Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: S3/24/05	
2	85th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2005		HOUSE BILL 1317
4			
5	By: Representatives Bond, D. Johnson	n	
6	By: Senator Luker		
7			
8	F		
9	-	or An Act To Be Entitled	
10		PT A NEW INTERSTATE COMPACT F	
11		REPEAL THE EXISTING INTERSTA	
12	COMPACT ON JUV	VENILES; AND FOR OTHER PURPOS	ES.
13		Subtitle	
14		Subtitle	-
15		ADOPT A NEW INTERSTATE COMPAC	
16		LES AND TO REPEAL THE EXISTIN	G
17	INTERSTATE	COMPACT ON JUVENILES.	
18			
19 20	DE TE ENACEED DY MILE CENTEDAT	ACCEMPTY OF THE CTATE OF AD	
20 21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL	ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF AR	KANSAS:
22	SECTION 1 Arkancas C	ode Title 9, Chapter 29 is an	mended to add an
22	additional subchapter to rea		
24	_	ate Compact for Juveniles	
25	<u>9-29-401.</u> Text of Com		
26		for Juveniles is enacted in	to law and entered
27	into with all other jurisdic		
28	substantially as follows:		· · ·
29			
30	THE INTERS	TATE COMPACT FOR JUVENILES	
31			
32		ARTICLE I	
33			
34		<u>PURPOSE</u>	
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36			



1	The compacting states to this Interstate Compact recognize that each state is
2	responsible for the proper supervision or return of juveniles, delinquents
3	and status offenders who are on probation or parole and who have absconded,
4	escaped or run away from supervision and control and in so doing have
5	endangered their own safety and the safety of others. The compacting states
6	also recognize that each state is responsible for the safe return of
7	juveniles who have run away from home and in doing so have left their state
8	of residence. The compacting states also recognize that Congress, by
9	enacting the Crime Control Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 112 (1965), has authorized
10	and encouraged compacts for cooperative efforts and mutual assistance in the
11	prevention of crime.
12	It is the purpose of this compact, through means of joint and cooperative
13	action among the compacting states to: (A) ensure that the adjudicated
14	juveniles and status offenders subject to this compact are provided adequate
15	supervision and services in the receiving state as ordered by the
16	adjudicating judge or parole authority in the sending state; (B) ensure that
17	the public safety interests of the citizens, including the victims of
18	juvenile offenders, in both the sending and receiving states are adequately
19	protected; (C) return juveniles who have run away, absconded or escaped from
20	supervision or control or have been accused of an offense to the state
21	requesting their return; (D) make contracts for the cooperative
22	institutionalization in public facilities in member states for delinquent
23	youth needing special services; (E) provide for the effective tracking and
24	supervision of juveniles; (F) equitably allocate the costs, benefits and
25	obligations of the compacting states; (G) establish procedures to manage the
26	movement between states of juvenile offenders released to the community under
27	the jurisdiction of courts, juvenile departments, or any other criminal or
28	juvenile justice agency which has jurisdiction over juvenile offenders; (H)
29	ensure immediate notice to jurisdictions where defined offenders are
30	authorized to travel or to relocate across state lines; (I) establish
31	procedures to resolve pending charges (detainers) against juvenile offenders
32	prior to transfer or release to the community under the terms of this
33	compact; (J) establish a system of uniform data collection on information
34	pertaining to juveniles subject to this compact that allows access by
35	authorized juvenile justice and criminal justice officials, and regular
36	reporting of Compact activities to heads of state executive, judicial, and

1	legislative branches and juvenile and criminal justice administrators; (K)
2	monitor compliance with rules governing interstate movement of juveniles and
3	initiate interventions to address and correct non-compliance; (L) coordinate
4	training and education regarding the regulation of interstate movement of
5	juveniles for officials involved in such activity; and (M) coordinate the
6	implementation and operation of the compact with the Interstate Compact for
7	the Placement of Children, the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender
8	Supervision and other compacts affecting juveniles particularly in those
9	cases where concurrent or overlapping supervision issues arise. It is the
10	policy of the compacting states that the activities conducted by the
11	Interstate Commission created herein are the formation of public policies and
12	therefore are public business. Furthermore, the compacting states shall
13	cooperate and observe their individual and collective duties and
14	responsibilities for the prompt return and acceptance of juveniles subject to
15	the provisions of this compact. The provisions of this compact shall be
16	reasonably and liberally construed to accomplish the purposes and policies of
17	the compact.
18	
19	ARTICLE II
20	
21	DEFINITIONS
22	
23	As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires a different
24	construction:
25	A. "By-laws" means: those by-laws established by the Interstate Commission
26	for its governance, or for directing or controlling its actions or conduct.
27	B. "Compact Administrator" means: the individual in each compacting state
28	appointed pursuant to the terms of this compact, responsible for the
29	administration and management of the state's supervision and transfer of
30	juveniles subject to the terms of this compact, the rules adopted by the
31	Interstate Commission and policies adopted by the State Council under this
32	<u>compact.</u>
33	C. "Compacting State" means: any state which has enacted the enabling
34	legislation for this compact.
35	D. "Commissioner" means: the voting representative of each compacting state
36	appointed pursuant to Article III of this compact.

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1	E. "Court" means: any court having jurisdiction over delinquent, neglected,
2	
2	or dependent children. F. "Deputy Compact Administrator" means: the individual, if any, in each
4 5	compacting state appointed to act on behalf of a Compact Administrator
5	pursuant to the terms of this compact responsible for the administration and
6	management of the state's supervision and transfer of juveniles subject to
7	the terms of this compact, the rules adopted by the Interstate Commission and
8	policies adopted by the State Council under this compact.
9	G. "Interstate Commission" means: the Interstate Commission for Juveniles
10	created by Article III of this compact.
11	H. "Juvenile" means: any person defined as a juvenile in any member state or
12	by the rules of the Interstate Commission, including:
13	(1) Accused Delinquent — a person charged with an offense that,
14	if committed by an adult, would be a criminal offense;
15	(2) Adjudicated Delinquent — a person found to have committed an
16	offense that, if committed by an adult, would be a criminal offense;
17	(3) Accused Status Offender — a person charged with an offense
18	that would not be a criminal offense if committed by an adult;
19	(4) Adjudicated Status Offender - a person found to have
20	committed an offense that would not be a criminal offense if committed by an
21	adult; and
22	<u>(5) Non-Offender — a person in need of supervision who has not</u>
23	been accused or adjudicated a status offender or delinquent.
24	I. "Non-Compacting state" means: any state which has not enacted the
25	enabling legislation for this compact.
26	J. "Probation or Parole" means: any kind of supervision or conditional
27	release of juveniles authorized under the laws of the compacting states.
28	K. "Rule" means: a written statement by the Interstate Commission
29	promulgated pursuant to Article VI of this compact that is of general
30	applicability, implements, interprets or prescribes a policy or provision of
31	the Compact, or an organizational, procedural, or practice requirement of the
32	Commission, and has the force and effect of statutory law in a compacting
33	state, and includes the amendment, repeal, or suspension of an existing rule.
34	L. "State" means: a state of the United States, the District of Columbia (or
35	its designee), the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands,
36	Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Marianas Islands.

