Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H3/16/09 S3/23/09	
2	87th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2009	HOUSE BILL	1712
4			
5	By: Representative Williams	i de la companya de	
6			
7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT	TO AUTHORIZE ELECTRIC UTILITIES TO RECOVER	
10	THE COS	T OF RESTORATION OF DAMAGES CAUSED BY	
11	STORMS	AND RELATED PERILS THROUGH SECURITIZATION	
12	OF SUCH	STORM RESTORATION AND RELATED COSTS; TO	
13	PRESCRI	BE THE MEANS AND MANNER IN WHICH SUCH	
14	SECURIT	IZATION SHALL BE AUTHORIZED; AND MATTERS	
15	RELATED	THERETO.	
16			
17		Subtitle	
18	TO A	UTHORIZE ELECTRIC UTILITIES TO	
19	RECO	VER THE COST OF RESTORATION OF	
20	DAMA	GES CAUSED BY STORMS AND RELATED	
21	PERI	LS THROUGH SECURITIZATION OF SUCH	
22	STOR	M RESTORATION AND RELATED COSTS.	
23			
24			
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE (GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:	
26			
27	SECTION 1. Arka	ansas Code Title 23 is amended to add the following	
28	additional chapter:		
29	CHAPTER 20		
30	23-20-101. Shor	rt title; purpose.	
31	(a) This Act sh	hall be known and may be cited as the "Arkansas Elec	tric
32	Utility Storm Recovery	y Securitization Act".	
33	(b) The purpose	e of this Act is to enable Arkansas electric utiliti	es,
34	if authorized by a fir	nancing order issued by the commission, to use	
35	securitization financi	ing for storm recovery costs, which may lower the	
36	financing costs or mit	tigate the impact on rates in comparison with	

03-23-2009 14:19 GLG094

- 1 traditional utility financing or other traditional utility recovery methods
- 2 <u>thereby benefitting customers.</u> The storm recovery bonds will not be public
- 3 <u>debt.</u> The proceeds of the storm recovery bonds shall be used for the
- 4 purposes of recovering storm recovery costs solely as set forth in a
- 5 financing order issued by the commission to encourage and facilitate the
- 6 rebuilding of utility infrastructure damaged by storms. Securitization
- 7 financings for storm recovery costs are hereby recognized to be a valid
- 8 public purpose. Federal tax laws and revenue procedures expressly require
- 9 that certain state legislation be enacted in order for such transactions to
- 10 receive certain federal tax benefits. The General Assembly finds a public
- 11 need to promote such securitization financings by providing, clear and
- 12 <u>exclusive methods to create</u>, transfer and encumber interests in storm
- 13 recovery property as defined in this Act. This need can be met by providing
- 14 in this Act for such methods and by establishing that any conflict between
- 15 the rules governing sales, assignments, or transfers of, or security
- 16 interests or other encumbrances of any nature upon intangible personal
- 17 property under other Arkansas laws and the methods provided in this Act,
- 18 including without limitation with regard to creation, perfection, priority or
- 19 <u>enforcement</u>, shall be resolved in favor of the rules and methods established
- 20 in this Act with regard to storm recovery property.
- 21 (c) The intent of this Act is to provide benefits to Arkansas
- 22 customers by allowing an Arkansas electric utility, if authorized by a
- 23 financing order, to achieve certain tax and credit benefits of financing
- 24 storm recovery costs, on a similar basis with utilities in other states.
- 25 This Act addresses certain property, security interests, and other matters to
- 26 ensure that the financial, state income tax, state franchise tax, and federal
- 27 income tax benefits of financing storm recovery costs through securitization
- 28 are available in Arkansas. Financing orders issued under this Act shall not
- 29 be considered as or deemed to be single issue rate making. The beneficial
- 30 income tax and credit characteristics that may be achieved include the
- 31 following:
- 32 <u>(1) Treating the storm recovery</u> bonds as debt of the electric
- 33 utility for state and federal income tax purposes;
- 34 (2) Treating the storm recovery charges as gross income to the
- 35 electric utility recognized under the utility's usual method of accounting
- 36 for income taxes, rather than recognizing gross income upon the receipt of

1	the financing order or the receipt of cash in exchange for the sale of the
2	storm recovery property or the issuance of the storm recovery bonds;
3	(3) Avoiding the recognition of debt on the electric utility's
4	balance sheet for certain credit and regulatory purposes by reason of the
5	storm recovery bonds;
6	(4) Treating the sale, assignment, or transfer of the storm
7	recovery property by the electric utility as a true sale for state law and
8	bankruptcy purposes; and
9	(5) Avoiding any adverse impact of the financing on the electric
10	utility's credit rating.
11	
12	23-20-102. Definitions.
13	(a) As used in this Act:
L 4	(1) "Ancillary agreement" means any bond, insurance policy,
15	letter of credit, reserve account, surety bond, swap arrangement, hedging
16	arrangement, liquidity or credit support arrangement, or other financial
۱7	arrangement entered into in connection with the issuance of storm recovery
18	bonds.
19	(2) "Assignee" means any legal or commercial entity, including
20	but not limited to a corporation, statutory trust, limited liability company,
21	partnership, limited partnership, or other legally recognized entity to which
22	an electric utility sells, assigns, or transfers, other than as security, all
23	or a portion of its interest in or right to storm recovery property. The
24	term also includes any legal or commercial entity to which an assignee sells,
25	assigns, or transfers, other than as security, all or a portion of its
26	interest in or right to storm recovery property.
27	(3) "Commission" means the Arkansas Public Service Commission.
28	(4) "Electric utility" means any person, or any combination of
29	persons, or lessees, trustees, and receivers of such person, now or hereafter
30	owning or operating for compensation in this state equipment or facilities
31	for producing, generating, transmitting, distributing, selling, or furnishing
32	electricity to or for the public at retail in this state including an
33	electric cooperative corporation generating or transmitting electricity.
34	(5) "Financing costs" means:
35	(A) Interest, discounts, and acquisition, defeasance, or
36	redemption premiums that are payable on storm recovery bonds;

