Ţ	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: \$2/13/1/	
2	91st General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2017		SENATE BILL 136
4			
5	By: Senator J. Hutchinson		
6	By: Representatives Tucker,	Shepherd	
7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT TO	BE KNOWN AS THE CRIMINAL JUSTIC	CE EFFICIENCY
10	AND SAFET	Y ACT OF 2017; TO INCREASE THE I	EFFECTIVENESS
11	OF MONITO	RING PROBATIONERS AND PAROLEES I	BY THE
12	DEPARTMEN	T OF COMMUNITY CORRECTION; TO PI	ROMOTE
13	EFFICIENT	STAFFING BY THE DEPARTMENT OF O	COMMUNITY
14	CORRECTIO	N; TO ESTABLISH MORE EFFICIENT A	AND EFFECTIVE
15	PUNISHMEN	T FOR PAROLEES AND PROBATIONERS	WHO VIOLATE
16	THE TERMS	AND CONDITIONS OF PAROLE OR PRO	OBATION; TO
17	PROVIDE F	OR THE ELECTRONIC COLLECTION OF	DATA TO BE
18	USED BY L	AW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES; CONCERN	NING THE
19	METHODS A	ND PROCEDURES USED BY LAW ENFORO	CEMENT, JAIL
20	PERSONNEL	, AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE PROV	VIDERS AND
21	PROFESSIO:	NALS USED IN ENGAGING AN INDIVII	DUAL WITH A
22	MENTAL HE	ALTH IMPAIRMENT; TO PROMOTE ALL	LAW
23	ENFORCEME	NT OFFICERS TO COMPLETE CONTINUI	ED EDUCATION
24	AND TRAIN	ING IN MENTAL HEALTH CRISIS INTI	ERVENTION AND
25	CRISIS IN	TERVENTION PROTOCOL; TO CREATE	ГНЕ
26	BEHAVIORA	L HEALTH CRISIS INTERVENTION PRO	OTOCOL ACT OF
27	2017; TO	REPEAL SECTIONS OF THE ARKANSAS	CODE
28	SUPERSEDE	D BY THE COMMITMENT AND TREATMEN	NT PROCESS
29	UNDER § 2	0-47-201 ET SEQ.; AND FOR OTHER	PURPOSES.
30			
31			
32		Subtitle	
33	TO C	REATE THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE EFFI	CIENCY
34	AND	SAFETY ACT OF 2017.	
35			
36			

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1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS: 2 3 SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § 5-4-303, concerning conditions of 4 suspension or probation, is amended to add a new subsection to read as 5 follows: 6 (h)(1) If the court places a defendant on probation, the court shall 7 make as a term or condition of the defendant's probation that he or she is 8 subject to an administrative probation sanction conducted by the Department 9 of Community Correction under § 16-93-315. 10 (2) A person sentenced prior to the effective date of this act that is on probation under this section has the option to be sanctioned 11 12 administratively under this section if the person chooses to waive his or her 13 right to a probation revocation hearing in circuit court. 14 15 SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 5-4-312 is amended to read as follows: 16 5-4-312. Presentence investigation - Placement in a community 17 correction program. 18 (a)(1) A court may require that either a presentence investigation be 19 conducted by either the probation officer or presentence investigation 20 officer assigned to the court or that the defense counsel of a defendant, the prosecuting attorney, a probation officer, and other persons whom the court 21 22 believes have information relevant to the sentencing of the defendant submit 23 to the court the information in writing prior to sentencing. 24 (2) The presentence investigation or information submitted by 25 the persons described in subdivision (a)(1) of this section shall be 26 forwarded with the commitment order to the circuit clerk and retained in the 27 defendant's case file. 28 (b) Upon a preliminary determination by a court that a defendant is an 29 eligible offender and that placement in a community correction program under 30 § 16-93-1201 et seq. is proper, the court may: 31 (1)(A) Suspend the imposition of the sentence or place the defendant on probation, under §§ 5-4-104, § 5-4-201 et seq., § 5-4-301 - 5-4-32 307, and § 16-93-314. 33 34 (B) A sentence under subdivision (b)(1)(A) of this section 35 may be accompanied by assignment to a community correction program under §

16-93-1201 et seq. for a designated period of time commensurate with the

1 goals of the community correction program assignment and the rules
2 established by the Board of Corrections for the operation of community
3 correction programs.
4 (C) The court shall maintain jurisdiction over the
5 defendant sentenced under subdivision (b)(l)(A) of this section with
6 supervision outside the confines of the specific programming provided by

probation officers assigned to the court.

(D)(i) If a person sentenced under subdivision (b)(1)(A) of this section violates any term or condition of his or her sentence or term of probation, revocation of the sentence or term of probation shall be consistent with the procedures established by law for the revocation of suspended imposition of sentence or probation.

(ii) Upon revocation as described in subdivision

(b)(1)(D)(i) of this section, the court shall determine whether the defendant shall remain under the jurisdiction of the court and be assigned to a more restrictive community correction program, facility, or institution for a period of time or committed to the Department of Correction.

(iii) If the defendant is committed to the Department of Correction under subdivision (b)(1)(D)(ii) of this section, the court shall specify if the commitment is for judicial transfer of the $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$ defendant to the Department of Community Correction or is a commitment to the Department of Correction; $\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}$

(2)(A) Commit the defendant to the custody of the Department of Correction for judicial transfer to the Department of Community Correction subject to the following:

(i) That the sentence imposed provides that the defendant shall not serve more than two (2) three (3) years of confinement, with credit for meritorious good time, with initial placement in a Department of Community Correction facility; and

(ii) That the <u>initial preliminary</u> placement in the

Department of Community Correction facility is conditioned upon the

Department of Community Correction's final determination of the defendant's

initial and continuing eligibility for Department of Community Correction

placement and the defendant's compliance with all applicable rules

established by the <u>board</u> <u>Board of Corrections</u> for community correction

programs.

(b) Post-prison supervision of the defendant shall
accompany and follow the community correction program when appropriate; or
(3)(A) Sentence the defendant to the Department of Correction,
granting the Department of Correction the ability to administratively
transfer the defendant to the Department of Community Correction if the
Department of Correction determines that the sentence imposed meets the
eligibility requirements for placement in a community correction program
under this subchapter and § 16-93-1201 et seq.
(B) Administrative transfer to the Department of Community
Correction under subdivision (b)(3)(A) of this section is conditioned upon
bed space availability and upon the Department of Community Correction's
final determination of the defendant's initial and continuing eligibility for
Department of Community Correction placement.
(C) A determination of ineligibility under subdivision
(b)(3)(A) of this section by the Department of Community Correction shall
result in the immediate return of the defendant to the Department of
Correction.
(D) A decision to release a defendant administratively
transferred to the Department of Community Correction from the Department of
Correction under subdivision (b)(3)(A) of this section is vested solely with
the Parole Board.
(c) A defendant may not be excluded from placement in a community
correction program under this section based solely on the defendant's
inability to speak, read, write, hear, or understand English.
(d)(l) If after receipt of an order directing a defendant to a
community correction center, the Department of Community Correction
determines that the defendant is not eligible for placement in a community
correction program under $\$$ 16-93-1201 et seq., the Department of Community
Correction shall not admit the defendant but shall immediately notify the
prosecuting attorney in writing.
(2) After receipt of the notice required under subdivision
(d)(l) of this section, the prosecuting attorney shall notify the court of
the defendant's ineligibility for placement in a community correction center,
and the court shall resentence the defendant accordingly.

