1	State of Arkansas	۸ D;11	
2	85th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2005		HOUSE BILL 2105
4			
5	By: Representatives Bradford, Ma	ıhony	
6	By: Senators Steele, J. Jeffress		
7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	1
9	AN ACT TO C		l
10		CLARIFY THE PRACTICE OF	IDING OF
11		PLOGY; TO PROVIDE FOR THE H	
12 13		BY PSYCHOLOGISTS PRACTICING OCCUPANT FOR OTHER BURDOS	
13	NEUROPSICHC	OLOGY; AND FOR OTHER PURPOS	ES.
15		Subtitle	
16	ልክ ልርጥ ፕ	O REGULATE THE PRACTICE OF	
17		CHOLOGY AND TECHNICIANS.	
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENE	RAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE O	OF ARKANSAS:
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22	SECTION 1. Arkansa	s Code § 17-97-102 is amend	ded to read as follows:
23	17-97-102. Definit	ions - Levels of practice c	of psychology.
24	(a)(l) "Neuropsych	ology" means the art and so	cience of brain-behavior
25	relationships.		
26	(2) A neurop	sychologist is a licensed p	osychologist with special
27	expertise in the applied	science of brain-behavior r	celationships whose
28	statement of intent to pr	actice psychology:	
29	<u>(</u> A) Ha	s been approved by the Arka	ansas Psychology Board;
30	<u>and</u>		
31	<u>(B) In</u>	cludes the practice of neur	copsychology.
32	(3) A neurop	sychologist uses his or her	knowledge of brain-
33	behavior relationships in	the assessment, diagnosis,	, treatment, and
34	rehabilitation of patient	s across their lifespans wi	ith neurological, medical,
35	neurodevelopmental, and p	sychiatric, and other cogni	itive and learning
36	disorders.		

1	(4)(A) The neuropsychologist uses psychological, neurological,
2	cognitive, behavioral, and physiological principles, techniques, and tests to
3	evaluate patients' neurocognitive, behavioral, and emotional strengths and
4	weaknesses and their relationship to normal and abnormal central nervous
5	system functioning.
6	(B) The neuropsychologist uses this information and
7	information provided by other medical care and healthcare providers to:
8	(i) Identify and diagnose neurobehavioral disorders;
9	<u>and</u>
10	(ii) Plan and implement intervention strategies.
11	(5) The specialty of neuropsychology is recognized by the
12	American Psychological Association and the Canadian Psychological
13	Association.
14	(6) Neuropsychologists are independent practitioners and
15	independent healthcare providers of neuropsychology and psychology.
16	(7) The clinical neuropsychologist has at a minimum:
17	(A) Completed a doctoral degree in psychology from a
18	regionally accredited institution;
19	(B) Successfully completed an internship, or its
20	equivalent, in a clinically relevant area of professional psychology; and
21	(C)(i) The equivalent of two (2) fulltime years of
22	experience and specialized training, at least one (1) of which is at the
23	post-doctoral level, in the study and practice of clinical neuropsychology
24	and related neurosciences.
25	(ii) These two (2) years shall include supervision
26	by a clinical neuropsychologist.
27	(8)(i) As of the effective date of this subsection (a), those
28	licensed psychologists who have a statement of intent to practice
29	neuropsychology on file with the board shall be considered to have met the
30	provisions of this subsection (a).
31	(ii) As of the effective date of this subsection (a), the
32	Arkansas Psychology Board shall promulgate rules to develop fair and
33	reasonable procedures to ensure that those persons functioning as technicians
34	on the effective date of this subsection (a) may continue to work as
35	technicians in accordance with the spirit and intent of this chapter to
36	restrict the duties of technicians to neuropsychological test administration

1	and scoring only.
2	$\frac{(a)(1)(b)(1)}{(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)(a)($
3	description, evaluation, interpretation, or modification of human behavior by
4	a person who holds an advanced graduate degree in psychology and is trained
5	in the application of psychological principles, methods, or procedures for
6	one (1) or more of the following purposes:
7	(A) Preventing or eliminating symptomatic, maladaptive, or
8	undesired behavior;
9	(B) Enhancing interpersonal relationships, work and life
10	adjustment, personal effectiveness, and behavioral and mental health; and
11	(C) Consultation, teaching, and research.
12	(2) "Practice of psychology" includes, but is not limited to:
13	(A) Testing and measuring, that consist of the
14	administration and interpretation of tests measuring personal
15	characteristics, such as intelligence, personality, abilities, interests,
16	aptitudes, achievements, motives, personality dynamics, psychoeducational
17	processes, neuropsychological brain functioning, and other psychological
18	attributes of individuals or groups;
19	(B)(i) Diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional
20	disorders, that consist of the appropriate diagnosis of mental disorders,
21	behavior disorders, and brain dysfunctions, according to standards of the
22	profession and the ordering or providing of treatments according to need.
23	(ii) Treatment includes, but is not limited to,
24	providing:
25	(a) Counseling;
26	(b) Psychotherapy;
27	(c) Marital and family therapy;
28	(d) Group therapy;
29	(e) Behavior therapy;
30	(f) Psychoanalysis;
31	(g) Hypnosis;
32	(h) Biofeedback;
33	(i) Other psychological interventions that aim
34	to modify and adjust perceptions, habits, or conduct; and
35	(j) The psychological aspects of physical
36	illness, pain, injury, or disability; and