1	(B) Any payment required under an ancillary agreement and
2	any amount required to fund or replenish reserve or other accounts or
3	subaccounts established under the terms of any indenture, ancillary
4	agreement, or other financing documents pertaining to storm recovery bonds;
5	(C) Any other cost related to issuing, supporting,
6	repaying and servicing storm recovery bonds, including, but not limited to,
7	servicing fees, billing or other information system programming costs,
8	accounting and auditing fees, trustee fees and expenses, legal fees and
9	expenses, consulting fees and expenses, administrative fees and expenses,
10	placement and underwriting fees and expenses, independent director and
11	manager fees and expenses, capitalized interest, rating agency fees and
12	expenses, stock exchange listing and compliance fees and expenses, and filing
13	fees, including costs related to obtaining the financing order;
14	(D) Any income taxes and license or other fees imposed on
15	the revenues generated from the collection of storm recovery charges or
16	otherwise resulting from the collection of storm recovery charges, in any
17	such case whether paid, payable, or accrued;
18	(E) Any gross receipts, franchise, use, and other taxes or
19	similar charges including but not limited to regulatory assessment fees, in
20	any such case whether paid, payable or accrued imposed upon the electric
21	utility, any assignee or any financing party with respect to the receipt of
22	storm recovery charges or the issuance of storm recovery bonds;
23	(F) Any other costs, charges and amounts approved by the
24	commission in a financing order.
25	(6) "Financing order" means an order of the commission adopted
26	upon petition of an electric utility and pursuant to Arkansas Code §23-20-103
27	which, among other things, allows for:
28	(A) The issuance of storm recovery bonds;
29	(B) The imposition, collection, and periodic adjustments
30	of storm recovery charges;
31	(C) The creation of storm recovery property; or
32	(D) The sale, assignment, or transfer of storm recovery
33	property to an assignee.
34	(7) "Financing Party" means any holder of storm recovery bonds
35	and any trustee, collateral agent, or other person acting for the benefit of
36	holders of storm recovery bonds.

1 (8) "Financing statement" has the same meaning as that provided 2 in the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. 3 (9) "Secured party" means a financing party in favor of which an 4 electric utility or its direct or indirect successors or assignees creates a 5 security interest in all or any portion of its interest in or right to storm 6 recovery property. A secured party may be granted a security interest in 7 storm recovery property under this Act and a security interest in other 8 collateral subject to the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions in 9 one security agreement. 10 (10) "Security interest" means a pledge, hypothecation, or other 11 encumbrance of or other right over any portion of storm recovery property created by contract to secure the payment or performance of an obligation. 12 13 (11) "Storm" means, individually or collectively, a named tropical storm, a named hurricane, a tornado, an ice or snow storm, a flood, 14 15 an earthquake or other significant weather event or a natural disaster that 16 occurred during the calendar year 2009 or thereafter. 17 (12) "Storm recovery activity" means any activity or activities 18 by or on behalf of an electric utility in connection with the restoration of 19 service associated with electric power outages affecting customers of an 20 electric utility as the result of a storm or storms, including but not limited to all internal and external labor costs, and all costs related to 21 22 mobilization, staging, and construction, reconstruction, replacement or 23 repair of electric generation, transmission, or distribution facilities. 24 (13) "Storm recovery bonds" means bonds, debentures, notes, 25 certificates of beneficial interest, certificates of participation, 26 certificates of ownership, or other evidences of indebtedness or ownership 27 that are issued pursuant to or in connection with an indenture, contract, 28 ancillary agreement or other agreement of an electric utility or an assignee pursuant to a financing order, the proceeds of which are used directly or 29 30 indirectly to provide, recover, finance, or refinance commission-approved storm recovery costs, financing costs, and costs to replenish or fund a storm 31 32 recovery reserve to such level as the commission may authorize in a financing 33 order, and which are secured by or payable from storm recovery property. If 34 certificates of beneficial interest, certificates of participation or 35 ownership are issued, references in this Act to principal, interest, or 36 premium shall be construed to refer to comparable amounts under those

```
1
     certificates.
 2
                 (14) "Storm recovery charges" means the amounts authorized by
 3
     the commission to recover, finance or refinance storm recovery costs,
 4
     financing costs, and the costs to create, fund or replenish a storm recovery
 5
     reserve, including but not limited to through the issuance and repayment of
 6
     storm recovery bonds. Such charges shall be imposed on all customer bills
 7
     and collected by an electric utility or its successors or assignees, or a
8
     collection agent. Such charges shall be nonbypassable charges that are
 9
     separate and apart from the electric utility's base rates and shall be paid
10
     by all existing and future customers receiving transmission or distribution
11
     service, or both, from the e<u>lectric utility or its successors or assignees</u>
12
     under commission-approved rate schedules as provided in the financing order.
     An individual customer's monthly storm recovery charges shall be based upon
13
14
     the customer's then current monthly billing determinants.
15
                 (15) "Storm recovery costs" means, at the option and request of
16
     the electric utility, and as approved by the commission pursuant to Arkansas
17
     Code § 23-20-103 reasonable and necessary costs, including costs expensed,
     charged to self-insurance reserves, capitalized, or otherwise financed, that
18
19
     are incurred (including costs incurred prior to the effective date of this
20
     Act) or are expected to be incurred by an electric utility in undertaking a
     storm recovery activity. Such costs shall be net of applicable insurance
21
22
     proceeds and, where determined appropriate by the commission, shall include
23
     adjustments for normal capital replacement and operating costs, lost
24
     revenues, or other potential offsetting adjustments. Storm recovery costs
25
     shall include carrying costs, at simple interest which shall accrue at a rate
26
     equal to the electric public utility's last approved rate-base rate of
27
     return, from the date on which the storm recovery costs were incurred until
28
     the date that storm recovery bonds are issued or until storm recovery costs
     are otherwise recovered. Storm recovery costs shall also include the costs
29
30
     of retiring or purchasing any indebtedness or equity relating to or
     associated with storm recovery activities, including accrued interest,
31
32
     premium and other fees, costs and charges related thereto. Storm recovery
33
     costs shall also include the costs to create or fund any storm recovery
34
     reserves or to replenish any shortfall in any storm recovery reserves.
35
                 (16) "Storm recovery property" means:
36
                       (A) All rights and interests of an electric utility or the
```

petition;