1	repealed due to duplicate codification in Title 12.
2	6-64-1201. Definitions.
3	As used in this subchapter:
4	(1) "Community mental health centers" means those private
5	nonprofit organizations certified by the Division of Behavioral Health
6	Services under § 20-46-301 et seq., as community mental health centers and
7	contracted to perform designated public mental health services in the
8	respective catchment areas of the state;
9	(2) "Crisis Intervention Team" means a community-based
10	collaborative effort between law enforcement officers and jail personnel and
11	mental health professionals to help law enforcement officers and jail
12	personnel handle incidents involving persons with mental illnesses;
13	(3) "Inmate with mental illness" means a jail inmate who, after
14	being assessed by a person qualified by licensure to conduct an assessment,
15	meets the eriteria for serious mental illness or is in danger of harm to
16	himself or herself or to others;
17	(4) "Jail inmate" means a natural person who is in the custody
18	of law enforcement authorities within the confines of a county jail; and
19	(5) "Person with mental illness arrested by a law enforcement
20	officer" means a person who appears to be a danger to himself or herself or
21	to others or to need mental health evaluation for treatment.
22	
23	6-64-1202. Law Enforcement Training Committee - Greation - Duties.
24	(a) The Law Enforcement Training Committee is created to:
25	(1) Identify mental health training needs for law enforcement
26	officers; and
27	(2) Develop a mental health training curriculum for law
28	enforcement officers and jail personnel to be delivered statewide.
29	(b)(1) The committee shall be led by the Criminal Justice Institute.
30	(2) The committee shall include representatives of:
31	(A) The Arkansas Law Enforcement Training Academy;
32	(B) The Research and Training Institute of the Division of
33	Behavioral Health Services;
34	(C) The Department of Community Correction;
35	(D) The Mental Health Council of Arkansas;
36	(E) The Administrative Office of the Courts;

1	(F) Local, state, and county law enforcement officers; and
2	(G) Mental health practitioners.
3	(c) The training and delivery strategies may consist of:
4	(1) Basic level training for law enforcement officers and jail
5	personnel to be included in the entry-level training program curricula;
6	(2) Advanced level training for law enforcement officers and
7	jail personnel that is designed to enhance the effectiveness of the response
8	of law enforcement officers and jail personnel to persons with mental
9	illnesses;
10	(3) Training, such as Crisis Intervention Team training, that
11	includes methods for establishing a collaborative effort between law
12	enforcement personnel and the community to provide appropriate services to
13	those persons with mental illnesses who come into contact with the law
14	enforcement system;
15	(4) Establishment of regional training teams, consisting of
16	mental health and law enforcement officers; and
17	(5) A train-the-trainer model so that mental health training can
18	be provided in each county jail at frequent and regular intervals as needed
19	by a local person who has received formal training through curricula
20	developed under this subchapter.
21	(d) Crisis Intervention Teams shall be:
22	(1) Supported by state funding; and
23	(2) Provided initial assistance in organization.
24	(e)(1) Local police departments and sheriff departments may apply to
25	the Griminal Justice Institute for crisis intervention training under this
26	subchapter.
27	(2) The Crisis Intervention Team training curriculum development
28	and delivery under subdivision (c)(3) of this section shall be supported by
29	state funding.
30	(f)(1) A graduate of the Crisis Intervention Team training shall
31	provide the local department in which he or she serves with information and
32	materials obtained at the crisis intervention training.
33	(2)(A) Each department that sends law enforcement officers to
34	receive Crisis Intervention Team training shall convene a meeting at least
35	annually to review and improve the program in the department.
36	(B) The meeting shall include without limitation

1	representatives of:
2	(i) Local behavioral health service providers;
3	(ii) Community mental health centers within the
4	jurisdiction of the departments;
5	(iii) Consumers;
6	(iv) Courts;
7	(v) The National Alliance on Mental Illness; and
8	(vi) Local institutions of higher education,
9	including without limitation, the University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences
10	and the Regional Centers of the University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences.
11	(g) The goal of the Crisis Intervention Team training program is to
12	establish a collaborative effort between law enforcement officers and jail
13	personnel and the community to provide appropriate services to persons with
14	mental illnesses who come into contact with the law enforcement system.
15	
16	SECTION 4. The title of the subchapter for Arkansas Code Title 10,
17	Chapter 3, Subchapter 28, is amended to read as follows:
18	Subchapter 28 - Legislative Criminal Justice Oversight Task Force <u>Task Forces</u>
19	Concerning Criminal Justice
	
20	
20 21	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 10, Chapter 3, Subchapter 28, is
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21 22	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 10, Chapter 3, Subchapter 28, is amended to add an additional section to read as follows:
21 22 23	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 10, Chapter 3, Subchapter 28, is amended to add an additional section to read as follows: 10-3-2802. Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal
21 22 23 24	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 10, Chapter 3, Subchapter 28, is amended to add an additional section to read as follows: 10-3-2802. Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal Justice Prevention Initiatives.
21 22 23 24 25	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 10, Chapter 3, Subchapter 28, is amended to add an additional section to read as follows: 10-3-2802. Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal Justice Prevention Initiatives. (a) (1) (A) There is created the Interagency Task Force for the
21 22 23 24 25 26	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 10, Chapter 3, Subchapter 28, is amended to add an additional section to read as follows: 10-3-2802. Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal Justice Prevention Initiatives. (a)(1)(A) There is created the Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal Justice Prevention Initiatives.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 10, Chapter 3, Subchapter 28, is amended to add an additional section to read as follows: 10-3-2802. Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal Justice Prevention Initiatives. (a) (1) (A) There is created the Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal Justice Prevention Initiatives. (B) The purpose of the task force is to coordinate the
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21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 10, Chapter 3, Subchapter 28, is amended to add an additional section to read as follows: 10-3-2802. Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal Justice Prevention Initiatives. (a) (1) (A) There is created the Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal Justice Prevention Initiatives. (B) The purpose of the task force is to coordinate the implementation of initiatives and strategies designed to promote efficiency and safety in the criminal justice system as well as promote justice reinvestment goals.
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1	(B) One (1) member who is a district court judge;
2	(C) One (1) member who is a county sheriff;
3	(D) One (1) member who is a county judge;
4	(E) One (1) member who is appointed by and who represents
5	the Governor; and
6	(F) One (1) member who is a prosecuting attorney;
7	(2) Two (2) members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro
8	Tempore of the Senate;
9	(3) Two (2) members of the House of Representatives appointed by
10	the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
11	(4) One (1) member appointed by the Director of the Department
12	of Human Services who represents the Division of Behavioral Health Services
13	of the Department of Human Services;
14	(5) The Chair of the Board of Corrections or his or her
15	<u>designee;</u>
16	(6) The Chair of the Parole Board or his or her designee;
17	(7) The Director of the Department of Correction or his or her
18	<u>designee;</u>
19	(8) The Director of the Department of Community Correction or
20	his or her designee; and
21	(9) The Attorney General or his or her designee.
22	(c)(1) The task force shall meet on or before the thirtieth day after
23	September 1, 2017, at the call of the member appointed by and who represents
24	the Governor, and organize itself by electing one (1) of its members as Chair
25	of the Interagency Task Force for the Implementation of Criminal Justice
26	Prevention Initiatives and other officers as the task force may consider
27	necessary.
28	(2) Thereafter, the task force shall meet at least quarterly and
29	at the call of the chair or by a majority of the members.
30	(3) A quorum of the task force consists of nine (9) members.
31	(d) The task force has the following powers and duties:
32	(1) To track the implementation of and evaluate compliance with
33	<u>this act;</u>
34	(2) To review performance and outcome measure reports submitted
35	semiannually by the Department of Correction, Department of Community
36	Correction, Parole Board, Board of Corrections, Arkansas Sentencing

