Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: S3/1/07			
2	86th General Assembly	A Bill			
3	Regular Session, 2007		SENATE BILL	372	
4					
5	By: Senators Brown, Steele, Madison, Wilkins				
6	By: Representatives D. Johnson, Adcock, Webb, Allen, T. Baker, Chesterfield, Davis, J. Johnson,				
7	Rainey, Overbey				
8					
9		E. A. A. A. A. T. D. E. A. I.			
10	For An Act To Be Entitled				
11		GRANT CITIES AND TOWNS ADDITIONAL			
12		TH CRIMINAL, NUISANCE, AND VACAN	Γ		
13	PROPERTIES;	; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.			
14		Subtitle			
15		2 5274 52425			
16		TO GRANT CITIES AND TOWNS			
17		NAL TOOLS TO DEAL WITH CRIMINAL,			
18	NUISANCE	E, AND VACANT PROPERTIES.			
19					
20					
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENE	CRAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARK	CANSAS:		
22					
23	SECTION 1. Arkansa	s Code § 14-54-903 is amended to	read as follows:		
24	14-54-903. Refusal				
25	(a) As used in thi	s section:			
26	<u>(1)(A) "Clea</u>	n up lien" means a lien securing	the cost of work	<u>:</u>	
27	undertaken by a town or c	eity to remove, abate, or elimina	ite a condition in	<u>!</u>	
28	violation of local codes.	-			
29	<u>(B) A</u>	clean up lien may or may not hav	<u>re priority agains</u>	<u>t</u>	
30	other lienholders;				
31	<u>(2) "Court li</u>	en" means a lien securing the fi	nes or penalties		
32	imposed by a court of competent jurisdiction against the owner of an unsafe				
33	and vacant structure or weed lot for failure to comply with applicable				
34	building codes which have been secured by a court lien by action of the local			<u>cal</u>	
35	<pre>governing body;</pre>				
36	(3) "Priority	clean up lien" means a clean up	lien for work		

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1 undertaken by a city or town on an unsafe and vacant structure or weed lot,

- 2 that is given priority status over other lienholders following notice and
- 3 hearing;

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- 4 (4) "Unsafe and vacant structure" means a structure that has
- $\underline{\text{been declared unsafe}}$ and vacant by the city or town in which it is located in
- 6 violation of applicable ordinance; and
- 7 (5) "Weed lot" means a vacant lot or a lot containing an unsafe
- 8 and vacant structure, that contains debris, rubbish, or grass which is higher
- 9 than that permitted by local ordinance.
- 10 (a)(b) If the owner or lienholder of any lot or other real property
- ll within an incorporated town or city shall neglect or refuse to remove, abate,
- 12 or eliminate any condition as may be provided for under an ordinance passed
- 13 by the city or town as provided for in § 14-54-901, after having been given
- 14 seven (7) days' notice in writing to do so, then the town or city is
- 15 authorized to do whatever is necessary to correct the condition and to charge
- 16 the cost thereof to the owner of the lots or other real property.
- 17 $\frac{(b)(1)(c)(1)}{(b)(b)(b)}$ The town or city is given a lien against the property for
- 18 the costs, including all administrative and collection costs.
- 19 (2) The town or city shall file the lien with the circuit clerk
- 20 no later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the town or city completes
- 21 the clean-up work on the property.
- 22 (3) The town or city may perfect its clean up lien as a first
- 23 priority clean up lien against the property if the property:
 - (A) Contains an unsafe and vacant structure; or
- 25 <u>(B) Has been cited as a weed lot.</u>
- 26 (4) The priority clean up lien amount shall equal costs,
- 27 including administrative costs, that the city or town incurs to help bring
- 28 the property into compliance with local ordinances because the owner and
- 29 lienholder failed to remove or repair an unsafe and vacant structure or
- 30 <u>failed to correct the conditions that caused the property to become a weed</u>
- 31 <u>lot within the time required by the notice.</u>
- 32 (5)(A) If a court of competent jurisdiction levies fines or
- 33 penalties against the owner of an unsafe and vacant structure or weed lot for
- 34 failure to comply with applicable building codes, then the local governing
- 35 body, by majority vote, from time to time, and subject to notice and hearing
- 36 provided by this section, may secure any outstanding court fines or penalties