Ţ	(C) Psychological consulting, which consists of:
2	(i) Interpreting or reporting on scientific theory
3	or research in psychology;
4	(ii) Rendering expert psychological opinion or
5	clinical psychological opinion;
6	(iii) Evaluating and engaging in applied
7	psychological research;
8	(iv) Program or organizational development; and
9	(v) Administration, supervision, and evaluation of
10	psychological services.
11	(3)(A) The practice of psychology may be rendered to
12	individuals, families, groups, organizations, institutions, and the public.
13	(B) The practice of psychology may be rendered whether or
14	not payment is received for services rendered.
15	$\frac{(b)(1)}{(c)(1)}$ Unless the context otherwise requires, two (2) levels of
16	psychological practice are defined for the purpose of this chapter. The
17	levels are to be known and are referred to as "psychological examiner" and
18	"psychologist".
19	(2)(A) A person practices as a "psychological examiner" within
20	the meaning of this chapter when he or she holds himself or herself out to be
21	a psychological examiner or renders to individuals or to the public for
22	remuneration any service involving the practice of psychology.
23	(B) Psychological examiners independently provide services
24	such as interviewing or administering and interpreting tests of mental
25	abilities, aptitudes, interests, and personality characteristics for the
26	purposes of psychological evaluation to assist in the determination of
27	educational or vocational selection, guidance, or placement.
28	(C) Other than those psychological services listed in
29	subdivision (b)(2)(B) of this section, the psychological examiner provides
30	psychological services only under the supervision of a qualified
31	psychologist.
32	(3) A person practices as a "psychologist" within the meaning of
33	this chapter when he or she holds himself or herself out to be a psychologist
34	or renders to individuals or to the public for remuneration any service
35	involving the practice of psychology.
36	(e)(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed as permitting the

1	practice of psychology or neuropsychology to infringe on the practice of
2	medicine as defined by the Arkansas Medical Practices Act, §§ 17-95-201 et
3	seq., 17-95-301 et seq., and 17-95-401 et seq.
4	
5	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 17-97-301 is amended to read as follows:
6	17-97-301. <u>Legislative intent</u> License required.
7	(a) The General Assembly intends this section to:
8	(1) Require all psychology service providers to conform to the
9	licensing requirements of this chapter; and
10	(2) By conforming, protect the public's health and welfare by
11	ensuring competence in the delivery of those services.
12	(a)(b) If any person shall practice or hold himself or herself out to
13	the public as being engaged in the practice of psychology, such as clinical,
14	consulting, industrial, personnel, or counseling psychology, and shall not
15	then possess in full force and virtue a valid license to practice as
16	psychological examiner or psychologist under the provisions of this chapter,
17	the person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.
18	(b)(c) Upon conviction the person shall be fined not less than five
19	hundred dollars ($\$500$) nor more than one thousand dollars ($\$1000$).
20	
21	SECTION 3 . Arkansas Code § 17-97-302, concerning applications for
22	licensure as a psychologist, is amended to add an additional subsection to
23	read as follows:
24	(d) In addition to all other requirements of this section, a person
25	who applies to practice neuropsychology shall include with the application
26	documentation of both credentials and doctoral training as that documentation
27	existed during the year of the person's doctoral graduation.
28	
29	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code Title 17, Chapter 97, is amended to add an
30	additional subchapter to read as follows:
31	17-97-401. Technicians employed by neuropsychologists Supervision.
32	(a)(1) Technicians may be employed by licensed clinical
33	neuropsychologists in the practice of neuropsychology.
34	(2)(A) Individuals employed as technicians may only be employed
35	in neuropsychological testing and shall be restricted to the administration
36	and scoring of standardized objective tests