36

1 direct or indirect successors or assignees of the electric utility under a 2 financing order, including the right to impose, bill, collect, and receive 3 storm recovery charges authorized in the financing order and to obtain 4 periodic adjustments to such charges as provided in the financing order; and 5 (B) All revenues, collections, claims, rights to payments, 6 payments, money, or proceeds arising from the rights and interests specified 7 in subparagraph (A) above, regardless of whether such revenues, collections, 8 claims, rights to payment, payments, money, or proceeds are imposed, billed, 9 received, collected, or maintained together with or commingled with other 10 revenues, collections, rights to payment, payments, money or proceeds. 11 (17) "Storm recovery reserve" means an electric utility's storm 12 cost reserve account established pursuant to § 23-4-112. (18) "Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions" means Arkansas 13 14 Code $\S\S 4-9-101$ et seq. 15 16 23-20-103. Financing orders. (a) An electric utility may petition the commission for a financing 17 order. For each petition, the electric utility shall: 18 19 (1) Describe the storm recovery activities that the electric 20 utility has undertaken or proposes to undertake and describe the reasons for 21 undertaking the activities; 22 (2) Set forth the known storm recovery costs and estimate the costs of any storm recovery activities that are not completed, or for which 23 24 the costs are not yet known as identified and requested by the electric 25 utility; 26 (3) Set forth the level of the storm recovery reserve that the 27 utility proposes to establish or replenish and has determined would be 28 appropriate to recover through storm recovery bonds and is seeking to so 29 recover and such level that the utility is funding or will seek to fund 30 through other means, together with a description of the factors and 31 calculations used in determining the amounts and methods of recovery; 32 (4) Indicate whether the electric utility proposes to finance 33 all or a portion of the storm recovery costs and storm recovery reserve using 34 storm recovery bonds. If the electric utility proposes to finance a portion 35 of such costs, the electric utility shall identify that portion in the

1	(5) Estimate the financing costs related to the storm recovery
2	bonds;
3	(6) Estimate the storm recovery charges necessary to pay in full
4	as scheduled the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the proposed
5	storm recovery bonds and related financing costs until the legal final
6	maturity date of such proposed storm recovery bonds;
7	(7) Estimate any cost savings from or demonstrate how rate
8	impacts to customers would be mitigated as a result of financing storm
9	recovery costs with storm recovery bonds in comparison with traditional
10	utility financing or other traditional utility recovery methods;
11	(8) File with the petition direct testimony supporting the
12	petition; and
13	(9) Facilitate a timely audit of all capital costs included
14	within the storm recovery costs proposed to be financed by storm recovery
15	bonds.
16	
17	(b)(1) Proceedings on a petition submitted pursuant to subsection (a)
18	above shall begin with a petition by an electric utility and shall be
19	disposed of in accordance with the commission's rules and regulations
20	promulgated pursuant to Arkansas Code §§25-15-201, et seq., except that the
21	provisions of this section, to the extent applicable, shall control.
22	(A) Within 7 days after the filing of a petition, the
23	commission shall publish a case schedule, which schedule shall place the
24	matter before the commission on an agenda that will permit a commission
25	decision no later than 120 days after the date the petition is filed.
26	(B) No later than 135 days after the date the petition is
27	filed, the commission shall issue a financing order or an order rejecting the
28	petition. The commission shall issue a financing order authorizing financing
29	of reasonable and prudent storm recovery costs, the storm recovery reserve
30	amount determined appropriate by the commission, and financing costs if the
31	commission finds that the issuance of the storm recovery bonds and the
32	imposition of storm recovery charges authorized by the order are reasonably
33	expected to result in lower overall costs or to mitigate rate impacts to
34	$\underline{\text{customers as compared with traditional utility financing or other traditional}}$
35	utility recovery methods. Any determination of whether storm recovery costs
36	are reasonable and prudent shall be made with reference to the general public

1	interest in, and the scope of effort required to provide, the safe and
2	expeditious restoration of electric service.
3	(2) In a financing order issued to an electric utility, the
4	commission shall:
5	(A) Specify the amount of storm recovery costs and the
6	level of storm recovery reserves, taking into consideration, to the extent
7	the commission deems appropriate, any other methods used to recover these
8	costs, and describe and estimate the amount of financing costs which may be
9	recovered through storm recovery charges, and specify the period over which
10	such costs may be recovered.
11	(B) Determine that the proposed structuring, expected
12	pricing, and financing costs of the storm recovery bonds are reasonably
13	expected to result in lower overall costs or would mitigate rate impacts to
14	customers as compared with traditional utility financing or other traditional
15	utility recovery methods.
16	(C) Provide that, for the period specified pursuant to
17	subsection (b)(2)(A), the imposition and collection of storm recovery charges
18	authorized in the financing order shall be nonbypassable and paid by all
19	customers receiving transmission or distribution service, or both, from an
20	electric utility or its successors or assignees under commission-approved
21	rate schedules as provided in the financing order. An individual customer's
22	monthly storm recovery charges shall be based upon the customer's then
23	current monthly billing determinants.
24	(D) Determine what portion, if any, of the storm recovery
25	reserves must be held in a funded reserve and any limitations on how the
26	reserve may be held, accessed, or used.
27	(E) Include a formula-based mechanism for making
28	expeditious periodic adjustments in the storm recovery charges that customers
29	are required to pay under the financing order and for making any adjustments
30	that are necessary to correct for any projected overcollection or
31	undercollection of the charges or to otherwise ensure the timely payment as
32	scheduled of storm recovery bonds and financing costs and other required
33	amounts and charges payable in connection with the storm recovery bonds.
34	(F) Specify the storm recovery property that is, or shall
35	be, created in favor of an electric utility or its successors or assignees
36	and that shall be used to pay or secure storm recovery bonds and financing

