1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: \$1/31/13 \$2/14/13 \$2/26/13 \$3/5/13
2	89th General Assembly A Bill
3	Regular Session, 2013 SENATE BILL 65
4	
5	By: Senators J. Key, Holland, Bledsoe, A. Clark, J. Hendren, Irvin, Rapert
6	By: Representatives Biviano, D. Altes, Barnett, Carnine, Cozart, Dale, D. Douglas, Hutchison, Lowery,
7	Scott, Slinkard
8	
9	For An Act To Be Entitled
10	AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE PUBLIC SCHOOL CHOICE ACT OF
11	2013; TO REPEAL THE PUBLIC SCHOOL CHOICE ACT OF 1989;
12	TO DECLARE AN EMERGENCY; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
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15	Subtitle
16	TO ESTABLISH THE PUBLIC SCHOOL CHOICE ACT
17	OF 2013; AND TO DECLARE AN EMERGENCY.
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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22	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § 6-18-206 is repealed.
23	6-18-206. Public school choice.
24	(a)(1) This section may be referred to and cited as the "Arkansas
25	Public School Choice Act of 1989".
26	(2) The General Assembly finds that the students in Arkansas's
27	public schools and their parents will become more informed about and involved
28	in the public educational system if students and their parents or guardians
29	are provided greater freedom to determine the most effective school for
30	meeting their individual educational needs. There is no right school for
31	every student, and permitting students to choose from among different schools
32	with differing assets will increase the likelihood that some marginal
33	students will stay in school and that other, more motivated students will
34	find their full academic potential.
35	(3) The General Assembly further finds that giving more options
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S	chool will increase the responsiveness and effectiveness of the state's
s	chools since teachers, administrators, and school board members will have
a	dded incentive to satisfy the educational needs of the students who reside
<u>i</u>	n the district.
	(4) The General Assembly therefore finds that these benefits of
e.	nhanced quality and effectiveness in our public schools justify permitting a
s	tudent to apply for admission to a school in any district beyond the one in
177	hich the student resides, provided that the transfer by this student would
n	ot adversely affect the desegregation of either district.
	(5) A public school choice program is hereby established to
e	nable any student to attend a school in a district in which the student does
n	ot reside, subject to the restrictions contained in this section.
	(b)(l)(A) Before a student may attend a school in a nonresident
d .	istrict, the student's parent or guardian must submit an application on a
£	orm approved by the Department of Education to the nonresident district by
s	ubmitting the application to the superintendent of the school district.
T	his application must be postmarked not later than July 1 of the year in
₩.	hich the student would begin the fall semester at the nonresident district.
	(B)(i) Within thirty (30) days of the receipt of an
a	pplication from a nonresident student seeking admission under the terms of
ŧ	his section, the superintendent of the nonresident district shall notify the
P	arent or guardian and the resident district in writing as to whether the
s	tudent's application has been accepted or rejected.
	(ii) If the application is rejected, the
s	uperintendent of the nonresident district must state in the notification
1	etter the reason for rejection.
	(iii) If the application is accepted, the
S	uperintendent of the nonresident district shall state in the notification
1	etter;
	(a) An absolute deadline for the student to
e	nroll in the district, or the acceptance notification is null; and
	(b) Any instructions for the renewal
P	rocedures established by the district.
	(iv)(a) Any student who accepts a school choice
ŧ.	ransfer may return to his or her resident district during the course of the
s	chool year.

1	(b) If a transferred student returns to his or
2	her resident district during the school year, the student's transfer is
3	voided, and the student shall reapply for any future transfer.
4	(2)(A) The school board of directors of every public school
5	district must adopt by resolution specific standards for acceptance and
6	rejection of applications. Standards may include the capacity of a program,
7	class, grade level, or school building. Nothing in this section requires a
8	school district to add teachers, staff, or classrooms or in any way to exceed
9	the requirements and standards established by existing law. Standards shall
10	include a statement that priority will be given to applications from siblings
11	or stepsiblings residing in the same residence or household of students
12	already attending the district by choice. Standards may not include an
13	applicant's previous academic achievement, athletic or other extracurricular
14	ability, handicapping conditions, English proficiency level, or previous
15	disciplinary proceedings except that an expulsion from another district may
16	be included pursuant to § 6-18-510.
17	(B)(i) Any student who applies for a transfer under this
18	section and is denied a transfer by the nonresident district may request a
19	hearing before the State Board of Education to reconsider the transfer.
20	(ii) A request for a hearing before the state board
21	shall be in writing and shall be postmarked no later than ten (10) days after
22	notice of rejection of the application under subdivision (b)(1)(B) of this
23	section is received by the student.
24	(3) Each school district shall participate in public school
25	choice consistent with this section.
26	(c) The responsibility for transportation of a student from the
27	student's resident school district to a nonresident school district shall be
28	borne by the student or the student's parents. The nonresident school
29	district may enter into a written agreement with the student, the student's
30	parents, or the resident school district to provide transportation to or from
31	any place in the resident district to the nonresident district, or both.
32	(d)(1) A nonresident district shall accept credits toward graduation
33	that were awarded by another district.
34	(2) The nonresident district shall award a diploma to a
35	nonresident student if the student meets the nonresident district's
36	graduation requirements.

