Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the Arkansas Constitution.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H2/24/03 H3/17/03		
2	84th General Assembly			
3	Regular Session, 2003 HJR 10			1010
4				
5	By: Representative Ormond			
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7				
8	HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION			
9	PROPOS	SING A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT TO CHANGE		
10	THE N	JMBER OF SIGNATURES REQUIRED ON INITIATIVE		
11	AND R	EFERENDUM PETITIONS; TO CHANGE THE PROCESS		
12	FOR RI	EVIEW OF INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM PETITIONS		
13	BY TH	E ATTORNEY GENERAL, THE SUPREME COURT AND		
14	THE SI	ECRETARY OF STATE; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.		
15				
16		Subtitle		
17	PRO	OPOSING A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT TO		
18	CHA	ANGE VARIOUS PROVISIONS OF AMENDMENT.		
19				
20				
21	SECTION 1. Am	mendment 7 of the Arkansas Constitution is amende	d to	read
22	as follows:			
23	Amend. 7. Ini	tiative and Referendum		
24	<u>(a)</u> The legis	lative power of the people of this State shall be	e ves	ted
25	in a General Assembl	y, which shall consist of the Senate and House o	f	
26	Representatives, but	the people reserve to themselves the power to p	ropos	е
27	legislative measures	, laws and amendments to the Constitution, and to	o ena	.ct
28	or reject the same a	t the polls independent of the General Assembly;	and	also
29	reserve the power, a	t their own option, to approve or reject at the	polls	any
30	entire act or any it	em of an appropriation bill.		
31				
32	<u>(b)</u> State Wid	e Petitions		
33	<u>(1)</u> Ini	tiative - The first power reserved by the people	is t	he
34	initiative. Eight po	er cent of the Sixty thousand (60,000) legal vote	rs <u>or</u>	-
35	such other number as	determined by act of the General Assembly but i	n no	
36	event more than eigh	nt percent (8%) may propose any law and ten per c	ent	

eighty thousand (80,000) legal voters or such other number as determined by 1 2 act of the General Assembly but in no event more than ten percent (10%) may propose a Constitutional Amendment by initiative petition, and every such 3 4 petition shall include the full text of the measure so proposed. Initiative petitions for State-wide measures shall be filed with the Secretary of State 5 6 not less than four (4) months before the election at which they are to be 7 voted upon; provided, that at least thirty (30) days before the 8 aforementioned filing, the proposed measure shall have been published once, at the expense of the petitioners, in some paper of general circulation. 9 Initiative petitions for State-wide measures shall be filed with the Attorney 10 11 General no more than two (2) years and no less than one (1) year before the election at which they are to be voted upon. After filing a state-wide 12 petition, the petitioner shall pay to the Attorney General a fee of one 13 thousand dollars (\$1,000), or such other amount as established by the General 14 15 Assembly. 16 (2) Referendum - The second power reserved by the people is the 17 referendum, and any number not less than six per cent of the. Sixty thousand (60,000) legal voters or such other number as determined by act of the 18 General Assembly but in no event more than six percent (6%) may, by petition, 19 order the referendum against any general act, or any item of an appropriation 20 21 bill, or measure passed by the General Assembly, but the filing of a 22 referendum petition against one or more items, sections or parts of any such 23 act or measure shall not delay the remainder from becoming operative. Such 24 petition shall be filed with the Secretary of State not later than ninety 25 (90) days after the final adjournment of the session at which such act was 26 passed, except when a recess or adjournment shall be taken temporarily for a 27 longer period than ninety (90) days, in which case such petition shall be 28 filed not later than ninety (90) days after such recess or temporary 29 adjournment. Any measure referred to the people by referendum petition shall 30 remain in abeyance until such vote is taken. The total number of votes east for the office of Covernor in the last preceding general election shall be 31 32 the basis upon which the number of signatures of legal voters upon State-wide 33 initiative and referendum petitions shall be computed. 34 Upon all initiative or referendum petitions provided for in any of the 35 sections subsection (c) of this amendment, it shall be necessary to file, from at least fifteen of the counties of the State, petitions bearing the 36

- 1 signature of not less than one-half of the designated percentage one thousand 2 (1,000) of the electors of such county. The remaining signatures required by subsection (b)(1) may come from any county or combination of counties. 3 4 (3) Emergency - If it shall be necessary for the preservation of 5 the public peace, health and safety that a measure shall become effective 6 without delay, such necessity shall be stated in one section, and if upon a 7 yea and nay vote two-thirds (2/3) of all the members elected to each house, 8 or two-thirds (2/3) of all the members elected to city or town councils, 9 shall vote upon separate roll call in favor of the measure going into 10 immediate operation, such emergency measure shall become effective without 11 delay. It shall be necessary, however, to state the fact which constitutes 12 such emergency. Provided, however, that an emergency shall not be declared on
- interest or alienating any property of the State. If a referendum is filed against any emergency measure such measure shall be a law until it is voted upon by the people, and if it is then rejected by a majority of the electors

any franchise or special privilege or act creating any vested right or

- voting thereon, it shall be thereby repealed. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to city or town councils.
 - (c) Local Petitions

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Municipalities and Counties - The initiative and referendum powers of the people are hereby further reserved to the local voters of each municipality and county as to all local, special and municipal legislation of every character in and for their respective municipalities and counties, but no local legislation shall be enacted contrary to the Constitution or any general law of the State, and any general law shall have the effect of repealing any local legislation which is in conflict therewith.

