Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

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2	2 84th General Assembly A Bill	
3	3 Regular Session, 2003	HOUSE BILL 2824
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6	6 By: Senator Salmon	
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21		and determines that limited
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25	25 (b) It is the intent of the General Assem	bly that this act apply to
26	26 the types of civil actions listed in subsection	(a) of this section while
27	27 preserving adequate rights and remedies for prop	erty owners.
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29	29 SECTION 2. <u>Definitions.</u>	
30	30 For the purpose of this act:	
31	31 (1)(A) "Action" means any civil lawsuit o	r action in contract or tort
32	32 for damage or indemnity brought against a constr	uction professional to assert
33	33 <u>a claim, whether by complaint, counterclaim, or</u>	cross-claim, for damage or
34	34 the loss of use of real or personal property cau	sed by a defect in the
35	35 <u>construction of a residence or in the substantia</u>	l remodel of a residence.
36	36 <u>(B)</u> "Action" does not include any c	ivil action in tort alleging



1	personal injury or wrongful death to a person or persons resulting from a
2	construction defect;
3	(2) "Association" means a unit owners organization or a non-profit
4	corporation created to own and operate portions of a planned community which
5	has the power to assess association members to pay the costs and expenses
6	incurred in the performance of the association's obligations;
7	(3) "Claimant" means a homeowner or association who asserts a claim
8	against a construction professional concerning a defect in the construction
9	of a residence or in the substantial remodel of a residence;
10	(4) "Construction professional" means an architect, builder, builder
11	vendor, contractor, subcontractor, engineer, or inspector, performing or
12	furnishing the design, supervision, inspection, construction, or observation
13	of the construction of any improvement to real property, whether operating as
14	a sole proprietor, partnership, corporation, or other business entity;
15	(5)(A) "Homeowner" means any person, company, firm, partnership,
16	corporation, or association who contracts with a construction professional
17	for the construction, sale, or construction and sale of a residence.
18	(B) "Homeowner" includes, but is not limited to, a subsequent
19	purchaser of a residence from any homeowner;
20	(6) "Residence" means a single-family house, duplex, triplex,
21	quadraplex, or a unit in a multiunit residential structure in which title to
22	each individual unit is transferred to the owner under a condominium or
23	cooperative system;
24	(7) "Serve" or "service" means personal service or delivery by
25	certified mail to the last known address of the addressee;
26	(8) "Substantial completion of construction" means the state of
27	completion reached when an improvement upon real property may be used or
28	occupied for its intended use; and
29	(9) "Substantial remodel" means a remodel of a residence, for
30	which the total cost exceeds one-half (1/2) of the assessed value of the
31	residence for property tax purposes at the time the contract for the remodel
32	work was made.
33	
34	SECTION 3. Notice & Opportunity to Repair.
35	(a) In every construction defect action brought against a construction
36	professional, the claimant shall, no later than sixty (60) days before filing

1	an action, serve written notice of claim on the construction professional.
2	The notice of claim shall state that the claimant asserts a construction
3	defect claim against the construction professional and shall describe the
4	claim in reasonable detail sufficient to determine the general nature of the
5	<u>defect.</u>
6	(b) Within twenty-one (21) days after service of the notice of claim,
7	the construction professional shall serve a written response on the claimant
8	by registered mail or personal service. The written response shall:
9	(1) Propose to inspect the residence that is the subject of the
10	claim and to complete the inspection within a specified time frame. The
11	proposal shall include the statement that the construction professional
12	shall, based on the inspection, offer to remedy the defect, compromise by
13	payment, or dispute the claim;
14	(2) Offer to compromise and settle the claim by monetary payment
15	without inspection; and
16	(3) State that the construction professional disputes the claim
17	and will neither remedy the construction defect nor compromise and settle the
18	<u>claim.</u>
19	(c)(1) If the construction professional disputes the claim or does not
20	respond to the claimant's notice of claim within the time stated in
21	subsection (b) of this section, the claimant may bring an action against the
22	construction professional for the claim described in the notice of claim
23	without further notice.
24	(2)(A) If the claimant rejects the inspection proposal or the
25	settlement offer made by the construction professional pursuant to subsection
26	(b) of this section, the claimant shall serve written notice of the
27	claimant's rejection on the construction professional.
28	(B) After service of the rejection, the claimant may bring
29	an action against the construction professional for the construction defect
30	claim described in the notice of claim.
31	(C) If the construction professional has not received from
32	the claimant, within thirty (30) days after the claimant's receipt of the
33	construction professional's response, either an acceptance or rejection of
34	the inspection proposal or settlement offer, then at anytime thereafter the
35	construction professional may terminate the proposal or offer by serving
36	written notice to the claimant, and the claimant may thereafter bring an