1	costs.
2	(G) Specify the degree of flexibility to be afforded to
3	the electric utility in establishing the terms and conditions of the storm
4	recovery bonds, including, but not limited to, repayment schedules, interest
5	rates, and other financing costs.
6	(H) Provide the method by which storm recovery charges
7	shall be allocated among the customer classes.
8	(I) Provide that, after the final terms of an issuance of
9	$\underline{\text{storm recovery bonds have been established and prior to the issuance of } \\ \underline{\text{storm}}$
10	recovery bonds, the electric utility shall determine the resulting initial
11	storm recovery charge in accordance with the financing order and such initial
12	storm recovery charge shall be final and effective upon the issuance of such
13	storm recovery bonds without further commission action.
14	(J) Include any other conditions that the commission
15	considers appropriate and that are not otherwise inconsistent with this
16	section.
17	(c) After the issuance of a financing order, the electric utility
18	retains sole discretion regarding whether to cause the storm recovery bonds
19	to be issued, including the right to defer or postpone such sale, assignment,
20	transfer, or issuance, provided that the storm recovery bonds, other than
21	refunding bonds, may not be issued later than two years from the date the
22	financing order becomes final and non-appealable, or such later date as
23	provided in the financing order, and provided further, that nothing herein
24	shall prevent the electric utility, prior to the end of such two-year period,
25	from abandoning the issuance of storm recovery bonds under the financing
26	order, if this is in the best interest of ratepayers, by filing with the
27	commission a statement of abandonment and the reasons therefore. Nothing
28	herein limited the rights of the electric utility to recover its storm
29	recovery costs under normal rate making should the storm recovery bonds not
30	be issued.
31	(d) At the request of an electric utility, the commission may commence
32	a proceeding and issue a subsequent financing order that provides for the
33	refinancing, retiring, or refunding of storm recovery bonds issued pursuant
34	to the original financing order if the commission finds that the subsequent
35	financing order satisfies all of the criteria specified in Subsection (b) of
36	this Section. Effective on retirement of the refunded storm recovery bonds

- 1 and the issuance of new storm recovery bonds, the commission may adjust the
- 2 related storm recovery charges accordingly or establish substitute storm
- 3 recovery charges. Any such financing order shall be issued within 120 days
- 4 of the application of an electric utility therefor.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ All financing orders by the commission shall be operative and $\underline{\text{in}}$
- 6 full force and effect from the date of issuance by the commission.
- 7 (f) An aggrieved party or intervenor may within 15 days after the
- 8 financing order or a supplemental order made by the commission becomes
- 9 effective, or within 15 days from the date an application for rehearing is
- 10 <u>deemed to be denied as provided in § 23-2-422</u>, file in the Arkansas Court of
- 11 Appeals, a petition setting forth the particular cause of objection to the
- 12 order complained of. Inasmuch as delay in the determination of the appeal of
- 13 a financing order may delay the issuance of storm recovery bonds, thereby
- 14 <u>diminishing savings to customers which might be achieved if such bonds were</u>
- 15 <u>issued as contemplated by a financing order, all such cases shall be given</u>
- 16 precedence over all other civil cases in the court and shall be heard and
- 17 <u>determined as speedily as possible.</u>
- 18 (g) A financing order issued to an electric utility may provide that
- 19 <u>creation of the electric utility's storm recovery property pursuant to</u>
- 20 subsection (b)(2)(F) of this section is conditioned upon, and shall be
- 21 simultaneous with, the sale or other transfer of the storm recovery property
- 22 to an assignee and the pledge of the storm recovery property to secure storm
- 23 recovery bonds.
- 24 (h) If the commission issues a financing order, the electric utility
- 25 <u>shall file with the commission at least annually a request for administrative</u>
- 26 approval applying the formula-based true-up mechanism to make the adjustments
- 27 described in subsection (b)(2)(E) of this section. The review of such a
- 28 request shall be limited to determining whether there is any mathematical
- 29 error in the application of the formula-based mechanism relating to the
- 30 appropriate amount of any projected overcollection or undercollection of
- 31 storm recovery charges and the amount of an adjustment. Such adjustments
- 32 shall ensure the recovery of revenues sufficient to provide for the payment
- 33 of principal, interest, acquisition, defeasance, financing costs, or
- 34 redemption premium and other fees, costs, and charges in respect of storm
- 35 recovery bonds approved under the financing order. Within 15 days after
- 36 <u>receiving an electric utility's request pursuant to this subsection, the</u>

1 commission shall either administratively approve the request or inform the 2 electric utility of any mathematical errors in its calculation. If the 3 commission informs the utility of mathematical errors in its calculation, the 4 utility may correct its error and refile its request. The timeframes 5 previously described in this subsection shall apply to a refiled request. 6 (i) Subsequent to the earlier of the transfer of storm recovery 7 property to an assignee or the issuance of storm recovery bonds authorized 8 thereby, a financing order is irrevocable and, except as provided in 9 subsection (d) and subsection (h) of this section, the commission may not 10 amend, modify, or terminate the financing order by any subsequent action or 11 reduce, impair, postpone, terminate, or otherwise adjust storm recovery 12 charges approved in the financing order. 13 14 23-20-104. Exceptions to Commission Jurisdiction. 15 (a) If the commission issues a financing order to an electric utility 16 pursuant to this section, the commission may not, in exercising its powers 17 and carrying out its duties regarding any matter within its authority pursuant to this chapter, consider the storm recovery bonds issued pursuant 18 to the financing order to be the debt of the electric utility other than for 19 federal and state income tax purposes, consider the storm recovery charges 20 paid under the financing order to be the revenue of the electric utility for 21 22 any purpose, or consider the storm recovery costs or financing costs 23 specified in the financing order to be the costs of the electric utility, nor 24 may the commission determine any action taken by an electric utility which is 25 consistent with the financing order to be unjust or unreasonable. 26 (b) The commission may not order or otherwise directly or indirectly 27 require an electric utility to use storm recovery bonds to finance any 28 project, addition, plant, facility, extension, capital improvement, 29 equipment, or any other expenditure. The commission may not refuse to allow 30 an electric utility to recover costs for storm recovery activities in an otherwise permissible and reasonable fashion, or refuse or condition 31 32 authorization or approval of the issuance and sale by an electric utility of 33 securities or the assumption by it of liabilities or obligations, solely 34 because of the potential availability of storm recovery financing. 35

12

23-20-105. Storm recovery property.

