## Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the law as it existed prior to this session of the General Assembly.

1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: S4/6/09	
2	87th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2009		SENATE BILL 377
4			
5	By: Senator Elliott		
6	By: Representative Harrelson		
7			
8			
9		For An Act To Be Entitled	
10	AN ACT T	O PROVIDE A STREAMLINED METHOD TO	O RESTORE
11	A CITIZE	EN'S RIGHTS AFTER COMPLETING A CR	IMINAL
12	SENTENCE	; TO PROVIDE INFORMATION AND ASS	ISTANCE
13	IN SEALI	ING A CITIZEN'S CRIMINAL RECORD;	ГО
14	PROVIDE	FOR PROTOCOLS DESIGNED TO HELP A	CITIZEN
15	ACQUIRE	PROFESSIONAL OR OCCUPATIONAL LICI	ENSES; TO
16	PROVIDE	FOR STANDARDS OF FAIRNESS IN EMPI	LOYMENT
17	WITH STA	ATE AGENCIES; TO PROVIDE INCENTIVE	ES TO
18		BUSINESSES WHO PARTICIPATE IN A (	
19	RESTORAT	TION PROCESS; TO ASSURE ACCESS TO	STATE
20		FOR EDUCATION AND JOB TRAINING;	
21		Y OF A CITIZEN'S RESTORATION OF R	
22		R TO CONSIDER MAINTAINING OR CHANG	GING THE
23	PROCEDUR	RES; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	
24			
25		Subtitle	
26		TTO BE KNOWN AS THE "ARKANSAS	
27	HUMAN	CAPITAL RESTORATION ACT".	
28			
29	DE IM DIVACMED DI MILE C	DVEDAT ACCEMENT OF MAIL OF ME	A DIVANCA C
30	BE IT ENACTED BY THE G	ENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF A	IKKANSAS:
31	CEOMION 1 NOW	MO CONTELED	
32	SECTION 1. NOT TO CODIFIED.  This act shall be known as the "Arkansas Human Capital Restoration Act"		
33 34			
35		purpose shall be to provide avenu	<u> </u>
		have a criminal record to cleanse	<u> </u>
36	completion of his or h	<u>er sentence and to ease his or he</u>	i cransicion pack into

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1	society through a variety of educational and job training measures, as well		
2	as lowering the restrictive barriers in both the public and private sectors		
3	that have historically kept a citizen with a criminal record from procuring		
4	and keeping gainful employment.		
5			
6	SECTION 2. NOT TO BE CODIFIED.		
7	(a)(1) The House Committee on Judiciary and Senate Committee on		
8	Judiciary shall study the issue of providing a streamlined method of		
9	restoring a citizen's rights after completing a criminal sentence.		
10	(2) The House Committee on Judiciary and the Senate Committee on		
11	Judiciary should invite the House Committee on Public Health, Welfare and		
12	Labor, the Senate committee on Public Health, Welfare and Labor, the House of		
13	Representatives Committee on Education, and the Senate Committee on Education		
14	to participate in the study.		
15	(b) The House Committee on Judiciary and the Senate Committee on		
16	Judiciary shall include in their study:		
17	(1) Methods for ensuring that criminal arrest records are not a		
18	bar to state funding for higher education job training opportunities;		
19	(2) Methods for ensuring that institutions of higher education		
20	are prohibited from excluding students with criminal records from admittance		
21	in the institution of higher education based solely on having a criminal		
22	record;		
23	(3) Determining whether institutions of higher education		
24	admission policies unfairly discriminate against students with criminal		
25	records;		
26	(4) Methods for encouraging state correctional facilities to		
27	provide educational and training programs tied to high growth labor market		
28	needs;		
29	(5) The feasibility of limiting the practice of employers and		
30	other non-law enforcement agencies from inquiring about or using information		
31	about a prospective employee's arrest which did not lead to a conviction and		
32	report on "best practices" based on research;		
33	(6) The option of providing state tax credits for employers		
34	hiring low-income individuals with a state criminal record;		
35	(7) The cost analysis and benefits of providing six (6) months		
36	of free bonding for employers who hire persons with criminal records:		

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1	(8) A report from the Office of Personnel Management for the
2	previous five (5) years including:
3	(A) State employment policies of hiring persons with
4	criminal records;
5	(B) Number of persons with criminal records that have
6	applied for a state position;
7	(C) Number of persons with criminal records that have:
8	(i) Been offered a position with a state agency; and
9	(ii) Not been offered a position with a state
10	agency; and
11	(D) Types of jobs person with criminal records have
12	applied for and are working in;
13	(9) Who may lawfully obtain the criminal records of a person and
14	under what circumstances;
15	(10) The penalty for violating state law on the dissemination of
16	information of a person's criminal records and for dissemination of erroneous
17	information and information not resulting in a conviction in Arkansas and
18	other states;
19	(11) The number of arrests that did not lead to a conviction or
20	a conviction that was sealed, expunged, erased, or purged for the previous
21	five (5) years;
22	(12) The number of criminal records sealed, expunged, erased, or
23	purged for the previous five (5) years;
24	(13) The number of persons denied an occupational license in the
25	last five (5) years and the reason for the denial; and
26	(14) The rationale of the five-year waiting period to be
27	eligible to receive an occupational license and how it compares to other
28	states.
29	(c)(1) The House Committee on Judiciary and the Senate Committee on
30	Judiciary may submit recommendations and proposed legislation to the Arkansas
31	Legislative Council, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the
32	President Pro Tempore of the Senate for the Eighty-Eighth General Assembly.
33	(2) The House Committee on Judiciary and the Senate Committee on
34	Judiciary shall conclude their study by December 1, 2010.
35	
36	/s/ Flliott