Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H2/18/09	
2	87th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2009		HOUSE BILL 1409
4			
5	By: Representative McLean		
6			
7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT CO	NCERNING THE RIGHTS TO CONTROL 3	THE FINAL
10	DISPOSITI	ON OF A DECEASED PERSON; AND FO	R OTHER
11	PURPOSES.		
12			
13		Subtitle	
14	AN ACT	CONCERNING THE RIGHTS TO CONTROL	OL
15	THE FI	NAL DISPOSITION OF A DECEASED	
16	PERSON	•	
17			
18			
19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GEN	NERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF A	ARKANSAS:
20			
21	SECTION 1. Arkans	sas Code § 20-17-102 is amended	to read as follows:
22	20-17-102. Arkans	sas Final Disposition Rights Act	<u>of 2009</u> .
23	(a)(l) This secti	ion may be cited as the "Arkansa	as Final Disposition
24	Rights Act <u>of 2009</u> ".		
25	(2) For pur	rposes of this section, "final d	lisposition" means the
26	burial, interment, crema	ation, removal from Arkansas, or	r other authorized
27	disposition of a dead bo	ody or fetus.	
28	(b)(l) An individ	dual of sound mind and eighteen	(18) or more years of
29	age may execute at any t	time a declaration governing <u>spe</u>	e <i>cifying</i> the final
30	disposition of his or he	er bodily remains at his or her	death, provided the
31	disposition is in accord	dance with existing laws, rules,	, and practices for
32	disposing of human remai	ins.	
33	(2) The dec	claration of final disposition e	executed under this
34	section shall be signed	by the declarant or another at	the declarant's
35	direction and shall be w	witnessed by two (2) individuals	5.
36	(3) No addi	itional consent of any other per	rson is required if the



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1	declaration of final disposition contains a disposition authorized under this
2	section and is otherwise valid under this section.
3	(c) No person having possession, charge, or control of the declarant's
4	human remains following the death of a person who has executed a declaration
5	of final disposition shall knowingly dispose of the body in a manner
6	inconsistent with the declaration.
7	(d)(1) Crematory operators shall not be liable for civil damages for
8	cremating human remains if a declaration of final disposition indicating that
9	the declarant wished to be cremated has been executed under this section.
10	(2) Crematory operators shall not be liable for civil damages
11	for failing to cremate human remains if:
12	(A) The declarant executed a declaration of final
13	disposition indicating that he or she did not wish to be cremated; or
14	(B) The crematory operator knows that there is a dispute
15	as to the validity of the declaration of final disposition.
16	(e) If a decedent did not execute a declaration of final disposition,
17	the person having lawful possession, charge, or control of the decedent's
18	human remains has the right to dispose of the remains in any manner that is
19	consistent with existing laws, rules, and practices for disposing of human
20	remains, including the right to have the remains cremated.
21	(f) A funeral home shall not be liable for any damages for carrying
22	out the disposition of a decedent's human remains in any lawful manner that
23	is consistent with a decedent's declaration of final disposition.
24	(d)(1) The right to control the disposition of the remains of a
25	deceased person; the location, manner, and conditions of disposition; and
26	arrangements for funeral goods and services to be provided vests in the
27	following in the order named, provided such person is eighteen (18) years of
28	age or older and is of sound mind:
29	(A) First, a person appointed by the decedent in the
30	decedent's declaration of final disposition executed before his or her death,
31	in accordance with this section;
32	(B) Second, the surviving spouse;
33	(C) Third, the sole surviving child of the decedent or if
34	there is more than one (1) child of the decedent, the majority of the
35	surviving children;
36	(D)(i) Fourth, the surviving parent or parents of the

1	decedent;
2	(ii) If one (1) of the surviving parents is absent,
3	the remaining parent shall be vested with the rights and duties of this
4	section after reasonable efforts have been unsuccessful in locating the
5	absent surviving parent;
6	(E) Fifth, the surviving brother or sister of the
7	decedent, or if there is more than one (1) sibling of the decedent, the
8	majority of the surviving siblings;
9	(F) Sixth, the surviving grandparent of the decedent, or
10	if there is more than one (1) surviving grandparent, the majority of the
11	grandparents;
12	(G) Seventh, the surviving grandchild of the decedent, or
13	if there is more than one (1) surviving grandchild, the majority of the
14	grandchildren;
15	(H) Eighth, the guardian of the person of the decedent at
16	the time of the decedent's death, if one had been appointed;
17	(I)(i) Ninth, the person in the classes of the next degree
18	of kinship, in descending order, under the laws of descent and distribution
19	to inherit the estate of the decedent;
20	(ii) If there is more than one (1) person of the
21	same degree, any person of that degree may exercise the right of disposition;
22	(J) Tenth, any representative of state government or a
23	political subdivision thereof that has the statutory obligation to provide
24	for the disposition of the remains of the decedent, including but not limited
25	to any entity authorized to take possession of the remains under § $20-17-701$
26	et seq.; and
27	(K) In the absence of any person under this subsection,
28	any other person willing to assume the responsibilities to act and arrange
29	the final disposition of the decedent's remains, including without limitation
30	the personal representative of the decedent's estate or the funeral director
31	with custody of the body, after attesting in writing that a good faith effort
32	has been made to no avail to contact the individuals under this subsection.
33	(2)(A) Within each class, less than the majority of the class
34	shall be vested with the rights of this section if they have used reasonable
35	efforts to notify all other members of the class of their instructions and
36	are not aware of any opposition to those instructions on the part of more