1	Commission, and Specialty Court Program Advisory Committee under this act and
2	evaluate the impact;
3	(3) To develop quality assurance reporting on the implementation
4	of policies and the expenditure of resource investments related to the
5	justice reinvestment policies and reinvestments; and
6	(4)(A) To prepare and submit an annual report of the performance
7	and outcome measures that are part of this act to the Legislative Council,
8	the Governor, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.
9	(B) The annual report shall include recommendations for
10	improvements and a summary of savings generated and the impact on public
11	safety resulting from this act.
12	(e) Members of the task force shall receive no pay for their services,
13	but each member may receive expense reimbursement in accordance with § 25-16-
14	<u>901 et seq.</u>
15	(f) This section expires on July 1, 2019.
16	
17	SECTION 6. Arkansas Code Title 12, Chapter 6, is amended to add an
18	additional subchapter to read as follows:
19	<u>Subchapter 6 — Local Criminal Justice Coordinating Committees</u>
20	
21	12-6-601. Local criminal justice coordinating committees.
22	(a) The General Assembly find that the investment of state or federal
23	funding for the operation of a crisis stabilization unit under the Behavioral
24	Health Crisis Intervention Protocol Act of 2017, § 20-47-801 et seq.,
25	necessitates efficient expenditure of the state or federal funds.
26	(b) The General Assembly encourages the establishment of local
27	criminal justice coordinating committees composed of local judges, local
28	corrections officials, the prosecuting attorney, law enforcement officials,
29	county officials, medical professionals, and mental health professionals.
30	(c) A local criminal justice coordinating committee may be created
31	under this section and shall:
32	(1) Periodically review data and records of local and regional
33	detention facilities collected under § 12-12-219 and data concerning a local
34	crisis intervention team and crisis stabilization unit, when applicable;
35	(2) Assist in the access and transfer of data described under
36	subdivision (c)(l) of this section; and

1	(3) Recommend protocols for the efficient and effective use of
2	local criminal justice resources, and a crisis intervention team or crisis
3	stabilization unit, when applicable.
4	
5	SECTION 7. Arkansas Code Title 12, Chapter 9, Subchapter 1, is amended
6	to add an additional section to read as follows:
7	12-9-118. Behavioral health crisis intervention training.
8	(a)(1) In accordance with the certification requirements of the
9	Arkansas Commission on Law Enforcement Standards and Training for law
10	enforcement officers, a law enforcement officer enrolled in a commission-
11	certified basic police training academy shall complete at least sixteen (16)
12	hours of training relating to behavioral health crisis intervention in a law
13	enforcement context.
14	(2) Practicum training is sufficient for the requirement under
15	subdivision (a)(1) of this section.
16	(b) Training under subsection (a) of this section shall include
17	without limitation:
18	(1) The dynamics of relating to an individual:
19	(A) With a behavioral health impairment as defined in §
20	<u>20-47-803;</u>
21	(B) Who has demonstrated a substantial likelihood of
22	committing bodily harm against himself or herself;
23	(C) Who has demonstrated a substantial likelihood of
24	committing bodily harm against another person; or
25	(D) Who is under the influence of alcohol or a controlled
26	substance to the extent that the individual's judgment and decision-making
27	process is impaired;
28	(2) Available mental health service providers and support
29	services;
30	(3) The voluntary and involuntary commitment process;
31	(4) Law enforcement interaction with hospitals, mental health
32	professionals, the judiciary, and the mental health services community; and
33	(5) Practices to promote the safety of law enforcement officers
34	and the public.
35	(c) The commission shall certify:
36	(1) Specialized training for qualified law enforcement officers

1	of at least eight (8) hours; and
2	(2)(A) Crisis intervention team training of at least forty (40)
3	hours taught over five (5) consecutive days.
4	(B) Crisis intervention team training under subdivision
5	(c)(2)(A) of this section shall emphasize understanding of behavioral
6	impairments and mental illnesses and shall incorporate the development of
7	communication skills, practical experience, and role-playing.
8	(C) Participants in the crisis intervention under
9	subdivision (c)(2)(A) of this section shall be introduced to mental health
10	professionals, consumers, and family members in both the classroom and
11	through onsite visits.
12	(d)(1) A local law enforcement agency, including a county sheriff's
13	office, but not a municipal law enforcement agency that employs less than ten
14	(10) full-time law enforcement officers, shall employ at least one (1) law
15	enforcement officer who has completed within eighteen (18) months of the
16	effective date of this act the crisis intervention team training as described
17	under subdivision (c)(2) of this section.
18	(2) A local law enforcement agency, including a county sheriff's
19	office, is encouraged to:
20	(A) Have at least twenty percent (20%) of the certified
21	law enforcement officers that it employs complete the crisis intervention
22	team training offered under subdivision (c)(2) of this section;
23	(B) To develop and implement a model policy addressing law
24	enforcement response to persons affected by a behavioral impairment; and
25	(C) Establish a clearly defined and sustainable
26	partnership with one (1) or more community mental health organizations.
27	(e) All training required under this section and the curriculum for
28	the training shall be developed by the commission in collaboration with the
29	Criminal Justice Institute of the University of Arkansas System.
30	
31	SECTION 8. Arkansas Code § 12-11-110 is repealed as the process of
32	arrest and citation by a law enforcement officer is already addressed under
33	the Arkansas Rules of Criminal Procedure.
34	12-11-110. Drunken, insane, and disorderly persons.
35	A law enforcement officer shall arrest a drunken, insane, or disorderly
26	named them he are the finds at large and not in the same of a competent

1	person.
2	
3	SECTION 9. Arkansas Code Title 12, Chapter 12, Subchapter 2, is
4	amended to add an additional section to read as follows:
5	12-12-219. Records of local and regional detention facilities.
6	(a)(1) The Arkansas Crime Information Center shall permit and
7	encourage the entry of data by a local or regional detention facility, such
8	as a county jail, into a database maintained by the center and accessible by
9	an entity as determined by the Supervisory Board of the Arkansas Crime
10	Information Center.
11	(2) Data provided by a regional detention facility shall
12	facilitate analysis of inmate populations in local detention facilities
13	including, but not limited to:
14	(A) Local or regional detention facility inmate
15	population, including the number of inmates currently housed over the
16	recognized maximum capacity of the local or regional detention facility; and
17	(B) The types and number of offenses for which the inmates
18	are being housed in the local or regional detention facility.
19	(b) The types of data entered into a database under this section may
20	<u>include:</u>
21	(1) Information concerning the inmates admitted to and released
22	from the local or regional detention facility, including without limitation:
23	(A) The State Identification Number of the inmate;
24	(B) The offenses the inmates committed or were accused of
25	committing; and
26	(C) The dates the inmates were both taken into custody and
27	<u>released;</u>
28	(2)(A) A record of any mental health screening of an inmate
29	administered by a law enforcement agency or healthcare facility.
30	(B) The results of a mental health screening administered
31	by a law enforcement agency or healthcare facility may be entered into the
32	database as permitted by state or federal law; and
33	(3) Any other data that that would be of assistance to a law
34	enforcement agency, state agency, legislative committee, academic researcher,
35	or other entity permitted to access the data.
36	(c) The center shall promulgate rules necessary to implement this

l section.

