State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: H3/8/11 A Bill
•	
Regular Session, 2011	HOUSE BILL 1495
By: Representative Mickels	
	For An Act To Be Entitled
ለእ ለርሞ ጥር	CREATE THE ARKANSAS SMALL BUSINESS TAX
	CT; TO REQUIRE COMBINED REPORTING FOR
	PURPOSES; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
	Subtitle
TO C	REATE THE ARKANSAS SMALL BUSINESS TAX
FAIF	NESS ACT AND TO REQUIRE COMBINED
REPC	RTING FOR INCOME TAX PURPOSES.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE	ENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
SECTION 1. Ark	nsas Code Title 26, Chapter 51, is amended to add an
additional subchapter	to read as follows:
<u>Subchapter</u>	<u> 24 — Arkansas Small Business Tax Fairness Act</u>
	shall be known as the "Arkansas Small Business Tax
<u>Fairness Act".</u>	
	<u>subchapter:</u> ined group" means the group of persons whose income and
	are required to be taken into account under § 26-51-
	te taxpayer member's share of the net business income or
	orporation" means an organization of any kind treated
	ax purposes under this chapter, wherever located, that
	88th General Assembly Regular Session, 2011 By: Representative Nickels AN ACT TO FAIRNESS A INCOME TAX TO CF FAIRN REPOR BE IT ENACTED BY THE G SECTION 1. Arka additional subchapter Subchapter 26-51-2401. Tit This subchapter Fairness Act". 26-51-2402. Def As used in this (1) "Comb apportionment factors 2403 in determining th loss to be apportioned (2)(A) "C



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1	if it were doing business in this state, would be a taxpayer.
2	(B) "Corporation" includes the business conducted by a
2	partnership that is directly or indirectly held by a corporation to the
4	extent of the corporation's distributive share of the partnership income,
5	inclusive of guaranteed payments to the extent prescribed by law;
6	(3) "Doing business in a tax haven" means being engaged in
7	activity sufficient for the tax haven jurisdiction to impose a tax under
8	United States constitutional standards;
9	(4) "Partnership" means a general partnership, a limited
10	partnership, or an organization of any kind that is treated as a partnership
11	for tax purposes under this chapter;
12	(5) "Person" means:
13	(A) An individual;
14	(B) A firm;
15	(C) A partnership or a general partner of a partnership;
16	(D) A limited liability company;
17	(E) A registered limited liability partnership;
18	(F) A foreign limited liability partnership;
19	(G) An association;
20	(H) A corporation regardless of whether the corporation is
21	or would be, if doing business in this state, subject to the Income Tax Act
22	<u>of 1929, § 26-51-101 et seq.;</u>
23	(I) A company;
24	(J) A syndicate;
25	<u>(K) An estate;</u>
26	(L) A trust or trustee;
27	(M) A trustee in bankruptcy;
28	(N) A receiver;
29	(0) An executor or administrator; and
30	(P) An organization of any kind;
31	(6) "Tax haven" means a jurisdiction that, during the tax year,
32	exhibits the following characteristics:
33	(A) Has no tax or a nominal effective tax on the relevant
34	income;
35	(B) Has laws or practices that prevent effective exchange
36	of information for tax purposes with other governments on taxpayers

