Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H3/28/05	
2	85th General Assembly	Å Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2005		SENATE BILL 1083
4			
5	By: Senator Bisbee		
6			
7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT C	ONCERNING A FUNDING FORMULA MOD	DEL FOR
10	TWO-YEAR	COLLEGES; AND FOR OTHER PURPOS	SES.
11			
12		Subtitle	
13	AN AC	T CONCERNING A FUNDING FORMULA	
14	MODEL	FOR TWO-YEAR COLLEGES.	
15			
16			
17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE G	ENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF	ARKANSAS:
18			
19	SECTION 1. (a)	The funding formula model for t	wo-year colleges shall:
20	(1) Serve	as a tool for implementing the	broad goals of the
21	State of Arkansas and	che Arkansas Higher Education C	oordinating Board;
22	(2) Be bas	sed on reliable and uniform dat	a ;
23	<u>(3) Be sin</u>	nple to understand, sensitive t	o colleges' differing
24	missions, and responsi	ve to changes within them; and	
25	<u>(4) Make </u>	provisions for special-purpose	units.
26	(b)(1) The mode.	l shall determine the funding n	eeds of two-year
27	colleges in four (4) st	tudent-semester-credit-hour or	<u>full-time-equivalent-</u>
28	student-based expendit	re functions, one (1) square-f	ootage-based expenditure
29	function and one (1) co	ontact hour expenditure function	<u>n.</u>
30	(2)(A) The	student semester credit hour o	r full-time equivalent-
31	based expenditure func	ions shall include:	
32		(i) Teaching salaries;	
33		(ii) Academic support;	
34		(iii) Student services; and	
35		(iv) Institutional support.	
36	<u>(B)</u>	The square-footage-based expen	diture function shall be

1	designated for facilities maintenance and operations.
2	(C) Funding for workforce education programs shall be
3	determined from student contact hours.
4	(c) To determine the teaching salaries needs of the two-year colleges
5	the student semester credit hour shall be summarized into four (4) academic
6	discipline categories based upon the relative costs of academic programs as
7	determined by historical expenditure patterns.
8	(d) The cost categories shall be designated as general education,
9	technical education, basic skills, and allied health as follows:
10	(1) General education shall include the following academic
11	disciplines:
12	(A) Agriculture business;
13	(B) Natural resources;
14	(C) Archeology;
15	(D) Communications;
16	(E) Education;
17	<pre>(F) Engineering;</pre>
18	(G) Foreign languages;
19	(H) Home economics;
20	(I) Law;
21	(J) Letters;
22	(K) Liberal studies;
23	(L) Biology or life sciences, or both;
24	(M) Mathematics;
25	(N) Interdisciplinary;
26	(0) Health;
27	(P) Recreation;
28	(Q) Philosophy;
29	(R) Physical sciences;
30	(S) Psychology;
31	(T) Public administration;
32	(U) Social sciences;
33	(V) Transportation;
34	(W) Visual arts; and
35	(X) Performing arts;
36	(2) Technical education shall include the following academic

1	disciplines:
2	(A) Agriculture;
3	(B) Marketing;
4	(C) Communications technology;
5	(D) Engineering technology;
6	(E) Technical education;
7	(F) Science technology;
8	(G) Protective services;
9	(H) Construction trades;
10	(I) Mechanics;
11	(J) Precision production; and
12	(K) Business management.
13	(3) Basic skills shall include remedial or developmental, or
14	both, student semester credit hour.
15	(4) Allied health shall include health professions.
16	(e)(1) The number of full-time equivalent faculty needed by a college
17	shall be determined using the established workload standards required to
18	produce a need for one (1) full-time equivalent faculty member.
19	(2) The workload standards to produce a full-time equivalent
20	faculty member shall be:
21	(A) Six hundred sixty (660) student semester credit hours
22	for general education;
23	(B) Four hundred eighty (480) student semester credit
24	hours for technical education and basic skills; and
25	(C) Four hundred twenty (420) student semester credit
26	hours for allied health.
27	(f)(1) The full-time equivalent faculty needs of each college shall be
28	determined by dividing the workload standards into the college's student
29	semester credit hours in that cost category.
30	(2) Funding for teaching salaries for each college shall be
31	determined by multiplying the total or full-time equivalent faculty needs of
32	each college by the predicted Southern Regional Education Board average
33	salary for two-year colleges with no academic rank.
34	(3) The teaching salary funding shall be adjusted for the use of
35	part-time faculty or full-time equivalent faculty needs generated by student
36	semester credit hours taught by part-time faculty and shall be funded at one-

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1	half	(1/2)	of	the	rate	of	those	student	semester	credi	t hou	ırs	taugl	nt b	y	ful1-
2	time	facult	ty n	nembe	ers.											
3			(4	į)]	The p	art-	time	faculty	adjustment	for	each	co1	lege	wil	1 1	<u>be</u>

5 (5) The fringe benefits for teaching salaries shall be
6 determined by multiplying the teaching salaries funding by the current
7 average fringe benefit rate, which shall be determined for the biennium by
8 the Department of Higher Education staff.

determined each biennium by the Department of Higher Education staff.