1	than one-half (1/2) of all surviving children;
2	(B) In this subdivision, "class" means surviving children,
3	siblings, grandparents, or grandchildren, where applicable.
4	(e)(1) A person entitled under this section to the right of
5	disposition shall forfeit that right, with the right passing to the next
6	qualifying person as listed in this section, in the following circumstances:
7	(A)(i) Any person charged with murder under § 5-10-101, §
8	5-10-102, or § 5-10-103, or manslaughter under § 5-10-104, in connection with
9	the decedent's death, and whose charges are known to the funeral director.
10	(ii) If the charges against such person are
11	terminated by an acquittal, dismissal, or nolle prosequi, the right of
12	disposition is returned to the person;
13	(B) Any person who does not exercise his or her right of
14	disposition within two (2) days of notification of the death of decedent, or
15	within five (5) days of decedent's death, whichever is earlier;
16	(C) Any person who possesses the right of disposition, but
17	who is unwilling to assume the liability for the costs of such arrangements
18	and disposition if sufficient resources are not available in the decedent's
19	estate to pay such costs at the time the costs become due and payable; and
20	(D)(i) Where the person entitled to the right of
21	disposition and the decedent were estranged at the time of death.
22	(ii)(a) As used in this section, "estranged" means a
23	physical and emotional separation from the decedent at the time of death
24	which has existed for a period of time that clearly demonstrates an absence
25	of due affection, trust, and regard for the decedent;
26	(b) This shall also include the filing of a complaint for divorce by
27	either party that remains pending at the time of the decedent's death or the
28	separation by living apart of the decedent and spouse for a period of more
29	than ninety (90) days preceding the decedent's death.
30	(2) If there is a dispute between those sharing the right of
31	disposition as to the decisions regarding the decedent's remains, the circuit
32	court for the county where the decedent resided may award the right of
33	disposition to the person it determines to be the most fit and appropriate to
34	carry out the right of disposition. The following provisions shall apply to
35	the court's determination under this section:
36	(A) If the persons holding the right of disposition are

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1	two (2) or more persons with the same relationship to the decedent, and they
2	cannot, by majority vote, make a decision regarding the disposition of the
3	decedent's remains, any of the persons or a funeral director with custody of
4	the remains may file a petition asking the circuit court to make a
5	determination in the matter.
6	(B) In making a determination under this subdivision
7	(e)(2), the circuit court shall consider the following:
8	(i) The reasonableness and practicality of the
9	proposed funeral arrangements and disposition;
10	(ii) The degree of the personal relationship between
11	the decedent and each of the persons claiming the right of disposition;
12	(iii) The desires of the person or persons who are
13	ready, able, and willing to pay the cost of the funeral arrangements and
14	disposition;
15	(iv) The convenience and needs of other families and
16	friends wishing to pay respects;
17	(v) The desires of the decedent; and
18	(vi) The degree to which the funeral arrangements
19	would allow maximum participation by all wishing to pay respect.
20	(C)(i) In the event of a dispute regarding the right of
21	disposition, a funeral director is not liable for refusing to accept the
22	remains or to inter or otherwise dispose of the remains of the decedent or
23	complete the arrangements for the final disposition of the remains until the
24	funeral director receives a court order or other written agreement signed by
25	the parties in the disagreement that decides the final disposition of the
26	remains.
27	(ii) If the funeral director retains the remains for
28	final disposition while the parties are in disagreement, the funeral director
29	may embalm or refrigerate and shelter the body, or both, in order to preserve
30	it while awaiting the final decision of the circuit court and may add the
31	cost of embalming and refrigeration and sheltering to the final disposition
32	costs.
33	(iii) If a funeral director brings an action under
34	this section or is made a party to an action concerning the right of
35	disposition of the decedent's remains, either individually or as an agent of
36	any entity, the funeral director may add the legal fees and court costs

