| 1 | State of Arkansas | A Bill | |
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| 2 | 91st General Assembly | A DIII | |
| 3 | Regular Session, 2017 | | HOUSE BILL 1551 |
| 4 | | | D . |
| 5 | | D. Meeks, Gonzales, Bentley, Pilkington, Ballin | ger, Dotson |
| 6 | By: Senator Hester | | |
| 7 | | For An Act To Be Entitled | |
| 8 | AN ACT TO C | REATE THE RIGHT TO ENGAGE IN A LAWF | TTT |
| 9 | | TO STIMULATE JOB CREATION AND ECON | |
| 10 11 | · | WHILE PRESERVING HEALTH AND SAFETY | |
| 12 | | TO DECLARE AN EMERGENCY; AND FOR OT | |
| 13 | PURPOSES. | TO DECLARE AN EMERGENCI; AND FOR OI. | IIEK |
| 14 | TORTOBES. | | |
| 15 | | | |
| 16 | | Subtitle | |
| 17 | TO ST | IMULATE JOB CREATION AND ECONOMIC | |
| 18 | DEVELO | OPMENT WHILE PRESERVING HEALTH AND | |
| 19 | SAFETY | Y STANDARDS; AND TO DECLARE AN | |
| 20 | EMERGI | ENCY. | |
| 21 | | | |
| 22 | | | |
| 23 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE GE | NERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKA | NSAS: |
| 24 | | | |
| 25 | SECTION 1. Arkan | sas Code Title ll is amended to add | an additional |
| 26 | chapter to read as foll | .ows: | |
| 27 | | <u>Chapter 16</u> | |
| 28 | | RIGHT TO A LAWFUL OCCUPATION | |
| 29 | | | |
| 30 | 11-16-101. Purpo | ose — Construction. | |
| 31 | (a) The purpose | of this chapter is to: | |
| 32 | (1) Ensure | that a person may pursue a lawful | occupation free |
| 33 | from unnecessary regula | tion; and | |
| 34 | (2) Protec | t against the misuse of occupationa | l regulations to |
| 35 | | increase prices to consumers. | |
| 36 | (b) This chapter | does not: | |

| 1 | (1) Repeal any portion of current law concerning the regulation |
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| 2 | of occupations and professions; |
| 3 | (2) Sanction the illegal practice of a licensed occupation; or |
| 4 | (3) Change the scope of practice generally for any profession, |
| 5 | occupation, or class of healthcare provider. |
| 6 | (c) This chapter shall: |
| 7 | (1) Be construed liberally to protect the right to engage in a |
| 8 | lawful occupation established in this chapter; and |
| 9 | (2) Not be construed to provide a presumption in favor of the |
| 10 | <pre>government regarding:</pre> |
| 11 | (A) The relationship between an occupational regulation |
| 12 | and the government's important interest in protecting against harm to the |
| 13 | public health or safety; or |
| 14 | (B) Whether the occupational regulation is the least |
| 15 | restrictive means of furthering a government's important interest in |
| 16 | protecting against present and recognizable harm to the public health or |
| 17 | <u>safety.</u> |
| 18 | |
| 19 | 11-16-102. Definitions. |
| 20 | As used in this chapter: |
| 21 | (1) "Lawful occupation" means a course of conduct, pursuit, or |
| 22 | profession that includes the sale of goods or services that are not |
| 23 | illegal to sell regardless of whether the person selling them is subject |
| 24 | to an occupational regulation; |
| 25 | (2) "Occupational regulation" means a statute, ordinance, |
| 26 | rule, practice, policy, or other requirement prescribed by the state for a |
| 27 | private individual to work in a lawful occupation, regardless of whether the |
| 28 | statute, ordinance, rule, practice, policy, or other government-prescribed |
| 29 | requirement existed before the effective date of this chapter; |
| 30 | (3) "Personal qualifications" means criteria related to a |
| 31 | person's personal background, including without limitation: |
| 32 | (A) Completion of an approved educational program; |
| 33 | (B) Satisfactory performance on an examination; |
| 34 | (C) Work experience; |
| 35 | (D) Criminal history; and (E) Completion of continuing educations |
| 36 | (E) Completion of continuing education; |

