Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: S3/27/03		
2	84th General Assembly	A Bill		
3	Regular Session, 2003		SENATE BILL	242
4				
5	By: Senator Argue			
6				
7				
8		For An Act To Be Entitled		
9		TO REQUIRE ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS TO		
10		IPATE IN PUBLIC SCHOOL CHOICE; AND FOR		
11	OTHER	PURPOSES.		
12				
13		Subtitle		
14		ACT TO REQUIRE ALL SCHOOL DISTRICTS		
15	TO I	PARTICIPATE IN PUBLIC SCHOOL CHOICE.		
16				
17				
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKAN	SAS:	
19				
20		kansas Code § 6-18-206 is amended to rea	ad as follows:	
21		lic school choice.		
22		ection may be referred to and cited as	the "Arkansas	
23	Public School Choice			
24		General Assembly <i>hereby</i> finds that the		
25	-	ools and their parents will become more		
26	-	public educational system if students as	-	S
27		vided greater freedom to determine the		
28	-	neir individual educational needs. The	-	
29	•	dent, and permitting students to choose	-	
30		th differing assets will increase the l		
31	-	ts will stay in school and that other, n	more motivated	
32		neir full academic potential.		
33		General Assembly further finds that give		ns
34	-	nts with respect to where the students	-	
35		the responsiveness and effectiveness o		
36	schools, since teache	ers, administrators, and school board m	embers will hav	e



SB242

1 added incentive to satisfy the educational needs of the students who reside 2 in the district.

3 (4) The General Assembly therefore finds that these benefits of 4 enhanced quality and effectiveness in our public schools justify permitting a 5 student to apply for admission to a school in any district beyond the one in 6 which the student resides, provided that the transfer by this student would 7 not adversely affect the desegregation of either district.

8 (5) A public school choice program is hereby established to 9 enable any student to attend a school in a district in which the student does 10 not reside, subject to the restrictions contained in this section.

(b)(1)(A) Before a student may attend a school in a nonresident district, the student's parent or guardian must submit an application on a form approved by the Department of Education to the nonresident district. This application must be postmarked not later than July 1 of the year in which the student would begin the fall semester at the nonresident district.

16 (B)(i) Within thirty (30) days of the receipt of an 17 application from a nonresident student seeking admission under the terms of 18 this section, a participating the nonresident district shall notify the 19 parent or guardian and the resident district in writing as to whether the 20 student's application has been accepted or rejected.

21 (ii) If the application is rejected, the nonresident 22 district must state in the notification letter the reason for rejection. 23 (iii) If the application is accepted, the 24 nonresident district shall state in the notification letter: 25 (a) An absolute deadline for the student to 26 enroll in the district, or the acceptance notification is null; and

27 (b) Any instructions for the renewal28 procedures established by the district.

29 (2)(A) The school board of directors of every public school 30 district of any participating district must adopt by resolution specific standards for acceptance and rejection of applications. Standards may 31 include the capacity of a program, class, grade level, or school building. 32 33 Nothing in this section requires a school district to add teachers or 34 classrooms or in any way to exceed the requirements and standards established 35 by existing law. Standards shall include a statement that priority will be 36 given to applications from siblings or stepsiblings residing in the same

## As Engrossed: S3/27/03

SB242

1 residence or household of students already attending the district by choice. 2 Standards may not include an applicant's previous academic achievement, 3 athletic or other extracurricular ability, handicapping conditions, English 4 proficiency level, or previous disciplinary proceedings, except that an 5 expulsion from another district may be included pursuant to § 6-18-510. 6 (B)(i) Any student who applies for a transfer under this 7 section and is denied a transfer by the nonresident district may request a 8 hearing before the State Board of Education to reconsider the transfer. 9 (ii) A request for a hearing before the state board 10 shall be in writing and shall be postmarked no later than ten (10) days after 11 notice of rejection of the application under subdivision (b)(1)(B) is 12 received by the student. (3) A school board may by resolution determine that it will not 13 14 admit any nonresident pupil to its schools pursuant to this section. Each 15 school district shall participate in public school choice consistent with 16 this section. 17 (c) The responsibility for transportation of a student from the student's resident school district to a nonresident school district shall be 18 19 borne by the student or the student's parents. The resident school district and the nonresident school district may enter into a written agreement with 20 21 the student, or student's parents, or resident school district to provide 22 transportation to or from any place in the resident district to the 23 nonresident district, or both. 24 (d)(1) A nonresident district shall accept credits toward graduation 25 that were awarded by another district. 26 The nonresident district shall award a diploma to a (2) 27 nonresident student if the student meets the nonresident district's 28 graduation requirements. 29 (e) For purposes of determining a school district's state equalization 30 aid, the nonresident student shall be counted as a part of the average daily membership of the district to which the student has transferred. 31 32 The provisions of this section and all student choice options (f) 33 created in this section are subject to the following limitations: 34 (1) No student may transfer to a nonresident district where the percentage of enrollment for the student's race exceeds that percentage in 35 36 the student's resident district except in the circumstances set forth in

