1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: H3/18/13 H3/27/13
2	89th General Assembly A B1II
3	Regular Session, 2013 HOUSE BILL 2146
4	
5	By: Representative Fite
6	
7	For An Act To Be Entitled
8	AN ACT REGARDING THE OFFENSE OF STALKING; TO
9	ESTABLISH CIVIL LIABILITY FOR STALKING; AND FOR OTHER
10	PURPOSES.
11	
12	
13	Subtitle
14	REGARDING THE OFFENSE OF STALKING AND TO
15	ESTABLISH CIVIL LIABILITY FOR STALKING.
16	
17	
18	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
19	
20	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § 5-71-229 is amended to read as follows:
21	5-71-229. Stalking.
22	(a)(1) A person commits stalking in the first degree if he or she
23	purposely knowingly engages in a course of conduct that harasses another
24	person and makes a terroristic threat with the intent of placing that person
25	in imminent fear of death or serious bodily injury or placing that person in
26	imminent fear of the death or serious bodily injury of his or her immediate
27	family and the person that would place a reasonable person in the victim's
28	position under emotional distress and in fear for his or her safety or a
29	third person's safety, and the actor:
30	(A) Does so in contravention of an order of protection
31	consistent with $\underline{\textit{The}}$ $\underline{\textit{the}}$ Domestic Abuse Act of 1991, § 9-15-101 et seq., or a
32	no contact order as set out in subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section,
33	protecting the same victim, or any other order issued by any court protecting
34	the same victim;
35	(B) Has been convicted within the previous ten (10) years
36	of•

- 1 (i) Stalking in the second degree; 2 (ii) *Violating* Terroristic threatening, § 5-13-301 3 or terroristic act, § 5-13-310; or 4 (iii) Stalking or threats against another person's 5 safety under the statutory provisions of any other state jurisdiction; or 6 (C) Is armed with a deadly weapon or represents by word or 7 conduct that he or she is armed with a deadly weapon. 8 (2)(A) Upon pretrial release of the defendant, a judicial 9 officer shall enter a no contact order in writing consistent with Rules 9.3 10 and 9.4 of the Arkansas Rules of Criminal Procedure and shall give notice to 11 the defendant of penalties contained in Rule 9.5 of the Arkansas Rules of 12 Criminal Procedure.
- 13 (B) This <u>The</u> no contact order remains in effect during the 14 pendency of any appeal of a conviction under <u>this</u> subsection (a) of this 15 section.
- 16 (C) The judicial officer or prosecuting attorney shall
 17 provide a copy of this the no contact order to the victim and the arresting
 18 law enforcement agency without unnecessary delay.
- 19 (D) If the judicial officer has reason to believe that
 20 mental disease or defect of the defendant will or has become an issue in the
 21 cause, the judicial officer shall enter such orders as are consistent with §
 22 5-2-305.
- (3) Stalking in the first degree is a Class B <u>C</u> felony.

 (b)(1) A person commits stalking in the second degree if he or she *purposely*knowingly engages in a course of conduct that harasses another person and
 makes a terroristic threat with the *intent purpose* of placing that person in
 imminent fear of death or serious bodily injury or placing that person in
 imminent fear of the death or serious bodily injury of his or her immediate
 family.
- 30 (2)(A) Upon pretrial release of the defendant, a judicial
 31 officer shall enter a no contact order in writing consistent with Rules 9.3
 32 and 9.4 of the Arkansas Rules of Criminal Procedure and shall give notice to
 33 the defendant of penalties contained in Rule 9.5 of the Arkansas Rules of
 34 Criminal Procedure.
- 35 (B) $\frac{This}{The}$ no contact order remains in effect during the pendency of any appeal of a conviction under this subsection (b) $\frac{of}{this}$

third person's safety.

•	
	section .
_	DCCCION.

