

1 State of Arkansas
2 88th General Assembly
3 Regular Session, 2011
4

As Engrossed: S3/15/11
A Bill

SENATE BILL 839

5 By: Senator Irvin
6

7 **For An Act To Be Entitled**

8 *AN ACT TO PROTECT PATIENTS BY ENSURING THAT PRIOR*
9 *AUTHORIZATION PROCEDURES DO NOT INTRUDE ON THE*
10 *PHYSICIAN-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP OR PUT COST SAVINGS*
11 *AHEAD OF OPTIMAL PATIENT CARE; TO DECLARE AN*
12 *EMERGENCY; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.*

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15 **Subtitle**

16 *TO PROTECT PATIENTS BY ENSURING THAT*
17 *PRIOR AUTHORIZATION PROCEDURES DO NOT*
18 *INTRUDE ON THE PHYSICIAN-PATIENT*
19 *RELATIONSHIP OR PUT COST SAVINGS AHEAD OF*
20 *OPTIMAL PATIENT CARE.*

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23 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
24

25 *SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 23, Chapter 99, Subchapter 4 is amended*
26 *to add an additional section to read as follows:*

27 *20-99-418. Prior authorization.*

28 *(b) As used in this section:*

29 *(1) "Fail first" means a protocol by a healthcare insurer*
30 *requiring that a healthcare service preferred by a healthcare insurer shall*
31 *fail to help a patient before the patient receives coverage for the*
32 *healthcare service ordered by the patient's healthcare provider;*

33 *(2) "Health benefit plan" means any individual, blanket, or*
34 *group plan, policy, or contract for health care services issued or delivered*
35 *by a health care insurer in the state;*

36 *(3)(A) "Healthcare insurer" means Medicaid, an insurance*



1 company, a health maintenance organization, a hospital and medical service
2 corporation, and a self-insured health plan for employees of a governmental
3 entity.

4 (B) "Healthcare insurer" does not include workers'
5 compensation plans;

6 (4) "Healthcare provider" means a doctor of medicine, a doctor
7 of osteopathy, or another health care professional acting within the scope of
8 practice for which he or she is licensed in Arkansas;

9 (5) "Healthcare service" means a health care procedure,
10 treatment, service, or product, including without limitation prescription
11 drugs and durable medical equipment ordered by a health care provider;

12 (6) "Medicaid" means the state-federal medical assistance
13 program established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1396
14 et seq;

15 (7) "Prior authorization" means the process by which a
16 healthcare insurer or a healthcare insurer's contracted private review agent
17 determines the medical necessity or medical appropriateness, or both of
18 otherwise covered healthcare services before the rendering of the healthcare
19 services including without limitation:

20 (A) Preadmission review;

21 (B) Pretreatment review;

22 (C) Utilization review;

23 (D) Case management; and

24 (E) Any requirement that a patient or healthcare provider
25 notify the healthcare insurer or a utilization review agent before providing
26 a healthcare service.

27 (8)(A) "Private review agent" means a nonhospital-affiliated
28 person or entity performing utilization review on behalf of:

29 (i) An employer of employees in the State of
30 Arkansas; or

31 (ii) A third party that provides or administers
32 hospital and medical benefits to citizens of this state, including:

33 (a) A health maintenance organization issued a
34 certificate of authority under and by virtue of the laws of the State of
35 Arkansas; and

36 (b) A health insurer, nonprofit health service

1 plan, health insurance service organization, or preferred provider
2 organization or other entity offering health insurance policies, contracts,
3 or benefits in this state.

4 (B) "Private review agent" includes a healthcare insurer
5 if the healthcare insurer performs prior authorization determinations.

6 (C) "Private review agent" does not include automobile,
7 homeowner, or casualty and commercial liability insurers or their employees,
8 agents, or contractors;

9 (9) "Step therapy" means a protocol by a healthcare insurer
10 requiring that a patient not be allowed coverage of a prescription drug
11 ordered by the patient's healthcare provider until other less expensive drugs
12 have been tried;

13 (b) The purpose of this section is to ensure that prior authorization
14 determination protocols safeguard a patient's best interests.