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1	benefiting from the tax regime;
2	(C)(i) Has a tax regime that lacks transparency.
3	(ii) A tax regime lacks transparency if:
4	(a) The details of legislative, legal, or
5	administrative provisions are not open and apparent or are not consistently
6	applied among similarly situated taxpayers; or
7	(b) The information needed by tax authorities
8	to determine a taxpayer's correct tax liability, such as accounting records
9	and underlying documentation, is not adequately available;
10	(D) Facilitates the establishment of foreign-owned
11	entities without the need for a local and substantive presence or prohibits
12	foreign-owned entities from having a commercial impact on the local economy;
13	(E) Explicitly or implicitly excludes the jurisdiction's
14	resident taxpayers from taking advantage of the tax regime's benefits or
15	prohibits enterprises that benefit from the regime from operating in the
16	jurisdiction's domestic market; or
17	(F) Has a tax regime that is favorable for tax avoidance
18	based upon an overall assessment of relevant factors, including without
19	limitation whether the jurisdiction has a significant untaxed offshore
20	financial sector or other services sector relative to its overall economy;
21	(7) "Unitary business" means a single economic enterprise that
22	is made up of either separate parts of a single business entity or a commonly
23	controlled group of business entities that are sufficiently interdependent,
24	integrated, and interrelated through their activities so as to provide a
25	synergy and mutual benefit that produces a sharing or exchange of value among
26	them and a significant flow of value to the separate parts; and
27	(8) "United States" means the fifty (50) states of the United
28	States, the District of Columbia, and the territories and possessions of the
29	United States.
30	
31	26-51-2403. Combined reporting required — Discretion of director
32	(a)(1) A combined report shall be filed by one (1) of the following
33	taxpayers engaged in a unitary business with one (1) or more other
34	corporations:
35	(A) The federal consolidated parent corporation; or
36	(B) A subsidiary with a nexus to Arkansas, if the federal

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1	consolidated parent is not a member of the combined group.
2	(2) The combined report required under subdivision (a)(1) of
3	this section shall include the following information for all corporations
4	that are members of the unitary business:
5	(A) The income determined under § 26-51-2406;
6	(B) The apportionment factors determined under:
7	(i) The Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes
8	<u>Act, § 26-51-701 et seq.;</u>
9	(ii) The apportionment and allocation requirements
10	under §§ 26-51-1401-26-51-1405; and
11	(iii) The combined reporting requirements under §
12	<u>26-51-2405; and</u>
13	(3) Any other information required by the Director of the
14	Department of Finance and Administration.
15	(b)(1) To reflect proper apportionment of income of entire unitary
16	businesses, the combined report shall include the income and apportionment
17	factors of any person not included under subsection (a) of this section who
18	is a member of a unitary business.
19	(2) The director may require the filing of a combined report by
20	persons that are not or would not be, if doing business in this state,
21	subject to the Income Tax Act of 1929, § 26-51-101 et seq.
22	(3) If the director determines that the reported income or loss
23	of a taxpayer engaged in a unitary business with any person not included
24	under subsection (a) of this section represents an avoidance or evasion of
25	tax by the taxpayer, all or part of the income and apportionment factors of
26	the person shall be included in the taxpayer's combined report.
27	(4) With respect to inclusion of apportionment factors under
28	this subsection (b), the director may require:
29	(A) The exclusion of any one (1) or more of the factors;
30	(B) The inclusion of one (1) or more additional factors
31	that will fairly represent the taxpayer's business activity in the state; or
32	(C) The employment of any other method to properly
33	<u>reflect:</u>
34	(i) The total amount of income subject to
34 35	

