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2		GENTATE DILL 1110
3		SENATE BILL 1119
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22	2 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKAI	NSAS:
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24	4 SECTION 1. DO NOT CODIFY. <u>Legislative findings.</u>	
25	5 The General Assembly finds that it is a compelling s	tate interest to
26	6 enforce the criminal laws of the State of Arkansas through	the provisions of
27	7 <u>this act.</u>	
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29	9 SECTION 2. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 123, is	amended to add an
30	0 additional subchapter to read as follows:	
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32	2 <u>Subchapter 4 - Religious Freedom Restoration</u>	n Act
33	3	
34	4 <u>16-123-401. Title.</u>	
35	5 This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the	ne "Religious
36	6 Freedom Restoration Act".	

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2	16-123-402. Definitions.	
3	As used in this subchapter:	
4	(1)(A) "Burden" means to prevent, inhibit, or curtail	
5	religiously motivated practice consistent with a sincerely held religious	
6	<pre>belief.</pre>	
7	(B) "Burden" includes an indirect burden including without	
8	limitation withholding benefits, assessing penalties, or an exclusion from	
9	programs or access to facilities;	
10	(2) "Demonstrates" means meets the burdens of going forward with	
11	the evidence and of persuasion under the standard of clear and convincing	
12	<pre>evidence;</pre>	
13	(3) "Exercise of religion" means the exercise of sincerely held	
14	religious beliefs guaranteed by:	
15	(A) This subchapter;	
16	(B) Arkansas Constitution, Article 2, §§ 24-26; or	
17	(C) The First Amendment to the United States Constitution;	
18	(4) "Fraudulent claim" means a claim that is dishonest in fact	
19	or that is made principally for a patently improper purpose including without	
20	limitation to harass the opposing party;	
21	(5) "Frivolous claim" means a claim that completely lacks merit	
22	under existing law and cannot be supported by a good faith argument for the	
23	extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the establishment of	
24	new law;	
25	(6) "Government entity" means:	
26	(A) A branch, department, agency, board, commission, or	
27	other instrumentality of:	
28	(i) State government; or	
29	(ii) A political subdivision of the state; or	
30	(B) An official or other person acting under color of	
31	state law; and	
32	(7) "Prevails" means to obtain prevailing party status as	
33	defined by courts construing the federal Civil Rights Attorney's Fees Awards	
34	Act of 1976, 42 U.S.C. § 1988.	
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36	16-123-403. Religious freedom preserved.	

1	(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a government	
2	entity shall not burden a person's free exercise of religion through the	
3	enforcement of a rule of general applicability or otherwise.	
4	(b) A government entity shall not burden a person's free exercise of	
5	religion unless it demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that	
6	application of the burden to the person and the specific act or refusal to	
7	act is:	
8	(1) Essential to further a compelling governmental interest; and	
9	(2) The least restrictive means of furthering the compelling	
10	governmental interest.	
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12	16-123-404. Construction and applicability.	
13	This subchapter does not:	
14	(1) Authorize a government entity to burden a religious belief;	
15	(2) Affect, interpret, or in any way address those portions of	
16	this subchapter, Article 2, §§ 24-26, of the Arkansas Constitution or the	
17	First Amendment to the United States Constitution that prohibit laws	
18	respecting the establishment of religion; or	
19	(3) Prohibit a grant of government funds, benefits, or	
20	exemptions to the extent permissible under those portions of this subchapter,	
21	Article 2, §§ 24-26, of the Arkansas Constitution or the First Amendment to	
22	the United States Constitution that prohibit laws respecting the	
23	establishment of religion.	
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25	16-123-405. Remedies and penalties.	
26	(a)(1) A person whose exercise of religion has been burdened by a	
27	government entity in violation of this subchapter may in any judicial or	
28	administrative proceeding before a court or other tribunal of competent	
29	jurisdiction assert the violation as a claim or defense.	
30	(2) The court or tribunal may grant any combination of	
31	declaratory relief, injunctive relief, and monetary damages deemed	
32	appropriate for the violation.	
33	(b) A person who prevails against a government entity in any	
34	proceeding to enforce this subchapter may recover reasonable costs and	
35	attorney's fees.	
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1	16-123-406. Exemptions.
2	The Department of Correction is exempt from this subchapter.
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