## 02062003KAS1344.VJF366

SB242

1 subdivisions (2) and (4) of this subsection;

2 (2) A transfer to a district is exempt from the restriction set 3 forth in subdivision (f)(1) of this section if all districts within a county 4 have voted to participate in choice, if the transfer is between two (2) 5 districts within a county, and if the minority percentage in the student's 6 race and majority percentages of school enrollment in both the resident and 7 nonresident district remain within an acceptable range of the county's 8 overall minority percentage in the student's race and majority percentages of 9 school population as set forth by the department;

(3) The department shall by the filing deadline each year 10 11 compute the minority percentage in the student's race and majority 12 percentages of each county's public school population from the October Annual 13 School Report and shall then compute the acceptable range of variance from 14 those percentages for school districts within each county. In establishing 15 the acceptable range of variance, the department is directed to use the 16 remedial guideline established in Little Rock School District v. Pulaski 17 County Special School District of allowing an overrepresentation or underrepresentation of black or white students of one-fourth (1/4) or twenty-18 19 five percent (25%) of the county's racial balance. In establishing the acceptable range of variance for school choice, the department is directed to 20 21 use the remedial guideline of allowing an overrepresentation or 22 underrepresentation of minority or majority students of one-fourth (1/4) or 23 twenty-five percent (25%) of the county's racial balance;

(4) A transfer is exempt from the restriction set forth in
subdivision (f)(1) of this section if each school district within the county
does not have a critical mass of minority percentage in the student's race of
more than ten percent (10%) of any single race;

(5) In any instance where the foregoing provisions would result
in a conflict with a desegregation court order or a district's court-approved
desegregation plan, the terms of the order or plan shall govern;

31 (6) The department shall adopt appropriate rules and regulations32 to implement the provisions of this section; and

33 (7) The department shall monitor school districts for compliance34 with this section.

35 (g) The state board shall be authorized to resolve disputes arising 36 under subsections (b)-(f) of this section.

1 (h) A district participating under this program shall cause public 2 announcements to be made over the broadcast media and in the print media at 3 such times and in such manner as to inform parents or guardians of students 4 in adjoining districts of the availability of the program, the application 5 deadline, and the requirements and procedure for nonresident students to 6 participate in the program.

7 (i)(1) All school districts shall report to the Equity Assistance
8 Center on an annual basis the race, gender, and other pertinent information
9 needed to properly monitor compliance with the provisions of this section.

10 (2) The reports may be on those forms that are prescribed by the 11 department, or the data may be submitted electronically by the district using 12 a format authorized by the department.

13 (3) The department may withhold state aid from any school 14 district that fails to file its report each year or fails to file any other 15 information with a published deadline requested from school districts by the 16 center so long as thirty (30) calendar days are given between the request for 17 the information and the published deadline except when the request comes from 18 a member or committee of the General Assembly.

19 (4) A copy of the report shall be provided to the Joint Interim20 Oversight Subcommittee on Educational Reform.

21

22 SECTION 2. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the 23 General Assembly of the State of Arkansas that the Arkansas Constitution 24 requires that all students be afforded an equal opportunity for an adequate 25 education; that the General Assembly has chosen public school choice as one 26 of the methods for providing equal opportunity, and that this act is 27 immediately necessary to have school choice in place prior to the beginning 28 to the 2003-2004 school year and before the end of the court stay. Therefore, 29 an emergency is declared to exist and this act being immediately necessary 30 for the preservation of the public peace, health, and safety shall become effective on: 31 32 (1) The date of its approval by the Governor; 33 (2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor, the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the 34 35 bill; or 36 (3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is

1	overridden, the	date the last	house overrides	the veto.
2			/s/ Argue	
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				