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1	the taxpayer's income.
2	
3	26-51-2404. Determination of taxable income using combined report.
4	(a) The use of a combined report does not affect the separate
5	identities of the taxpayer members of the combined group.
6	(b)(1) Each taxpayer member is responsible for tax based on the
7	taxpayer member's taxable income or loss apportioned or allocated to
8	Arkansas, including without limitation the taxpayer member's apportioned
9	share of business income of the combined group.
10	(2) Business income of the combined group is calculated as a
11	summation of the individual net business incomes of all members of the
12	combined group.
13	(3) A member's net business income is determined by removing all
14	but business income, expense, and loss from that member's total income under
15	this subchapter and multiplying the remainder by the combined apportionment
16	factors of all members of the combined group.
17	
18	<u>26-51-2405. Income subject to tax — Application of tax credits —</u>
19	Deductions after apportionment.
20	(a) Each taxpayer member is responsible for tax based on the taxpayer
21	member's taxable income or loss apportioned or allocated to Arkansas,
22	including without limitation the taxpayer member's:
23	
	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of
24	
24 25	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of
	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under §
25	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under § 26-51-2406;
25 26	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under § 26-51-2406; (2) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of
25 26 27	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under § 26-51-2406; (2) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of a distinct business activity conducted within and without Arkansas wholly by
25 26 27 28	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under § 26-51-2406; (2) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of a distinct business activity conducted within and without Arkansas wholly by the taxpayer member, as determined under the Uniform Division of Income for
25 26 27 28 29	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under § 26-51-2406; (2) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of a distinct business activity conducted within and without Arkansas wholly by the taxpayer member, as determined under the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act, § 26-51-701 et seq., and the apportionment and allocation
25 26 27 28 29 30	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under § 26-51-2406; (2) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of a distinct business activity conducted within and without Arkansas wholly by the taxpayer member, as determined under the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act, § 26-51-701 et seq., and the apportionment and allocation requirements under §§ 26-51-1401-26-51-1405; (3) Income from a business conducted wholly by the taxpayer member entirely within Arkansas;
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under § 26-51-2406; (2) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of a distinct business activity conducted within and without Arkansas wholly by the taxpayer member, as determined under the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act, § 26-51-701 et seq., and the apportionment and allocation requirements under §§ 26-51-1401-26-51-1405; (3) Income from a business conducted wholly by the taxpayer
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	<pre>(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under § 26-51-2406; (2) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of a distinct business activity conducted within and without Arkansas wholly by the taxpayer member, as determined under the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act, § 26-51-701 et seq., and the apportionment and allocation requirements under §§ 26-51-1401-26-51-1405; (3) Income from a business conducted wholly by the taxpayer member entirely within Arkansas; (4) Income sourced to Arkansas from the sale or exchange of capital or assets;</pre>
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	(1) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of each of the combined groups of which it is a member, as determined under § 26-51-2406; (2) Share of business income that is apportioned to Arkansas of a distinct business activity conducted within and without Arkansas wholly by the taxpayer member, as determined under the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act, § 26-51-701 et seq., and the apportionment and allocation requirements under §§ 26-51-1401-26-51-1405; (3) Income from a business conducted wholly by the taxpayer member entirely within Arkansas; (4) Income sourced to Arkansas from the sale or exchange of

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1	51-701 et seq., and the apportionment and allocation requirements under §§
2	<u>26-51-1401–26-51-1405; and</u>
3	(6)(A) Net operating loss carryover.
4	(B)(i) If the taxable income computed under this
5	subchapter results in a loss for a combined group, the combined group has an
6	Arkansas net operating loss.
7	(ii) A net operating loss of the combined group is
8	applied as a deduction in a subsequent year only to the extent that the
9	combined group has Arkansas source positive net income.
10	(C)(i) Only a taxpayer member that joins a combined group
11	and has a net operating loss from a tax year before the taxpayer member
12	joined the combined group is subject to the carryover provisions of § 26-51-
13	427, the net operating loss limitations, and the separate return limitation
14	year restriction.
15	(ii) Separate return limitation year restrictions
16	allow the net operating loss of a member that joins a combined return to
17	offset the combined income of all corporations that were members of the same
18	federal consolidated group when the net operating loss was created or that
19	were members of the same Arkansas combined group when the net operating loss
20	was created.
21	(b)(1) A tax credit earned by a member may be applied against the
22	total tax liability of the combined group.
23	(2)(A) A charitable contribution made by a taxpayer member of
24	the combined group is available as a deduction of the combined group subject
25	to the limitations of 26 U.S.C. § 170, as it existed on January 1, 2011.
26	(B) A charitable contribution under subdivision (b)(2)(A)
27	of this section is subtracted from the business income of the combined group
28	before apportionment, and the remaining balance is treated as a nonbusiness
29	expense allocable to the nonbusiness income of the combined group subject to
30	the income limitations of 26 U.S.C. § 170, as it existed on January 1, 2011.
31	(C) A charitable contribution under subdivision (b)(2)(A)
32	of this section that is disallowed under the income limitations of this
33	subsection is allowed as a carryover deduction for up to five (5) years in
34	accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 170, as it existed on January 1, 2011.
35	
36	26-51-2406. Determination of share of business income of a combined