13

- 2 (C) The judicial officer or prosecuting attorney shall 3 provide a copy of *this the* no contact order to the victim and arresting <u>law</u> 4 enforcement agency without unnecessary delay.
- 5 (D) If the judicial officer has reason to believe that 6 mental disease or defect of the defendant will or has become an issue in the cause, the judicial officer shall enter such orders as are consistent with \$ 5-2-305.
- 9 (3) Stalking in the second degree is a Class $\in \underline{D}$ felony.
- (c)(1) A person commits stalking in the third degree if he or she
 knowingly commits an act that would place a reasonable person in the victim's
 position under emotional distress and in fear for his or her safety or a
- (2)(A) Upon pretrial release of the defendant, a judicial officer
 shall enter a no contact order in writing consistent with Rules 9.3 and 9.4

 of the Arkansas Rules of Criminal Procedure and shall give notice to the
 defendant of penalties contained in Rule 9.5 of the Arkansas Rules of
 Criminal Procedure.
- 19 <u>(B) The no contact order remains in effect during the</u> 20 pendency of any appeal of a conviction under this subsection (c).
- 21 (C) The judicial officer or prosecuting attorney shall 22 provide a copy of the no contact order to the victim and arresting law 23 enforcement agency without unnecessary delay.
- (D) If the judicial officer has reason to believe that
 mental disease or defect of the defendant will or has become an issue in the
 cause, the judicial officer shall enter orders as are consistent with § 5-2305.
- (3) Stalking in the third degree is a Class A misdemeanor.

 (c)(d) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution under this section
 if the actor is a law enforcement officer, licensed private investigator,
 attorney, process server, licensed bail bondsman, or a store detective acting
 within the reasonable scope of his or her duty while conducting surveillance
 on an official work assignment.

1	(f) As used in this section:
2	(1)(A) "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed
3	of two (2) or more acts, separated by at least thirty-six (36) hours, but
4	occurring within one (1) year including without limitation an act in which
5	the actor directly, indirectly, or through a third party by any action,
6	method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, places under
7	surveillance, threatens, or communicates to or about a person or interferes
8	with a person's property.
9	(B)(i) "Course of conduct" does not include
10	constitutionally protected activity.
11	(ii) If the defendant claims that he or she was
12	engaged in a constitutionally protected activity, the court shall determine
13	the validity of that claim as a matter of law and, if found valid, shall
14	exclude that activity from evidence;
15	(2)(A) "Emotional distress" means significant mental suffering
16	or distress.
17	(B) "Emotional distress" does not require that the victim
18	sought or received medical or other professional treatment or counseling; and
19	(2)(3) "Harasses" means an act of harassment as prohibited by §
20	5-71-208 ; and.
21	(3) "Immediate family" means any spouse, parent, child, any
22	person related by consanguinity or affinity within the second degree, or any
23	other person who regularly resides in the household or who, within the prior
24	six (6) months, regularly resided in the household.
25	
26	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code Title 16 is amended to add an additional
27	chapter to read as follows:
28	CHAPTER 127 STALKER LIABILITY ACT
29	
30	<u>16-127-101. Title.</u>
31	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Stalker Liability
32	Act."
33	
34	16-127-102. Civil liability for stalking.
35	(a) A person may recover actual damages, and if applicable, punitive
36	damages, reasonable attorney's fees, and court costs against another person

1	<u>if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that another person</u>
2	knowingly engaged in a course of conduct towards the person that would place
3	a reasonable person in the person's position under emotional distress or in
4	fear for his or her safety or a third person's safety.
5	(b) The definitions at $\S 5-71-229(f)$ apply to this chapter.
6	(c) A cause of action under subdivision (a)(l) of this section may be
7	maintained whether or not the person who is alleged to have engaged in a
8	course of conduct prohibited under § 5-71-229 has been charged or convicted
9	under § 5-71-229.
10	(d) The existence or the termination of a cause of action under
11	subdivision (a)(1) of this section does not prevent the criminal prosecution
12	of a person for violation of § 5-71-229.
13	(e) A person shall commence a cause of action under subdivision (a)(1)
14	of this section against another person one (1) year or less after the most
15	recent conduct prohibited under § 5-71-229 by the other person toward the
16	aggrieved party.
17	
18	/s/Fite
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	
32	
33	
34	
35	
36	