| T | (4) "Private individual" means a person wno: |
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| 2 | (A) Is acting as either: |
| 3 | (i) A self-employed person; or |
| 4 | (ii) An employee of a private entity; and |
| 5 | (B) Is not acting as: |
| 6 | (i) A contractor or subcontractor that seeks payment |
| 7 | from a government for the provision of goods or services, or both; |
| 8 | (ii) A foster parent; |
| 9 | (iii) A person who owes a duty of good faith, trust, |
| 10 | confidence, and candor to another person when performing a lawful occupation, |
| 11 | including without limitation an attorney, an accountant, a real estate agent |
| 12 | or broker, an engineer, a physician, a dentist, a nurse, a pharmacist, an |
| 13 | insurance producer, and an architect; or |
| 14 | (iv) A government employee, including without |
| 15 | limitation a public school teacher; and |
| 16 | (5) "State" means a department, agency, board, commission, |
| 17 | office, or other authority of the state or a political subdivision of the |
| 18 | state. |
| 19 | |
| 20 | 11-16-103. Right to engage in a lawful occupation. |
| 21 | (a) A private individual has the right to engage in a lawful |
| 22 | occupation without being required to comply with an occupational regulation |
| 23 | that: |
| 24 | (1) Imposes a substantial burden on the private individual in |
| 25 | terms of time, financial obligations, or the expenditure of other resources; |
| 26 | (2) Is not substantially related to the state's important |
| 27 | interest in protecting against present and recognizable harm to the public |
| 28 | health or safety; and |
| 29 | (3)(A) Is either unreasonable or more restrictive than is |
| 30 | necessary to further the state's important interest in protecting against |
| 31 | present and recognizable harm to the public health or safety. |
| 32 | (B) The means of restricting a private individual's right |
| 33 | to engage in a lawful occupation are as follows, from least restrictive to |
| 34 | <pre>most restrictive:</pre> |
| 35 | (i) A provision for private civil action to remedy |
| 36 | <pre>consumer harm;</pre> |

| 1 | (ii) Deceptive trade practice acts and other laws |
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| 2 | that protect consumers from harm; |
| 3 | (iii) Inspection; |
| 4 | <pre>(iv) Bonding;</pre> |
| 5 | (v) Registration without the requirement that the |
| 6 | private individual meet certain personal qualifications; |
| 7 | (vi) Certification based on meeting certain personal |
| 8 | qualifications that are required in order to use the title "certified"; and |
| 9 | (vii) Licensing based on meeting certain personal |
| 10 | qualifications. |
| 11 | (b) However, the right to engage in a lawful occupation under this |
| 12 | section does not: |
| 13 | (1) If the person is not certified, registered, or licensed as |
| 14 | required by law, allow the person to: |
| 15 | (A) Use the title "certified", "registered", or |
| 16 | "licensed"; |
| 17 | (B) Hold himself or herself out as being certified, |
| 18 | registered, or licensed; or |
| 19 | (C) Represent that he or she is a member of the relevant |
| 20 | <pre>profession; or</pre> |
| 21 | (2) Require a person to do business with a private individual |
| 22 | who is not certified, registered, or licensed to perform a lawful occupation |
| 23 | for compensation. |
| 24 | |
| 25 | 11-16-104. Defense. |
| 26 | (a) A private individual may assert the right to engage in a lawful |
| 27 | occupation only as a defense in a judicial or administrative proceeding to |
| 28 | enforce an occupational regulation that violates this chapter. |
| 29 | (b)(l) The private individual asserting a defense under this section |
| 30 | has the burden of proving by the preponderance of the evidence that the |
| 31 | occupational regulation at issue imposes a substantial burden on the private |
| 32 | individual in terms of time, financial obligations, or the expenditure of |
| 33 | other resources. |
| 34 | (2) The state has the burden of proving by the preponderance of |
| 35 | the evidence that the occupational regulation at issue: |
| 36 | (A) Is substantially related to the state's important |

| 1 | interest in protecting against present and recognizable harm to the public |
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| 2 | health or safety; and |
| 3 | (B) Is both reasonable and no more restrictive than |
| 4 | necessary to advance the state's important interest in protecting against |
| 5 | present and recognizable harm to the public health or safety. |
| 6 | (c) A decision in a judicial or administrative proceeding on the |
| 7 | validity of a defense asserted under this section applies only to the person |
| 8 | who asserted the defense. |
| 9 | |
| 10 | 11-16-105. Legislation. |
| 11 | An occupational regulation adopted to comply with a law enacted after |
| 12 | the effective date of this chapter is exempt from this chapter only if the |
| 13 | law explicitly states that the occupational regulation is exempt from this |
| 14 | chapter. |
| 15 | |
| 16 | SECTION 2. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the |
| 17 | General Assembly of the State of Arkansas that a person's right to engage in |
| 18 | a lawful occupation is hindered by unnecessary regulations in this state; |
| 19 | that these unnecessary regulations have a negative impact on Arkansas's |
| 20 | economy and on the ability of the state's citizens to earn a living; and that |
| 21 | this act is immediately necessary to reduce the unnecessary regulations that |
| 22 | are hindering the growth of the state's economy and the financial well-being |
| 23 | of the state's citizens. Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist, and |
| 24 | this act being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public |
| 25 | peace, health, and safety shall become effective on: |
| 26 | (1) The date of its approval by the Governor; |
| 27 | (2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor, |
| 28 | the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the |
| 29 | bill; or |
| 30 | (3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is |
| 31 | overridden, the date the last house overrides the veto. |
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