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3	ARTICLE III
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5	INTERSTATE COMMISSION FOR JUVENILES
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8	A. The compacting states hereby create the "Interstate Commission for
9	Juveniles." The commission shall be a body corporate and joint agency of the
10	compacting states. The commission shall have all the responsibilities,
11	powers and duties set forth herein, and such additional powers as may be
12	conferred upon it by subsequent action of the respective legislatures of the
13	compacting states in accordance with the terms of this compact.
14	B. The Interstate Commission shall consist of commissioners appointed by the
15	appropriate appointing authority in each state pursuant to the rules and
16	requirements of each compacting state and in consultation with the State
17	Council for Interstate Juvenile Supervision created hereunder. The
18	commissioner shall be the compact administrator, deputy compact administrator
19	or designee from that state who shall serve on the Interstate Commission in
20	such capacity under or pursuant to the applicable law of the compacting
21	<u>state.</u>
22	C. In addition to the commissioners who are the voting representatives of
23	each state, the Interstate Commission shall include individuals who are not
24	commissioners, but who are members of interested organizations. Such non-
25	commissioner members must include a member of the national organizations of
26	governors, legislators, state chief justices, attorneys general, Interstate
27	Compact for Adult Offender Supervision, Interstate Compact for the Placement
28	of Children, juvenile justice and juvenile corrections officials, and crime
29	victims. All non-commissioner members of the Interstate Commission shall be
30	ex-officio (non-voting) members. The Interstate Commission may provide in
31	its by-laws for such additional ex-officio (non-voting) members, including
32	members of other national organizations, in such numbers as shall be
33	determined by the commission.
34	D. Each compacting state represented at any meeting of the commission is
35	entitled to one vote. A majority of the compacting states shall constitute a
36	quorum for the transaction of business, unless a larger quorum is required by

1 the by-laws of the Interstate Commission. 2 E. The commission shall meet at least once each calendar year. The 3 chairperson may call additional meetings and, upon the request of a simple 4 majority of the compacting states, shall call additional meetings. Public 5 notice shall be given of all meetings and meetings shall be open to the 6 public. 7 F. The Interstate Commission shall establish an executive committee, which shall include commission officers, members, and others as determined by the 8 9 by-laws. The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf of 10 the Interstate Commission during periods when the Interstate Commission is 11 not in session, with the exception of rulemaking and/or amendment to the 12 compact. The executive committee shall oversee the day-to-day activities of the administration of the compact managed by an executive director and 13 Interstate Commission staff; administers enforcement and compliance with the 14 15 provisions of the compact, its by-laws and rules, and performs such other 16 duties as directed by the Interstate Commission or set forth in the by-laws. G. Each member of the Interstate Commission shall have the right and power 17 18 to cast a vote to which that compacting state is entitled and to participate 19 in the business and affairs of the Interstate Commission. A member shall 20 vote in person and shall not delegate a vote to another compacting state. However, a commissioner, in consultation with the state council, shall 21 22 appoint another authorized representative, in the absence of the commissioner from that state, to cast a vote on behalf of the compacting state at a 23 24 specified meeting. The by-laws may provide for members' participation in 25 meetings by telephone or other means of telecommunication or electronic 26 communication. 27 H. The Interstate Commission's by-laws shall establish conditions and 28 procedures under which the Interstate Commission shall make its information 29 and official records available to the public for inspection or copying. The 30 Interstate Commission may exempt from disclosure any information or official records to the extent they would adversely affect personal privacy rights or 31 32 proprietary interests. 33 I. Public notice shall be given of all meetings and all meetings shall be 34 open to the public, except as set forth in the Rules or as otherwise provided 35 in the Compact. The Interstate Commission and any of its committees may 36 close a meeting to the public where it determines by two-thirds vote that an

1	open meeting would be likely to:
2	1. Relate solely to the Interstate Commission's internal
3	personnel practices and procedures;
4	2. Disclose matters specifically exempted from disclosure by
5	statute;
6	3. Disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information
7	which is privileged or confidential;
8	4. Involve accusing any person of a crime, or formally censuring
9	any person;
10	5. Disclose information of a personal nature where disclosure
11	would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
12	6. Disclose investigative records compiled for law enforcement
13	purposes;
14	7. Disclose information contained in or related to examination,
15	operating or condition reports prepared by, or on behalf of or for the use
16	of, the Interstate Commission with respect to a regulated person or entity
17	for the purpose of regulation or supervision of such person or entity;
18	8. Disclose information, the premature disclosure of which would
19	significantly endanger the stability of a regulated person or entity; or
20	9. Specifically relate to the Interstate Commission's issuance
21	of a subpoena, or its participation in a civil action or other legal
22	proceeding.
23	J. For every meeting closed pursuant to this provision, the Interstate
24	Commission's legal counsel shall publicly certify that, in the legal
25	counsel's opinion, the meeting may be closed to the public, and shall
26	reference each relevant exemptive provision. The Interstate Commission shall
27	keep minutes which shall fully and clearly describe all matters discussed in
28	any meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of any actions
29	taken, and the reasons therefore, including a description of each of the
30	views expressed on any item and the record of any roll call vote (reflected
31	in the vote of each member on the question). All documents considered in
32	connection with any action shall be identified in such minutes.
33	K. The Interstate Commission shall collect standardized data concerning the
34	interstate movement of juveniles as directed through its rules which shall
35	specify the data to be collected, the means of collection and data exchange
36	and reporting requirements. Such methods of data collection, exchange and

1	reporting shall insofar as is reasonably possible conform to up-to-date
2	technology and coordinate its information functions with the appropriate
3	repository of records.
4	
5	ARTICLE IV
6	
7	POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
8	
9	The commission shall have the following powers and duties:
10	1. To provide for dispute resolution among compacting states.
11	2. To promulgate rules to effect the purposes and obligations as enumerated
12	in this compact, which shall have the force and effect of statutory law and
13	shall be binding in the compacting states to the extent and in the manner
14	provided in this compact.
15	3. To oversee, supervise and coordinate the interstate movement of juveniles
16	subject to the terms of this compact and any by-laws adopted and rules
17	promulgated by the Interstate Commission.
18	4. To enforce compliance with the compact provisions, the rules promulgated
19	by the Interstate Commission, and the by-laws, using all necessary and proper
20	means, including but not limited to the use of judicial process.
21	5. To establish and maintain offices which shall be located within one or
22	more of the compacting states.
23	6. To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
24	7. To borrow, accept, hire or contract for services of personnel.
25	8. To establish and appoint committees and hire staff which it deems
26	necessary for the carrying out of its functions including, but not limited
27	to, an executive committee as required by Article III which shall have the
28	power to act on behalf of the Interstate Commission in carrying out its
29	powers and duties hereunder.
30	9. To elect or appoint such officers, attorneys, employees, agents, or
31	consultants, and to fix their compensation, define their duties and determine
32	their qualifications; and to establish the Interstate Commission's personnel
33	policies and programs relating to, inter alia, conflicts of interest, rates
34	of compensation, and qualifications of personnel.
35	10. To accept any and all donations and grants of money, equipment,
36	supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of

