Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: S3/15/07 S3/19/07	
2	86th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2007		SENATE BILL 911
4			
5	By: Senator Baker		
6			
7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT	TO PROHIBIT OR REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF	
10	MERCURY	IN CHILDHOOD VACCINES; AND FOR OTHER	
11	PURPOSE	S.	
12			
13		Subtitle	
14	PROH	IBIT OR REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF MERCURY	
15	IN C	HILDHOOD VACCINES.	
16			
17			
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE (GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKAN	SAS:
19			
20	SECTION 1. Arks	ansas Code Title 20, Chapter 27, Subch	apter l is amended
21	to add an additional section to read as follows:		
22	<u>20-7-136.</u> Reduc	ction of mercury in childhood vaccines	<u>•</u>
23	(a) The Genera	l Assembly finds that:	
24	<u>(1) Merca</u>	ury is a toxic substance that can caus	e damage to nerve
25	and brain tissue;		
26	<u>(2) A me</u>	rcury derived preservative known as th	imerosal has been
27	used in the vaccine ma	anufacturing process since the late 19	20s, predating the
28	creation of the federa	al Food and Drug Administration;	
29	<u>(3) Since</u>	e the late 1980s, the number of vaccin	<u>es given to</u>
30	American children has	expanded while the age at which vacci	<u>nations are</u>
31	administered has been	lowered;	
32	<u>(4) The A</u>	American Academy of Pediatrics and the	United States
33	Public Health Service	recommended in 1999 that mercury be r	emoved as soon as
34	possible from all vac	cines because of the potential for neu	rological damage
35	posed by mercury;		
36	<u>(5) Most</u>	vaccines recommended for use in child	ren are now

1	mercury-free, with the exception of the flu shot;		
2	(6) Administering the standard flu shot to a child three (3)		
3	years of age or younger results in mercury exposure levels far in excess of		
4	maximum adult exposure limits set the federal Food and Drug Administration;		
5	(7) Public concern about the presence of mercury in vaccines is		
6	undermining the effectiveness of immunization programs that protect the		
7	public health; and		
8	(8) Eliminating the mercury in vaccines would minimize public		
9	fear, increase public confidence in the safety of the vaccine supply and		
10	serve to protect children from the potential negative impacts of mercury		
11	exposure.		
12	(b) After the effective date of this act, no person who is eight (8)		
13	years of age or younger shall be vaccinated in this state with a vaccine		
14	containing more than five-tenths microgram (0.5 μ g) of mercury in any form		
15	per five-tenths milliliter (0.5 ml) dose of vaccine.		
16	(c)(l) The Division of Health of the Department of Health and Human		
17	Services shall promulgate rules to implement the requirements of this		
18	section.		
19	(2) The rules may include exceptions for potential bioterrorist		
20	incidents or for actual or potential public health emergencies.		
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22	/s/ Baker		
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