6

1	group.
2	The taxpayer's share of the business income to be apportioned to
3	Arkansas of each combined group of which it is a member is the product of:
4	(1) The business income of the combined group, as determined
5	under § 26-51-2407; and
6	(2)(A) The taxpayer member's apportionment percentage, as
7	determined under the Uniform Division of Income for Tax Purposes Act, § 26-
8	51-701 et seq., and the apportionment and allocation requirements under §§
9	<u>26-51-1401-26-51-1405, including:</u>
10	(i) In each numerator, the taxpayer's property,
11	payroll, or sales factor associated with the combined group's unitary
12	business in this state; and
13	(ii) In the denominator, the property, payroll, or
14	sales factor of all members of the combined group, including the taxpayer,
15	that are associated with the combined group's unitary business wherever
16	located.
17	(B) The property, payroll, and sales factors of a
18	partnership are included in the determination of the partner's apportionment
19	percentage in proportion to a ratio the numerator of which is the amount of
20	the partner's distributive share of partnership's unitary income included in
21	the income of the combined group under § 26-51-2407 and the denominator of
22	which is the amount of the partnership's total unitary income.
23	
24	26-51-2407. Determination of business income of the combined group.
25	(a) The business income of a combined group is determined under this
26	section.
27	(b) To determine the business income of the combined group, subtract
28	any income and add any expense or loss other than the business income,
29	expense, or loss of the combined group from the total income of the combined
30	group, as determined under subsection (c) of this section.
31	(c)(l) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the total income
32	of the combined group is the sum of the income of each member of the combined
33	group, as determined under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. § 1
34	et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2011, as if the member were not
35	consolidated for federal purposes.
36	(2) The income of each member of the combined group is

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1	determined as follows:
2	(A) For a member incorporated in the United States or
3	included in a consolidated federal corporate income tax return, the income to
4	be included in the total income of the combined group is the taxable income
5	for the corporation after making appropriate adjustments under the Income Tax
6	Act of 1929, § 26-51-101 et seq.; and
7	(B)(i) For a member not included in subdivision (c)(2)(A)
8	of this section, the income to be included in the total income of the
9	combined group is determined as follows:
10	(a) A profit and loss statement shall be
11	prepared for each foreign branch or corporation in the currency in which the
12	books of account of the branch or corporation are regularly maintained;
13	(b) Adjustments shall be made to the profit
14	and loss statement to conform it to the accounting principles generally
15	accepted in the United States for the preparation of profit and loss
16	statements except as modified by this subchapter;
17	(c) Except as otherwise provided in this
18	subchapter, the profit and loss statement of each member of the combined
19	group and the related apportionment factors shall be expressed in United
20	<u>States dollars.</u>
21	(d) Income apportioned to Arkansas shall be
22	expressed in United States dollars.
23	(ii)(a) In lieu of the procedures in subdivision
24	(c)(2)(B)(i) of this section and subject to the determination of the Director
25	of the Department of Finance and Administration that it reasonably
26	approximates income as determined under the Income Tax Act of 1929, § 26-51-
27	101 et seq., a member not included in subdivision (c)(2)(A) of this section
28	may determine its income on the basis of the consolidated profit and loss
29	statement that includes the member and that is prepared for filing with the
30	United States Securities and Exchange Commission by related corporations.
31	(b) If the member is not required to file with
32	the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, the director may allow
33	the use of a consolidated profit and loss statement prepared for reporting to
34	shareholders and subject to review by an independent auditor.
35	(c) If the profit and loss statements in this
36	subdivision (c)(2)(B)(ii) of this section do not reasonably approximate