1	<u>it.</u>
2	11. To lease, purchase, accept contributions or donations of, or otherwise
3	to own, hold, improve or use any property, real, personal, or mixed.
4	12. To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or
5	otherwise dispose of any property, real, personal or mixed.
6	13. To establish a budget and make expenditures and levy dues as provided in
7	Article VIII of this compact.
8	14. To sue and be sued.
9	15. To adopt a seal and by-laws governing the management and operation of
10	the Interstate Commission.
11	16. To perform such functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve
12	the purposes of this compact.
13	17. To report annually to the legislatures, governors, judiciary, and state
14	councils of the compacting states concerning the activities of the Interstate
15	Commission during the preceding year. Such reports shall also include any
16	recommendations that may have been adopted by the Interstate Commission.
17	18. To coordinate education, training and public awareness regarding the
18	interstate movement of juveniles for officials involved in such activity.
19	19. To establish uniform standards of the reporting, collecting and
20	exchanging of data.
21	20. The Interstate Commission shall maintain its corporate books and records
22	in accordance with the By-laws.
23	
24	ARTICLE V
25	
26	ORGANIZATION AND OPERATION OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
27	
28	
29	Section A. By-laws
30	1. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members present and
31	voting, within twelve months after the first Interstate Commission meeting,
32	adopt by-laws to govern its conduct as may be necessary or appropriate to
33	carry out the purposes of the compact, including, but not limited to:
34	a. Establishing the fiscal year of the Interstate Commission;
35	b. Establishing an executive committee and such other committees as
36	may be necessary;

1	c. Provide for the establishment of committees governing any general
2	or specific delegation of any authority or function of the Interstate
3	<u>Commission;</u>
4	d. Providing reasonable procedures for calling and conducting meetings
5	of the Interstate Commission, and ensuring reasonable notice of each such
6	meeting;
7	e. Establishing the titles and responsibilities of the officers of the
8	Interstate Commission;
9	f. Providing a mechanism for concluding the operations of the
10	Interstate Commission and the return of any surplus funds that may exist upon
11	the termination of the Compact after the payment and/or reserving of all of
12	its debts and obligations.
13	g. Providing "start-up" rules for initial administration of the
14	compact; and
15	h. Establishing standards and procedures for compliance and technical
16	assistance in carrying out the compact.
17	
18	Section B. Officers and Staff
19	1. The Interstate Commission shall, by a majority of the members, elect
20	annually from among its members a chairperson and a vice chairperson, each of
21	whom shall have such authority and duties as may be specified in the by-laws.
22	The chairperson or, in the chairperson's absence or disability, the vice-
23	chairperson shall preside at all meetings of the Interstate Commission. The
24	officers so elected shall serve without compensation or remuneration from the
25	Interstate Commission; provided that, subject to the availability of budgeted
26	funds, the officers shall be reimbursed for any ordinary and necessary costs
27	and expenses incurred by them in the performance of their duties and
28	responsibilities as officers of the Interstate Commission.
29	2. The Interstate Commission shall, through its executive committee, appoint
30	or retain an executive director for such period, upon such terms and
31	conditions and for such compensation as the Interstate Commission may deem
32	appropriate. The executive director shall serve as secretary to the
33	Interstate Commission, but shall not be a Member and shall hire and supervise
34	such other staff as may be authorized by the Interstate Commission.
35	
36	Section C. Qualified Immunity, Defense and Indemnification

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1 1. The Commission's executive director and employees shall be immune from 2 suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any 3 claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil 4 liability caused or arising out of or relating to any actual or alleged act, 5 error, or omission that occurred, or that such person had a reasonable basis 6 for believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or 7 responsibilities; provided, that any such person shall not be protected from 8 suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 9 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of any such person. 10 2. The liability of any commissioner, or the employee or agent of a 11 commissioner, acting within the scope of such person's employment or duties 12 for acts, errors, or omissions occurring within such person's state may not exceed the limits of liability set forth under the Constitution and laws of 13 that state for state officials, employees, and agents. Nothing in this 14 15 subsection shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or 16 liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 17 intentional or willful and wanton misconduct of any such person. 18 3. The Interstate Commission shall defend the executive director or the 19 employees or representatives of the Interstate Commission and, subject to the 20 approval of the Attorney General of the state represented by any commissioner of a compacting state, shall defend such commissioner or the commissioner's 21 22 representatives or employees in any civil action seeking to impose liability 23 arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred 24 within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties or 25 responsibilities, or that the defendant had a reasonable basis for believing 26 occurred within the scope of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or 27 responsibilities, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission 28 did not result from intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such person. 29 30 4. The Interstate Commission shall indemnify and hold the commissioner of a 31 compacting state, or the commissioner's representatives or employees, or the 32 Interstate Commission's representatives or employees, harmless in the amount 33 of any settlement or judgment obtained against such persons arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope 34 35 of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that 36 such persons had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope

1	of Interstate Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided
2	that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from
3	intentional or willful and wanton misconduct on the part of such persons.
4	
5	ARTICLE VI
6	
7	RULEMAKING FUNCTIONS OF THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
8	
9	A. The Interstate Commission shall promulgate and publish rules in order to
10	effectively and efficiently achieve the purposes of the compact.
11	B. Rulemaking shall occur pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article
12	and the by-laws and rules adopted pursuant thereto. Such rulemaking shall
13	substantially conform to the principles of the "Model State Administrative
14	Procedures Act," 1981 Act, Uniform Laws Annotated, Vol. 15, p.1 (2000), or
15	such other administrative procedures act, as the Interstate Commission deems
16	appropriate consistent with due process requirements under the U.S.
17	Constitution as now or hereafter interpreted by the U. S. Supreme Court. All
18	rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified, as
19	published with the final version of the rule as approved by the Commission.
20	C. When promulgating a rule, the Interstate Commission shall, at a minimum:
21	1. publish the proposed rule's entire text stating the reason(s)
22	for that proposed rule;
23	2. allow and invite any and all persons to submit written data,
24	facts, opinions and arguments, which information shall be added to the
25	record, and be made publicly available;
26	3. provide an opportunity for an informal hearing if petitioned
27	by ten (10) or more persons; and
28	4. promulgate a final rule and its effective date, if
29	appropriate, based on input from state or local officials, or interested
30	parties.
31	D. Allow, not later than sixty days after a rule is promulgated, any
32	interested person to file a petition in the United States District Court for
33	the District of Columbia or in the Federal District Court where the
34	Interstate Commission's principal office is located for judicial review of
35	such rule. If the court finds that the Interstate Commission's action is not
36	supported by substantial evidence in the rulemaking record, the court shall

1	hold the rule unlawful and set it aside. For purposes of this subsection,
2	evidence is substantial if it would be considered substantial evidence under
3	the Model State Administrative Procedures Act.
4	E. If a majority of the legislatures of the compacting states rejects a
5	rule, those states may, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same
6	manner used to adopt the compact, cause that such rule shall have no further
7	force and effect in any compacting state.
8	F. The existing rules governing the operation of the Interstate Compact on
9	Juveniles superceded by this act shall be null and void twelve (12) months
10	after the first meeting of the Interstate Commission created hereunder.
11	G. Upon determination by the Interstate Commission that a state-of-emergency
12	exists, it may promulgate an emergency rule which shall become effective
13	immediately upon adoption, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures
14	provided hereunder shall be retroactively applied to said rule as soon as
15	reasonably possible, but no later than ninety (90) days after the effective
16	date of the emergency rule.
17	
18	ARTICLE VII
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20	OVERSIGHT, ENFORCEMENT AND DISPUTE RESOLUTION BY THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION
21	
22	
23	Section A. Oversight
24	1. The Interstate Commission shall oversee the administration and operations
25	of the interstate movement of juveniles subject to this compact in the
26	compacting states and shall monitor such activities being administered in
27	non-compacting states which may significantly affect compacting states.
28	2. The courts and executive agencies in each compacting state shall enforce
29	this compact and shall take all actions necessary and appropriate to
30	effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this compact
31	and the rules promulgated hereunder shall be received by all the judges,
32	public officers, commissions, and departments of the state government as
33	evidence of the authorized statute and administrative rules. All courts
34	shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules. In any judicial or
35	administrative proceeding in a compacting state pertaining to the subject
36	matter of this compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities or