1	resulting from the owner's failure to clean up an unsafe and vacant structure		
2	or weed lot with a court lien against the property for the full value of all		
3	the outstanding fines and penalties.		
4	(B) A court lien does not have first priority status over		
5	prior, recorded liens and may be imposed in addition to clean up liens.		
6	(6)(A) Notices shall be sent by regular mail and by certified		
7	mail, return receipt requested.		
8	(B) Notice to owners shall be sufficient if sent to the		
9	owner's address of record with the applicable county treasurer.		
10	(7)(A) If the city or town wishes to secure a first priority		
11	clean up lien, it shall provide seven (7) days' notice to lienholders before		
12	undertaking any work at the property.		
13	(B) Notice is sufficient if the notice is sent to the		
14	lienholder's address shown in the relevant land records.		
15	(C) Cities and towns are not required to give notices to		
16	holders of unrecorded liens or to unrecorded assignees of lienholders.		
17	(c)(d) The notice Any notice required under this section may be issued		
18	by a:		
19	(1) Police officer employed by the city or town;		
20	(2) City or town attorney; or		
21	(3) Code enforcement officer employed by the city or town.		
22	(e)(1) After the work has been completed, the city or town shall		
23	provide second notice to the owner of the total amount of the clean up lien,		
24	including administrative and filing costs.		
25	(2) If the city or town wishes to secure first priority status		
26	of its clean up lien, notice must also be provided to the lienholders of		
27	record.		
28	(3) Cities and towns are not required to give notice of court		
29	liens to prior lienholders.		
30	(4) Notice of the amount of a clean up lien or a court lien may		
31	be combined with the notice of the hearing before the governing body to		
32	confirm the lien.		
33	(f)(1) The amount of any clean up lien or court lien provided in this		
34	section may be determined at a public hearing before the governing body of		
35	the city or town held after thirty (30) days' written notice by mail, return		
36	receipt requested, to the owner of the property if the name and address of		

1 the owner are known. 2 (2) If the city or town wishes to secure a first priority clean up lien on a property, notice thereof shall also be sent to the address of 3 4 record of any lienholder with a lien previously recorded against the property 5 in the county land records. 6 (g) If the name of the owner cannot be determined, then the amount of 7 the lien shall be determined at a public hearing before the governing body of 8 the city or town only after publication of notice of the hearing in a 9 newspaper having a bona fide circulation in the county where the property is 10 located for one (1) insertion per week for four (4) consecutive weeks. 11 (h)(1) The determination of the governing body confirming the existence, amount and priority of any lien under this section is subject to 12 13 appeal by the property owner or by the lienholder of record in the circuit 14 court, filed within forty-five (45) days after the determination is made. 15 (2) If the owner or lienholder fails to appeal in this time, the 16 lien amount and priority shall be deemed fully perfected and not subject to 17 further contest or appeal. 18 (i) The city or town shall file its lien with the circuit clerk no later than sixty (60) days after the governing body of the 19 city or town confirms the lien amount, or if the lien is appealed, within 20 21 sixty (60) days after the city or town wins on appeal. 22 SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 14-54-904(a), concerning enforcement and 23 24 collection of liens, is amended to read as follows: 25 (a) The liens provided for in § 14-54-903 may be enforced and 26 collected at any time within ten (10) years after the lien has been filed in 27 either one (1) of the following manners: 28 (1) At any time within three (3) years after work has been done, 29 by an action in the circuit court By an action for foreclosure in the circuit

(2)(A)(i)(a) The amount of the lien provided in § 14-54-903 may be determined at a hearing before the governing body of the municipality held after thirty (30) days' written notice by mail, return receipt requested, to the owner of the property if the name and address of the owner are known.

court by the city or town, or if the city or town has established a land

bank, by a land bank that has been assigned the lien; or

36 (b) If the name of the owner cannot be determined, then the amount

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1	will be determined only after publication of notice of the hearing in a
2	newspaper having a bona fide circulation in the county where the property is
3	located for one (1) insertion per week for four (4) consecutive weeks.
4	(ii) The determination of the governing body is
5	subject to appeal by the property owner in the circuit court.
6	$\frac{(B)(i)}{(2)(A)}$ The amount so determined at the hearing,
7	plus ten percent (10%) penalty for collection, shall be certified by the
8	governing body of the municipality to the tax collector of the county where
9	the municipality is located, and placed by him or her on the tax books as
10	delinquent taxes and collected accordingly.
11	$\frac{\text{(ii)}(B)}{B}$ The amount, less three percent (3%) thereof, when
12	so collected shall be paid to the municipality by the county tax collector.
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14	/s/ Brown
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