1	State of Arkansas
2	89th General Assembly
3	Regular Session, 2013 HR 1024
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5	By: Representatives Leding, C. Armstrong, E. Armstrong, Baine, Broadaway, J. Edwards, Hawthorne,
6	Hodges, Holcomb, Julian, Kizzia, Love, Magie, McGill, Nickels, B. Overbey, Ratliff, Richey, Sabin, T.
7	Thompson, D. Whitaker
8	
9	HOUSE RESOLUTION
10	TO SUPPORT AND PROMOTE THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL
11	ADVANCEMENT OF ARKANSAS WOMEN BY ENCOURAGING THE
12	GENERAL ASSEMBLY, AND STATE, COUNTY, AND LOCAL
13	GOVERNMENTS, AND PUBLIC AND PRIVATE EMPLOYERS TO
14	IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATIONS DEVELOPED BY INTERIM
15	STUDY PROPOSAL 2011-032.
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18	Subtitle
19	TO SUPPORT AND PROMOTE THE ECONOMIC AND
20	SOCIAL ADVANCEMENT OF ARKANSAS WOMEN BY
21	ENCOURAGING IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
22	RECOMMENDATIONS DEVELOPED BY INTERIM
23	STUDY PROPOSAL 2011-032.
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26	WHEREAS, HB1911 of 2011 calling for the collection of data to
27	determine women's economic status and other issues in Arkansas was referred
28	for interim study, recognizing that based on various studies, in particular a
29	2002 Institute for Women's Policy Research report, "The Status of Women in
30	the States", that women in Arkansas fare poorly economically and that wide
31	disparities were based on gender, race, ethnicity and region-based factors;
32	and
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34	WHEREAS, the study entitled "Women's Social and Economic Status in
35	Arkansas, Interim Study Proposal 2011-032" was released in 2012 and concluded
36	that women in Arkansas fare poorly in a variety of areas including health,

1	education, human trafficking, and economic status; and
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3	WHEREAS, women's economic insecurity is exacerbated by disparities
4	between men's and women's wages; and
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6	WHEREAS, women-owned firms in Arkansas make up 24.5% of the total firms
7	in the state, 4 percentage points lower than the national rate of 28.7%; and
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9	WHEREAS, although women-owned businesses make up nearly 25% of all
10	businesses in the state, the Office of State Procurement awarded just 2.3% of
11	state contracts exceeding \$25,000 to women-owned businesses during the 2011
12	calendar year; and
13	INTERESC. Aslanda control for full binary and in the large
14	WHEREAS, Arkansas women working full-time are paid approximately 82
15 16	cents for every dollar paid to their male counterparts; and
17	WHEREAS, a lack of employment opportunities, a lack of appropriate job
18	skills and training, and a lack of adequate child care are factors that
19	affect women's employment opportunities; and
20	arrect women b emproyment opportunities, and
21	WHEREAS, the common public perception that prostitution is a victimless
22	crime has led to Arkansas's human trafficking problem being a low priority
23	for law enforcement and too few resources being dedicated to eradicating
24	prostitution or responding to incidents involving commercial sex where actors
25	are believed to be adults; and
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27	WHEREAS, the study found that the public stigma placed on reputed
28	"prostitutes" inhibits victim reporting, and prevents a closer look into the
29	circumstances surrounding each individual's involvement in the commercial sex
30	industry and the discovery of forced or coerced participation; and
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32	WHEREAS, women in nearly a quarter of Arkansas counties are expected to
33	die younger than they were a generation ago; and
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35	WHEREAS, the health of Arkansas women is threatened by a number of
36	factors, including, but not limited to: high rates of heart disease, stroke,