- 3 SECTION 10. Arkansas Code § 12-27-127 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 12-27-127. Transfer to the Department of Community Correction —
- 5 Transfer of an inmate between departments.
- 6 (a) Unless a commitment specifies that the inmate is to be judicially
 7 transferred to the Department of Community Correction, the A commitment shall
 8 be treated as a commitment to the Department of Correction and subject to
- 9 regular transfer eligibility <u>unless:</u>
- 10 <u>(1) The commitment specifies that the inmate is to be judicially</u> 11 transferred to the Department of Community Correction; or
- 12 (2) If the court indicates on the commitment that the Department
- 13 Correction shall administratively determine the transfer of an inmate, the
- 14 Department of Correction may administratively transfer a statutorily eligible
- 15 <u>inmate to the Department of Community Correction in accordance with rules</u>
- 16 promulgated by the Board of Corrections.
- 17 (b)(l) In accordance with rules and procedures promulgated by the
- 18 Board of Corrections and the orders of the committing court, the Director of
- 19 the Department of Community Correction shall assign a newly transferred
- 20 inmate to an appropriate facility, placement, program, or status within the
- 21 Department of Community Correction.
- 22 (2) The director may transfer an inmate from one (1) facility,
- 23 placement, program, or status to another facility, placement, program, or
- 24 <u>status</u> consistent with the commitment, applicable law, and in accordance with
- 25 treatment, training, and security needs.
- 26 (3)(A) An inmate may be administratively transferred back to the
- 27 Department of Correction from the Department of Community Correction by the
- 28 Parole Board following a hearing in which the inmate is found ineligible for
- 29 placement in a Department of Community Correction facility as he or she fails
- 30 to meet the criteria or standards established by law or policy adopted by the
- 31 Board of Corrections or has been found guilty of a violation of the rules of
- 32 the facility.
- 33 (B) Time served in a community correction facility or under
- 34 supervision by the Department of Community Correction shall be credited
- 35 against the sentence contained in the commitment to the Department of
- 36 Correction.

1	(c)(l) In accordance with rules and procedures promulgated by the
2	Board of Corrections, or except as otherwise prohibited by subdivision (c)(4)
3	of this section, upon receipt of a referral from the director or his or her
4	designee, the Parole Board may release from confinement an inmate who has
5	been:
6	(A) Sentenced and judicially or administratively
7	transferred to the Department of Community Correction;
8	(B) Incarcerated for a minimum of two hundred seventy (270)
9	one hundred eighty (180) days; and
10	(C) Determined by the Department of Community Correction to
11	have successfully completed its therapeutic program.
12	(2)(A) The General Assembly finds that the power granted to the
13	Parole Board under subdivision (c)(l) of this section will:
14	(i) Aid the therapeutic rehabilitation of the inmates
15	judicially or administratively transferred to the Department of Community
16	Correction; and
17	(ii) More efficiently use the correctional resources
18	of the State of Arkansas.
19	(B) The power granted to the Parole Board under subdivision
20	(c)(l) of this section shall be the sole authority required for the
21	accomplishment of the purposes set forth in this subdivision (c)(2), and when
22	the Parole Board exercises its power under this section, it shall not be
23	necessary for the Parole Board to comply with general provisions of other
24	laws dealing with the minimum time constraints as applied to release
25	eligibility.
26	(3) This subsection does not grant the Parole Board or the
27	Department of Community Correction the authority either to detain an inmate
28	beyond the sentence imposed upon him or her by a transferring court or to
29	shorten that sentence.
30	(4) An inmate may not be released from confinement under this
31	section if the inmate was sentenced and judicially or administratively
32	transferred to the Department of Community Correction at a time earlier than
33	that which would otherwise be possible if the inmate was sentenced to the
34	Department of Correction, regardless of any program completed by the inmate.
35	(d)(l) An inmate of the Department of Correction who is to be released
36	on parole may be administratively transferred to the Department of Community

- 1 Correction when the inmate is within eighteen (18) months of his or her
- 2 projected release date for the purpose of participating in a reentry program
- 3 of at least six (6) months in length.
- 4 (2) Each inmate administratively transferred under this
- 5 subsection shall be thoroughly screened and approved for participation by the
- 6 director or his or her designee.
- 7 (3) In accordance with rules promulgated by the Board of
- 8 Corrections, upon receipt of a referral from the director or his or her
- 9 designee, the Parole Board may release from incarceration an inmate who has
- 10 been:
- 11 (A) Administratively transferred to the Department of
- 12 Community Correction; and
- 13 (B) Determined by the Department of Community Correction to
- 14 have successfully completed its reentry program.
- 15 (4) An inmate who has been administratively transferred under
- 16 this subsection shall be administratively transferred back to the Department
- 17 of Correction if he or she:
- 18 (A) Is denied parole; or
- 19 (B) Fails to complete or is removed from the reentry
- 20 program.

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- 22 SECTION 11. Arkansas Code Title 12, Chapter 27, Subchapter 1, is
- 23 amended to add an additional section to read as follows:
- 25 guidelines.
- 26 <u>For the purposes of maintaining a sufficiently trained and specialized</u>
- 27 staff of probation and parole officers, the Department of Community
- 28 Correction shall establish staffing guidelines using evidence-based practices
- 29 <u>to develop ratios between the number of high-risk, medium-risk, and low-risk</u>
- 30 probationers and parolees and the probation officers and parole officers
- 31 assigned to the high-risk, medium-risk, and low-risk probationers and
- 32 parolees in order to maximize the effectiveness of the monitoring ability of
- 33 the probation officers and parole officers.

