

1 State of Arkansas  
2 91st General Assembly  
3 Regular Session, 2017  
4

# A Bill

HOUSE BILL 1007

5 By: Representatives Tucker, V. Flowers, D. Ferguson, Leding, Sabin, D. Whitaker  
6 By: Senators K. Ingram, Elliott, L. Chesterfield, U. Lindsey, Maloch, E. Cheatham, S. Flowers  
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## For An Act To Be Entitled

9 AN ACT TO PROTECT CITIZENS WHO ARE VICTIMS OF  
10 JUDICIAL ETHICS VIOLATIONS; TO CREATE A CAUSE OF  
11 ACTION AGAINST JUDGES AND JUSTICES WHO HAVE BEEN  
12 CONVICTED OF CERTAIN OFFENSES; TO CREATE AN EXCEPTION  
13 TO JUDICIAL IMMUNITY; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.  
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## Subtitle

16 TO PROTECT CITIZENS WHO ARE VICTIMS OF  
17 JUDICIAL ETHICS VIOLATIONS; TO CREATE A  
18 CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST JUDGES AND  
19 JUSTICES WHO HAVE BEEN CONVICTED OF  
20 CERTAIN OFFENSES; AND TO CREATE AN  
21 EXCEPTION TO JUDICIAL IMMUNITY.  
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25 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:  
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27 SECTION 1. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 106, Subchapter 1, is  
28 amended to add an additional section to read as follows:

29 16-106-111. Exception to judicial immunity.

30 (a) The General Assembly finds that:

31 (1) The common law doctrine of judicial immunity from civil suit  
32 has been accepted by the courts under Peterson v. Judges of Jefferson County  
33 Circuit Court, 2014 Ark. 228 (per curiam) and Pierson v. Ray, 386 U.S. 547  
34 (1967), and is state law; and

35 (2) An exception to this blanket grant of judicial immunity is  
36 necessary to protect the public from certain criminal and unethical acts



1 committed by judges and justices.

2 (b) A person who has had an adverse decision against him or her in a  
3 court in this state may file a claim in the circuit court with jurisdiction  
4 against a judge or justice who made the adverse decision in the judge or  
5 justice's individual capacity:

6 (1) If the judge or justice:

7 (A) Made or influenced the adverse decision as a result of  
8 bribery;

9 (B) Has been found guilty of, or pleaded guilty to, nolo  
10 contendere to, or the equivalent of nolo contendere to, a criminal offense  
11 for conduct constituting bribery in any state or federal court; and

12 (C) The bribery conviction described in subdivision  
13 (b)(1)(B) of this section resulted from the conduct described in subdivision  
14 (b)(1)(A) of this section; or

15 (2) If the judge or justice:

16 (A) Made or influenced the adverse decision as a result of  
17 bribery;

18 (B) Has been fined, removed, or otherwise disciplined by  
19 the Supreme Court or the Judicial Discipline and Disability Commission for  
20 conduct constituting bribery; and

21 (C) The fine, removal, or other disciplinary action for  
22 conduct constituting bribery described in subdivision (b)(2)(B) of this  
23 section resulted from the conduct described in subdivision (b)(2)(A) of this  
24 section.

25 (c) A person is entitled to the following remedies if he or she  
26 prevails on a claim under subsection (b) of this section:

27 (1) Costs;

28 (2) Damages, including without limitation punitive damages; and

29 (3) Attorney's fees.

30 (d) The statute of limitations for a cause of action under this  
31 section:

32 (1) Is three (3) years;

33 (2) Begins to run the day the judge or justice is found guilty  
34 of, or pleads guilty to, nolo contendere to, or the equivalent of nolo  
35 contendere to, a criminal offense for conduct constituting bribery in any  
36 state or federal court, if the claim is brought under subdivision (b)(1) of

1 this section; and

2 (3) Begins to run the day the disciplinary decision by the  
 3 Supreme Court or Judicial Discipline and Disability Commission is issued and  
 4 made public, if the claim is brought under subdivision (b)(2) of this  
 5 section.

6 (e) If a cause of action is timely filed under this section and the  
 7 judge or justice is deceased at the time of the filing or dies during the  
 8 pendency of the action, the person filing the cause of action may proceed  
 9 against the estate of the judge or justice.

10 (f) As used in this section:

11 (1) "Bribery" means giving, offering, accepting, or agreeing to  
 12 accept money or any other benefit, financial or otherwise, for the purpose of  
 13 affecting the outcome of a court proceeding or decision; and

14 (2) "Person" means any individual, corporation, business trust,  
 15 estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint  
 16 venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality,  
 17 public corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity.

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