Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of ArkansasAs Engrossed: H3/28/05H3/31/05	
2	85th General Assembly A B1II	
3	Regular Session, 2005HOUSE BILL26	518
4		
5	By: Representatives L. Smith, Adcock, Blount, Chesterfield, Edwards, Elliott, Flowers, J. Johnson, W.	
6	Lewellen, Pyle, Schulte, Walters	
7	By: Senator Madison	
8		
9		
10	For An Act To Be Entitled	
11	AN ACT TO CREATE THE EQUITY IN PRESCRIPTION	
12	INSURANCE AND CONTRACEPTIVE COVERAGE ACT.	
13		
14	Subtitle	
15	THE EQUITY IN PRESCRIPTION INSURANCE AND	
16	CONTRACEPTIVE COVERAGE ACT.	
17		
18	NE IM ENACEDED DU MUE CENERAL ACCENERU OF MUE CEAME OF ADVANCAC	
19 20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:	
20	SECTION 1 Arkenses Code Title 22 Chapter 70 is smerted to add on	
21	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 23, Chapter 79 is amended to add an	
22	additional subchapter to read as follows:	
23	<u>23-79-1101. Title.</u> This set shall be known and may be sited as the "Fewity in Presentation"	
24 25	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Equity in Prescriptic Insurance and Contraceptive Coverage Act".	<u>)11</u>
26	insurance and contraceptive coverage Act.	
20	23-79-1102. Findings.	
28	The General Assembly finds that:	
29	(1) Maternal and infant health are greatly improved when women	
30	have access to contraceptive supplies to prevent unintended pregnancies;	
31	(2) Because many Americans hope to complete their families with	1
32	two (2) or three (3) children, many women spend the majority of their	-
33	reproductive lives trying to prevent pregnancy;	
34	(3) Research has shown that forty-nine percent (49%) of all	
35	large group insurance plans do not routinely provide coverage for	
36	contraceptive drugs and devices. While virtually all health care plans cove	er



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1	prescription drugs generally, the absence of prescription contraceptive
2	coverage is largely responsible for the fact that women spend sixty-eight
3	percent (68%) more in out-of-pocket expenses for health care than men; and
4	(4) Requiring insurance coverage for prescription drugs and
5	devices for contraception is in the public interest in improving the health
6	of mothers, children, and families and in providing for health insurance
7	coverage which is more fair and more equitable.
8	
9	<u>23-79-1103.</u> Definitions.
10	As used in this subchapter:
11	(1)(A) "Health benefit policy" means an individual or group
12	plan, policy, or contract for health care services issued, delivered, issued
13	for delivery, or renewed in this state, including those contracts executed by
14	the State of Arkansas on behalf of state employees, by a health care
15	corporation, health maintenance organization, preferred provider
16	organization, accident and sickness insurer, fraternal benefit society,
17	hospital service corporation, medical service corporation, provider-sponsored
18	health care corporation, or other insurer or similar entity.
19	(B) "Health benefit policy" does not include:
20	(i) Accident-only, credit, specified disease,
21	dental, hospital indemnity, Medicare supplement, long-term care, or
22	disability income insurance policies;
23	(ii) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability
24	<u>insurance;</u>
25	(iii) Workers' compensation or similar insurance; or
26	(iv) Automobile medical-payment insurance;
27	(2) "Insurer" means an accident and sickness insurer, fraternal
28	benefit society, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation,
29	health care corporation, health maintenance organization, or any similar
30	entity authorized to issue contracts under Title 23; and
31	(3) "Religious employer" means an entity:
32	(A) That is organized and operated for religious purposes
33	and has received a § 501(c)(3) designation from the Internal Revenue Service;
34	(B) That has as one (1) of its primary purposes the
35	inculcation of religious values; and
36	(C) That employs primarily persons who share its religious

2

1	tenets.
2	
3	23-79-1104. Parity for contraceptives.
4	(a) Every health benefit policy that is delivered, issued, executed,
5	or renewed in this state or approved for issuance or renewal in this state by
6	the Insurance Commissioner on or after the effective date of this subchapter
7	that provides coverage for prescription drugs on an outpatient basis shall
8	provide coverage for prescribed drugs or devices approved by the United
9	States Food and Drug Administration for use as a contraceptive.
10	(b) Nothing contained in this subchapter shall be construed to require
11	any insurance company to provide coverage for an abortion, an abortifacient,
12	or Plan B, commonly known as the morning-after pill.
13	
14	23-79-1105. Extraordinary surcharges prohibited.
15	(a) No insurer shall impose upon any person receiving prescription
16	contraceptive benefits pursuant to this subchapter any:
17	(1) Copayment, coinsurance payment, or fee that is not equally
18	imposed upon all individuals in the same benefit category, class, coinsurance
19	level, or copayment level receiving benefits for prescription drugs; or
20	(2) Reduction in allowable reimbursement for prescription drug
21	<u>benefits.</u>
22	(b) This subchapter shall not be construed to:
23	(1) Require coverage for prescription coverage benefits in any
24	contract, policy, or plan that does not otherwise provide coverage for
25	prescription drugs;
26	(2)(A) Preclude the use of closed formularies.
27	(B) However, the formularies shall include oral, implant,
28	and injectable contraceptive drugs, intrauterine devices, and prescription
29	barrier methods; or
30	(3) Require any religious employer to comply with this
31	subchapter.
32	/s/ L. Smith, et al
33	
34	
35	
36	