1	State of Arkansas	A D:11	
2	83rd General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2001		SENATE BILL 965
4			
5	By: Senator Everett		
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7			
8	For An Act To Be Entitled		
9	AN ACT TO AMEND ARKANSAS CODE 5-41-103 AND 5-41-104 TO		
10	REVISE AND UPDATE THE CRIMINAL OFFENSES OF COMPUTER		
11	FRAUD AND COMPUTER TRESPASS TO INCLUDE INTERNET		
12		VIDERS AND COMPUTER VIRUSES AND	
13		ES FOR THOSE OFFENSES; AND FOR	OTHER
14	PURPOSES.		
15		C-11441a	
16	TO DEVI	Subtitle	
17	TO REVISE THE CRIMINAL OFFENSES OF		
18		ER FRAUD AND TRESPASS TO INCLUI	
19		TERNET AND COMPUTER VIRUSES AN	טו ע
20	TNCREAS	SE THE PENALTIES.	
21 22			
23	RE IT ENACTED BY THE CEN	IERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF	VDK VNC VC ·
24	DE IT ENACTED DI THE GEN	IERAE ASSEMBET OF THE STATE OF	ARRANSAS.
25	SECTION 1 Arkans	sas Code 5-41-103 is amended to	read as follows:
26	5-41-103. Compute		o read as retreme.
27	'	ommits computer fraud who inter	ntionally knowingly
28	. , , , ,	e accessed any computer, comput	3
29		<u>ce provider,</u> or any part therec	
30	·	ng or executing any scheme or a	
31	extort; or		
32	(2) Obtai ni	ng money, property, or service	es with false or
33	fraudulent intent, repre	esentations, or promises.	
34	(b) Computer fraud is a Class D felony :		
35	(1) Class C felony if the amount of the loss is less than two		
36	thousand five hundred do		

1	(2) Class B felony if the amount of the loss is two thousand five		
2	hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more.		
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4	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code 5-41-104 is amended to read as follows:		
5	5-41-104. Computer trespass.		
6	(a) Any person commits computer trespass who intentionally and without		
7	authorization accesses, alters, deletes, damages, destroys, or disrupts any		
8	computer, computer system, computer network, computer program, or data		
9	knowingly and without authorization of the owner or an authorized user,		
10	directly or indirectly by the internet or other remote means, accesses,		
11	copies, alters, deletes, damages, destroys, disrupts, or inserts, uploads, or		
12	downloads, or who in any manner knowingly transfers anything commonly		
13	considered a computer virus to, or who exercises unauthorized control, as used		
14	in the theft statutes, over:		
15	(1) Any storage media, including, but not limited to, floppy		
16	disks, hard disks, high capacity disks, magnetic data tapes, CD-ROMs,		
17	optically readable disks, or any other similar storage media which technology		
18	may later devise;		
19	(2) Any data, stored information, computer program, computer,		
20	computer system, computer network, or internet service provider.		
21	(b) Computer trespass is a <u>:</u> Class C misdemeanor if it is a first		
22	violation which does not cause any loss or damage.		
23	(c) Computer trespass is a Class B misdemeanor if:		
24	(1) It is a second or subsequent violation which does not cause		
25	any loss or damage; or		
26	(2) It is a violation which causes loss or damage of less than		
27	five hundred dollars (\$500).		
28	(d) Computer trespass is a Class A misdemeanor if it is a violation		
29	which causes loss or damage of five hundred dollars (\$500) or more, but less		
30	than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).		
31	(e) Computer trespass is a Class D felony if it is a violation which		
32	causes loss or damage of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) or more		
33	(1) Class A misdemeanor if no data or other information is copied		
34	or viewed and no disruption of, or damage to the computer, its data, programs,		
35	or the system occurs;		
36	(2) Class D felony if information is knowingly viewed, but no		

1	data, programs, or systems were copied, damaged, or otherwise disrupted;		
2	(3) Class C felony if:		
3	(A) Information, data, or programs are copied, altered,		
4	deleted, damaged, destroyed, disrupted, or if a computer virus is knowingly		
5	allowed or introduced into the computer, computer system, computer network, or		
6	internet service provider of another;		
7	(B) A computer, computer system, computer network, or		
8	internet service provider suffers any damage or disruption;		
9	(C) Information is viewed which is:		
10	(i) Protected by attorney confidentiality or		
11	attorney-client privilege;		
12	(ii) Protected by the physician-patient or the		
13	psychotherapist-patient privilege;		
14	(iii) A financial record held by a financial		
15	institution, creditor, or accountant; or		
16	<u>(iv) A trade secret or other intellectual property;</u>		
17	<u>or</u>		
18	(4) Class B felony if information or data is copied, altered,		
19	deleted, damaged or destroyed, or the information is:		
20	(A) Protected by attorney confidentiality or attorney-		
21	<u>client privilege;</u>		
22	(B) Protected by the physician-patient or the		
23	psychotherapist-patient privilege;		
24	(C) A financial record held by a financial institution,		
25	<u>creditor, or accountant; or</u>		
26	(D) A trade secret or other intellectual property.		
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