- 35 SECTION 12. Arkansas Code Title 12, Chapter 41, Subchapter 1, is
- 36 amended to add an additional section to read as follows:

1	12-41-108. Behavioral health and risk screening tool — Database entry.
2	A local correctional facility is encouraged to:
3	(1) Adopt independently, or in collaboration with other local
4	correctional facilities or nongovernmental law enforcement entities, a
5	screening tool designed to screen inmates or other detainees for a behavioral
6	health impairment, substance abuse issues, and criminogenic risk; and
7	(2) Utilize the database maintained by the Arkansas Crime
8	Information Center under § 12-12-219 concerning entry of data and information
9	collected from inmates at a local correctional facility.
10	
11	SECTION 13. Arkansas Code § 16-90-803(a)(2), concerning the voluntary
12	presumptive sentence standards, is amended to read as follows:
13	(2) The <u>voluntary</u> presumptive sentence for any offender $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$
14	committed a felony committed on or after January 1, 1994, may be determined
15	by locating the appropriate cell of the sentencing standards grid.
16	
17	SECTION 14. Arkansas Code § 16-90-803(b)(3), concerning the voluntary
18	presumptive sentence standards, is amended to read as follows:
19	(3)(A)(i) The offense of conviction determines the appropriate
20	seriousness level on the vertical axis.
21	(ii) The offender's criminal history score
22	determines the appropriate location on the horizontal axis.
23	(B) The <u>voluntary</u> presumptive fixed sentence for a felony
24	conviction is found in the sentencing standards grid cell at the intersection
25	of the column defined by the criminal history score and the row defined by
26	the offense seriousness level.
27	(C) The statutory minimum or maximum ranges for a
28	particular crime <u>offense</u> shall govern over a <u>voluntary</u> presumptive sentence
29	if the <u>voluntary</u> presumptive sentence should fall below or above such <u>the</u>
30	statutory minimum or maximum ranges.
31	
32	SECTION 15. Arkansas Code § 16-90-804 is amended to read as follows:
33	16-90-804. Departures from the standards <u>voluntary presumptive</u>
34	sentencing range.
35	(a) The trial <u>At a bench trial, a</u> court may deviate <u>depart</u> from the
36	voluntary presumptive sentence without sentence range determined under § 16-

1 90-803 in reliance on one (1) or more aggravating factors only by providing a 2 written justification in the record of: 3 (1) A listing of the charges and sentencing enhancements against 4 the offender as set out in the first charging instrument as well as any 5 additional charges or sentence enhancements subsequently added in the case, 6 if any; and 7 (2) A thorough recitation of the facts underlying the departure 8 from the voluntary presumptive sentence range under § 16-90-803. 9 (b)(l)(A) When sentencing is done by the judge following the entry of 10 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or court following a trial before the 11 judge court, either party or both parties may present evidence to justify a 12 departure from the voluntary presumptive sentence range determined under § 13 16-90-803. 14 (B) The <u>judge</u> <u>court</u> may allow argument <u>either during the</u> 15 sentencing phase of a trial or at a separate hearing on the matter of 16 departing from the voluntary presumptive sentencing range determined under § 17 16-90-803 if he or she the court finds that it argument would be helpful. 18 (C)(i) When sentencing is done by the court following the 19 entry of a plea of guilty, nolo contendere, or a negotiated plea of guilty, 20 the court shall enter the sentence on the record.

21 <u>(ii) After the court enters the sentence on the</u>
22 <u>record under subdivision (b)(l)(C)(i) of this section, the prosecuting</u>
23 <u>attorney shall provide in writing the credible reasons for a departure from</u>
24 <u>the voluntary presumptive sentencing range, if a departure from the voluntary</u>
25 presumptive sentencing range is applicable.

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(2)(A) If both sides parties agree on a recommended sentence, the judge court may choose to accept or reject the agreement based upon the facts of the case and whether these the facts support the voluntary presumptive sentence range determined under § 16-90-803 or a departure different from any recommendation.

(B)(i) If there is an agreed departure from the voluntary presumptive sentence range under § 16-90-803, written reasons shall be supplied by the parties shall supply written reasons to the court to attach to the commitment and to forward report to the Arkansas Sentencing Commission.

(ii) The written reasons required under subdivision

Ţ	(b)(2)(B)(i) of this section shall include:
2	(a) A listing of the charges and sentencing
3	enhancements against the offender as they were set out in the first charging
4	instrument as well as any additional charges or sentence enhancements
5	subsequently added in the case, if any; and
6	(b) A thorough recitation of the facts
7	underlying the departure from the presumptive sentence range under § 16-90-
8	<u>803.</u>
9	(C) If the judge court rejects the agreement under
10	subdivision (b)(2)(A) of this section, the defendant offender shall be
11	allowed to withdraw his or her plea.
12	(c) The following is a nonexclusive list of mitigating factors which
13	that may be considered as <u>a reason or</u> reasons for departure from the
14	voluntary presumptive sentence range under § 16-90-803:
15	(1) Mitigating Factors.
16	$\frac{(A)}{(1)}$ (1) (A) While falling short of a defense, the victim
17	played an aggressive role in the incident or provoked or willingly
18	participated in it; the incident.
19	(B)(i) While falling short of a defense, the person lack
20	substantial capacity for judgment because of physical or mental impairment
21	(ii) (B) Voluntary use of drugs or alcohol does not fall
22	within this factor the factor described in subdivision (c)(1)(A) of this
23	section;
24	$\frac{(G)}{(2)}$ The offender played a minor or passive role in the erime
25	commission of the current offense;
26	$\frac{(D)}{(3)}$ Before detection, the offender compensated or made a good
27	faith effort to compensate the victim for any damage or injury sustained \underline{by}
28	the victim;
29	$\frac{(E)}{(4)}$ The current offense was principally accomplished by
30	another person, and the offender manifested extreme caution or sincere
31	concern for the safety or well-being of the victim;
32	$\frac{(F)}{(5)}$ The offender or the offender's children suffered a
33	continuing pattern of physical or sexual abuse by the victim of the current
34	offense, and the <u>current</u> offense is a response to that the physical or sexual
35	abuse;
36	(C)(6) The operation of the multiple offense policy inclusion of

multiple offenses in calculating the voluntary presumptive sentence range 1 2 under § 16-90-803 results in a presumptive sentence that is clearly excessive 3 in light of the purpose of this chapter; 4 (H)(7) Before If the current offense is a sexual offense, before 5 detection in sexual offenses the sexual offense, the offender has voluntarily 6 admitted the nature and extent of the sexual offense and has sought and 7 participated in professional treatment or counseling for such offenses the 8 sexual offense; or 9 (1)(8) Upon motion of the state stating that the defendant 10 offender has made a good faith effort to provide substantial assistance to 11 the investigation or prosecution of another person who has committed an 12 offense, the circumstances listed below may be weighed as mitigating factors 13 with respect to the defendant's offender's offense: 14 (i) (A) The timeliness of the defendant's offender's 15 assistance; 16 (ii) (B) The nature and extent of the defendant's 17 offender's assistance; and 18 (iii) (C) The truthfulness, completeness, and demonstrable 19 reliability of any information or testimony provided by the defendant; and 20 offender; and 21 (9) (A) Any other compelling reason. 22 (B) If any other compelling reason is used as a mitigating 23 factor under this subsection, additional details regarding the negotiated plea, if applicable, and why the sentence was a downward departure from the 24 25 voluntary presumptive sentence shall be included. 26 (2) Aggravating Factors. 27 (d) The following is a nonexclusive list of aggravating factors that may be considered as a reason or reasons for departure from the voluntary 28 29 presumptive sentence range determined under § 16-90-803: 30 $\frac{A}{(1)}$ The offender's conduct during the commission of the 31 current offense manifested deliberate cruelty to the victim exhibited by 32 degrading, gratuitous, vicious, torturous, and demeaning physical or verbal 33 abuse, unusual pain, or violence in excess of that necessary to accomplish 34 the criminal purpose; 35 (B) (2) The offender knew or should have known that the victim 36 was particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance due to extreme youth,