Municipalities may provide for the exercise of the initiative and referendum as to their legal legislation.

General laws shall be enacted providing for the exercise of the initiative and referendum as to counties. Fifteen per cent (15%) of the legal voters of any municipality or county may order the referendum, or invoke the initiative upon any local measures. In municipalities the number of signatures required upon any petition shall be computed upon the total vote cast for the office of mayor at the last preceding general election; in counties, upon the office of Circuit Clerk. In municipalities and counties the time for filing an initiative petition shall not be fixed at less than

- 1 sixty (60) days nor more than ninety (90) days before the election at which
- 2 it is to be voted upon; for a referendum petition at not less than thirty
- 3 (30) days nor more than ninety (90) days after the passage of such measure by
- 4 a municipal council; nor less than ninety (90) days when filed against a
- 5 local or special measure passed by the General Assembly.
- 6 Every extension, enlargement, grant, or conveyance of a franchise or
- 7 any rights, property, easement, lease, or occupation of or in any road,
- 8 street, alley or any part thereof in real property or interest in real
- 9 property owned by municipalities, exceeding in value three hundred dollars
- 10 (\$300.00), whether the same be by statute, ordinance, resolution, or
- ll otherwise, shall be subject to referendum and shall not be subject to
- 12 emergency legislation.

- (d) General Provisions
- 15 $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ Definition The word "measure" as used herein includes any
- 16 bill, law, resolution, ordinance, charter, constitutional amendment or
- 17 legislative proposal or enactment of any character.
- 18 $\underline{\text{(2)}}$ No Veto The veto power of the Governor or Mayor shall not
- 19 extend to measures initiated by or referred to the people.
- 20 <u>(3)</u> Amendment and Repeal No measure approved by a vote of the
- 21 people shall be amended or repealed by the General Assembly or by any City
- 22 Council, except upon a yea and nay vote on roll call of two-thirds (2/3) of
- 23 all the members elected to each house of the General Assembly, or of the City
- 24 Council, as the case may be.
- 25 (4) Election All measures initiated by the people, whether for
- 26 the State, county, city or town, shall be submitted only at the regular
- 27 elections, either State, congressional or municipal, but referendum petitions
- 28 may be referred to the people at special elections to be called by the proper
- 29 official, and such special elections shall be called when fifteen per cent of
- 30 the legal voters shall petition for such special election, and if the
- 31 referendum is invoked as to any measure passed by a city or town council,
- 32 such city or town council may order a special election if the referendum
- 33 petition so states.
- 34 (5) Majority Any measure submitted to the people as herein
- 35 provided shall take effect and become a law when approved by a majority of
- 36 the votes cast upon such measure, and not otherwise, and shall not be

- 1 required to receive a majority of the electors voting at such elections.
- 2 Such measures shall be operative on and after the 30th day after the election
- 3 at which it is approved, unless otherwise specified in the act.
- 4 (6) This section shall not be construed to deprive any member of
- 5 the General Assembly of the right to introduce any measure, but no measure
- 6 shall be submitted to the people by the General Assembly, except a proposed
- 7 constitutional amendment or amendments as provided for in this Constitution.
- 8 (7) Canvass and Declaration of Results The result of the vote
- 9 upon any State measure shall be canvassed and declared by the State Board of
- 10 Election Commissioners (or legal substitute therefor); upon a municipal or
- 11 county measure, by the County Election Commissioners (or legal substitute
- 12 therefor).
- 13 (8) Conflicting Measures If conflicting measures initiated or
- 14 referred to the people shall be approved by a majority of the votes severally
- 15 cast for and against the same at the same election, the one receiving the
- 16 highest number of affirmative votes shall become law.

- (e) The Petition
- 19 <u>(1)</u> Title At the time of filing <u>state-wide</u> petitions <u>with the</u>
- 20 Attorney General the exact title to be used on the ballot shall by the
- 21 petitioner be submitted with the petition, and on State wide measures, shall
- 22 be submitted to the State Board of Election Commissioners Attorney General,
- 23 who shall certify such title to the Secretary of State, to be placed upon the
- 24 ballot;
- 25 <u>At the time of filing petitions with the county clerk</u> on county and
- 26 municipal measures such title shall be submitted to the County Election Board
- 27 and shall by said board be placed upon the ballot in such county or municipal
- 28 election.
- 29 (2) Limitation No limitation shall be placed upon the number
- 30 of constitutional amendments, laws, or other measures which may be proposed
- 31 and submitted to the people by either initiative or referendum petition as
- 32 provided in this section. No petition shall be held invalid if it shall
- 33 contain a greater number of signatures than required herein.
- 34 (3) Verification Only legal votes shall be counted upon
- 35 petitions. Petitions may be circulated and presented in parts, but each part
- 36 of any petition shall have attached thereto, the affidavit of the persons