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           (c) For purposes of determining a school district's state equalization
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    aid, the nonresident student shall be counted as a part of the average daily
    membership of the district to which the student has transferred.
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           (f) The provisions of this section and all student choice options
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     created in this section are subject to the following limitations:
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                 (1) No student may transfer to a nonresident district where the
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    percentage of enrollment for the student's race exceeds that percentage in
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    the student's resident district except in the circumstances set forth in
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     subdivisions (f)(2) and (3) of this section;
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                 (2)(A) A transfer to a district is exempt from the restriction
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    set forth in subdivision (f)(1) of this section if the transfer is between
    two (2) districts within a county and if the minority percentage in the
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    student's race and majority percentages of school enrollment in both the
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    resident and nonresident district remain within an acceptable range of the
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    county's overall minority percentage in the student's race and majority
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    percentages of school population as set forth by the department.
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                       (B)(i) By the filing deadline each year, the department
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    shall compute the minority percentage in the student's race and majority
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    percentages of each county's public school population from the October Annual
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    School Report and shall then compute the acceptable range of variance from
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     those percentages for school districts within each county.
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                             (ii)(a) In establishing the acceptable range of
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    variance, the department is directed to use the remedial guideline
    established in Little Rock School District v. Pulaski County Special School
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    District of allowing an overrepresentation or underrepresentation of black or
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    white students of one-fourth (1/2) or twenty-five percent (25%) of the county's
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    racial balance.
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                                   (b) In establishing the acceptable range of
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    variance for school choice, the department is directed to use the remedial
    guideline of allowing an overrepresentation or underrepresentation of
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    minority or majority students of one-fourth (%) or twenty-five percent (25%)
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     of the county's racial balance;
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                 (3) A transfer is exempt from the restriction set forth in
    subdivision (f)(1) of this section if each school district affected by the
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    transfer does not have a critical mass of minority percentage in the
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    student's race of more than ten percent (10%) of any single race;
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1	(4) In any instance in which the provisions of this subsection
2	would result in a conflict with a desegregation court order or a district's
3	court-approved desegregation plan, the terms of the order or plan shall
4	govern;
5	(5) The department shall adopt appropriate rules and regulations
6	to implement the provisions of this section; and
7	(6) The department shall monitor school districts for compliance
8	with this section.
9	(g) The state board shall be authorized to resolve disputes arising
10	under subsections (b)-(f) of this section.
11	(h) The superintendent of the district shall cause public
12	announcements to be made over the broadcast media and in the print media at
13	such times and in such a manner as to inform parents or guardians of students
14	in adjoining districts of the availability of the program, the application
15	deadline, and the requirements and procedure for nonresident students to
16	participate in the program.
17	(i)(1) All superintendents of school districts shall report to the
18	Equity Assistance Center on an annual basis the race, gender, and other
19	pertinent information needed to properly monitor compliance with the
20	provisions of this section.
21	(2) The reports may be on those forms that are prescribed by the
22	department, or the data may be submitted electronically by the district using
23	a format authorized by the department.
24	(3) The department may withhold state aid from any school
25	district that fails to file its report each year or fails to file any other
26	information with a published deadline requested from school districts by the
27	Equity Assistance Center so long as thirty (30) calendar days are given
28	between the request for the information and the published deadline except
29	when the request comes from a member or committee of the General Assembly.
30	(4) A copy of the report shall be provided to the Joint Interim
31	Oversight Committee on Educational Reform.
32	(j)(1) The department shall develop a proposed set of rules as it
33	determines is necessary or desirable to amend the provisions of this section.
34	(2) The department shall present the proposed rules in written
35	form to the House Interim Committee on Education and the Senate Interim
36	Committee on Education by October 1, 2006, for review and consideration by

1 the committees for possible amendments to this section and to the Arkansas 2 Public School Choice Program by the Eighty-sixth General Assembly. 3 4 SECTION 2. Arkansas Code Title 6, Chapter 18, Subchapter 2, is amended 5 to add an additional section to read as follows: 6 6-18-231. Public school choice. 7 (a) This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Public School 8 Choice Act of 2013". 9 (b) The General Assembly finds that: 10 (1) The students in Arkansas's public schools and their parents will become more informed about and involved in the public educational system 11 12 if students and their parents or guardians are provided greater freedom to determine the most effective school for meeting their individual educational 13 14 needs. There is no right school for every student, and permitting students to choose from among different schools with differing assets will increase 15 the likelihood that some at-risk students will stay in school and that other, 16 17 more motivated students will find their full academic potential; 18 (2) Giving more options to parents and students with respect to 19 where the students attend public school will increase the responsiveness and 20 effectiveness of the state's schools because teachers, administrators, and 21 school board members will have added incentive to satisfy the educational 22 needs of the students who reside in the district; and 23 (3) These benefits of enhanced quality and effectiveness in our public schools justify permitting a student to apply for admission to a 24 25 school in any school district beyond the one in which the student resides, provided that the transfer by the student does not conflict with an 26 27 enforceable judicial decree or court order remedying the effects of past 28 racial segregation in the school district. 29 (c) A public school choice program is hereby established to enable any student to attend a school in a district in which the student does not 30 reside, subject to the restrictions contained in this section. 31 (d)(1)(A) If a student seeks to attend a school in a nonresident 32 district, the student's parent or guardian shall submit an application on a 33 form approved by the Department of Education to the superintendent of the 34 35 nonresident school district not later than July 1 of the year in which the 36 student seeks to begin the fall semester at the nonresident district.