1	actions of the Interstate Commission, it shall be entitled to receive all
2	service of process in any such proceeding, and shall have standing to
3	intervene in the proceeding for all purposes.
4	
5	Section B. Dispute Resolution
6	1. The compacting states shall report to the Interstate Commission on all
7	issues and activities necessary for the administration of the compact as well
8	as issues and activities pertaining to compliance with the provisions of the
9	compact and its bylaws and rules.
10	2. The Interstate Commission shall attempt, upon the request of a compacting
11	state, to resolve any disputes or other issues which are subject to the
12	compact and which may arise among compacting states and between compacting
13	and non-compacting states. The commission shall promulgate a rule providing
14	for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes among the
15	compacting states.
16	3. The Interstate Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion,
17	shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact using any or all means
18	set forth in Article XI of this compact.
19	
20	ARTICLE VIII
21	
22	FINANCE
23	
24	A. The Interstate Commission shall pay or provide for the payment of the
25	reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization and ongoing
26	activities.
27	B. The Interstate Commission shall levy on and collect an annual assessment
28	from each compacting state to cover the cost of the internal operations and
29	activities of the Interstate Commission and its staff which must be in a
30	total amount sufficient to cover the Interstate Commission's annual budget as
31	approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be
32	allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the Interstate Commission,
33	taking into consideration the population of each compacting state and the
34	volume of interstate movement of juveniles in each compacting state and shall
35	promulgate a rule binding upon all compacting states which governs said

1	C. The Interstate Commission shall not incur any obligations of any kind
2	prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the
3	Interstate Commission pledge the credit of any of the compacting states,
4	except by and with the authority of the compacting state.
5	D. The Interstate Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts
6	and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the Interstate
7	Commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures
8	established under its by-laws. However, all receipts and disbursements of
9	funds handled by the Interstate Commission shall be audited yearly by a
10	certified or licensed public accountant and the report of the audit shall be
11	included in and become part of the annual report of the Interstate
12	Commission.
13	
14	ARTICLE IX
15	
16	THE STATE COUNCIL
17	
18	A. An Arkansas State Council for Interstate Juvenile Supervision is created.
19	The state council shall consist of the following members:
20	1. One (1) nonelected representative of the legislative branch
21	of government appointed by the Chair of the Senate Interim Committee on
22	Children and Youth;
23	2. One (1) circuit court judge who, pursuant to Administrative
24	Order No. 14, is assigned to hear cases filed pursuant to the Arkansas
25	Juvenile Code, appointed by the Governor;
26	3. The Director of the Division of Youth Services or his or her
27	designee;
28	4. One (1) representative from a victim's group, appointed by
29	the Governor;
30	5. One (1) juvenile probation officer, appointed by the
31	Governor; and
32	6. The Director of the Division of Youth Services or his or her
33	designee shall be the commissioner representing Arkansas on the Interstate
34	Commission for Juveniles.
35	B. The Director of the Division of Youth Services or his or her designee
36	shall be the compact administrator for Arkansas.

1	C. The state council shall provide advice, recommendations and advocacy
2	concerning Arkansas' participation in interstate commission activities and
3	the development of policies concerning operations and procedures of the
4	compact within this state.
5	
6	ARTICLE X
7	
8	COMPACTING STATES, EFFECTIVE DATE AND AMENDMENT
9	
10	A. Any state, the District of Columbia (or its designee), the Commonwealth
11	of Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the
12	Northern Marianas Islands as defined in Article II of this compact is
13	eligible to become a compacting state.
14	B. The compact shall become effective and binding upon legislative enactment
15	of the compact into law by no less than 35 of the states. The initial
16	effective date shall be the later of July 1, 2004 or upon enactment into law
17	by the 35^{th} jurisdiction. Thereafter it shall become effective and binding as
18	to any other compacting state upon enactment of the compact into law by that
19	state. The governors of non-member states or their designees shall be
20	invited to participate in the activities of the Interstate Commission on a
21	non-voting basis prior to adoption of the compact by all states and
22	territories of the United States.
23	C. The Interstate Commission may propose amendments to the compact for
24	enactment by the compacting states. No amendment shall become effective and
25	binding upon the Interstate Commission and the compacting states unless and
26	until it is enacted into law by unanimous consent of the compacting states.
27	
28	<u>ARTICLE XI</u>
29	
30	WITHDRAWAL, DEFAULT, TERMINATION AND JUDICIAL ENFORCEMENT
31	
32	
33	Section A. Withdrawal
34	1. Once effective, the compact shall continue in force and remain binding
35	upon each and every compacting state; provided that a compacting state may
36	withdraw from the compact by specifically repealing the statute which enacted

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1	the compact into law.
2	2. The effective date of withdrawal is the effective date of the repeal.
3	3. The withdrawing state shall immediately notify the chairperson of the
4	Interstate Commission in writing upon the introduction of legislation
5	repealing this compact in the withdrawing state. The Interstate Commission
6	shall notify the other compacting states of the withdrawing state's intent to
7	withdraw within sixty days of its receipt thereof.
8	4. The withdrawing state is responsible for all assessments, obligations and
9	liabilities incurred through the effective date of withdrawal, including any
10	obligations, the performance of which extend beyond the effective date of
11	withdrawal.
12	5. Reinstatement following withdrawal of any compacting state shall occur
13	upon the withdrawing state reenacting the compact or upon such later date as
14	determined by the Interstate Commission
15	
16	Section B. Technical Assistance, Fines, Suspension, Termination and Default
17	1. If the Interstate Commission determines that any compacting state has at
18	any time defaulted in the performance of any of its obligations or
19	responsibilities under this compact, or the by-laws or duly promulgated
20	rules, the Interstate Commission may impose any or all of the following
21	penalties:
22	a. Remedial training and technical assistance as directed by the
23	Interstate Commission;
24	b. Alternative Dispute Resolution;
25	c. Fines, fees, and costs in such amounts as are deemed to be
26	reasonable as fixed by the Interstate Commission; and
27	d. Suspension or termination of membership in the compact, which
28	shall be imposed only after all other reasonable means of securing compliance
29	under the by-laws and rules have been exhausted and the Interstate Commission
30	has therefore determined that the offending state is in default. Immediate
31	notice of suspension shall be given by the Interstate Commission to the
32	Governor, the Chief Justice or the Chief Judicial Officer of the state, the
33	majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and the
34	state council. The grounds for default include, but are not limited to,
35	failure of a compacting state to perform such obligations or responsibilities
36	imposed upon it by this compact, the by-laws, or duly promulgated rules and

1	any other grounds designated in commission by-laws and rules. The Interstate
2	Commission shall immediately notify the defaulting state in writing of the
3	penalty imposed by the Interstate Commission and of the default pending a
4	cure of the default. The commission shall stipulate the conditions and the
5	time period within which the defaulting state must cure its default. If the
6	defaulting state fails to cure the default within the time period specified
7	by the commission, the defaulting state shall be terminated from the compact
8	upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the compacting states and all
9	rights, privileges and benefits conferred by this compact shall be terminated
10	from the effective date of termination.
11	2. Within sixty days of the effective date of termination of a defaulting
12	state, the Commission shall notify the Governor, the Chief Justice or Chief
13	Judicial Officer, the Majority and Minority Leaders of the defaulting state's
14	legislature, and the state council of such termination.
15	3. The defaulting state is responsible for all assessments, obligations and
16	liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination including any
17	obligations, the performance of which extends beyond the effective date of
18	termination.
19	4. The Interstate Commission shall not bear any costs relating to the
20	defaulting state unless otherwise mutually agreed upon in writing between the
21	Interstate Commission and the defaulting state.
22	5. Reinstatement following termination of any compacting state requires both
23	a reenactment of the compact by the defaulting state and the approval of the
24	Interstate Commission pursuant to the rules.
25	
26	Section C. Judicial Enforcement
27	The Interstate Commission may, by majority vote of the members, initiate
28	legal action in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia
29	or, at the discretion of the Interstate Commission, in the federal district
30	where the Interstate Commission has its offices, to enforce compliance with
31	the provisions of the compact, its duly promulgated rules and by-laws,
32	against any compacting state in default. In the event judicial enforcement
33	is necessary, no monetary award is authorized by this compact because of the
34	immunity granted to the State of Arkansas by the Constitution of the United
35	States and the Constitution of the State of Arkansas.