1	advanced age, disability, or ill health;
2	(G)(3) The current offense was a major economic offense or
3	series of offenses, $rac{so}{so}$ identified by a consideration of any of the
4	following factors:
5	$\frac{(i)}{(A)}$ The current offense involved multiple victims or
6	multiple incidents per victim;
7	(ii) (B) The current offense involved attempted or actual
8	monetary loss substantially greater than typical for the offense;
9	(iii) (C) The current offense involved a high degree of
10	sophistication or planning or occurred over a lengthy period of time;
11	(iv)(D)(i) The defendant offender used his or her position
12	of trust, confidence, or fiduciary responsibility to facilitate the
13	commission of the current offense.
14	(ii) This factor The factor described under
15	<u>subdivision (d)(3)(D)(i) of this section</u> does not apply if it constitutes an
16	element of the crime <u>current offense</u> ; or
17	$\frac{(v)}{(E)}$ The defendant offender has been involved in other
18	conduct similar to the current offense as evidenced by the findings of civil
19	or administrative law proceedings or the imposition of professional
20	sanctions;
21	$\frac{(D)}{(4)(A)}$ The current offense was a major controlled substance
22	offense, identified as an offense or series of offenses related to
23	trafficking in controlled substances under circumstances more onerous than
24	the usual <u>controlled substance</u> offense.
25	(B) The presence of two (2) or more of the eircumstances
26	listed below following circumstances is an aggravating factor with respect to
27	the <u>current</u> offense:
28	(i) The <u>current</u> offense involved at least three (3)
29	separate transactions wherein in which controlled substances were sold,
30	transferred, or possessed with intent to do so <u>a purpose to sell or transfer</u>
31	the controlled substance;
32	(ii) The <u>current</u> offense involved an attempted or
33	actual sale or transfer of <u>a</u> controlled substances <u>substance</u> in amounts <u>an</u>
34	<u>amount</u> substantially larger than the statutory minimum which <u>that</u> defines the
35	<u>current</u> offense;
36	(iii) The current offense involved a high degree of

1	sophistication or planning or occurred over a lengthy period of time or
2	involved a broad geographic area of disbursement;
3	(iv) The circumstances of the current offense reveal
4	the offender to have occupied a high position in the drug distribution
5	hierarchy;
6	(v) The offender used his or her position or status
7	to facilitate the commission of the current offense, including without
8	<u>limitation</u> positions of trust, confidence, or fiduciary relationships, for
9	example, such as a pharmacist, physician, or other medical professional; or
10	(vi) The offender has received substantial income or
11	resources from his or her involvement in drug trafficking a controlled
12	<u>substance</u> ;
13	(E)(5)(A) The offender current offense is a felony and the
14	offender employed a firearm in the course of or in furtherance of the felony
15	or in immediate flight therefrom from the felony.
16	(B) This factor The factor described under subdivision
17	(d)(5)(A) of this section does not apply to an offender convicted of a
18	felony, an element of which is:
19	(i) Employing or using, or threatening or attempting
20	to employ or use, a deadly weapon;
21	(ii) Being armed with a deadly weapon;
22	(iii) Possessing a deadly weapon;
23	(iv) Furnishing a deadly weapon; or
24	(v) Carrying a deadly weapon;
25	$\frac{F}{F}$ (6) The <u>current</u> offense was a sexual offense and was part of
26	a pattern of criminal behavior with the same or different victims under the
27	age of eighteen (18) years of age manifested by multiple incidents over a
28	prolonged period of time;
29	(G)(7) The operation of the multiple offense policy inclusion of
30	multiple offenses in calculating the voluntary presumptive sentence range
31	under § 16-90-803 results in a presumptive sentence that is clearly too
32	lenient in light of the purpose of this chapter;
33	$\frac{(H)}{(8)}$ The current offense was committed in a manner that
34	exposed risk of injury to individuals persons other than the victim or
35	victims, for example, including without limitation shooting a firearm into a
36	crowd of people;

1	(1)(9) The current offense was a violent or sexual offense
2	committed in the victim's zone of privacy, for example, his or her including
3	without limitation the victim's home or the curtilage thereof of the victim's
4	<u>home</u> ;
5	$\frac{(J)}{(10)}$ The offender $\frac{attempts}{attempted}$ to cover $\frac{or\ conceal}{or\ conceal}$ the
6	current offense by intimidation of witnesses, destruction or tampering with
7	evidence, or purposely misleading authorities;
8	$\frac{(K)}{(11)}$ The <u>current</u> offense was committed for the purpose of
9	avoiding or preventing an arrest or effecting an escape from custody; of
10	(12) In offenses related to vehicular homicides If the
11	current offense is related to a vehicular homicide, the offender does did not
12	have the minimum insurance required by law-; and
13	(13)(A) Any other compelling reason.
14	(B) If any other compelling reason is used as an
15	aggravating factor under this subsection, additional details regarding the
16	negotiated plea, if applicable, and why the sentence was an upward departure
17	from the voluntary presumptive sentence shall be included.
18	(d)(e) This section shall not apply when a jury has recommended a
19	sentence to the trial judge <u>trial court</u> .
20	(e)(1) For all arrests or offenses occurring before July 1, 2005, that
21	have not reached a final disposition as to judgment in court, sentencing
22	should follow the law in effect at the time the offense occurred.
23	(2) Any defendant is subject to the sentencing guidelines in
24	effect at that time and not under the provisions of this section.
25	
26	SECTION 16. Arkansas Code § 16-93-101, concerning definitions for
27	probation and parole, is amended to add additional subdivisions to read as
28	follows:
29	(13) "Serious conditions violation" means a violation of the
30	conditions of a parolee's parole or probationer's probation that results from
31	an arrest for a misdemeanor offense that does not involve:
32	(A) An act involving a violent misdemeanor that provides
33	the prosecuting attorney with the option to revoke the probationer's
34	probation or parolee's parole, or allow the Department of Community
35	Correction to utilize the sanctions provided under this chapter;
36	(B) An offense for which a conviction would require