1	action against the construction professional for the construction defect
2	claim described in the notice of claim.
3	(d)(1) If the claimant elects to allow the construction professional to
4	inspect in accordance with the construction professional's proposal pursuant
5	to subdivision (b)(l) of this section, the claimant shall provide the
6	construction professional and its contractors or other agents reasonable
7	access to the claimant's residence during normal working hours to inspect the
8	premises and the claimed defect.
9	(2) Within fourteen (14) days following completion of the
10	inspection, the construction professional shall serve on the claimant:
11	(A) A written offer to remedy the construction defect at no
12	cost to the claimant, including a report of the scope of the inspection, the
13	findings and results of the inspection, a description of the additional
14	construction necessary to remedy the defect described in the claim, and a
15	timetable for the completion of such construction;
16	(B) A written offer to compromise and settle the claim by
17	monetary payment pursuant to subdivision (b)(2) of this section; or
18	(C) A written statement that the construction professional
19	will not proceed further to remedy the defect.
20	(3) If the construction professional does not proceed further to
21	remedy the construction defect within the agreed timetable, or if the
22	construction professional fails to comply with subdivision (d)(2) of this
23	subsection, the claimant may bring an action against the construction
24	professional for the claim described in the notice of claim without further
25	notice.
26	(4)(A) If the claimant rejects the offer made by the
27	construction professional pursuant to subdivision (d)(2)(A) or (B) of this
28	section to either remedy the construction defect or to compromise and settle
29	the claim by monetary payment, the claimant shall serve written notice of the
30	claimant's rejection on the construction professional.
31	(B) After service of the rejection notice, the claimant
32	may bring an action against the construction professional for the
33	construction defect claim described in the notice of claim.
34	(C) If the construction professional has not received from
35	the claimant, within thirty days after the claimant's receipt of the
36	construction professional's response, either an acceptance or rejection of

1	the offer made pursuant to subdivision (d)(2)(A) or (B) of this section, then
2	at anytime thereafter the construction professional may terminate the offer
3	by serving written notice to the claimant.
4	(e)(l)(A) Any claimant accepting the offer of a construction
5	professional to remedy the construction defect pursuant to subdivision
6	(d)(2)(A) of this section shall do so by serving the construction
7	professional with a written notice of acceptance within a reasonable time
8	period after receipt of the offer, and no later than thirty days after
9	receipt of the offer.
10	(B) The claimant shall provide the construction
11	professional and its contractors or other agents reasonable access to the
12	claimant's residence during normal working hours to perform and complete the
13	construction by the timetable stated in the offer.
14	(b) The claimant and construction professional may, by written
15	mutual agreement, alter the extent of construction or the timetable for
16	completion of construction stated in the offer, including, but not limited
17	to, repair of additional defects.
18	(f) Any action commenced by a claimant prior to compliance with the
19	requirements of this section shall be subject to dismissal without prejudice,
20	and may not be recommenced until the claimant has complied with the
21	requirements of this section.
22	(g) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a claimant
23	from commencing an action on the construction defect claim described in the
24	notice of claim if the construction professional fails to perform the
25	construction agreed upon, fails to remedy the defect, or fails to perform by
26	the timetable agreed upon pursuant to subdivision (b)(1) or subsection (e) of
27	this section.
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29	SECTION 4. Limitation on Damages.
30	(a) If a claimant unreasonably rejects an offer made as provided for
31	in section 3 or does not permit the construction professional a reasonable
32	opportunity to repair the defect pursuant to an accepted offer of settlement,
33	the claimant:
34	(1) May not recover an amount in excess of:
35	(A) The reasonable cost of the offered repairs which are
36	necessary to cure the construction defect and which are the responsibility of