36

1	Section D. Dissolution of Compact
2	1. The compact dissolves effective upon the date of the withdrawal or
3	default of the compacting state, which reduces membership in the compact to
4	one compacting state.
5	2. Upon the dissolution of this compact, the compact becomes null and void
6	and shall be of no further force or effect, and the business and affairs of
7	the Interstate Commission shall be concluded and any surplus funds shall be
8	distributed in accordance with the by-laws.
9	
10	ARTICLE XII
11	
12	SEVERABILITY AND CONSTRUCTION
13	
14	A. The provisions of this compact shall be severable, and if any phrase,
15	clause, sentence or provision is deemed unenforceable, the remaining
16	provisions of the compact shall be enforceable.
17	B. The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed to effectuate
18	<u>its purposes.</u>
19	C. Nothing in this compact, including the provisions of Article XI, Sections
20	A, B, and C, shall be construed to waive the sovereign immunity of the State
21	of Arkansas granted under the Constitution of the United States and the
22	Constitution of the State of Arkansas.
23	
24	ARTICLE XIII
25	
26	BINDING EFFECT OF COMPACT AND OTHER LAWS
27	
28	Section A. Other Laws
29	1. Nothing herein prevents the enforcement of any other law of a compacting
30	state that is not inconsistent with this compact.
31	2. All compacting states' laws other than state Constitutions and other
32	interstate compacts conflicting with this compact are superseded to the
33	extent of the conflict.
34	
35	Section B. Binding Effect of the Compact
36	1. All lawful actions of the Interstate Commission, including all rules and

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1	by-laws promulgated by the Interstate Commission, are binding upon the
2	compacting states.
3	2. All agreements between the Interstate Commission and the compacting
4	states are binding in accordance with their terms.
5	3. Upon the request of a party to a conflict over meaning or interpretation
6	of Interstate Commission actions, and upon a majority vote of the compacting
7	states, the Interstate Commission may issue advisory opinions regarding such
8	meaning or interpretation.
9	4. In the event any provision of this compact exceeds the constitutional
10	limits imposed on the legislature of any compacting state, the obligations,
11	duties, powers or jurisdiction sought to be conferred by such provision upon
12	the Interstate Commission shall be ineffective and such obligations, duties,
13	powers or jurisdiction shall remain in the compacting state and shall be
14	exercised by the agency thereof to which such obligations, duties, powers or
15	jurisdiction are delegated by law in effect at the time this compact becomes
16	effective.
17	
18	SECTION 2. SUNSET CLAUSE. It is hereby found and determined by the
19	General Assembly that if this Interstate Compact for Juveniles is not
20	approved by the requisite number of states by January 1, 2010, then this act
21	will become void as of that same date.
22	
23	SECTION 3. When the contingency in Article X (10) of Section 1 of this
24	act is met, Title 9, Chapter 29, Subchapter 1 is repealed.
25	9-29-101. Legislative findings and policy.
26	(a) It is found and declared:
27	(1) That juveniles who are not under proper supervision and
28	control, or who have absconded, escaped, or run away, are likely to endanger
29	their own health, morals, and welfare, and the health, morals, and welfare of
30	others;
31	(2) That the cooperation of this state with other states is
32	necessary to provide for the welfare and protection of juveniles and of the
33	people of this state.
34	(b) It shall therefore be the policy of this state, in adopting the
35	Interstate Compact on Juveniles, to cooperate fully with other states:
36	(1) In returning juveniles to such other states whenever their

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1	return is sought; and
2	(2) In accepting the return of juveniles whenever a juvenile
3	residing in this state is found or apprehended in another state and in taking
4	all measures to initiate proceedings for the return of such juveniles.
5	
6	9-29-102. Text of compact.
7	The Governor is authorized and directed to execute a compact on behalf
8	of this state with any other state or states legally joining therein in the
9	form substantially as follows:
10	
11	INTERSTATE COMPACT ON JUVENILES
12	
13	ARTICLE I
14	
15	That juveniles who are not under proper supervision and control, or who
16	have absconded, escaped or run away, are likely to endanger their own health,
17	morals, and welfare, and the health, morals and welfare of others. The
18	cooperation of the states party to this compact is therefore necessary to
19	provide for the welfare and protection of juveniles and of the public with
20	respect to (1) cooperative supervision of delinquent juveniles on probation
21	or parole; (2) the return from one state to another, of delinquent juveniles
22	who have escaped or absconded; (3) the return, from one (1) state to another,
23	of nondelinquent juveniles who have run away from home; and (4) additional
24	measures for the protection of juveniles and of the public, which any two (2)
25	or more of the party states may find desirable to undertake cooperatively. In
26	carrying out the provision of this compact the party states shall be guided
27	by the noncriminal, reformative, and protective policies which guide their
28	laws concerning delinquent, neglected, or dependent juveniles generally. It
29	shall be the policy of the states party to this compact to cooperate and
30	observe their respective responsibilities for the prompt return and
31	acceptance of juveniles and delinquent juveniles who become subject to the
32	provisions of this compact. The provisions of this compact shall be
33	reasonably and liberally construed to accomplish the foregoing purposes.
34	
35	ARTICLE II
36	

