1	State of Arkansas	A D:11		
2	91st General Assembly	A Bill		
3	Regular Session, 2017		HOUSE BILL 1953	
4				
5	By: Representative Collins			
6	By: Senator J. Hendren			
7				
8	For An Act To Be Entitled			
9	AN ACT TO AMEND CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE WORKERS'			
10	COMPENSATION	LAW THAT RESULTED FROM INITI	ATED ACT NO.	
11	4 OF 1948; TO	AMEND THE DEFINITION OF OBJ	ECTIVE	
12	FINDINGS ENAC	TED BY INITIATED ACT NO. 4 O	F 1948; TO	
13	REVISE THIRD-	PARTY LIABILITY IN THE WORKE	RS'	
14	COMPENSATION	LAW; TO RESTORE CONSISTENCY	IN TEMPORARY	
15	TOTAL DISABIL	ITY BENEFIT AND EMPLOYEE MIS	CONDUCT	
16	DETERMINATION	S AFTER TERMINATION UNDER IN	ITIATED ACT	
17	NO. 4 OF 1948	; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.		
18				
19				
20		Subtitle		
21	TO AMEND	CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE		
22	WORKERS'	COMPENSATION LAW THAT RESUL	LTED	
23	FROM INI	TIATED ACT NO. 4 OF 1948.		
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25				
26	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENE	RAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF	ARKANSAS:	
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28	SECTION 1. DO NOT	CODIFY. Legislative intent.		
29	The purpose and inte	ent of this act is to revers	e specifically any case	
30	law providing that former	employees who are properly	terminated for	
31	misconduct are entitled to	o temporary total or tempora	ry partial disability	
32	benefits if the employer	has work available within th	e former employee's	
33	restrictions, including without limitation, Tyson Poultry, Inc. v. Narvaiz,			
34	2012 Ark. 118 (2012); and Superior Industries v. Thomaston, 72 Ark. App. 7,			
35	32 S.W.3d 52 (2000).			
36				

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1	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 11-9-102(16), concerning the definition of		
2	"objective findings" under the Workers' Compensation Law, is amended to add		
3	an additional subdivision to read as follows:		
4	(C)(1) For muscle spasms to constitute an objective		
5	finding of injury, a specific diagnosis of palpable muscle spasms is		
6	necessary.		
7	(2) The presence of muscle spasms may not be		
8	inferred from diagnosis or treatment that involves a prescription for a type		
9	of muscle relaxant in the absence of objective findings.		
10			
11	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 11-9-410(a)(2)(D), concerning the rights o		
12	an employer in a claim for recovery by an injured employee against a third		
13	party, is amended to read as follows:		
14	(D)(i) Any excess amount of a settlement or judgment		
15	remaining after the employer or the carrier has been reimbursed the amount		
16	paid in workers' compensation benefits arising from an injury or death shall		
17	belong to the injured employee or his or her dependents.		
18	(ii) An employer or carrier is entitled to a future		
19	credit in the claim for workers' compensation benefits in the amount paid to		
20	or on behalf of the injured or deceased employee or his or her dependents		
21	from the settlement or judgment in this subdivision (a)(2).		
22	(iii) An employer or carrier is not required to pay		
23	additional workers' compensation benefits for the injuries or death arising		
24	from an incident involving a third party until the future credit is		
25	<u>exhausted.</u>		
26			
27	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 11-9-410(b)(2), concerning subrogation in a		
28	third-party claim, is amended to read as follows:		
29	(2) After reasonable notice and opportunity to be represented i		
30	the action has been given to the compensation beneficiary, the liability of		
31	the third party to the compensation beneficiary, to the employer, and to the		
32	carrier shall be determined in the action, as well as the third party's		
33	liability to the employer and carrier.		
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35	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code § 11-9-410(h)(3)(A), concerning recovery		

amounts from a third-party liability action, is amended to read as follows:

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1	(3)(A) After recovery shall be had against the third party, by		
2	suit or otherwise, the compensation beneficiary $\frac{1}{2}$ shall be $\frac{1}{2}$ entitled to any		
3	amount recovered over and above the amount that the employer and carrier have		
4	paid or are liable for in compensation, after deducting reasonable costs of		
5	collection except that:		
6	(i) An employer or carrier is entitled to a future		
7	credit in a claim for workers' compensation benefits in the amount of a		
8	settlement or judgment to be paid to or on behalf of the injured or deceased		
9	employee or his or her dependents from a third party after the employer or		
10	carrier has been reimbursed the amount paid to or on behalf of the injured or		
11	deceased employee or his or her dependents; and		
12	(ii) An employer or carrier is not required to pay		
13	additional workers' compensation benefits for the injuries or death arising		
14	from an incident involving a third party until the future credit is		
15	exhausted.		
16			
17	SECTION 6. Arkansas Code § 11-9-410, concerning third-party liability,		
18	is amended to add additional subsections to read as follows:		
19	(d) Waiver or Abrogation of Subrogation.		
20	(1) The right of an employer or carrier to recover in an action		
21	in tort from a third party that caused the injury or death of an employee is		
22	absolute and may only be waived with the written consent of the employer or		
23	carrier.		
24	(2) The written consent of the employer of an injured employee		
25	or the carrier of the employer is required in any settlement of an action in		
26	tort against a third party outside of this section.		
27	(e) The purpose and intent of this subsection is to prevent any double		
28	recovery to the injured employee.		
29	(f) In considering the entitlement of an employer or carrier to an		
30	absolute lien in any third party claim, the commission or court shall not		
31	consider the "made whole doctrine" or whether the claimant has been made		
32	whole by the settlement proceeds.		
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34	SECTION 7. Arkansas Code § 11-9-521(a), concerning worker's		
35	compensation for scheduled permanent injuries under the Workers' Compensation		