36

1 (a) All storm recovery property that is specified in a financing order 2 shall constitute an existing, present intangible property right or interest 3 therein, notwithstanding that the imposition and collection of storm recovery charges depends on the electric utility to which the financing order is 4 5 issued performing its servicing functions relating to the collection of storm 6 recovery charges and on future electricity consumption. Such property shall 7 exist whether or not the revenues or proceeds arising from the property have 8 been billed, have accrued, or have been collected and notwithstanding the 9 fact that the value or amount of the property is or may be dependent on the future provision of service to customers by the electric utility or its 10 11 successors or assignees and the future consumption by customers of 12 electricity. (b) Storm recovery property specified in a financing order shall 13 14 continue to exist until the storm recovery bonds issued pursuant to the 15 financing order are indefeasibly paid in full and all financing costs of the 16 bonds have been paid in full. 17 (c) All or any portion of storm recovery property specified in a financing order issued to an electric utility, if storm recovery bonds are to 18 19 be issued, shall be sold, assigned, or transferred to a successor or an 20 assignee, including an affiliate or affiliates of the electric utility 21 created for the limited purpose of acquiring, owning, or administering storm 22 recovery property or issuing storm recovery bonds under the financing order. 23 All or any portion of storm recovery property may be encumbered by a security 24 interest to secure storm recovery bonds issued pursuant to the financing 25 order, amounts payable to financing parties and to counterparties under any 26 ancillary agreements, and other financing costs. Each such sale, assignment, 27 transfer, conveyance, or pledge made by or security interest granted by an 28 electric utility or affiliate of an electric utility or assignee is 29 considered to be a transaction in the ordinary course of business. (d) The description of storm recovery property being sold, assigned, 30 or transferred to an assignee in any sale agreement, purchase agreement, or 31 32 other transfer agreement, being encumbered, granted or pledged to a secured 33 party in any security agreement, pledge agreement, or other security 34 document, or indicated in any financing statement is only sufficient if such 35 description or indication refers to the specific financing order that created 36 the storm recovery property and states that such agreement or financing

- 1 statement covers all or part of such storm recovery property described in
- 2 such financing order. A description of storm recovery property in a
- 3 financing statement shall be sufficient if it refers to the financing order
- 4 <u>creating the storm recovery property.</u> This subsection (d) applies to all
- 5 purported sales, assignments, or transfers of, and all purported grants of
- 6 liens or security interests in, storm recovery property, regardless of
- 7 whether the related sale agreement, purchase agreement, other transfer
- 8 agreement, security agreement, pledge agreement, or other security document
- 9 was entered into, or any financing statement was filed, before or after the
- 10 effective date of this Act.
- 11 (e) If an electric utility defaults on any required payment of charges
- 12 <u>arising from storm recovery property specified in a financing order, the</u>
- court specified in Arkansas Code § 23-20-103(f) upon application by an
- 14 interested party, and without limiting any other remedies available to the
- 15 applying party, shall order the sequestration and payment of the revenues
- 16 arising from the storm recovery property to the financing parties or their
- 17 representatives. Any such order shall remain in full force and effect
- 18 <u>notwithstanding any reorganization</u>, bankruptcy, or other insolvency
- 19 proceedings with respect to the electric utility or its successors or
- 20 assigns.
- 21 (f) The interest of a transferee, purchaser, acquirer, assignee, or
- 22 secured party in storm recovery property specified in a financing order is
- 23 not subject to setoff, counterclaim, surcharge, or defense by the electric
- 24 utility or any other person or in connection with the reorganization,
- 25 <u>bankruptcy</u>, or other insolvency of the electric utility, its successors or
- 26 assignees or any other entity.
- 27 (g) Any successor to an electric utility, whether pursuant to any
- 28 reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceeding, or whether
- 29 pursuant to any merger or acquisition, sale, or other business combination,
- 30 or transfer by operation of law, as a result of electric utility
- 31 restructuring or otherwise, shall perform and satisfy all obligations of, and
- 32 have the same rights under a financing order as the electric utility under
- 33 the financing order in the same manner and to the same extent as the electric
- 34 utility, including collecting and paying to the person entitled to receive
- 35 them, the revenues, collections, payments, or proceeds of the storm recovery
- 36 <u>property.</u>

1	(h) Storm recovery bonds shall be nonrecourse to the credit or any
2	assets of the electric utility other than the storm recovery property as
3	specified in the financing order and any rights under any ancillary
4	agreement.
5	
6	23-20-106. Sale.
7	The sale, assignment, or transfer of storm recovery property is
8	governed by this Section. All of the following apply to a sale, assignment,
9	or transfer under this Section:
10	(1) The sale, conveyance, assignment, or other transfer of storm
11	recovery property by an electric utility to an assignee that the parties have
12	in the governing documentation expressly stated to be a sale or other
13	absolute transfer is an absolute transfer and true sale of, and not a pledge
14	of or security interest in, the transferor's right, title, and interest in,
15	to and under the storm recovery property, other than for federal and state
16	income tax purposes. For all purposes other than federal and state income
17	tax purposes, the parties' characterization of a transaction as a sale of an
18	interest in storm recovery property shall be conclusive that the transaction
19	is a true sale and that ownership has passed to the party characterized as
20	the purchaser, regardless of whether the purchaser has possession of any
21	documents evidencing or pertaining to the interest. After such a
22	transaction, the storm recovery property is not subject to any claims of the
23	transferor or the transferor's creditors, other than creditors holding a
24	prior security interest in the storm recovery property perfected under
25	subsection (4) below;
26	(2) The characterization of the sale, conveyance, assignment, or
27	other transfer as a true sale or other absolute transfer under subsection (1)
28	above and the corresponding characterization of the assignee's property
29	interest is not affected by:
30	(A) Commingling of amounts arising with respect to the
31 32	storm recovery property with other amounts; (P) The retention by the transferor of a partial or
33	(B) The retention by the transferor of a partial or residual interest, including an equity interest or entitlement to any
34	surplus, in the storm recovery property, whether direct or indirect, or
35	whether subordinate or otherwise;
36	(C) Any recourse that the assignee may have against the
	(c) 1111 1100 1110 the abortance may have aparited the