1	cancer, lung disease, and obesity; and
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3	WHEREAS, women in Arkansas face poverty-related barriers to their good
4	health and well-being, including lack of support to consumers to navigate the
5	health care system, lack of insurance options, lack of evidence-based
6	substance abuse and mental health treatment, and workforce shortages in
7	primary care and dental care; and
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9	WHEREAS, a majority of non-elderly adults receiving Medicaid in
10	Arkansas are women; and
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12	WHEREAS, among Arkansas adults, 20% read at or below the 5th-grade
13	level, hindering health literacy and the ability to understand and use
14	information in health-promoting ways; and
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16	WHEREAS, Arkansas ranks among the lowest in the United States in the
17	percentage of women 25 years of age or older with a bachelor's degree,
18	leading
19	to fewer job opportunities and lower earning potential for women; and
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21	WHEREAS, the subjects young women are encouraged to study is important
22	in determining the jobs that Arkansas women eventually will pursue; and
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24	WHEREAS, only 7% of female professionals are employed in the relatively
25	high-paying computer and engineering fields, compared to 38% of men; and
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27	WHEREAS, in spite of inroads made towards equality in collegiate
28	athletics under Title IX, female student-athletes do not receive the same
29	level of financial support as male student-athletes; and
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31	WHEREAS, women hold far fewer leadership positions at all levels of the
32	education spectrum, from elementary school through college; and
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34	WHEREAS, based on its findings, the study recommends that the General
35	Assembly:
36	(1) Pass a paid family leave law for parents;

- 1 (2) Pass legislation requiring the Office of State Procurement 2 and procurement offices in state agencies to revise their contracting and 3 purchasing policies to provide more contracting opportunities for women-owned 4 businesses by creating a program to set aside certain state contracts as 5 specifically for women-owned businesses; 6 (3) Require businesses seeking contracts with state agencies to 7 demonstrate their commitment to identifying and combating pay inequality and 8 job segregation by sex; 9 (4) Implement pay equity reforms and create a Pay Equity Task 10 Force to provide recommendations for achieving pay equity among public and 11 private employers and to study sections of the proposed federal Paycheck 12 Fairness legislation on training, negotiation skills, research, education, 13 and outreach; 14 (5) Reinstate the Arkansas Women's Commission for the purposes 15 of: 16 (A) Developing a permanent advisory council on poverty 17 reduction and economic opportunity to coordinate efforts to reduce poverty in 18 Arkansas and evaluate the progress and effectiveness of anti-poverty initiatives; and 19 20 (B) Establishing a consumer advisory council to identify 21 policy changes and areas for improvement in the state's processes for 22 awarding and distributing public health benefits; 23 (6) Support meaningful human trafficking reforms; 24 Support school-based community health centers to: (7) 25 (A) Expand to include targeted wellness services for women 26 in the communities served, especially Medicaid-eligible services for women; 27 (B) Expand mental health services at existing school-based 28 community health centers; 29 Promote and develop health literacy; (C) 30 (D) Collect and analyze data for feasibility studies to be 31 presented to designated legislative committees for further recommendations; 32 and 33
 - (E) Establish a center for health literacy to coordinate and fund activities that improve health literacy in Arkansas;
- 35 (8) Support data collection and research in which the Arkansas 36 Public School Resource Center, the Department of Education, and the

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2	data on educational performance and graduation rates; and
3	(9) Support education initiatives designed to improve quality
4	education for female students in Arkansas, pre-kindergarten through higher
5	education by:
6	(A) Promoting parent involvement, opportunities for female
7	students to learn and excel in historically male-dominated fields of study,
8	sports participation, and the inclusion of women's history and accomplishment
9	in school curricula; and
10	(B) Encouraging the expansion of junior and senior
11	counseling opportunities for female students to learn about existing and
12	emerging fields of study and jobs with economic potential that traditionally
13	have been associated with males, recruitment efforts of women in male-
14	dominated fields of study by the state's higher education institutions, and
15	an increase in emphasis on partnerships between two-year and four-year higher
16	educational institutions and local high schools to foster learning
17	opportunities for female students in historically male-dominated fields of
18	study,
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21	NOW, THEREFORE,
22	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE EIGHTY-NINTH GENERAL
23	ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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25	THAT the House of Representatives strongly supports the recommendations
26	to the General Assembly found in the report entitled "Women's Social and
27	Economic Status in Arkansas, Interim Study Proposal 2011-032", and supports
28	and promotes the economic and social advancement of Arkansas women by
29	encouraging the General Assembly, state, county, and local governments, and
30	public and private employers to implement the recommendations of the report.
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Department of Higher Education collect and publicly report gender-specific