1	the person to register as a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration
2	Act of 1997, § 12-12-901 et seq.;
3	(C) A misdemeanor offense of harassment or stalking or
4	that contains threat of violence to a victim, or a threat of violence to a
5	family member of the victim of the offense for which the defendant was placed
6	on probation or parole; or
7	(D) A misdemeanor offense of driving or boating while
8	intoxicated, § 5-65-103, when the probationer or parolee is currently being
9	supervised for a felony offense of § 5-65-103, § 5-10-104, or § 5-10-105,
10	when the felony offense was alcohol- or drug-related; and
11	(14) "Technical conditions violation" means:
12	(A) A violation of the conditions of a parolee's parole or
13	a probationer's probation that results from a noncriminal act or positive
14	drug screen; or
15	(B) The parolee or probationer absenting himself or
16	herself from supervision.
17	
18	SECTION 17. Arkansas Code § 16-93-307(a)(1), concerning a person
19	arrested for a violation of probation and subject to a probation revocation
20	hearing, is amended to read as follows:
21	(a)(l) A Except for a defendant who is subject to or agrees to an
22	<u>administrative probation sanction under § 16-93-315, a</u> defendant arrested for
23	violation of suspension or probation is entitled to a preliminary hearing to
24	determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that he or she has
25	violated a condition of suspension or probation.
26	
27	SECTION 18. Arkansas Code § 16-93-308 is amended to read as follows:
28	16-93-308. Probation generally — Revocation — Definition.
29	(a)(l) At any time before the expiration of a period of suspension \underline{of}
30	<u>sentence</u> or probation, a court may summon a defendant <u>on probation or who is</u>
31	serving a suspended sentence to appear before it the court or may issue a
32	warrant for the defendant's arrest.
33	(2) The warrant may be executed by any law enforcement officer.
34	(b) $\underline{(1)}$ At any time before the expiration of a period of suspension \underline{of}
35	<u>sentence</u> or probation, any law enforcement officer may arrest a defendant <u>on</u>
36	probation or serving a suspended sentence without a warrant if the law

1	enforcement officer has reasonable cause to believe that the defendant:
2	(A) has Has failed to comply with a condition of his or
3	her suspension of sentence or probation; or
4	(B) Is exhibiting behavior that can be construed to be a
5	threat to:
6	(i) Abscond from supervision; or
7	(ii) Not comply with an intermediate sanction under
8	§ 16-93-309(a)(4).
9	(2) If a defendant on probation is arrested by a probation
10	officer employed by the Department of Community Correction for a violation of
11	the defendant's probation and taken to a county jail for a reason listed
12	under subdivision (b)(1)(B) of this section, the state shall reimburse the
13	county for the costs of incarceration at the prevailing rate of
14	reimbursement.
15	(c)(1) A defendant arrested for violation of suspension of sentence or
16	probation shall be taken immediately before the court that suspended
17	imposition of sentence or, if the defendant was placed on probation, before
18	the court supervising the probation, or, if the defendant is subject to
19	administrative probation sanction under § 16-93-315, to the appropriate
20	authority in the Department of Community Correction if practicable or, if
21	transport to an appropriate authority of the DCC is not practicable, than to
22	the county jail.
23	(2) If a defendant subject to administrative probation sanction
24	under § 16-93-315 is transported to a county jail, then the county shall be
25	reimbursed at the daily prevailing rate for the costs of incarceration.
26	(d) If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the
27	defendant has inexcusably failed to comply with a condition of his or her
28	suspension \underline{of} sentence or probation, the court may revoke the suspension \underline{of}
29	sentence or probation at any time prior to the expiration of the period of
30	suspension of sentence or probation.
31	(e) A finding of failure to comply with a condition of suspension \underline{of}
32	sentence or probation as provided in subsection (d) of this section may be
33	punished as contempt under § 16-10-108.
34	(f) A court may revoke a suspension of sentence or probation
35	subsequent to the expiration of the period of suspension of sentence or

probation if before expiration of the period:

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- 1 (1) The defendant is arrested for violation of suspension of 2 sentence or probation;
- 3 (2) A warrant is issued for the defendant's arrest for violation 4 of suspension of sentence or probation;
- 5 (3) A petition to revoke the defendant's suspension of sentence 6 or probation has been filed if a warrant is issued for the defendant's arrest 7 within thirty (30) days of the date of filing the petition; or
 - (4) The defendant has been:
- 9 (A) Issued a citation in lieu of arrest under Rule 5 of 10 the Arkansas Rules of Criminal Procedure for violation of suspension of 11 sentence or probation; or
- 12 (B) Served a summons under Rule 6 of the Arkansas Rules of 13 Criminal Procedure for violation of suspension of sentence or probation.
- (g)(1)(A) If a court revokes a <u>defendant's</u> suspension <u>of sentence</u> or probation, the court may enter a judgment of conviction and may impose any sentence on the defendant that might have been imposed originally for the offense of which he or she was found guilty.
- 18 (B) However, any sentence to pay a fine or of
 19 imprisonment, when combined with any previous fine or imprisonment imposed
 20 for the same offense, shall not exceed the limits of § 5-4-201 or § 5-4-401,
 21 or if applicable, § 5-4-501.
- 22 (2)(A) As used in this subsection, "any sentence" includes the 23 extension of a period of suspension of sentence or probation.
- (B) If an extension of suspension of sentence or probation is made upon revocation, the court is not deprived of the ability to revoke the suspension of sentence or probation again should if the defendant's conduct again warrant warrants revocation.
 - (h)(1) A court shall not revoke a suspension of sentence or probation because of a person's inability to achieve a high school diploma, high school equivalency diploma approved by the Department of Career Education, or gainful employment.
- 32 (2)(A) However, the court may revoke a suspension of sentence or 33 probation if the person fails to make a good faith effort to achieve a high 34 school diploma, high school equivalency diploma approved by the Department of 35 Career Education, or gainful employment.
- 36 (B) As used in this section, "good faith effort" means a

I	person:
2	(i) Has been enrolled in a program of instruction
3	leading to a high school diploma or a high school equivalency diploma
4	approved by the Department of Career Education and is attending a school or
5	an adult education course; or
6	(ii) Is registered for employment and enrolled and
7	participating in an employment-training program with the purpose of obtaining
8	gainful employment.
9	(i)(l)(A) Except as provided for in subdivision (i)(2) of this
10	section, if a defendant on probation is subject to a revocation hearing under
11	this subchapter or an administrative probation sanction under § 16-93-715 for
12	a technical conditions violation or a serious conditions violation, the
13	defendant on probation is subject to confinement according to the time
14	periods set out in § 16-93-309 without having his or her probation revoked.
15	(B)(i) After a defendant on probation has been confined
16	three (3) times under subdivision (i)(1)(A) of this section for a technical
17	conditions violation, the defendant on probation is subject to having his or
18	her probation revoked and being sentenced to the Department of Correction or
19	the Department of Community Correction for the next violation of his or her
20	probation.
21	(ii) After a defendant on probation has been
22	confined two (2) times under subdivision (i)(1)(A) of this section for a
23	serious conditions violation, the defendant on probation is subject to having
24	his or her probation revoked and being sentenced to the Department of
25	Correction or the Department of Community Correction for the next violation
26	of his or her probation.
27	(2)(A) A defendant is subject to having his or her probation
28	revoked under this section for a technical conditions violation or a serious
29	conditions violation without having been sanctioned for a period of
30	confinement set out under § 16-93-309 if the Department of Community
31	Correction or the prosecuting attorney determines that the defendant is
32	engaging in or has engaged in behavior that poses a threat to the community
33	and if upon petition to the court proves by a preponderance of the evidence
34	that the defendant has violated a condition or his or her probation.
35	(B) If a prosecuting attorney alleges a technical
36	conditions violation or a serious conditions violation under subdivision