- 1 transferor, except that any such recourse shall not be created, contingent
- 2 upon, or otherwise occurring or resulting from the inability or failure of
- 3 one or more of the transferor's customers to timely pay all or a portion of
- 4 the storm recovery charge;
- 5 <u>(D) Any indemnifications, obligations, or repurchase</u>
- 6 <u>rights made or provided by the transferor, except that such indemnity or</u>
- 7 repurchase rights shall not be based solely upon the inability or failure of
- 8 a transferor's customers to timely pay all or a portion of the storm recovery
- 9 charge;
- 10 (E) The transferor acting as the collector of the storm
- 11 recovery charges or the existence of any contract that authorizes or requires
- 12 the electric utility, to the extent that any interest in storm recovery
- 13 property is sold or assigned, to contract with the assignee or any financing
- 14 party that it will continue to operate its system to provide service to its
- 15 <u>customers</u>, will collect amounts in respect of the storm recovery charges for
- 16 the benefit and account of such assignee or financing party, and will account
- 17 for and remit such amounts to or for the account of such assignee or
- 18 <u>financing party</u>, including pursuant to a sequestration order authorized by
- 19 this Act;
- 20 (F) The contrary or other treatment of the sale,
- 21 conveyance, assignment, or other transfer for tax, financial reporting, or
- 22 other purposes;
- 23 (G) The granting or providing to holders of the storm
- 24 recovery bonds of a preferred right to the storm recovery property or credit
- 25 <u>enhancement by the electric utility or its affiliates with respect to the</u>
- 26 storm recovery bonds;
- 27 (H) The status of the assignee as a direct or indirect
- 28 wholly owned subsidiary or other affiliate of the electric utility. The
- 29 separate identity of any assignee of storm recovery property which is a
- 30 subsidiary or affiliate of the electric utility shall not be disregarded due
- 31 to the fact that the assignee and the electric utility share any one or more
- 32 incidents of control, including common managers, officers, directors,
- 33 members, accounting or administrative systems, consolidated tax returns, or
- 34 office space, that the assignee may be a disregarded entity for tax purposes,
- 35 that the utility caused the formation of the assignee, that a contract by the
- utility and the assignee described in §23-20-106(2)(E) exists, that the

determined as follows:

1 assignee has no other business other than pertaining to the storm recovery 2 property, that the capitalization of the assignee is limited to amounts 3 required for compliance with certain applicable federal income tax laws and 4 revenue procedures, or that other factors used in applying a single business 5 enterprise test to juridical persons are present. 6 (3) Any right that an electric utility has in the storm recovery 7 property prior to its pledge, sale, or transfer or any other right of an 8 electric utility created under this Act or created in the financing order and 9 assignable under this section or assignable pursuant to a financing order shall be property in the form of a contract right. Transfer of an interest 10 11 in storm recovery property to an assignee is enforceable only upon the later of the issuance of a financing order, the execution and delivery of transfer 12 documents to the assignee in connection with the issuance of storm recovery 13 bonds, and the receipt of value. An enforceable transfer of an interest in 14 15 storm recovery property to an assignee other than a security interest shall 16 be perfected against all third parties, including subsequent judicial or other lien creditors, when a notice of that transfer has been given by the 17 filing of a financing statement in accordance with subparagraph (4). The 18 transfer shall be perfected against third parties as of the date of filing; 19 20 (4) Except as otherwise provided in this Act, financing statements required to be filed under this Section shall be filed, indexed, 21 22 and maintained in the same manner and in the same system of records maintained for the filing of financing statements under the Uniform 23 Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. The filing of such a financing 24 25 statement with the Arkansas Secretary of State shall be the only method of 26 perfecting a sale, assignment, or transfer of storm recovery property. The 27 sale, assignment, or transfer of an interest in storm recovery property 28 perfected by filing a financing statement is effective against the customers 29 owing payment of the storm recovery charges creditors of the transferor, 30 subsequent transferees, and all other third persons notwithstanding the absence of actual knowledge of or notice to the customers of the sale, 31 32 assignment, or transfer. No continuation statement need be filed to maintain 33 such perfection; 34 (5) The priority of the conflicting ownership interests of 35 assignees in the same interest or rights in any storm recovery property is

17

1	(A) Conflicting perfected interests or rights of assignees
2	rank according to priority in time of perfection;
3	(B) A perfected interest or right of an assignee has
4	priority over a conflicting unperfected interest or right of an assignee; and
5	(C) A perfected interest or right of an assignee has
6	priority over a person who becomes a lien creditor after the perfection of
7	such assignee's interest or right; and
8	(6) The priority of a sale, assignment, or transfer perfected
9	under this section is not impaired by any later modification of the financing
10	order or storm recovery property or by the commingling of funds arising from
11	storm recovery property with other funds. Any other security interest that
12	may apply to those funds, other than a security interest perfected under \S
13	23-20-107 shall be terminated when those funds are transferred to a
14	segregated account for the assignee or a financing party. If storm recovery
15	property has been transferred to an assignee or financing party, any proceeds
16	of that property shall be held for and delivered to the assignee or financing
17	party by any collector as a fiduciary.
18	
19	23-20-107. Security interests.
20	(a) The Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions does not apply
21	to storm recovery property or any right, title, or interest of a utility,
22	assignee, or financing party therein except to the extent specified in this
23	Act. In addition, such right, title, or interest pertaining to a financing
24	order including but not limited to the associated storm recovery property
25	including any revenues, collections, claims, rights to payment, payments,
26	money, or proceeds of or arising from storm recovery charges pursuant to such
27	order, shall not be deemed proceeds of any right or interest other than of
28	the financing order and the storm recovery property arising from the
29	financing order. All revenues and collections resulting from storm recovery
30	property shall constitute proceeds only of the storm recovery property
31	arising from the financing order.
32	(b) Except to the extent provided in this Act with respect to filings
33	of financing statements or control of deposit accounts or investment property
34	as original collateral, the creation, attachment, granting, perfection and
35	priority of security interests in storm recovery property to secure storm
36	recovery bonds is governed solely by this Act and not by the Uniform