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1	income as determined under this chapter, the director may accept profit and
2	loss statements with appropriate adjustments to approximate the income as
3	determined under this chapter.
4	(d) If a unitary business includes income from a partnership, the
5	income included in the total income of the combined group is the member of
6	the combined group's direct and indirect distributive share of the
7	partnership's unitary business income.
8	(e)(1) Dividends paid by a member of the combined group to another
9	member of the combined group shall be eliminated from the income of the
10	recipient to the extent the dividends are paid out of the earnings and
11	profits of the unitary business included in the combined report, in the
12	current or a prior year.
13	(2) Subdivision (e)(l) of this section does not apply to
14	dividends received from members of the unitary business that are not a part
15	of the combined group.
16	(f)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter, business
17	income from an intercompany transaction between members of the same combined
18	group is deferred in the same manner as in 26 CFR § 1.1502-13, as it existed
19	on January 1, 2011.
20	(2) Deferred business income resulting from an intercompany
21	transaction between members of a combined group is restored to the income of
22	the seller and is apportioned as business income earned immediately before
23	the event if any of the following events occur:
24	(A) The object of a deferred intercompany transaction is:
25	(i) Resold by the buyer to an entity that is not a
26	member of the combined group;
27	(ii) Resold by the buyer to an entity that is a
28	member of the combined group for use outside the unitary business in which
29	the buyer and seller are engaged; or
30	(iii) Converted by the buyer to a use outside the
31	unitary business in which the buyer and seller are engaged; or
32	(B) The buyer and seller are no longer members of the same
33	combined group regardless of whether the members remain unitary.
34	(g) An expense of a member of the unitary group that is directly or
35	indirectly attributable to the nonbusiness or exempt income of another member
36	of the unitary group is allocated to the other member as corresponding

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1	nonbusiness or exempt expense as appropriate.
2	
3	26-51-2408. Designation of surety.
4	(a)(l)(A)(i) Members of a combined reporting group shall annually
5	designate one (1) taxpayer member of the combined group to file a single
6	return in the form and manner prescribed by the Director of the Department of
7	Finance and Administration, in lieu of each member filing its own respective
8	return.
9	(ii) The surety designated under this section shall
10	be either:
11	(a) The federal consolidated parent
12	corporation; or
13	(b) A subsidiary with a nexus to Arkansas, if
14	the federal consolidated parent is not a member of the combined group.
15	(B) The taxpayer designated to file the single return
16	under subdivision (a)(l)(A) of this section:
17	(i) Consents to act as surety with respect to the
18	tax liability of all other taxpayers properly included in the combined
19	report; and
20	(ii) Agrees to act as agent on behalf of those
21	taxpayers for the year of the election for tax matters relating to the
22	combined report for that year.
23	(2) The designation of a surety under subdivision (a)(1) of this
24	section does not change the respective liability of the group members.
25	(b) If for any reason the taxpayer designated as a surety under
26	subsection (a) of this section is unwilling or unable to perform the surety's
27	responsibilities, tax liability shall be assessed against all of the taxpayer
28	members.
29	
30	26-51-2409. Water's-edge election.
31	(a) Taxpayer members of a unitary group that meet the requirements of
32	<u>§ 26-51-2410 may elect to determine each member's apportioned share of the</u>
33	net business income or loss of the combined group under a water's-edge
34	election.
35	(b) Under the water's-edge election, taxpayer members shall take into
36	account the income and apportionment factors of only the following members of

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1	the combined group:
2	(1) The entire income and apportionment factors of any member
3	incorporated in the United States or formed under the laws of the United
4	<u>States;</u>
5	(2) The entire income and apportionment factors of any member,
6	regardless of the place incorporated or formed, if the average of its
7	property, payroll, and sales factors within the United States is twenty
8	percent (20%) or more;
9	(3) The entire income and apportionment factors of any member
10	that is a domestic international sales corporation as described in 26 U.S.C.
11	§§ 991—994, as they existed on January 1, 2011;
12	(4) The portion of the income of a member not described in
13	subdivisions (b)(1)-(3) of this section that is derived from or attributable
14	to sources within the United States, as determined under the Internal Revenue
15	Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., as it existed on January 1, 2011, and
16	the related apportionment factors;
17	(5)(A) The income of a member that is a controlled foreign
18	corporation, as defined under 26 U.S.C. § 957, as it existed on January 1,
19	2011, to the extent the income is described under 26 U.S.C. § 952, as it
20	existed on January 1, 2011, not excluding lower-tier subsidiaries'
21	distributions of income that were previously taxed and the apportionment
22	factors related to the income.
23	(B) An item of income received by a controlled foreign
24	corporation is excluded if the income was subject to an effective rate of
25	income tax imposed by a foreign country greater than ninety percent (90%) of
26	the maximum rate of tax specified in 26 U.S.C. § 11, as it existed on January
27	<u>1, 2011;</u>
28	(6) The income and apportionment factors of a member that earns
29	income, directly or indirectly, from intangible property or service-related
30	activities that are deductible against the business income of other members
31	of the combined group; and
32	(7)(A) The entire income and apportionment factors of any member
33	that is doing business in a tax haven.
34	(B) If the member's business activity within a tax haven
35	is entirely outside the scope of the laws, provisions, and practices that
36	cause the jurisdiction to be a tax haven under § 26-51-2402, the activity of

