1	State of Arkansas
2	83rd General Assembly
3	Regular Session, 2001 HR 1053
4	
5	By: Representative Thomas
6	
7	
8	HOUSE RESOLUTION
9	PROVIDING FOR AN INTERIM STUDY OF REPLACING THE
10	EMPLOYMENT-AT-WILL DOCTRINE IN ARKANSAS WITH THE
11	ARKANSAS WRONGFUL EMPLOYMENT TERMINATION ACT
12	PRINTED IN THIS RESOLUTION.
13	
14	Subtitle
15	PROVIDING FOR AN INTERIM STUDY OF
16	REPLACING THE EMPLOYMENT-AT-WILL
17	DOCTRINE IN ARKANSAS WITH THE ARKANSAS
18	WRONGFUL EMPLOYMENT TERMINATION ACT
19	PRINTED IN THIS RESOLUTION.
20	
21	
22	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE EIGHTY-THIRD GENERAL
23	ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
24	
25	That the Legislative Council, or an interim committee designated by the
26	Legislative Council, study replacing the employment-at-will doctrine in
27	Arkansas with the Arkansas Wrongful Employment Termination Act to read as
28	follows:
29	"SECTION 1. (a) This act shall be known and may be cited as The
30	Arkansas Wrongful Employment Termination Act. The common law doctrine of
31	employment-at-will no longer applies to any employment contract, arrangement,
32	agreement, or circumstance, within the State of Arkansas nor to any situation
33	wherein the law of Arkansas applies, unless that employment contract,
34	arrangement, agreement, or circumstance has been expressly exempted or
35	excepted by act of the Arkansas State Legislature.
36	(b) Within any and all situations of employment, which are not

- specifically exempted nor excepted by express legislative enactment of the Arkansas General Assembly, any discharge from employment of an employee by that employee's employer, must meet, comport and comply with fundamental notions and standards of fairness, justice, reason, rationale, justification, even-handedness, non-discrimination, and non-disparate treatment.
- (c) The breach of this act shall ipso facto give rise to causes of action in law, equity, declaratory proceedings, and court directives, including restraining orders and injunctive relief. A cause may be brought by any aggrieved and non-exempt employee, the authorized agent or representative of such employee, or by an employer on behalf of a recalcitrant or reluctant employee. Where the ends of substantial justice require, a cause of action hereunder may be brought by a municipality, by the State of Arkansas, or a department or agency thereof, by an agency or a department of the United States, or by the United States.
- (d) Punitive damages shall be awardable within appropriate cases wherein the conduct of the employer has been egregious. By "egregious" is meant that the employer acted with malice, or with wantonness, or with reckless disregard of the rights of the employee. The punitive damages, if appropriate to the case, shall be in addition to the just and reasonable recompense to the aggrieved and injured employee.
- (e) Within its sound judicial discretion, a court of competent jurisdiction may award a just and reasonable attorney's fee to an aggrieved employee who prevails in a cause of action brought under this act.
- (f) Any claimed, purported, attempted, or alleged waiver of the terms or of the application of this act, whether written, expressed, or implied, shall not be afforded either force nor effect by a court of competent jurisdiction."