1 Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. 2 (c)(1) A security interest in storm recovery property is valid and 3 enforceable against the electric utility and its successor or an assignee and 4 third parties and attaches to storm recovery property only after all of the 5 following conditions are met: 6 (A) The issuance of a financing order; 7 (B) The execution and delivery of a security agreement, 8 indenture, or other agreement with a financing party relating to the granting 9 of a security interest in connection with the issuance of storm recovery 10 bonds; and 11 (C) The receipt of value for the storm recovery bonds. 12 (2) A security interest attaches to storm recovery property when all of the foregoing conditions have been met, unless the security agreement 13 14 expressly postpones the time of attachment. 15 (d) A security interest in storm recovery property is perfected when 16 it has attached and when the applicable financing statement describing the 17 storm recovery property as provided in Arkansas Code § 23-20-105(d) has been filed with the Arkansas Secretary of State. The interest of a secured party 18 19 is not perfected unless a financing statement sufficient under this Act and 20 otherwise in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions is filed, and after perfection the secured party's interest 21 22 continues in the storm recovery property and all proceeds of such storm 23 recovery property, whether or not billed, accrued, or collected, and whether 24 or not deposited into a deposit account and however evidenced; provided 25 however that a security interest granted by the issuer of and securing storm 26 recovery bonds held by a secured party having control of a segregated deposit 27 account or securities account as original collateral into which revenues, collections, or proceeds of storm recovery property are deposited or credited 28 29 may be perfected by control as provided in subsection (e) below. A security 30 interest in proceeds of storm recovery property is a perfected security interest if the security interest in the storm recovery property was 31 perfected under this Act. Except as otherwise provided in this Act, 32 33 financing statements required to be filed pursuant to this Section shall be 34 filed, indexed, and maintained in the same manner and in the same system of 35 records maintained for the filing of financing statements under the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. The filing of such a financing 36

1 statement shall be the only method of perfecting a lien or security interest 2 on storm recovery property except as provided in this subsection. No 3 continuation statement need be filed to maintain such perfection. 4 (e) A perfected security interest in storm recovery property and all 5 proceeds of such storm recovery property, whether or not billed, accrued, or 6 collected, and whether or not deposited into a deposit account and however 7 evidenced, shall have priority over a conflicting lien of any nature in the 8 same collateral property, except a security interest is subordinate to the 9 rights of a person that becomes a lien creditor before the perfection of such 10 security interest. A security interest in storm recovery property which 11 qualifies for priority over a conflicting security interest or lien also has 12 priority over the conflicting security interest or lien in proceeds of the storm recovery property. The relative priority of a perfected security 13 interest of a secured party is not adversely affected by any lien or security 14 15 interest in a deposit account of the electric utility that is a collector and 16 into which the revenues are deposited. The priority of a security interest 17 perfected under this Section is not defeated or impaired by any later modification of the financing order or storm recovery property or by the 18 19 commingling of funds arising from storm recovery property with other funds. 20 Any other security interest, other than a prior security interest perfected 21 under this Act, that may apply to those funds shall be terminated as to all 22 funds transferred to a segregated account for the benefit of an assignee or a 23 financing party or to an assignee or financing party directly. The 24 perfection by control, the effect of perfection by control, and the priority 25 of a security interest granted by the issuer of and securing storm recovery 26 bonds held by a secured party having control of a segregated deposit account 27 or securities account as original collateral into which revenues, 28 collections, or proceeds of storm recovery property are deposited or credited 29 shall be governed by the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions 30 including the choice of law rules in Arkansas Code §§ 4-9-301 - 4-9-307. 31 (f) If a default or termination occurs under the terms of the storm 32 recovery bonds, the secured party may foreclose on or otherwise enforce the 33 security interest in any storm recovery property as if it was a secured party 34 under the Uniform Commercial Code - Secured Transactions. A secured party holding a security interest in storm recovery property shall be entitled to 35 36 exercise all of the same rights and remedies as are available to a secured

- l party under the Uniform Commercial Code Secured Transactions, to the same
- 2 extent as if those rights and remedies were set forth in this Act. A court
- 3 may order that amounts arising from storm recovery property be transferred to
- 4 a separate account of the secured party for the financing parties' benefit,
- 5 <u>to which their security interest shall apply. On application by or on behalf</u>
- 6 of a secured party to the court of this state specified in Subsection (f) of
- 7 this Section, such court shall order the sequestration and payment to the
- 8 financing parties of revenues arising from the storm recovery property.
- 9 (g) A security interest created under this Act may provide for a
- 10 <u>security interest in after-acquired collateral</u>. A security interest granted
- ll under this Act is not invalid or fraudulent against creditors solely because
- 12 the grantor or the electric utility as collector or servicer has the right or
- 13 ability to commingle the collateral or proceeds, or collect, compromise,
- 14 enforce, and otherwise deal with collateral.
- 15 (h) Any action arising under the provisions of this Act to enforce a
- 16 security interest in any security interest governed by this Act or in any
- 17 storm recovery property, or which otherwise asserts an interest in, or a
- 18 right in, to or against any storm recovery property, wherever located or
- 19 <u>deemed located</u>, shall be brought in the Circuit Court of Pulaski County,
- 20 Arkansas.
- 21 (i) The priority of the conflicting interests of secured parties in
- 22 the same interest or rights in any storm recovery property is determined as
- 23 follows:
- 24 (1) Conflicting perfected interests or rights of secured parties
- 25 <u>rank according to priority in time of perfection. Priority dates from the</u>
- 26 time a filing covering the interest or right is made in accordance with this
- 27 section and the Uniform Commercial Code Secured Transactions;
- 28 (2) A perfected interest or right of a secured party has
- 29 priority over a conflicting unperfected interest or right of an assignee; and
- 30 (3) A perfected interest or right of a secured party has
- 31 priority over a person who becomes a lien creditor after the perfection of
- 32 such secured party's interest or right.
- 33 (j) The priority of a lien and security interest in storm recovery
- 34 property perfected under this Section is not impaired by any later
- 35 modification of the financing order or storm recovery property or by the
- 36 <u>commingling of funds arising from storm recovery property with other funds.</u>