1	(B) Individuals employed as technicians may not administer
2	or score projective tests.
3	(b)(l) A technician shall have a bachelor's degree from a regionally
4	accredited institution, preferably with a major in psychology.
5	(2) The basic educational background of a technician shall
6	include passing grades from instruction in:
7	(A) Abnormal psychology;
8	(B) Personality;
9	(C) Psychological statistics; and
10	(D) Psychological testing.
11	(3) For purposes of this subsection (a), "passing grade" means:
12	(A) "C" in a letter grading system;
13	(B) "Pass" in a pass/fail system; or
14	(C) "Satisfactory" in a satisfactory/unsatisfactory
15	grading system.
16	(4) Technicians who have completed degrees with non-psychology
17	majors shall have completed passing grades in course-work in these areas.
18	(5) Technicians employed by psychologists practicing
19	neuropsychology who do not have this academic background shall be provided
20	with specific information to supplement their training in neuropsychological
21	test administration.
22	(c) In addition to formal university or college-based preparation,
23	technicians shall demonstrate training and instruction in the numerous areas
24	that pertain to their role as a technician as established by the Arkansas
25	Psychology Board.
26	(d) It is the intent of this section that:
27	(1) Every effort shall be made to employ only those
28	applicants with degrees in psychology; and
29	(2) For those employees who do not possess a degree in
30	psychology, the technician, before engaging in service delivery, shall have
31	successfully completed the requirements of this section by obtaining formal
32	university or college coursework in the courses delineated in this section.
33	
34	17-97-402. Additional training.
35	(a) The supervising neuropsychologist shall make the technician aware:
36	(1) Of the goals of neuropsychological examination and his or

1	her specific role in achieving those goals;
2	(2) Through additional training if necessary, of appropriate
3	institutional emergency procedures to deal with various medical emergencies
4	such as heart attack, respiratory arrest, seizures, and other relevant
5	information; and
6	(3) In addition to medical emergencies, of recommended
7	procedures for dealing with incompetent or adjudicated patients who attempt
8	to leave the testing setting without authorization.
9	(b) The supervising neuropsychologist shall:
10	(1) Train the technicians to be sensitive to subtle or overt
11	suicidal or homicidal threats or innuendoes made during testing.
12	(2) Because they may be exposed to aggressive or sexually
13	inappropriate behavior on the part of patients, provide the technicians with
14	specific instructions on how to handle such situations.
15	(c) Registered technicians shall complete a one-hour ethics course
16	each year.
17	(2) The course shall be documented as part of the annual
18	statement of supervision filed by the supervising psychologist.
19	(d)(l) Technicians shall receive training in:
20	(A) Ethical issues; and
21	(B) Methods of dealing with situations that arise in the
22	context of assessment.
23	(2) Technicians shall receive specific instruction in regard to:
24	(A) The limits of his or her role; and
25	(B) Relationships with:
26	(i) The supervising neuropsychologist; and
27	(ii) Other technicians.
28	(3)(A) The supervising neuropsychologist shall provide explicit
29	guidance regarding ethical issues that pertain to the activities of
30	technicians in neuropsychological examination.
31	(B) These issues include:
32	(i) Protection of patient confidentiality;
33	(ii) Protection of the confidentiality of test
34	information regarding patients;
35	(iii) Maintenance and protection of test security;
36	and

1	(iv) Constraints regarding dual relationships with
2	patients or supervisors.
3	(e) Technicians should be explicitly instructed not to present
4	themselves to patients in a manner that implies any independent professional
5	prerogatives.
6	(f) The supervising neuropsychologist shall:
7	(1) Correct any misperceptions a technician may have about the
8	potential for growth in the roles and responsibilities of technicians;
9	(2) Specifically state that test selection, interpretation, and
10	communication of results are professional activities performed only by the
11	supervising neuropsychologist; and
12	(3) Stipulate that these roles are not and never will be within
13	the scope of employment of the technician.
14	(g)(1) The supervising neuropsychologist shall ensure that each
15	technician employed by the neuropsychologist has an explicit understanding of
16	the limited nature of the technician's role in neuropsychological
17	examination.
18	(2) The supervising neuropsychologist shall clearly delineate
19	the lines of authority between himself or herself and the technician.
20	(3)(A) Technicians shall be made aware at the time of their
21	employment that their role in the overall process is important, but
22	nonetheless is narrowly constrained.
23	(B) The role of the technician is strictly limited to the
24	administration and scoring of certain test procedures that shall be selected,
25	interpreted, and communicated by the supervising neuropsychologist.
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27	17-97-403. Registration.
28	(a)(1) Each licensed clinical neuropsychologist employing technicians
29	shall:
30	(A) Register each technician with the Arkansas Psychology
31	Board; and
32	(B) Annually submit a statement of supervision outlining
33	the supervisory process used with each technician.
34	(2) Before employment, the technician shall:
35	(A) Be registered with the board; and
36	(B) Have completed a criminal background check as