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1	the member shall be treated as not having been conducted in a tax haven.
2	
3	26-51-2410. Initiation and withdrawal of water's-edge election.
4	(a)(1) A water's-edge election is effective only if made on a timely
5	filed, original return for the tax year by each member of the unitary
6	business subject to tax under the Income Tax Act of 1929, § 26-51-101 et seq.
7	(2) The Director of the Department of Finance and Administration
8	shall develop rules governing the impact, if any, on the scope or application
9	of a water's-edge election, including without limitation termination or
10	deemed election resulting from a change in the composition of the unitary
11	group, the combined group, the taxpayer members, and any other similar
12	change.
13	(b) In the discretion of the director, a water's-edge election may be
14	disregarded in whole or in part, and the income and apportionment factors of
15	any member of the taxpayer's unitary group may be included in the combined
16	report without regard to the provisions of this section if:
17	(1) A member of the unitary group fails to comply with this
18	subchapter; or
19	(2) A person otherwise not included in the water's-edge combined
20	group was designated with the substantial objective of avoiding state income
21	tax.
22	(c)(l) A water's-edge election is binding for and applicable to the
23	tax year in which it is made and all tax years thereafter for a period of ten
24	<u>(10) years.</u>
25	(2)(A) A water's-edge election may be withdrawn or reinstituted
26	after withdrawal before the expiration of the ten-year period only upon
27	written request for reasonable cause based on extraordinary hardship due to
28	unforeseen changes in state tax statutes, law, or policy, and only with the
29	written permission of the director.
30	(B) If the director grants a withdrawal of election, the
31	director shall impose reasonable conditions to prevent the evasion of tax or
32	to clearly reflect income for the election period before or after the
33	withdrawal.
34	(3)(A) Upon the expiration of the ten-year period, a taxpayer
35	may withdraw from the water's edge election.
36	(B) Withdrawal under this section shall be made in writing

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1	within one (1) mean of the empireties of the election
1	within one (1) year of the expiration of the election.
2	(C) Withdrawal under this section is binding for a period
3	of ten (10) years subject to the conditions that applied to the original
4	election under this section.
5	(D) If no withdrawal is properly made, the water's edge
6	election shall be in place for an additional ten-year period subject to the
7	conditions that applied to the original election under this section.
8	
9	<u>24-51-2411. Rules.</u>
10	The Director of the Department of Finance and Administration shall
11	promulgate rules to implement this subchapter.
12	
13	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 26-51-419(b), concerning deductions for
14	charitable contributions, is amended to read as follows:
15	(b) <del>The provisions of subsection</del> <u>Subsection</u> (a) of this section <del>shall</del>
16	apply applies to a corporation that files an Arkansas <del>consolidated</del>
17	<del>corporation</del> <u>combined</u> income tax return <del>pursuant to § 26-51-805, provided that</del>
18	cach member of the affiliated group shall follow the provisions of § 26-51-
19	<del>805(f) and calculate its contribution limits separately</del> <u>under the Arkansas</u>
20	<u>Small Business Tax Fairness Act, § 26-51-2401 et seq., in accordance with §</u>
21	<u>26-51-2405</u> .
22	
23	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 26-51-804(a), concerning income tax returns
24	for corporations, is amended to read as follows:
25	(a) <u>(1)</u> Every corporation subject to taxation under this act shall make
26	a return stating specifically the items of its gross income and the
27	deductions and credits allowed by this act.
28	(2) Corporations that are members of a unitary business under
29	the Arkansas Small Business Tax Fairness Act, § 26-51-2401 et seq., shall
30	file a combined return.
31	
32	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 26-51-805 is repealed.
33	<del>26-51-805, Consolidated corporate returns,</del>
34	(a)(1) All corporations which are eligible members of an affiliated
35	group as that term is defined in 26 U.S.C. § 1504(a) and (b) as of January 1,
36	1989, which affiliated group files a federal consolidated corporate income

