Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the Arkansas Constitution.

1	State of Arkansas
2	84th General Assembly
3	Regular Session, 2003 SJR 12
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5	By: Senator Bisbee
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8	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION
9	PROPOSING TO AMEND AMENDMENT 74 TO THE ARKANSAS
10	CONSTITUTION TO INCLUDE EXCESS DEBT SERVICE
11	MILLAGE IN THE UNIFORM RATE OF AD VALOREM
12	PROPERTY TAX REQUIRED FOR SCHOOL DISTRICTS.
13	
14	Subtitle
15	PROPOSING TO AMEND AMENDMENT 74 TO THE
16	ARKANSAS CONSTITUTION TO INCLUDE EXCESS
17	DEBT SERVICE MILLAGE IN THE UNIFORM RATE
18	OF AD VALOREM PROPERTY TAX REQUIRED FOR
19	SCHOOL DISTRICTS.
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21	
22	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE EIGHTY-FOURTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE
23	STATE OF ARKANSAS AND BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, A MAJORITY OF ALL
24	MEMBERS ELECTED TO EACH HOUSE AGREEING THERETO:
25	
26	That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of
27	the State of Arkansas, and upon being submitted to the electors of the state
28	for approval or rejection at the next general election for Senators and
29	Representatives, if a majority of the electors voting thereon at the
30	election, adopt the amendment, the amendment shall become a part of the
31	Constitution of the State of Arkansas, to wit:
32	
33	SECTION 1. Amendment 74 of the Arkansas Constitution is amended to
34	read as follows:
35	Amend. 74. School tax - Budget - Approval of tax rate (Const., Art.
36	14, § 3, as amended by Const. Amend. 11 and Const. Amend. 40, amended).



1 The General Assembly shall provide for the support of common (a) 2 schools by general law. In order to provide quality education, it is the goal 3 of this state to provide a fair system for the distribution of funds. It is 4 recognized that, in providing such a system, some funding variations may be 5 necessary. The primary reason for allowing such variations is to allow school 6 districts, to the extent permissible, to raise additional funds to enhance 7 the educational system within the school district. It is further recognized 8 that funding variations or restrictions thereon may be necessary in order to 9 comply with, or due to, other provisions of this Constitution, the United 10 States Constitution, state or federal laws, or court orders.

(b)(1) There is established a uniform rate of ad valorem property tax of twenty-five (25) mills to be levied on the assessed value of all taxable real, personal, and utility property in the state to be used solely for dedicated to maintenance and operation of the schools or excess debt service.

15 (2) Except as provided in this subsection the uniform rate of 16 tax shall not be an additional levy for maintenance and operation or excess 17 debt service of the schools but shall replace a portion of the existing rate 18 of tax levied by each school district available for maintenance and operation 19 or excess debt service of schools in the school district. The rate of tax available for maintenance and operation or excess debt service levied by each 20 21 school district on the original effective date of this amendment Amendment 74 22 shall be reduced to reflect the levy of the uniform rate of tax. If the rate 23 of tax available for maintenance and operation or excess debt service levied 24 by a school district on the original effective date of this amendment 25 Amendment 74 exceeds the uniform rate of tax, the excess rate of tax shall 26 continue to be levied by the school district until changed as provided in 27 subsection (c)(1). If the rate of tax available for maintenance and operation 28 or excess debt service levied by a school district on the original effective 29 date of this amendment Amendment 74 is less than the uniform rate of tax, the 30 uniform rate of tax shall nevertheless be levied in the district.

31 (3) The uniform rate of tax shall be assessed and collected in 32 the same manner as other school property taxes, but the net revenues from the 33 uniform rate of tax shall be remitted to the State Treasurer and distributed 34 by the state to the school districts as provided by law. No portion of the 35 revenues from the uniform rate of tax shall be retained by the state. The 36 revenues so distributed shall be used by the school districts solely for

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1 maintenance and operation of schools.

2 (4) The General Assembly may by law propose an increase or decrease in the uniform rate of tax and submit the question to the electors 3 4 of the state at the next general election. If a majority of the electors of 5 the state voting on the issue vote "For" the proposed increase or decrease in 6 the uniform rate of tax, the uniform rate of tax shall be increased or 7 decreased as approved. If a majority of the electors of the state voting on 8 the issue vote "Against" the proposed increase or decrease in the uniform 9 rate of tax, the uniform rate of tax shall continue to be levied at the rate 10 for the year in which the election is held.

11 (c)(1) In addition to the uniform rate of tax provided in subsection 12 (b), school districts are authorized to levy, by a vote of the qualified electors respectively thereof, an annual ad valorem property tax on the 13 14 assessed value of taxable real, personal, and utility property for the 15 maintenance and operation of schools and the retirement of indebtedness. The 16 Board of Directors of each school district shall prepare, approve and make 17 public not less than sixty (60) days in advance of the annual school election a proposed budget of expenditures deemed necessary to provide for the 18 19 foregoing purposes, together with a rate of tax levy sufficient to provide the funds therefor, including the rate under any continuing levy for the 20 21 retirement of indebtedness. The Board of Directors shall submit the tax at 22 the annual school election or at such other time as may be provided by law. 23 If a majority of the qualified voters in the school district voting in the 24 school election approve the rate of tax proposed by the Board of Directors, 25 then the tax at the rate approved shall be collected as provided by law. In 26 the event a majority of the qualified electors voting in the school election 27 disapprove the proposed rate of tax, then the tax shall be collected at the 28 rate approved in the last preceding school election. However, if the rate 29 last approved has been modified pursuant to subsection (b) or (c)(2) of this 30 section, then the tax shall be collected at the modified rate until another rate is approved. 31

32 (2) The tax levied by a school district pursuant to subsection 33 (c)(1) of this section may be reduced pursuant to procedures provided by law 34 if the tax would cause the state or district to be out of compliance with any 35 other provision of this Constitution, the United States Constitution, state 36 or federal law, or court order.

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(3) No tax levied pursuant to subsection (c)(1) of this section shall be appropriated to any other district than that for which it is levied. (d) For the purposes of this section_{τ}: (1) "Debt service millage" means the total number of mills voted by the electors of a school district to be pledged as security for the retirement of bonded indebtedness; (2) "Debt service millage required" means the calculated millage rate equal to the amount of millage pledged to mandatory callable bonds plus the result of the scheduled <u>calendar year bonded debt payment divided by the</u> total assessed value of real, personal, and utility property in the local (3) "Excess debt service millage" means the difference between the debt service millage levied and the debt service millage required; and (4) "maintenance and operation" "Maintenance and operation" means such expenses for the general maintenance and operation of schools, as may be defined by the General Assembly by law. SECTION 2. This amendment shall be effective upon adoption and shall relate back to the effective date of Amendment 74 to the Arkansas

school district;

Constitution.