsel, the court shall assess a fee of not less than ten dollars (\$10.00) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) 14 15 to be paid to the Public Defender Commission in order to defray the costs of 16 the public defender system. The fee may be waived if the court finds such an 17 assessment to be too burdensome. The fee shall be collected by the individual 18 or entity designated by the Quorum Court pursuant to Arkansas Code § 16-13-709 to collect fines, costs and restitution, or in the case of municipal court, 19 20 the municipal court clerk. All such user fees shall be forwarded to the county treasurer, to the credit of the Public Defender User Fee Fund, who 21 22 shall then remit such fees monthly to the Public Defender Commission on forms provided by the Public Defender Commission. The commission will deposit the 23 24 money collected into a separate account with state central services entitled "Public Defender User Fees". 25

26 (3) The appointing court may at any time review and redetermine
27 whether a person is an indigent person who qualifies for the appointment of an
28 attorney pursuant to this subchapter.

(b)(1) The State of Arkansas, or a county, or both, may file a civil
action for recovery of money expended in the representation of a person who is
determined by a court not to have been indigent at the time expenditures were
made.

33 (2) Suit shall be brought within three (3) years after the date34 of filing of a certificate of indigency.

35 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to bar a prosecution for
36 perjury or other offenses based on misrepresentation of financial status."

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2	SECTION 6. Arkansas Code 5-4-303(g) is amended to read as follows:
3	"(g) In cases where the counsel has been appointed to represent a
4	defendant due to his indigency and $\downarrow f$ if the court suspends the imposition of
5	sentence on a defendant or places him <u>a defendant</u> on probation and if the
6	defendant was determined to be indigent and was appointed counsel, who was
7	paid by the county, then the court, as a condition thereof, may require the
8	defendant to pay, in an amount he can afford to pay, to the county the amount
9	of any indigent attorney's fee expended on his behalf. If the attorney's fees
10	were paid from the county general fund, they shall be returned to the county
11	general fund. If the attorney's fees were expended from the fund pursuant to \S
12	14-20-102, then the money shall be placed back in that fund. at the time of
13	disposition, the court shall revisit the issue of the defendant's indigency.
14	Where appropriate, and where the defendant is financially able to do so, the
15	court may assess an attorney's fee to be paid by the defendant as part of his
16	suspended or probated sentence. The amount of the fee assessed should be
17	commensurate with the defendant's ability to pay. The fee assessed shall be
18	paid to the state as a means of partial reimbursement for providing appointed
19	counsel. In no event shall failure to pay the assessed attorney's fees,
20	standing alone, be grounds for the revocation of the suspended sentence or
21	probated sentence. Any money collected pursuant to this subsection shall be
22	remitted on or before the tenth (10 th) day of the month following the month of
23	collection to the State Treasury to the credit of the State Central Services
24	<u>Account there to be put into a separate account entitled 'Public Defender</u>
25	<u>Attorney Fees' to be used solely to defray costs for the Arkansas Public</u>
26	<u>Defender Commission.</u> "
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28 SECTION 7. All provisions of this act of a general and permanent nature 29 are amendatory to the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated and the Arkansas Code 30 Revision Commission shall incorporate the same in the Code.

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32 SECTION 8. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to 33 any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect 34 other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without 35 the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this 36 act are declared to be severable.

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2	SECTION 9. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are
3	hereby repealed.
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5	SECTION 10. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is hereby found and determined by the
6	Eighty-second General Assembly that there is an immediate necessity for
7	additional funding to provide for the defense of indigent persons by public
8	defenders that this Act so provides; and that this Act should go into effect
9	as soon as possible in order to protect the constitutional rights of indigent
10	defendants. Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist and this act being
11	immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and
12	safety shall become effective on the date of its approval by the Governor. If
13	the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor, it shall become
14	effective on the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor
15	may veto the bill. If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is
16	overridden, it shall become effective on the date the last house overrides the
17	<u>veto.</u>
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19	/s/ Everett
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