1 the construction professional; or 2 (B) The amount of a reasonable monetary settlement offer 3 made under section 3, subdivision (b)(2); and 4 (2) May recover only the amount of reasonable and necessary 5 attorney's fees and costs incurred before the offer was rejected or 6 considered rejected. 7 (b) If a construction professional fails to make a reasonable offer as 8 required under section 3, or fails to make a reasonable attempt to complete 9 the repairs specified in an accepted offer made under this section, or fails 10 to complete, in a good and workmanlike manner, the repairs specified in an 11 accepted offer made under this section, the limitations on damages and 12 defenses to liability provided for in this section shall not apply. (c) Except as provided in subsection (a) or (b) in a suit subject to 13 this act the claimant may recover only the following damages proximately 14 15 caused by a construction defect: 16 (1) The reasonable cost of repairs necessary to cure any 17 construction defect, including any reasonable and necessary engineering or consulting fees required to evaluate and cure the construction defect, that 18 19 the contractor is responsible for repairing under this act; 20 (2) The reasonable expenses of temporary housing reasonably 21 necessary during the repair period; 22 (3) The reduction in market value, if any, to the extent the reduction is due to structural failure; and 23 24 (4) reasonable and necessary attorney's fees. 25 (d) The total damages awarded in a suit subject to this act may not 26 exceed the greater of the claimant's purchase price for the residence or the 27 current fair market value of the residence without the construction defect. 28 29 SECTION 5. Contract for Sale Requirements. 30 (a)(1) The construction professional shall provide notice to each homeowner upon entering into a contract for sale, construction, or 31 32 substantial remodel of a residence, of the construction professional's right 33 to offer to cure construction defects before a homeowner may commence 34 litigation against the construction professional. (2) The notice shall be conspicuous and may be included as part 35 36 of the underlying contract signed by the homeowner.

1	(b) The notice required by this subsection shall be in substantially
2	the following form:
3	"ARKANSAS LAW CONTAINS IMPORTANT REQUIREMENTS YOU MUST FOLLOW BEFORE YOU MAY
4	FILE A LAWSUIT FOR DEFECTIVE CONSTRUCTION AGAINST THE SELLER OR BUILDER OF
5	YOUR HOME. SIXTY (60) DAYS BEFORE YOU FILE YOUR LAWSUIT, YOU MUST DELIVER TO
6	THE SELLER OR BUILDER A WRITTEN NOTICE OF ANY CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS YOU
7	ALLEGE ARE DEFECTIVE AND PROVIDE YOUR SELLER OR BUILDER THE OPPORTUNITY TO
8	MAKE AN OFFER TO REPAIR OR PAY FOR THE DEFECTS. YOU ARE NOT OBLIGATED TO
9	ACCEPT ANY OFFER MADE BY THE BUILDER OR SELLER. THERE ARE STRICT DEADLINES
10	AND PROCEDURES UNDER STATE LAW, AND FAILURE TO FOLLOW THEM MAY AFFECT
11	YOUR ABILITY TO FILE A LAWSUIT."
12	(c) This act shall not preclude or bar any action if notice is not
13	given to the homeowner as required by this section.
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15	SECTION 5. Statute of Limitations.
16	(a) If a written notice of claim is served under section 3 of this act
17	within the time prescribed for the filing of an action under this act, the
18	statutes of limitations for construction-related claims are tolled until
19	sixty (60) days after the period of time during which the filing of an action
20	is barred under section 3 of this act.
21	(b)(1) All claims or causes of action shall accrue, and the applicable
22	statute of limitation shall begin to run only during the period within six
23	(6) years after substantial completion of construction, or during the period
24	within six (6) years after the termination of the services, whichever is
25	later.
26	(2) Any cause of action which has not accrued within six (6)
27	years after such substantial completion of construction, or within six (6)
28	years after such termination of services, whichever is later, shall be
29	barred.
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