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1	associated with a petition under this section to the cost of final
2	disposition.
3	(iv) This section may not be construed to require or
4	to impose a duty upon a funeral director or bring an action under this
5	section.
6	(v) A funeral director may not be held criminally or
7	civilly liable for choosing not to bring an action under this section.
8	(D)(i) Except to the degree it may be considered by the
9	circuit court under this subdivision (e)(2), the fact that a person has paid
10	or agreed to pay for all or part of the funeral arrangements and final
11	disposition does not give that person a greater right to the right of
12	disposition than the person would otherwise have.
13	(ii) The personal representative of the estate of
14	the decedent does not, by virtue of being the personal representative, have a
15	greater claim to the right of disposition than the person would otherwise
16	have.
17	(f)(1) Any person signing a funeral service agreement, cremation
18	authorization form, or any other authorization for disposition shall be
19	deemed to warrant the truthfulness of any facts set forth therein, including
20	the identity of the decedent whose remains are to be buried, cremated, or
21	otherwise disposed of, and the party's authority to order such disposition;
22	(2) A funeral establishment, cemetery, or crematory shall have
23	the right to rely on such funeral service contract or authorization and shall
24	have the authority to carry out the instructions of the person or persons
25	whom the funeral home, cemetery, or crematory reasonably believes holds the
26	right of disposition;
27	(3) Employees of funeral homes, cemeteries, or crematories shall
28	have no responsibility to contact or to independently investigate the
29	existence of any next-of-kin or relative of the decedent; and
30	(4) If there is more than one (1) person in a class who are
31	equal in priority and the funeral home, cemetery, or crematory employee has
32	no knowledge of any objection by other members of such class, that employee
33	shall be entitled to rely on and act according to the instructions of the
34	first such person in the class to make funeral and disposition arrangements,
35	provided that no other person in such class provides written notice of his or
36	her objections to that employee.

1	(g) A funeral director shall have complete authority to control the
2	final disposition and to proceed under this section to recover reasonable
3	charges for the final disposition when the following applies:
4	(A)(1) If after a good faith effort has been made with no
5	success to contact the individuals listed under this subsection, the funeral
6	director has no knowledge that any of the persons described in subsection
7	(d)(1) of this section exist or if none of the persons so described can be
8	found after reasonable inquiry or contacted by reasonable means; and
9	(2) No person or entity has assumed responsibility for
10	disposition of the remains within five (5) days of the decedent's death, or
11	within twenty-four (24) hours after receiving written notice of the facts,
12	whichever is longer, but in no event longer than seven (7) days after the
13	date of decedent's death.
14	(B) Written notice may be delivered by hand, United States
15	Postal Service, facsimile transmission, or other reliable means of electronic
16	transmission.
17	(h)(l) Crematory operators shall not be liable for civil damages for
18	cremating human remains if a declaration of final disposition indicating that
19	the declarant wished to be cremated has been executed under this section.
20	(2) Crematory operators shall not be liable for civil damages
21	for failing to cremate human remains if:
22	(A) The declarant executed a declaration of final
23	disposition indicating that he or she did not wish to be cremated; or
24	(B) The crematory operator knows that there is a dispute
25	as to the validity of the declaration of final disposition.
26	(i) If a decedent did not execute a declaration of final disposition,
27	the person having lawful possession, charge, or control of the decedent's
28	human remains has the right to dispose of the remains in any manner that is
29	consistent with existing laws, rules, and practices for disposing of human
30	remains, including the right to have the remains cremated.
31	(j) A funeral home shall not be liable for any damages for carrying
32	out the disposition of a decedent's human remains in any lawful manner that
33	is consistent with a decedent's declaration of final disposition.
34	(k)(1) In the event that a person claiming the right of disposition
35	directs the cremation of the remains of a decedent or in the event that a
36	funeral director assumes responsibility for the disposition of the remains of

1	a decedent under this section and proceeds to cremate the remains of the
2	decedent, and thereafter no person or entity identified in (d)(l) of this
3	section claims custody of the cremated remains for a period of ninety (90)
4	days following the cremation, the funeral director may dispose of the
5	cremated remains of decedent.
6	(2) A funeral home, cemetery, crematory, or an employee who
7	disposes of the remains of a decedent under the terms of this section shall
8	not be subject to criminal or civil liability or subject to disciplinary
9	action for such actions.
10	(1) A funeral home, cemetery, crematory, or an employee who relies in
11	good faith upon the instruction of an individual claiming the right of
12	disposition shall not be subject to criminal or civil liability or subject to
13	disciplinary action for carrying out the disposition of the remains in
14	accordance with the instruction.
15	(g)(m) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect, repeal,
16	or replace the provisions and procedures set forth in the Revised Arkansas
17	Anatomical Gift Act, § 20-17-1201 et seq.
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19	/s/ McLean
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