1	State of Arkansas
2	84th General Assembly
3	Regular Session, 2003 HCR 1019
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5	By: Representative Lendall
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8	HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION
9	EXPRESSING THE CONCERN OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
10	THAT THE FOOD SUPPLY IN THIS STATE HAS BEEN
11	PLACED AT RISK BY THE INTRODUCTION OF
12	NONTHERAPEUTIC ANTIBIOTICS IN ANIMAL FEED WITH
13	THE INCREASING DANGER THAT RESISTANT STRAINS OF
14	BACTERIA MAY PASS FROM ANIMALS TO HUMANS.
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16	Subtitle
17	EXPRESSING THE CONCERN OF THE GENERAL
18	ASSEMBLY THAT THE FOOD SUPPLY IN THIS
19	STATE HAS BEEN PLACED AT RISK BY THE
20	INTRODUCTION OF NONTHERAPEUTIC
21	ANTIBIOTICS IN ANIMAL FEED.
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24	WHEREAS, many drugs used to treat humans also end up in livestock feed,
25	including amoxicillin, ampicillin, erythromycin, neomycin, penicillin and
26	tetracycline; and
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28	WHEREAS, according to the United States Food and Drug Administration,
29	national and international health organizations have seen evidence that use
30	of antimicrobial drugs in food-producing animals could lead to the emergence
31	of drug-resistant bacteria that can harm humans; and
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33	WHEREAS, salmonella and campylobacter can exist in the digestive tract
34	of food-producing animals without causing illness, but people can suffer
35	severe illness after consuming these bacteria in meat, milk or egg; and
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1 WHEREAS, in 1997, the World Health Organization recommended that the 2 use of any antimicrobial agent for growth promotion in animals be terminated 3 if it is used in human therapies or known to select for cross-resistance to 4 antimicrobials used in human medicine; and 5 6 WHEREAS, use of antimicrobial drugs in food-producing animals may lead 7 to the emergence of bacterial pathogens that are resistant to drugs used to 8 treat human illness, potentially making human illnesses more difficult to 9 treat, 10 11 12 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE EIGHTY-FOURTH GENERAL 13 ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS, THE SENATE CONCURRING THEREIN, 14 15 16 That the General Assembly urges farmers in Arkansas to reduce and 17 eventually eliminate the use of nontherapeutic antibiotics in animal feed. 18 19 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that: (1) No new antibiotics should be approved for agricultural use unless 20 21 the drug sponsor can provide convincing evidence that the use of the drug in 22 this manner presents no appreciable risk to human health; 23 (2) Sub-therapeutic use of antibiotics in farm animals should be 24 phased out as rapidly as possible, unless the drug sponsor can provide 25 convincing evidence that the use of the antibiotic in question presents no 26 appreciable risk to human health; 27 (3) Agricultural use of antibiotics should be limited to short-term 28 use under the care of a licensed veterinarian unless the drug sponsor can 29 show that the antibiotic in question is not used in human populations, is not 30 medically related to such drugs, and does not select for multi-drug 31 resistance in bacteria; and 32 (4) Information about alternatives to the use of antibiotics to 33 maintain livestock health and growth rates should be developed and 34 disseminated among the agricultural and veterinary community. 35 36 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the University of Arkansas Cooperative

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1	Extension Service is requested to create a program for tracking the use of
2	nontherapeutic antibiotics in animal feed, for analyzing the affect on those
3	antibiotics on animals and humans, and educating the public regarding the
4	danger of nontherapeutic antibiotics in animal feed.
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