Law, is amended to read as follows:

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1	(a) An employee who sustains a permanent compensable injury scheduled		
2	in this section shall receive, in addition to compensation for temporary		
3	total and temporary partial benefits during the healing period or until the		
4	employee returns to work, whichever occurs first, weekly benefits in the		
5	amount of the permanent partial disability rate attributable to the injury,		
6	for that period of time set out in the following schedule		
7	(a)(1) An employee who sustains a compensable injury scheduled in this		
8	section may be entitled to temporary total disability benefits or temporary		
9	partial disability benefits, or both, during the healing period if the		
10	employer does not offer work within the employee's medical restrictions		
11	arising from the injury.		
12	(2)(A) When an employee is terminated for misconduct and the		
13	employer has work available within the former employee's medical restrictions		
14	from the workers' compensation injury, the former employee is not entitled to		
15	temporary total or temporary partial disability benefits during the healing		
16	period in which the misconduct occurred.		
17	(B) For purposes of subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section,		
18	the employer has the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence.		
19	(3) An employee who sustains a permanent compensable injury		
20	scheduled in this section is entitled to weekly benefits in the amount of the		
21	permanent partial disability rate attributable to the injury for the time se		
22	out in the following schedule:		
23	(1) (A) Arm amputated at the elbow, or between the elbow		
24	and shoulder, two hundred forty-four (244) weeks;		
25	(2) (B) Arm amputated between the elbow and wrist, one		
26	hundred eighty-three (183) weeks;		
27	(3) (C) Leg amputated at the knee, or between the knee and		
28	the hip, one hundred eighty-four (184) weeks;		
29	(4) (D) Leg amputated between the knee and the ankle, one		
30	hundred thirty-one (131) weeks;		
31	(5) (E) Hand amputated, one hundred eighty-three (183)		
32	weeks;		
33	$\frac{(6)(F)}{(F)}$ Thumb amputated, seventy-three (73) weeks;		
34	$\frac{(7)}{(G)}$ First finger amputated, forty-three (43) weeks;		
35	$\frac{(8)(H)}{(H)}$ Second finger amputated, thirty-seven (37) weeks;		
36	(9)(I) Third finger amputated, twenty-four (24) weeks;		

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                       (10)(J) Fourth finger amputated, nineteen (19) weeks;
 2
                       (11)(K) Foot amputated, one hundred thirty-one (131)
 3
    weeks;
 4
                       (12)(L) Great toe amputated, thirty-two (32) weeks;
 5
                       (13)(M) Toe other than great toe amputated, eleven (11)
6
    weeks;
                       \frac{(14)(N)}{(14)} Eye enucleated, in which there was useful vision,
7
8
    one hundred five (105) weeks;
9
                       \frac{(15)}{(0)} Loss of hearing of one (1) ear, forty-two (42)
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    weeks;
11
                       (16)(P) Loss of hearing of both ears, one hundred fifty-
12
    eight (158) weeks; and
                       (17)(Q) Loss of one (1) testicle, fifty-three (53) weeks;
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14
    loss of both testicles, one hundred fifty-eight (158) weeks.
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           SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 11-9-526 is amended to read as follows:
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           11-9-526. Compensation for disability - Refusal of employee to accept
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     employment - Termination for misconduct.
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           (a) If any injured employee refuses employment suitable to his or her
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    capacity offered to or procured for him or her, he or she shall not be
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    entitled to any compensation during the continuance of the refusal, unless in
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    the opinion of the Workers' Compensation Commission, the refusal is
23
    justifiable If an injured employee refuses employment suitable to his or her
    capacity offered to or procured for him or her, the injured employee is not
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25
    entitled to compensation during the continuance of the refusal unless, in the
26
    opinion of the Workers' Compensation Commission, the refusal is justifiable.
27
           (b)(1) When an employee is terminated for misconduct and the employer
    has work available within the former employee's medical restrictions from the
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    workers' compensation injury, the former employee is not entitled to
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    temporary total or temporary partial disability benefits.
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                 (2) For purposes of subdivision (b)(1) of this section, the
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    employer has the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence.
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