1	circulating the same, that all signatures thereon were made in the presence
2	of the affiant, and that to the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief
3	each signature is genuine, and that the person signing is a legal voter, and
4	no other affidavit or verification shall be required to establish the
5	genuineness of such signatures.
6	(4) Sufficiency of Petitions -
7	(A)(i) Within fifteen (15) calendar days of receiving a
8	petition on a state-wide measure, the Attorney General shall approve the
9	ballot title and the popular name or disapprove the ballot title or popular
10	name.
11	(ii) If the Attorney General fails to act within
12	fifteen (15) calendar days, the ballot title and popular name shall be deemed
13	approved.
14	(iii) If the Attorney General disapproves of the
15	ballot title or popular name, the petitioner may redraft the ballot title or
16	popular name and resubmit the same to the Attorney General without the
17	payment of any additional fee.
18	(B) Within fourteen (14) calendar days after the Attorney
19	General approves a petition, the petitioners shall cause the full text of the
20	petition to be published at least once, at the expense of the petitioners, in
21	some paper of general circulation in this state.
22	(C)(i) Any court challenge to the petition shall be filed
23	directly with the Supreme Court within forty-five (45) calendar days after
24	the first publication of the full text of the petition.
25	(ii) The Attorney General shall defend all petitions
26	filed with the Attorney General.
27	(D)(i) The Supreme Court shall issue its decision within
28	sixty (60) calendar days after the court challenge is filed.
29	(ii) If the court does not strike the petition
30	within sixty (60) calendar days, the petition is deemed valid and not subject
31	to attack.
32	(iii)(a) If within sixty (60) calendar days, the
33	Supreme Court either approves or fails to strike the petition, the petitioner
34	shall file the petition with the Secretary of State and begin soliciting
35	signatures.
36	(b) The petition may not be filed with the

1 Secretary of State less than four (4) months before the election at which it
2 is to be voted upon.

- (5) Sufficiency of Signatures. The sufficiency of signatures on all State-wide initiative petitions shall be decided in the first instance by the Secretary of State. Within thirty (30) calendar days after receiving signed State-wide initiative petitions, the Secretary of State shall determine the sufficiency of the signatures. If the Secretary of State determines the signatures to be insufficient, the petitioner shall be afforded an additional thirty (30) calendar days in which to collect signatures. Determinations concerning the sufficiency of signatures shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the State, which shall have original and exclusive jurisdiction over all such causes. The sufficiency of all local petitions shall be decided in the first instance by the county clerk or the city clerk, as the case may be, subject to review by the Chancery Circuit Court.
- (6) Court Decisions If the sufficiency of any petition is challenged such cause shall be a preference cause and shall be tried at once, but the failure of the courts to decide prior to the election as to the sufficiency of any such municipal or county petition shall not prevent the question from being placed upon the ballot at the election named in such petition, nor militate against the validity of such measure, if it shall have been approved by a vote of the people.
- (7) Amendment of Petition If the Secretary of State, county clerk or city clerk, as the case may be, shall decide any petition to be insufficient, he shall without delay notify the sponsors of such petition, and permit at least thirty (30) days from the date of such notification, in the instance of a State-wide petition, or ten (10) days in the instance of a municipal or county petition, for correction or amendment. In the event of legal proceedings to prevent giving legal effect to any petition upon any grounds, the burden of proof shall be upon the person or persons attacking the validity of the petition.
- (8) Unwarranted Restrictions Prohibited No law shall be passed to prohibit any person or persons from giving or receiving compensation for circulating petitions, nor to prohibit the circulation of petitions, nor in any manner interfering with the freedom of the people in procuring petitions; but laws shall be enacted prohibiting and penalizing perjury, forgery and all other felonies or other fraudulent practices in the securing of signatures or

1	filing of petitions.
2	(9) Publication - All measures submitted to a vote of the people
3	by petition under the provisions of this section shall be published as is
4	now, or hereafter may be provided by law.
5	(10) Enacting Clause - The style of all the bills initiated and
6	submitted under the provisions of this section shall be, "Be It Enacted by
7	the People of the State of Arkansas" (municipality, or county as the case may
8	be). In submitting measures to the people, the Secretary of State and all
9	other officials shall be guided by the general election laws or municipal
10	laws, as the case may be, until additional legislation is provided therefor.
11	$\underline{ ext{(11)}}$ Self-Executing - This section shall be self-executing, and
12	all its provisions shall be treated as mandatory, but laws may be enacted to
13	facilitate its operation. No legislation shall be enacted to restrict, hamper
14	or impair the exercise of the rights herein reserved to the people.
15	(f) That this amendment to the Constitution of the State be, and the
16	same shall be in substitution of the Initiative and Referendum Amendment,
17	approved February 19, 1909, as the same appears in the Acts of Arkansas for
18	1909, on pages 1239 and 1240 of the volume containing the same; and that the
19	said amendment (and the Act of the General Assembly to carry out the same,
20	approved June 30, 1911, so far as the same is in conflict therewith), be and
21	the same are hereby repealed.
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23	/s/ Ormond
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