1	That all remedies and procedures provided by this compact shall be in
2	addition to and not in substitution for other rights, remedies, and
3	procedures, and shall not be in derogation of parental rights and
4	responsibilities.
5	
6	ARTICLE III
7	
8	That, for the purposes of this compact, "delinquent juvenile" means any
9	juvenile who has been adjudged delinquent and who, at the time the provisions
10	of this compact are invoked, is still subject to the jurisdiction of the
11	court that has made such adjudication or to the jurisdiction or supervision
12	of any agency or institution pursuant to an order of such court; "probation
13	or parole" means any kind of conditional release of juveniles authorized
14	under the laws of the states party hereto; "court" means any court having
15	jurisdiction over delinquent, neglected, or dependent children; "state" means
16	any state, territory or possession of the United States, the District of
17	Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and "residence" or any variant
18	thereof, means a place at which a home or regular place of abode is
19	maintained.
19 20	maintained.
	maintained. ARTICLE IV
20	
20 21	ARTICLE IV
20 21 22	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal
20 21 22 23	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run
20 21 22 23 24	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may
20 21 22 23 24 25	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may petition the appropriate court in the demanding state for the issuance of a
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may petition the appropriate court in the demanding state for the issuance of a requisition for his return. The petition shall state the name and age of the
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may petition the appropriate court in the demanding state for the issuance of a requisition for his return. The petition shall state the name and age of the juvenile, the name of the petitioner and the basis of entitlement to the
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may petition the appropriate court in the demanding state for the issuance of a requisition for his return. The petition shall state the name and age of the juvenile, the name of the petitioner and the basis of entitlement to the juvenile's custody, the circumstances of his running away, his location if
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may petition the appropriate court in the demanding state for the issuance of a requisition for his return. The petition shall state the name and age of the juvenile, the name of the petitioner and the basis of entitlement to the juvenile's custody, the circumstances of his running away, his location if known at the time application is made, and such other facts as may tend to
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may petition the appropriate court in the demanding state for the issuance of a requisition for his return. The petition shall state the name and age of the juvenile, the name of the petitioner and the basis of entitlement to the juvenile's custody, the circumstances of his running away, his location if known at the time application is made, and such other facts as may tend to show that the juvenile who has run away is endangering his own welfare or the
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may petition the appropriate court in the demanding state for the issuance of a requisition for his return. The petition shall state the name and age of the juvenile, the name of the petitioner and the basis of entitlement to the juvenile's custody, the circumstances of his running away, his location if known at the time application is made, and such other facts as may tend to show that the juvenile who has run away is endangering his own welfare or the welfare of others and is not an emancipated minor. The petition shall be
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may petition the appropriate court in the demanding state for the issuance of a requisition for his return. The petition shall state the name and age of the juvenile, the name of the petitioner and the basis of entitlement to the juvenile's custody, the eircumstances of his running away, his location if known at the time application is made, and such other facts as may tend to show that the juvenile who has run away is endangering his own welfare or the welfare of others and is not an emancipated minor. The petition shall be
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	ARTICLE IV (a) That the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without the consent of such parent, guardian, person, or agency may petition the appropriate court in the demanding state for the issuance of a requisition for his return. The petition shall state the name and age of the juvenile, the name of the petitioner and the basis of entitlement to the juvenile's custody, the circumstances of his running away, his location if known at the time application is made, and such other facts as may tend to show that the juvenile who has run away is endangering his own welfare or the welfare of others and is not an emancipated minor. The petition shall be verified by affidavit, shall be executed in duplicate, and shall be

1 such petition. The judge of the court to which this application is made may 2 hold a hearing thereon to determine whether for the purposes of this compact the petitioner is entitled to the legal custody of the juvenile, whether it 3 appears that the juvenile has in fact run away without consent, whether he is 4 5 an emancipated minor, and whether it is in the best interest of the juvenile 6 to compel his return to the state. If the judge determines, either with or 7 without a hearing, that the juvenile should be returned, he shall present to 8 the appropriate court or to the executive authority of the state where the 9 juvenile is alleged to be located a written requisition for the return of 10 such juvenile. Such requisition shall set forth the name and age of the 11 juvenile, the determination of the court that the juvenile has run away 12 without the consent of a parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to his 13 legal custody, and that it is in the best interest and for the protection of 14 such juvenile that he be returned. In the event that a proceeding for the adjudication of the juvenile as a delinquent, neglected, or dependent 15 16 juvenile is pending in the court at the time when such juvenile runs away, 17 the court may issue a requisition for the return of such juvenile upon its 18 own motion, regardless of the consent of the parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to legal custody, reciting therein the nature and 19 20 circumstances of the pending proceeding. The requisition shall in every case 21 be executed in duplicate and shall be signed by the judge. One (1) copy of 22 the requisition shall be filed with the compact administrator of the 23 demanding state, there to remain on file subject to the provisions of law 24 governing records of such court. Upon the receipt of a requisition demanding 25 the return of a juvenile who has run away, the court or the executive 26 authority to whom the requisition is addressed shall issue an order to any 27 peace officer or other appropriate person directing him to take into custody 28 and detain such juvenile. Such detention order must substantially recite the 29 facts necessary to the validity of its issuance hereunder. No juvenile 30 detained upon such order shall be delivered over to the officer whom the 31 court demanding him shall have appointed to receive him, unless he shall 32 first be taken forthwith before a judge of a court in the state, who shall 33 inform him of the demand made for his return, and who may appoint counsel or 34 guardian ad litem for him. If the judge of such court shall find that the 35 requisition is in order, he shall deliver such juvenile over to the officer 36 whom the court demanding him shall have appointed to receive him. The judge,

1	however, may fix a reasonable time to be allowed for the purpose of testing
2	the legality of the proceeding.
3	Upon reasonable information that a person is a juvenile who has run
4	away from another state party to this compact without the consent of a
5	parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to his legal custody, such
6	juvenile may be taken into custody without a requisition and brought
7	forthwith before a judge of the appropriate court who may appoint counsel or
8	guardian ad litem for such juvenile and who shall determine after a hearing
9	whether sufficient cause exists to hold the person, subject to the order of
10	the court for his own protection and welfare, for such a time not exceeding
11	ninety (90) days as will enable his return to another state party to this
12	compact pursuant to a requisition for his return from a court of that state.
13	If, at the time when a state seeks the return of a juvenile who has run away,
14	there is pending in the state wherein he is found any criminal charge, or any
15	proceeding to have him adjudicated a delinquent juvenile for an act committed
16	in such state, or if he is suspected of having committed within such state a
17	criminal offense or an act of juvenile delinquency, he shall not be returned
18	without the consent of such state until discharged from prosecution or other
19	form of proceeding, imprisonment, detention, or supervision for such offense
20	or juvenile delinquency. The duly accredited officers of any state party to
21	this compact, upon the establishment of their authority and the identity of
22	the juvenile being returned, shall be permitted to transport such juvenile
23	through any and all states party to this compact without interference. Upon
24	his return to the state from which he ran away, the juvenile shall be subject
25	to such further proceedings as may be appropriate under the laws of that
26	state.
27	(b) That the state to which a juvenile is returned under this article
28	shall be responsible for payment of the transportation costs of such return.
29	(c) That "juvenile" as used in this article means any person who is a
30	minor under the law of the state of residence of the parent, guardian,
31	person, or agency entitled to the legal custody of such minor.
32	
33	ARTICLE V
34	
35	(a) That the appropriate person or authority from whose probation or
36	parole supervision a delinquent juvenile has absconded or from whose

1 institutional custody he has escaped shall present to the appropriate court 2 or to the executive authority of the state where the delinquent juvenile is alleged to be located a written requisition for the return of such delinquent 3 4 juvenile. Such requisition shall state the name and age of the delinquent 5 juvenile, the particulars of his adjudication as a delinguent juvenile, the 6 circumstances of the breach of the terms of his probation or parole or of his 7 escape from an institution or agency vested with his legal custody or supervision, and the location of such delinquent juvenile, if known, at the 8 9 time the requisition is made. The requisition shall be verified by affidavit, 10 shall be executed in duplicate, and shall be accompanied by two (2) certified 11 copies of the judgment, formal adjudication, or order of commitment which 12 subjects such delinquent juvenile to probation or parole or to the legal 13 custody of the institution or agency concerned. Such further affidavits and 14 other documents as may be deemed proper may be submitted with such 15 requisition. One (1) copy of the requisition shall be filed with the compact 16 administrator of the demanding state, there to remain on file subject to the 17 provisions of law governing records of the appropriate court. Upon the 18 receipt of a requisition demanding the return of a delinquent juvenile who 19 has absconded or escaped, the court or the executive authority to whom the 20 requisition is addressed shall issue an order to any peace officer or other 21 appropriate person directing him to take into custody and detain such 22 delinquent juvenile. Such detention order must substantially recite the facts necessary to the validity of its issuance hereunder. No delinquent juvenile 23 24 detained upon such order shall be delivered over to the officer whom the 25 appropriate person or authority demanding him shall have appointed to receive 26 him, unless he shall first be taken forthwith before a judge of an 27 appropriate court in the state, who shall inform him of the demand made for 28 his return and who may appoint counsel or guardian ad litem for him. If the 29 judge of such court shall find that the requisition is in order, he shall 30 deliver such delinquent juvenile over to the officer whom the appropriate 31 person or authority demanding him shall have appointed to receive him. The 32 judge, however, may fix a reasonable time to be allowed for the purpose of 33 testing the legality of the proceeding. 34 Upon reasonable information that a person is a delinquent juvenile who 35 has absconded while on probation or parole, or escaped from an institution or

