1 2	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: \$3/28/13 \$4/16/13 89th General Assembly As Engrossed: \$3/28/13 \$4/16/13
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3 4	Regular Session, 2013SENATE BILL 1164
4 5	By: Senator Rapert
6	By Schator Rapert
7	For An Act To Be Entitled
8	AN ACT TO PROVIDE LEGAL STANDING AND NOTIFICATION TO
9	MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND THE LEGISLATIVE
10	COUNCIL CONCERNING A CONSTITUTIONAL CHALLENGE TO OR
11	THE INTERPRETATION OF CERTAIN ARKANSAS LAWS; AND FOR
12	OTHER PURPOSES.
13	
14	
15	Subtitle
16	TO PROVIDE LEGAL STANDING AND
17	NOTIFICATION TO MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL
18	ASSEMBLY AND THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
19	CONCERNING A CONSTITUTIONAL CHALLENGE TO
20	OR THE INTERPRETATION OF CERTAIN ARKANSAS
21	LAWS.
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23	
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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26	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 10, Chapter 1, is amended to add
27	additional subchapters to read as follows:
28	<u>Subchapter 1 — General Provisions [Reserved]</u>
29	
30	<u>Subchapter 2 — Judicial Proceedings Legislative Standing and</u>
31	<u>Intervention Act</u>
32	
33	<u>10-1-201. Title.</u>
34	This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Judicial
35	Proceedings Legislative Standing and Intervention Act".
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SB1164

1	<u> 10-1-202. Findings — Declaration of public policy — Legislative</u>
2	<u>intent.</u>
3	(a) The General Assembly finds that:
4	(1) The proper interpretation, implementation, and
5	administration of the constitution and laws of the state are matters of great
6	public interest and significant and distinct importance to the General
7	<u>Assembly;</u>
8	(2) Separate, distinct, and distinguishable from the general
9	public, a member has:
10	(A) A plain, direct, and adequate interest in maintaining
11	the effectiveness of the votes for an act; and
12	(B) An informed, direct, personal, and official stake in
13	ensuring the proper interpretation and administration of an act;
14	(3) There are times when the state is best served by permitting
15	a member to present arguments to defend or assert the constitutionality of an
16	<u>act;</u>
17	(4) The perspective provided by a member would be beneficial to
18	the court in determining the constitutionality of an act;
19	(5) No harm will result by permitting a member the right to
20	facilitate the proper disposition of cases involving the constitutionality of
21	<u>an act; and</u>
22	(6) If a circumstance described in § 10-1-204 exists, the
23	state's interests can be adequately represented only by authorizing a member
24	in his or her official capacity to intervene as a matter of right, defend, or
25	prosecute a judicial proceeding concerning the constitutionality of an act.
26	(b) For the reasons stated in subsection (a) of this section and to
27	promote the proper interpretation, implementation, and administration of
28	state law and to ensure adequate representation, the General Assembly
29	declares that it is the public policy of this state and the intent of this
30	subchapter to allow a member legal standing in the member's official capacity
31	as a matter of right to advocate or defend the constitutionality of an act in
32	<u>a judicial proceeding.</u>
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34	<u>10-1-203. Definitions.</u>
35	<u>As used in this subchapter:</u>
36	(1) "Act" means all or part of a law enacted by the General

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1	Assembly; and
2	(2) "Member" means a member of the General Assembly who is the:
3	(A) Speaker of the House of Representatives;
4	(B) President Pro Tempore of the Senate;
5	(C) Lead sponsor of an act in the House of
6	Representatives; or
7	(D) Lead sponsor of an act in the Senate.
8	
9	<u>10-1-204. Legislative standing and intervention rights.</u>
10	<u>At any stage of a judicial proceeding, a member has, as a matter of</u>
11	right, standing in the member's official capacity and the right to intervene
12	in the judicial proceeding to assert, defend, or establish the
13	<u>constitutionality of an act if:</u>
14	(1) The act became law after the act was vetoed by the Governor;
15	(2) The constitutionality of the act is formally or informally
16	questioned by the Attorney General; or
17	(3) The Attorney General for any reason fails or refuses to:
18	(A) File in a judicial proceeding a responsive pleading to
19	defend the constitutionality of the act;
20	(B) Enter an appearance or file an appeal in a judicial
21	proceeding concerning the constitutionality of the act;
22	(C) File a responsive pleading or brief to defend the
23	constitutionality of the act; or
24	(D) Present appropriate evidence to support or rebut a
25	claim concerning the constitutionality of the act.
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27	<u>10-1-205. Applicability.</u>
28	This subchapter does not:
29	(1) Supersede a law or constitutional provision concerning the
30	authority of the Attorney General to perform the duties of his or her office;
31	<u>or</u>
32	(2) Prevent the Attorney General from performing the duties of
33	his or her office.
34	
35	/s/Rapert
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