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1	tax return pursuant to 26 U.S.C. §§ 1501-1505 as of January 1, 1989, may
2	elect to file a consolidated Arkansas corporate income tax return.
3	(2) However, only corporations in the affiliated group that have
4	gross income from sources within the State of Arkansas that is subject to
5	taxation under the provisions of the Arkansas Income Tax Act, as amended, §
6	26-51-101 et seq., shall be eligible to file consolidated corporate income
7	<del>tax returns in Arkansas.</del>
8	(b)(1) All corporations in the affiliated group which are eligible to
9	file an Arkansas consolidated income tax return must consent to, and join in,
10	the filing of the consolidated return prior to the last day for filing the
11	<del>return, as may be extended.</del>
12	(2) The making of the consolidated income tax return shall be
13	deemed as consent of each eligible corporation in the affiliated group.
14	(c) When filing an Arkansas consolidated corporate income tax return,
15	a complete copy of the federal consolidated corporate income tax return filed
16	with the federal Internal Revenue Service for that taxable year must be
17	attached to the Arkansas return.
18	<del>(d)(l) The election to file an Arkansas consolidated corporate income</del>
19	tax return for any income year shall require the filing of consolidated
20	corporate income tax returns for all subsequent income years so long as the
21	individual corporations remain members of the affiliated group unless the
22	Director of the Department of Finance and Administration consents to the
23	filing of separate returns by any members of the affiliated group.
24	(2) However, in the event that the General Assembly amends or
25	supplements the Arkansas Income Tax Act, § 26-51-101 et seq., in a manner
26	which would substantially alter the method of allocating or apportioning net
27	income or loss subject to the Arkansas Income Tax Act, § 26-51-101 et seq.,
28	or in computing the tax due from the affiliated group, then the affiliated
29	group may revoke the election to file an Arkansas consolidated corporate
30	income tax return effective for the income year to which any such change to
31	the Arkansas Income Tax Act, § 26-51-101 et seq., is effective.
32	(c) In any case of two (2) or more corporations, whether or not
33	affiliated, owned, or controlled directly or indirectly by the same
34	interests, the director may distribute, apportion, or allocate gross income,
35	deductions, credits, or allowances between or among such corporations if he
36	determines that the distribution, apportionment, or allocation is necessary

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1	in order to prevent evasion of taxes or clearly to reflect the income to any
2	such corporation. This subsection is based upon the concept of 26 U.S.C. §
3	482 as of January 1, 1989, as that section applies to corporations.
4	(f) In computing Arkansas consolidated taxable income or loss to which
5	the tax rate is applied, the separate net income or loss of each corporation
6	which is entitled to be included in the affiliated group shall be included in
7	the consolidated net income or loss to the extent that its net income or loss
8	is separately apportioned or allocated to the State of Arkansas in accordance
9	with the provisions of § 26-51-701 et seq.
10	(g) This section is specifically designed to clarify the filing of
11	consolidated corporate income tax returns with the Revenue Division of the
12	Department of Finance and Administration and is to amend the Arkansas Income
13	Tax Act, § 26-51-101 ct seq. This section is based upon the concept of filing
14	federal consolidated income tax returns.
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16	SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE. This act is effective for tax years
17	beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
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19	/s/Nickels
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