1	(B)(i) Within thirty (30) days of the receipt of an
2	application from a nonresident student seeking admission under this section,
3	the superintendent of the nonresident district shall notify the parent or
4	guardian and the resident district in writing as to whether the student's
5	application has been accepted or rejected.
6	(ii) If the application is rejected, the
7	superintendent of the nonresident district shall state in the notification
8	letter the reason for rejection.
9	(iii) If the application is accepted, the
10	superintendent of the nonresident district shall state in the notification
11	<u>letter:</u>
12	(a) A deadline for the student to enroll in
13	the district, after which the acceptance notification is null; and
14	(b) Instructions for the renewal procedures
15	established by the district.
16	(iv)(a) A student may accept only one (1) school
17	choice transfer per school year.
18	(b) If a transferred student seeks to return to
19	his or her resident district, the student shall not return to the resident
20	school district until the next school year.
21	(c) If a transferred student returns to his or
22	her resident district, the student's transfer is voided, and the student
23	shall reapply if seeking a future school choice transfer
24	(2)(A)(i) The board of directors of a public school district
25	shall adopt by resolution specific standards for acceptance and rejection of
26	applications. Standards may include the capacity of a program, class, grade
27	<u>level, or school building.</u>
28	(ii) This section does not require a school district
29	to add teachers, staff, or classrooms or to exceed the requirements and
30	standards established by existing law.
31	(iii) Standards shall include a statement that
32	priority will be given to applications from siblings or stepsiblings residing
33	in the same household of students already attending the district by choice.
34	(iv) Standards may not include an applicant's
35	previous academic achievement, athletic or other extracurricular ability,
36	disability. English proficiency level, or previous disciplinary proceedings

2	<u>510.</u>
3	(v) A school district receiving transfers under this
4	act shall not discriminate on the basis of gender, national origin, race,
5	ethnicity, religion, disability, or academic or athletic eligibility.
6	(B)(i) A student who is denied a transfer under this
7	section by the nonresident district may request a hearing before the State
8	Board of Education to reconsider the transfer.
9	(ii) A request for a hearing before the state board
10	shall be in writing and shall be postmarked no later than ten (10) days after
11	the student receives a notice of rejection under subdivision (d)(1)(B) of
12	this section is received by the student.
13	(3) A school district shall participate in public school choice
14	under this section.
15	(e)(1) Transportation of a student from the student's resident school
16	district to a nonresident school district is the responsibility of the
17	student.
18	(2) The nonresident school district may enter into a written
19	agreement with the student, the student's parents, or the resident school
20	district to provide transportation to or from any place in the resident
21	district to the nonresident district.
22	(f)(1) A nonresident district shall accept credits toward graduation
23	that were awarded by the resident district or another district.
24	(2) The nonresident district shall award a diploma to a
25	nonresident student if the student meets the nonresident district's
26	graduation requirements.
27	(g) For purposes of determining a school district's state foundation
28	funding aid, the nonresident student shall be counted as a part of the
29	average daily membership of the district to which the student has
30	transferred.
31	(h) The state board may resolve disputes arising under subsections (d)
32	and (e) of this section.
33	(i) A school district shall make public announcements over the
34	broadcast media and in the print media to inform parents or guardians of
35	students in adjoining districts of the availability of the program, the
36	application deadline, and the requirements and procedure for nonresident

1 <u>except that an expulsion from another district may be included under § 6-18-</u>

1	students to participate in the program.
2	(j) If this section results in a conflict with an enforceable judicial
3	decree or court order remedying the effects of past racial segregation, the
4	enforceable judicial decree or court order shall govern.
5	(k) The transfer of a student under the Arkansas Public School Choice
6	Act of 1989, § 6-18-206 [repealed], is not voided by this section and shall
7	be treated as a transfer under this section.
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9	SECTION 3 EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the General
10	Assembly of the State of Arkansas that certain provisions of the Arkansas
11	Public School Choice Act of 1989, § 6-18-206, have been found to be
12	unconstitutional by a federal court; that thousands of public school students
13	are currently attending public schools in nonresident school districts under
14	that law; that there is now uncertainty about the viability of those
15	transfers and future transfers; that this act repeals the disputed provisions
16	of that law while preserving the opportunity for public school choice; and
17	that this act is immediately necessary to resolve the uncertainty in the law
18	before the 2013-2014 school year and preserve existing student transfers.
19	Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist, and this act being immediately
20	necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, and safety shall
21	become effective on:
22	(1) The date of its approval by the Governor;
23	(2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor,
24	the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the
25	<u>bill; or</u>
26	(3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is
27	overridden, the date the last house overrides the veto.
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29	/s/J. Key
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