Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: S3/15/07	
2	86th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2007 SENATE BILL 9		SENATE BILL 911
4			
5	By: Senator Baker		
6			
7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT	TO PROHIBIT OR REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF	ट
10	MERCURY	IN CHILDHOOD VACCINES; AND FOR OTH	HER
11	PURPOSE	S.	
12			
13		Subtitle	
14	PROH	IBIT OR REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF MERCUE	RY
15	IN C	HILDHOOD VACCINES.	
16			
17			
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE C	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF AR	KANSAS:
19			
20	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 20, Chapter 27, Subchapter 1 is amended		
21	to add an additional section to read as follows:		
22	20-7-136. Reduc	ction of mercury in childhood vacci	nes.
23	(a) The General	l Assembly finds that:	
24	<u>(1) Mercu</u>	ury is a toxic substance that can c	ause damage to nerve
25	and brain tissue;		
26	<u>(2) A mer</u>	rcury derived preservative known as	thimerosal has been
27	used in the vaccine ma	anufacturing process since the late	1920s, predating the
28	creation of the federa	al Food and Drug Administration;	
29	<u>(3) Since</u>	e the late 1980s, the number of vac	cines given to
30	American children has expanded while the age at which vaccinations are		
31	administered has been	lowered;	
32	<u>(4) The A</u>	American Academy of Pediatrics and	the United States
33	Public Health Service recommended in 1999 that mercury be removed as soon as		
34	possible from all vaccines because of the potential for neurological damage		
35	posed by mercury;		
36	(5) Most	vaccines recommended for use in ch	nildren are now

1	mercury-free, with the exception of the flu shot;		
2	(6) Administering the standard flu shot to a child three (3)		
3	years of age or younger results in mercury exposure levels far in excess of		
4	maximum adult exposure limits set the federal Food and Drug Administration;		
5	(7) Public concern about the presence of mercury in vaccines is		
6	undermining the effectiveness of immunization programs that protect the		
7	public health; and		
8	(8) Eliminating the mercury in vaccines would minimize public		
9	fear, increase public confidence in the safety of the vaccine supply and		
10	serve to protect children from the potential negative impacts of mercury		
11	exposure.		
12	(b) After the effective date of this act, no person who is eight (8)		
13	years of age or younger shall be vaccinated in this state with a vaccine		
14	containing more than five-tenths microgram (0.5 mg) of mercury in any form		
15	per five-tenths milliliter (0.5 ml) dose of vaccine.		
16	(c)(1) The Division of Health of the Department of Health and Human		
17	Services shall promulgate rules to implement the requirements of this		
18	section.		
19	(2) The rules may include exceptions for potential bioterrorist		
20	incidents or for actual or potential public health emergencies.		
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22	/s/ Baker		
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