36 agency vested with his legal custody or supervision in any state party to

this compact, such person may be taken into custody in any other state party 1 2 to this compact without a requisition. But in such event, he must be taken forthwith before a judge of the appropriate court, who may appoint counsel or 3 4 guardian ad litem for such person and who shall determine, after a hearing, 5 whether sufficient cause exists to hold the person subject to the order of 6 the court for such a time, not exceeding ninety (90) days, as will enable his detention under a detention order issued on a requisition pursuant to this 7 8 article. If, at the time when a state seeks the return of a delinquent 9 juvenile who has either absconded while on probation or parole or escaped 10 from an institution or agency vested with his legal custody or supervision, 11 there is pending in the state wherein he is detained any criminal charge or 12 any proceeding to have him adjudicated a delinquent juvenile for an act 13 committed in such state, or if he is suspected of having committed within 14 such state a criminal offense or an act of juvenile delinquency, he shall not 15 be returned without the consent of such state until discharged from 16 prosecution or other form of proceeding, imprisonment, detention, or 17 supervision for such offense or juvenile delinquency. The duly accredited officers of any state party to this compact, upon the establishment of their 18 19 authority and the identity of the delinquent juvenile being returned, shall 20 be permitted to transport such delinquent juvenile through all states party 21 to this compact, without interference. Upon his return to the state from 22 which he escaped or absconded, the delinquent juvenile shall be subject to 23 such further proceedings as may be appropriate under the laws of that state. 24 (b) That the state to which a delinquent juvenile is returned under 25 this article shall be responsible for the payment of the transportation costs 26 of such return. 27 28 ARTICLE VI

29

That any delinquent juvenile who has absconded while on probation or parole, or escaped from an institution or agency vested with his legal custody or supervision in any state party to this compact, and any juvenile who has run away from any state party to this compact, who is taken into custody without a requisition in another state party to this compact under the provisions of Article IV (a) or of Article V (a), may consent to his immediate return to the state from which he absconded, escaped, or ran away.

1 Such consent shall be given by the juvenile or delinquent juvenile and his counsel or guardian ad litem, if any, by execution of subscribing a writing, 2 in the presence of a judge of the appropriate court, which states that the 3 4 juvenile or delinquent juvenile and his counsel or guardian ad litem, if any, 5 consent to his return to the demanding state. Before such consent shall be 6 executed or subscribed, however, the judge, in the presence of counsel or 7 guardian ad litem, if any, shall inform the juvenile or delinquent juvenile 8 of his rights under this compact. When the consent has been duly executed, it 9 shall be forwarded to and filed with the compact administrator of the state 10 in which the court is located and the judge shall direct the officer having 11 the juvenile or delinquent juvenile in custody to deliver him to the duly 12 accredited officer or officers of the state demanding his return, and shall 13 cause to be delivered to such officer or officers a copy of the consent. The 14 court may, however, upon the request of the state to which the juvenile or 15 delinquent juvenile is being returned, order him to return unaccompanied to 16 such state and shall provide him with a copy of such court order; in such 17 event a copy of the consent shall be forwarded to the compact administrator 18 of the state to which said juvenile or delinquent juvenile is ordered to 19 return.

20

21 ARTICLE VII

22 (a) That the duly constituted judicial and administrative authorities 23 of a state party to this compact (herein called "sending state") may permit 24 any delinquent juvenile within such state, placed on probation or parole, to 25 reside in any other state party to this compact (herein called "receiving 26 state") while on probation or parole, and the receiving state shall accept 27 such delinquent juvenile, if the parent, guardian, or person entitled to the 28 legal custody of such delinquent juvenile is residing or undertakes to reside 29 within the receiving state. Before granting such permission, opportunity 30 shall be given to the receiving state to make such investigations as it deems 31 necessary. The authorities of the sending state shall send to the authorities 32 of the receiving state copies of pertinent court orders, social case studies, 33 and all other available information which may be of value to and assist the 34 receiving state in supervising a probationer or parolee under this compact. A 35 receiving state, in its discretion, may agree to accept supervision of a 36 probationer or parolee in cases where the parent, guardian, or person

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1	entitled to the legal custody of the delinquent juvenile is not a resident of
2	the receiving state, and if so accepted the sending state may transfer
3	supervision accordingly.
4	(b) That each receiving state will assume the duties of visitation and
5	of supervision over any such delinquent juvenile and in the exercise of those
6	duties will be governed by the same standards of visitation and supervision
7	that prevail for its own delinquent juvenile released on probation or parole.
8	(c) That, after consultation between the appropriate authorities of
9	the sending state and of the receiving state as to the desirability and
10	necessity of returning such a delinquent juvenile, the duly accredited
11	officers of a sending state may enter a receiving state and there apprehend
12	and retake any such delinquent juvenile on probation or parole. For that
13	purpose, no formalities will be required, other than establishing the
14	authority of the officer and the identity of the delinquent juvenile to be
15	retaken and returned. The decision of the sending state to retake a
16	delinquent juvenile on probation or parole shall be conclusive upon and not
17	reviewable within the receiving state, but if, at the time the sending state
18	seeks to retake a delinquent juvenile on probation or parole, there is
19	pending against him within the receiving state any criminal charge or any
20	proceeding to have him adjudicated a delinquent juvenile for any act
21	committed in such state, or if he is suspected of having committed within
22	such state a criminal offense or an act of juvenile delinquency, he shall not
23	be returned without the consent of the receiving state until discharged from
24	prosecution or other form of proceeding, imprisonment, detention, or
25	supervision for such offense or juvenile delinquency. The duly accredited
26	officers of the sending state shall be permitted to transport delinquent
27	juveniles being so returned through any and all states party to this compact,
28	without interference.
29	(d) That the sending state shall be responsible under this article for
30	paying the costs of transporting any delinquent juvenile to the receiving
31	state or of returning any delinquent juvenile to the sending state.
32	
33	ARTICLE VIII
34	
35	(a) That the provisions of Article IV (b), V (b), and VII (d) of this
36	compact shall not be construed to alter or affect any internal relationship