15 (c)(1) An adverse prior authorization determination made by a
16 utilization review agent shall be based on the medical necessity or
17 appropriateness of the health care services and shall be based on written
18 clinical criteria.

19 (2) An adverse prior authorization determination shall be made
20 by a qualified health care professional licensed in Arkansas.

21 (d) This section applies to a healthcare insurer whether or not the
22 healthcare insurer is acting directly or through a private review agent.

23 (e) If the patient or the patient's healthcare provider, or both
24 receive verbal notification of the adverse prior authorization determination,
25 the qualified healthcare professional who makes an adverse prior
26 authorization determination shall provide the information required for the
27 written notice under subdivision (f)(1) of this section.

28 (f) Written notice of an adverse prior authorization determination
29 shall be provided to the patient and the patient's healthcare provider
30 requesting the prior authorization.

31 (g) The written notice required under subsection (e) of this section
32 shall include:

33 (1)(A) The name, title, address, and telephone number of
34 healthcare professional responsible for making the adverse determination.

35 (B) For a physician, the notice shall identify the
36 physician's board certification status or board eligibility.

1 (C) The notice under this subsection shall identify each
2 state in which the health care professional is licensed and the license
3 number issued to the professional by each state;

4 (2) The written clinical criteria, and any internal rule,
5 guideline, or protocol on which the health care insurer relied when making
6 the adverse prior authorization determination and how those provisions apply
7 to the patient's specific medical circumstance;

8 (3) Information for the patient and the patient's healthcare
9 provider through which the patient or healthcare provider may request a copy
10 of any report developed by personnel performing the utilization review that
11 led to the adverse prior authorization determination; and

12 (4)(A) Information explaining to the patient and the patient's
13 healthcare provider of the right to appeal the adverse prior authorization
14 determination.

15 (B) The information required under subdivisions (f)(4)(A)
16 of this section shall include instructions concerning how an appeal may be
17 perfected and how the patient and the patient's healthcare provide may ensure
18 that written materials supporting the appeal will be considered in the appeal
19 process.

20 (h)(1) When a healthcare service for the treatment or diagnosis of any
21 medical condition is restricted or denied for use by prior authorization or
22 step therapy or a fail first protocol in favor of a healthcare service
23 preferred by the healthcare insurer, the patient's healthcare provider shall
24 have access to a clear and convenient process to expeditiously request an
25 override of that restriction or denial from the healthcare insurer.

26 (2) An override requested under subdivision (g)(1) of this
27 section shall be expeditiously granted under the following circumstances:

28 (A) The healthcare provider can demonstrate, based on
29 sound clinical evidence, that the preferred healthcare service required under
30 the prior authorization or step therapy or fail first protocol has been
31 ineffective in the treatment of the patient's disease or medical condition;
32 or

33 (B) Based on sound clinical evidence or medical and
34 scientific evidence:

35 (i) The health care provider can demonstrate that
36 the preferred healthcare service required under the prior authorization or

1 step therapy or fail first protocol is expected or likely to be ineffective
2 based on the known relevant physical or mental characteristics of the patient
3 and known characteristics of the preferred healthcare service required by the
4 healthcare insurer; or

5 (ii) The health care provider can demonstrate that
6 the preferred healthcare service required under the prior authorization or
7 step therapy or fail first protocol will be clinically ineffective because it
8 will cause or will likely cause an adverse reaction in or other physical harm
9 to the patient.

10 (3) The duration of any step therapy or fail first protocol
11 shall not be longer than a period of fourteen (14) days past the day on which
12 the treatment is deemed clinically ineffective by the patient's healthcare
13 provider under subdivision (g)(2) of this section.

14 (i) Requested healthcare services shall be deemed preauthorized if a
15 healthcare insurer fails to comply with this section.

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17 /s/Irvin
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