- 9 (6) The total teaching salaries need of a college shall include
 10 the fringe benefits and teaching salary needs.
- 11 (g)(1) Funding needs for the academic support functions shall be equal
 12 to sixty percent (60%) of adjusted teaching salaries plus thirty-five
 13 thousand dollars (\$35,000) for a staff salary in public service.
- 14 (2) Fringe benefits for academic support shall be determined by
 15 multiplying the fringe benefit rate determined for the biennium by sixty
 16 percent (60%) of the academic support funding described in subdivision (g)(1)
 17 of this section.
- 18 (h)(1) The funding needs for student services shall be calculated

 19 based on a variable rate per student using the mean of full-time equivalent

 20 enrollment and headcount enrollment.
 - (2) Student services funding shall include an economy-of-scale component that will provide progressively less funding per student over established enrollment levels.

(3) For the 2005-07 biennium, student services funding for the

- first seven hundred fifty (750) students shall be six hundred fifty dollars

 (\$650); four hundred fifty dollars(\$450) for each of the next twenty-two

 hundred fifty (2,250) students; and two hundred fifty dollars(\$250) for all

 students in excess of three thousand (3,000) full-time equivalent enrollment

 level.
- 30 (4) The funding rates for each level shall have a full-time 31 equivalent enrollment level that shall be adjusted biennially for inflation.
- 32 (5) Full-time equivalent enrollment levels shall be reviewed 33 annually to determine if they require adjustment.
- 34 (6) Fringe benefits for student services shall be calculated as
 35 an amount equal to the biennial fringe benefit rate times sixty percent (60%)
 36 of the calculated student services funding need under subdivision (h)(3) of

- l this section.
- 2 <u>(i) Institutional support funding shall be an amount equal to eighteen</u>
- 3 percent (18%) of the total of the teaching salaries, academic support,
- 4 student services and facilities maintenance and operations.
- 5 <u>(j) Facilities maintenance and operations funding shall include an</u>
- 6 intensity factor for all institutions.
- 7 (1) Colleges whose square footage per full-time equivalent
- 8 student is greater than the average shall have an intensity factor of one
- 9 (1), but no college shall receive funding for more than one and one-half
- 10 (1.5) times the average square footage per full-time equivalent student times
- 11 <u>the college's full-time equivalent enrollment.</u>
- 12 <u>(2) Those colleges whose square feet per full-time equivalent</u>
- 13 student is less than the average square footage per full-time equivalent
- 14 student shall have an intensity factor that is determined by multiplying the
- 15 <u>full-time</u> equivalent enrollment by the average square footage per full-time
- 16 equivalent student and dividing the result by the actual square footage.
- 17 (3) The portion above one (1) shall be multiplied by sixty five
- 18 <u>hundredths (0.65)</u> and added back to one (1) to arrive at the intensity factor
- 19 <u>for the college. The Arkansas Higher Education Coordinating Board staff</u>
- 20 shall determine a funding rate per square foot based on the most recent cost
- 21 experiences of the institutions.
- 22 (4) That rate shall be multiplied by the institution's actual
- 23 square footage and the intensity factor for the institution.
- 24 (5) Staff benefits for facilities maintenance and operations
- 25 <u>shall be determined by multiplying sixty percent (60%) of the square footage</u>
- 26 funding and multiplying it by the biennial fringe benefit rate.
- 27 (k) Funding for workforce education shall be based on contact hours
- 28 and shall be calculated by using an established rate for the first ten
- 29 thousand (10,000) contact hours and a lesser rate for the next ten thousand
- 30 (10,000) and a lesser rate for all noncredit contact hours in excess of
- 31 <u>twenty thousand (20,000).</u>
- 32 (1) The total expenditure needs of each college shall be equal to the
- 33 sum of teaching salaries, academic support, student services, institutional
- 34 support, facilities maintenance and operations, and workforce education.
- 35 (m)(1) The appropriation needs of each college shall be the total
- 36 expenditure needs of the college less the calculated tuition and fee income.

1	(2) The Arkansas Higher Education Coordinating Board shall
2	establish biennially a tuition rate per credit hour for two-year colleges
3	with revenue derived from a local tax, including, but not limited to, a sales
4	tax or an ad valorem tax, and a higher per credit hour tuition rate for those
5	colleges without revenue derived from a local tax.
6	(n)(1) This formula does not provide funds for institutional
7	scholarships, debt service, or fund transfers.
8	(2) The revenue domain for the funding model shall include only
9	state appropriations and student tuition and fee income and shall not include
10	private contributions and other discretionary funds. (3)
11	The revenue domain shall exclude funding at the colleges from all sources
12	other than from student tuition and state appropriations, including, but not
13	limited, local tax levies, the federal government, private sources, and self-
14	supporting activities.
15	(4) Since the general definition specifies operating funds, the
16	funding model also does not consider the appropriation and allocation of
17	capital funds.
18	(o)(1) This funding formula model shall only be utilized to allocate
19	funds to the two-year colleges.
20	(2) It shall not be used to prescribe the allocation of those
21	funds within the colleges.
22	(p) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, each two-year
23	college shall receive a minimum base funding equal to the greater of three
24	million dollars (\$3,000,000) per fiscal year or an amount equal to the
25	previous year's funding per fiscal year.
26	
27	SECTION 2. The Arkansas Higher Education Coordinating Board, in
28	collaboration with the Executive Council of Presidents and Chancellors, shall
29	review the funding formula biennially and make written recommendations for
30	appropriate modifications or changes to the President Pro-Tempore of the
31	Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor by
32	October 15 of the year prior to each regular session of the General Assembly.
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34	/s/ Bisbee
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