1	described for licensed psychologists under § 1/-9/-312.
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3	17-97-404. Disclosure.
4	Licensed neuropsychologists employing technicians shall provide to
5	clients written disclosure concerning the limited role of technicians to
6	clients, legal guardians of minors, and to schools or third-party payers if
7	legal or ethical guidelines require such disclosure.
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9	17-97-405. Supervision of technicians Supervised experience.
10	(a)(1) An acceptable employment setting for technicians provides
11	ongoing neuropsychological services or scientific research in a well defined
12	and established program.
13	(2) Physical components shall be available including office
14	space, support staff, and equipment necessary for the technician to be
15	successful.
16	(3) The setting shall meet the broad and specialized needs of
17	the technician that are congruent with his or her job description.
18	(b)(l) The work setting shall provide the technician with a written
19	document specifying the administrative policies and the roles, goals, and
20	objectives of the technician's position.
21	(2) At the beginning of employment of a technician, the
22	supervising neuropsychologist shall develop, along with the technician, a
23	written individualized job description that is consistent with the
24	qualifications of the technician and the requirements of the setting.
25	(3) The supervising neuropsychologist shall determine the
26	adequacy of the technician's preparation for the tasks to be performed.
27	(4) The documents required under this subsection (b) shall serve
28	as the foundation for written evaluations of technicians.
29	(c) The setting shall include a licensed, board-approved clinical
30	neuropsychologist who is legally and ethically responsible for the oversight
31	of the integrity and quality of the services as well as other resources
32	necessary to meet the employment needs of the technician whose technical
33	assistance is restricted to the practice of neuropsychology and research.
34	(d)(l) The role of the technician shall be identified in such a way
35	that his or her supervised status is clearly identifiable to clients, third-
36	party payers, and other persons.

1	(2) Patients or clients shall be informed of the possibility of
2	periodic meetings with the supervising neuropsychologists at the service
3	provider's or the supervising neuropsychologist's request in accordance with
4	guidelines published by the American Psychological Association and the
5	Association of State and Provincial Psychology Boards.
6	(e)(1) Work assignments shall be commensurate with the skills of the
7	technician.
8	(2) All procedures shall be planned in consultation with the
9	supervising psychologist.
10	(f) Public announcement of services and fees and contacts with the lay
11	or professional community shall be offered only by or in the name of the
12	supervising neuropsychologist.
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15	17-97-406. Qualifications of Supervisors.
16	(a) Supervising neuropsychologists shall be:
17	(1) Licensed to practice psychology in Arkansas;
18	(2) Aware of and abide by the ethical principles and state
19	statues pertaining to the practice of psychology in general and to
20	supervision in particular; and
21	(3) Approved by the Arkansas Psychology Board to practice
22	neuropsychology.
23	(b) Supervising neuropsychologists shall have:
24	(1) At least three (3) years of post-licensure experience; and
25	(2) Had training, experience, or both in supervision.
26	(c) The supervisor is ethically and legally responsible for all of the
27	professional activities of the technician.
28	(d)(1) Supervising neuropsychologists shall have adequate training,
29	knowledge, and skill to render competently any neuropsychological service
30	which the employed technician undertakes.
31	(2)(A) Supervising neuropsychologists may not permit a
32	technician to engage in any practice that the supervising neuropsychologist
33	cannot perform competently him or herself.
34	(B) The supervising neuropsychologist shall interrupt or
35	terminate the technician's activities whenever necessary to ensure adequate
36	development of skills and the protection of the public.

T	(3)(A) Any written documents prepared by the technician shall
2	include the credentials and signature of both the technician and the
3	supervising neuropsychologist.
4	(B) The name and credentials of technicians employed in
5	the testing procedures shall be included on written reports prepared by the
6	neuropsychologist.
7	(e)(1) The supervising neuropsychologist or a qualified designee who
8	meets the requirements of a supervisor, shall provide twenty-four hour
9	availability to both the technician and the technician's clients for
10	emergency consultation and intervention.
11	(f)(1) The supervising neuropsychologist shall have sufficient
12	$\underline{\text{knowledge of all clients, including face-to-face contact when necessary, in}$
13	order to plan effective delivery procedures.
14	(2) The supervising neuropsychologist shall provide for another
15	qualified supervisor in case of any interruption of supervision due to such
16	factors as the supervisor's illness, unavailability, or relocation.
17	(g)(1) Supervising neuropsychologists shall avoid entering into dual
18	relationships with the technicians for whom they provide supervision.
19	(2) Supervising neuropsychologists may not exploit or engage in
20	sexual relationships with the technicians they employ.
21	(3) Supervising neuropsychologists shall attempt to resolve any
22	unforeseen interference that may be potentially harmful to the supervisory
23	relationship with due regard for the best interests of both the client and
24	the technician and after appropriate consultation.
25	(h)(1) No supervising neuropsychologist may supervise more than three
26	(3) technicians during any one (1) employment period.
27	(2) For supervising neuropsychologists who employ part-time
28	technicians, "three (3) technicians" means any combination of employees that
29	total three (3) full time equivalents, but no more than eight (8) part-time
30	technicians during any one (1) employment period.
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