1	among the departments, agencies, and officers of and in the government of a
2	party state, or between a party state and its subdivisions, as to the payment
3	of costs, or responsibilities therefor.
4	(b) That nothing in this compact shall be construed to prevent any
5	party state or subdivision thereof from asserting any right against any
6	person, agency, or other entity in regard to costs for which such party state
7	or subdivision thereof may be responsible pursuant to Articles IV (b) or VII
8	(d) of this compact.
9	
10	ARTICLE IX
11	
12	That, to every extent possible, it shall be the policy of states party
13	to this compact that no juvenile or delinquent juvenile shall be placed or
14	detained in any prison, jail, or lockup nor be detained or transported in
15	association with criminal, vicious, or dissolute persons.
16	
17	ARTICLE X
18	
19	That the duly constituted administrative authorities of a state party
20	to this compact may enter into supplementary agreements with any other state
21	or states party hereto for the cooperative care, treatment, and
22	rehabilitation of delinquent juveniles whenever they shall find that such
23	agreements will improve the facilities or programs available for such care,
24	treatment, and rehabilitation. Such care, treatment, and rehabilitation may
25	be provided in an institution located within any state entering into such
26	supplementary agreement. Such supplementary agreements shall (1) provide the
27	rates to be paid for the care, treatment, and custody of such delinquent
28	juveniles, taking into consideration the character of facilities, services,
29	and subsistence furnished; (2) provide that the delinquent juvenile shall be
30	given a court hearing prior to his being sent to another state for care,
31	treatment, and custody; (3) provide that the state receiving such a
32	delinquent juvenile in one (1) of its institutions shall act solely as agent
33	for the state sending such delinquent juvenile; (4) provide that the sending
34	state shall at all times retain jurisdiction over delinquent juveniles sent
35	to an institution in another state; (5) provide for reasonable inspection of
36	such institutions by the sending state; (6) provide that the consent of the

1	parent, guardian, person, or agency entitled to the legal custody of said
2	delinquent juvenile shall be secured prior to his being sent to another
3	state; and (7) make provision for such other matters and details as shall be
4	necessary to protect the rights and equities of such delinquent juveniles and
5	of the cooperating states.
6	
7	ARTICLE XI
8	
9	That any state party to this compact may accept any and all donations,
10	gifts, and grants of money, equipment, and services from the federal or any
11	local government, or any agency thereof and from any person, firm, or
12	corporation, for any of the purposes and functions of this compact, and may
13	receive and utilize the same subject to the terms, conditions, and
14	regulations governing such donations, gifts, and grants.
15	
16	ARTICLE XII
17	
18	That the governor of each state party to this compact shall designate
19	an officer who, acting jointly with like officers of other party states,
20	shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the
21	terms and provisions of this compact.
22	
23	ARTICLE XIII
24	
25	That this compact shall become operative immediately upon its execution
26	by any state as between it and any other state or states so executing. When
27	executed it shall have the full force and effect of law within such state,
28	the form of execution to be in accordance with the laws of the executing
29	state.
30	
31	ARTICLE XIV
32	
33	That this compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each
34	executing state until renounced by it. Renunciation of this compact shall be,
35	by the same authority which executed it, by sending six (6) months' notice in
36	writing of its intention to withdraw from the compact to the other states

1	party hereto. The duties and obligations of a renouncing state under Article
2	VII hereof shall continue as to parolees and probationers residing therein at
3	the time of withdrawal until retaken or finally discharged. Supplementary
4	agreements entered into under Article X hereof shall be subject to
5	renunciation as provided by such supplementary agreements, and shall not be
6	subject to the six (6) months' renunciation notice of the present article.
7	
8	ARTICLE XV
9	
10	That the provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any
11	phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be
12	contrary to the constitution of any participating state or the United States
13	or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or
14	circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact
15	and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or
16	circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact shall be held
17	contrary to the constitution of any state participating therein, the compact
18	shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining states and in full
19	force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.
19 20	force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.
	force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.
20	
20 21	9-29-103. Compact administrator.
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20 21 22 23 24 25	9-29-103. Compact administrator. (a) Pursuant to the compact, the Governor is authorized and empowered to designate an officer who shall be the compact administrator and who, acting jointly with like officers of other party states, shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms of the compact.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	9-29-103. Compact administrator. (a) Pursuant to the compact, the Governor is authorized and empowered to designate an officer who shall be the compact administrator and who, acting jointly with like officers of other party states, shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms of the compact. (b) The compact administrator shall serve subject to the pleasure of
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>9-29-103. Compact administrator. (a) Pursuant to the compact, the Governor is authorized and empowered to designate an officer who shall be the compact administrator and who, acting jointly with like officers of other party states, shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms of the compact. (b) The compact administrator shall serve subject to the pleasure of the Governor.</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	9-29-103. Compact administrator. (a) Pursuant to the compact, the Covernor is authorized and empowered to designate an officer who shall be the compact administrator and who, acting jointly with like officers of other party states, shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms of the compact. (b) The compact administrator shall serve subject to the pleasure of the Covernor. (c) The compact administrator is authorized, empowered, and directed
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1	pursuant to the compact.
2	(b) In the event that the supplementary agreement shall require or
3	contemplate the use of any institution or facility of this state or require
4	or contemplate the provision or any service by this state, the supplementary
5	agreement shall have no force or effect until approved by the head of the
6	department or agency under whose jurisdiction said institution or facility is
7	operated or whose department or agency will be charged with the rendering of
8	the service.
9	
10	9-29-105. Financial obligations.
11	The compact administrator, subject to the approval of the Chief State
12	Fiscal Officer, may make or arrange for any payments necessary to discharge
13	any financial obligations imposed upon this state by the compact or by any
14	supplementary agreement entered into thereunder.
15	
16	9-29-106. Enforcement.
17	The courts, departments, agencies, and officers of this state and its
18	subdivisions shall enforce this compact and shall do all things appropriate
19	to the effectuation of its purposes and intent which may be within their
20	respective jurisdictions.
21	
22	9-29-107. Other procedures authorized.
23	In addition to any procedure provided in Articles IV and VI of the
24	compact for the return of any runaway juvenile, the particular states, the
25	juvenile or his parents, the courts, or other legal custodian involved may
26	agree upon and adopt any other plan or procedure legally authorized under the
27	laws of this state and other respective party states for the return of any
28	runaway juvenile.
29	
30	9-29-108. Ratification of Rendition Amendment.
31	The Governor is hereby authorized and directed to ratify the Rendition
32	Amendment to the Interstate Compact on Juveniles on behalf of this state with
33	any other state or states legally joining therein in the form substantially
34	as follows:
35	
36	RENDITION AMENDMENT

1	
2	All provisions and procedures to Article V and VI of the Interstate
3	Compact on Juveniles shall be construed to apply to any juvenile charged with
4	being a delinquent by reason of a violation of any criminal law. Any
5	juvenile, charged with being a delinquent by reason of violating any criminal
6	law, shall be returned to the requesting state upon a requisition to the
7	state where the juvenile may be found. A petition in such case shall be filed
8	in a court of competent jurisdiction in the requesting state where the
9	violation of criminal law is alleged to have been committed. The petition may
10	be filed regardless of whether the juvenile has left the state before or
11	after the filing of the petition. The requisition described in Article V of
12	the Compact shall be forwarded by the judge of the court in which the
13	petition has been filed.
14	
15	SECTION 4. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is hereby found and determined by the
16	$\underline{\mbox{General}}$ Assembly that it is in the best interest of the children of the State
17	of Arkansas that a compact is in place to ensure the smooth transition of
18	their transportation among the states; that the effectiveness of this act is
19	immediate for the health and safety of the children of the State of Arkansas;
20	and that in the event of an extension of the legislative session beginning in
21	January 2005, the delay in the effective date of this act could do
22	irreparable harm to the children of this state, as well as interfere with the
23	proper administration and provision of essential governmental programs.
24	Therefore, an emergency is hereby declared to exist and this bill being
25	necessary for the best interest of the children of the State of Arkansas and
26	other reasons shall become effective on:
27	(1) The date of its approval by the Governor;
28	(2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor,
29	it shall become effective on the expiration of the period of time during
30	which the Governor may veto the bill; or
31	(3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is
32	overridden, it shall become effective on the date the last house overrides
33	the veto.
34	
35	/s/ Bond
36	