36

effect:

1 Any other security interest that may apply to the storm recovery property 2 shall be terminated when those funds are transferred to a segregated account 3 for the assignee or a financing party. If storm recovery property has been 4 transferred to an assignee or financing party, any proceeds of that storm 5 recovery property shall be held in trust for the assignee or financing party. 6 7 23-20-108. Choice of law; conflicts. 8 (a) The law governing the validity, enforceability, attachment, 9 perfection, priority, exercise of remedies, and venue with respect to the sale, assignment, or transfer of an interest or right or the creation of a 10 11 security interest in any storm recovery property shall be exclusively the 12 laws of this state, without applying this state's law on conflicts of laws and notwithstanding any contrary contractual provision. The validity, 13 enforceability, attachment, perfection, priority, and exercise of remedies 14 15 with respect to the sale, assignment, or transfer of an interest or right or 16 the creation of a security interest in any storm recovery property shall be 17 governed by this Act, and solely to the extent not addressed by this Act, by the Uniform Commercial Code-Secured Transactions and other laws of this 18 19 state. (b) In the event of conflict between this Act and any other law 20 regarding the attachment, creation, perfection, the effect of perfection, or 21 22 priority of, and sale, assignment, or transfer of, or security interest in, storm recovery property, or the exercise of remedies with respect thereto, 23 24 this Act shall govern to the extent of the conflict. 25 26 23-20-109. Storm recovery bonds not public debt; legal investments. 27 (a) Storm recovery bonds are not a debt or a general obligation of the 28 state or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities 29 and are not a charge on their full faith and credit. An issue of storm 30 recovery bonds does not, directly or indirectly or contingently, obligate the state or any agency, political subdivision, or instrumentality of the state 31 32 to levy any tax or make any appropriation for payment of the bonds, other 33 than for paying storm recovery charges in their capacity as consumers of 34 electricity. All storm recovery bonds authorized by a financing order by the

commission must contain on the face thereof a statement to the following

1	"Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of
2	Arkansas is pledged to the payment of the principal of, or interest on, this
3	bond."
4	(b) Storm recovery bonds shall be legal investments for all
5	governmental units, financial institutions, insurance companies, fiduciaries,
6	and other persons that require statutory authority regarding legal
7	<pre>investment.</pre>
8	
9	23-20-110. Tax Treatment.
10	The Arkansas state income tax treatment of the following events will
11	conform to the federal income tax treatment of such events:
12	(1) the electric utility's receipt of a financing order that
13	creates storm recovery property for the benefit of the electric utility;
14	(2) the electric utility's receipt of cash or other valuable
15	consideration in exchange for it's transfer of the storm recovery property to
16	an affiliate which is wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the electric
17	utility; and
18	(3) the electric utility's receipt of cash or other valuable
19	consideration in exchange for storm recovery bonds issued by the financing
20	party.
21	
22	23-20-111. State pledge.
23	(a) For purposes of this subsection, the term "bondholder" means a
24	person who holds, owns or is the beneficial holder or owner of a storm
25	recovery bond.
26	(b) The state and its agencies, including the commission, pledge to
27	and agree with bondholders, the owners of the storm recovery property, and
28	other financing parties that the state will not:
29	(1) Alter the provisions of this section which make the storm
30	recovery charges imposed by a financing order irrevocable, binding, and
31	nonbypassable charges;
32	(2) Take or permit any action that impairs or would impair the
33	value of storm recovery property; or
34	(3) Except as allowed under this section, reduce, alter, or
35	impair storm recovery charges that are to be imposed, collected, and remitted
36	for the benefit of the bondholders and other financing parties until any and

1	all principal, interest, premium, financing costs and other fees, expenses,
2	or charges incurred, and any contracts to be performed, in connection with
3	the related storm recovery bonds have been paid and performed in full.
4	Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude limitation or alteration if
5	full compensation is made by law for the full protection of the storm
6	recovery charges collected pursuant to a financing order and of the holders
7	of storm recovery bonds and any assignee or financing party entering into a
8	contract with the electric utility.
9	(c) Any person or entity that issues storm recovery bonds may include
10	the pledge specified in paragraph (b) in the bonds and related documentation.
11	
12	23-20-112. Not an electric utility.
13	An assignee or financing party shall not be considered an electric
14	utility or person providing electric service by virtue of engaging in the
15	transactions described in this Act.
16	
17	SECTION 2. EFFECT OF OTHER LAWS. The provisions of any other law,
18	except as expressly provided in this Act, or in such other law by way of
19	express reference to this Act, shall not limit or restrict the operation of
20	this Act in any manner.
21	
22	SECTION 3. All provisions of this Act of a general and permanent
23	$\underline{\text{nature are amendatory of the Arkansas Code of 1987 Annotated and the Arkansas}}$
24	Code Revision Commission shall incorporate the same in the Code.
25	
26	SECTION 4. If any provisions of this Act or the application thereof to
27	any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect
28	the other provisions or applications of the Act which can be given effect
29	$\underline{\text{without}}$ the invalid provisions or application, and to this end the provisions
30	of this Act are declared severable.
31	
32	SECTION 5. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are
33	hereby repealed.
34	
35	SECTION 6. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the

General Assembly that due to recent devastating ice storms in the state

1	resulting in large storm recovery costs which could be securitized and
2	financed under the provisions of this act, there is an immediate need to
3	authorize the securitization financing for storm recovery costs, which may
4	lower the financing costs or mitigate the impact on rates in comparison to
5	traditional utility financing or other traditional utility recovery methods
6	thereby benefitting customers. Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist
7	and this act being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public
8	peace, health and safety shall become effective on the date of its approval
9	by the Governor. If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor
10	it shall become effective on the expiration of the period of time during
11	which the Governor may veto the bill. If the bill is vetoed by the Governor
12	and the veto is overridden, it shall become effective on the date the last
13	house overrides the veto.
14	
15	/s/ Williams
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	
32	
33	
34	
35	
36	