(i)(2)(A) of this section, the court may revoke the defendant's probation and 1 2 sentence him or her to a period of time exceeding the time periods set out 3 under § 16-93-309(a)(4)(B). 4 (j) To the extent that a participant in a specialty court program is subject to this section, any period of confinement ordered by the specialty 5 6 court is not subject to the accumulation of sanctions under subsection (i) of 7 this section. 8 9 SECTION 19. Arkansas Code § 16-93-309 is amended to read as follows: 16-93-309. Probation generally - Revocation hearing - Sentence 10 alternatives - Sanctions. 11 12 (a) Following a revocation hearing held under § 16-93-307 and in which 13 a defendant on probation or who is serving a suspended sentence has been 14 found guilty or has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, the court 15 may: 16 (1) Continue the period of suspension of imposition of sentence 17 or continue the period of probation; 18 (2) Lengthen the period of suspension of sentence or the period of probation within the limits set by § 5-4-306; 19 20 (3) Increase the fine within the limits set by § 5-4-201; 21 (4)(A) Impose a period of confinement to be served during the 22 period of suspension of imposition of sentence or period of probation; or. 23 (B)(i) A period of confinement ordered under subdivision 24 (a)(4)(A) of this section resulting from a technical conditions violation or 25 serious conditions violation of probation shall be for the following periods, subject to subsection (b) of this section and § 16-93-308(i)(2)(A), before 26 27 the defendant on probation is released and returned to probation: 28 (a) Up to ninety (90) days' confinement for a 29 technical conditions violation; and 30 (b) Exactly one hundred eighty (180) days' 31 confinement for a serious conditions violation. 32 (ii) Any time in custody for which the defendant is held before a period of confinement is ordered by the court under subdivision 33 34 (a)(4)(A) of this section shall not be credited to the overall period of 35 confinement ordered under subdivision (a)(4) of this section. 36 (C) A ninety-day or one-hundred-eighty-day period of

1	confinement that the court may order under subdivision (a)(4) of this section
2	is not available to a person serving a suspended sentence; or
3	(5) Impose any conditions that could have been imposed upon
4	conviction of the original offense.
5	(b)(1) A period of confinement under subdivision (a)(4) of this
6	section may be reduced by the Department of Correction or the Department of
7	Community Correction for good behavior and successful program completion.
8	(2) A period of confinement shall not be reduced under
9	subdivision (a)(4) of this section for more than fifty percent (50%) of the
10	total time of confinement ordered to be served.
11	(3) A period of confinement under subdivision (a)(4) of this
12	section shall not be reduced by any time served by the defendant while he or
13	she awaits a court hearing to challenge the imposition of the sanction.
14	(c)(l) If a defendant is in custody awaiting a hearing under this
15	section for a technical conditions violation or a serious conditions
16	violation, the hearing shall be conducted as soon as practicable but for no
17	longer than thirty (30) business days of the date the defendant was taken
18	into custody.
19	(2) If a defendant on probation is in custody in a county jail
20	awaiting a hearing to challenge the imposition of a sanction under
21	subdivision (a)(4) of this section, the state shall reimburse the county for
22	the costs of incarceration at the prevailing rate of reimbursement.
23	$\frac{(b)}{(d)}$ Following a revocation hearing in which a defendant is ordered
24	to continue on a period of suspension of sentence or a period of probation,
25	nothing prohibits the court, upon finding the defendant guilty at a
26	subsequent revocation hearing, from the court may:
27	(1) Revoking Revoke the suspension of sentence or period of
28	probation; and
29	(2) Sentencing Sentence the defendant to incarceration in the
30	Department of Correction.
31	(e)(e) If the suspension of sentence or probation of a defendant is
32	subsequently revoked and the defendant is sentenced to a term of
33	imprisonment, any period of time actually spent in confinement due to the
34	original revocation shall be credited against the subsequent sentence.
35	(f) The location of the appropriate confining facility in which a
36	defendant serves a period of confinement for a technical conditions violation

1 or a serious conditions violation shall be determined by the Board of 2 Corrections. 3 (g) Noncompliance with Department of Correction or Department of 4 Community Correction program requirements or violent or sexual behavior while 5 confined for a technical conditions violation or serious conditions violation 6 under this section may result in revocation of the defendant's probation for 7 a period of time exceeding the limitations of subdivision (a)(4) of this 8 section, up to and including the time remaining on the defendant's original 9 sentence. 10 (h) To the extent that a participant in a specialty court program is subject to this section, any period of confinement ordered by the specialty 11 12 court is not subject to the periods of confinement required under subdivision 13 (a)(4) of this section. 14 15 SECTION 20. Arkansas Code § 16-93-310 is amended to read as follows: 16 16-93-310. Probation generally - Revocation - Community correction 17 program. 18 (a) When a person sentenced under a community correction program, § 5-19 4-312, violates any terms or conditions of his or her sentence or term of 20 probation, revocation of the sentence or term of probation shall be 21 consistent with the procedures under this subchapter. 22 (b) Upon revocation, the court of jurisdiction shall determine whether 23 the offender shall remain under the jurisdiction of the court and be assigned 24 to a more restrictive community correction program, facility, or institution 25 for a period of time or committed to the Department of Community Correction. 26 (c)(1) If committed to the Department of Correction, the court shall 27 specify if the commitment is for judicial transfer of the offender to the 28 Department of Community Correction or is a regular commitment. 29 (2)(A) The court shall commit the eligible offender to the 30 custody of the Department of Correction under this subchapter for judicial 31 transfer to the Department of Community Correction subject to the following: 32 (i) That the sentence imposed provides that the offender shall serve no more than two (2) three (3) years of confinement, 33 34 with credit for meritorious good time, with initial placement in a Department 35 of Community Correction facility; and 36 (ii) That the initial placement in the Department of

SB136

1	Community Correction is conditioned upon the offender's continuing
2	eligibility for Department of Community Correction placement and the
3	offender's compliance with all applicable rules and regulations established
4	by the Board of Corrections for community correction programs.
5	(B) Post-prison supervision shall accompany and follow
6	community correction programming when appropriate.
7	
8	SECTION 21. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 93, Subchapter 3, is
9	amended to add an additional section to read as follows:
10	16-93-315. Probation generally - Administrative probation sanction.
11	(a)(1) A circuit court shall make as a term or condition of a person's
12	probation that he or she is subject to an administrative probation sanction
13	conducted by the Department of Community Correction.
14	(2) A person sentenced prior to the effective date of this act
15	that is on probation has the option to be sanctioned administratively under
16	this section if the person chooses to waive his or her right to a probation
17	revocation hearing in circuit court.
18	(b)(1) An administrative probation sanction under this section permits
19	the department to determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that
20	the person has violated a condition of probation and to issue any sanction a
21	court is authorized to issue under § 16-93-309(a)(4).
22	(2) The department may notify the prosecuting attorney about the
23	need for a probation revocation hearing in circuit court if the department
24	believes a more serious sanction or incarceration is a necessary sentence.
25	(c) A person subject to an administrative probation sanction under
26	this section does not have the right to an attorney at the administrative
27	probation sanction but may petition instead to have a probation revocation
28	hearing heard in circuit court as provided in this subchapter.
29	(d) The Board of Corrections shall promulgate rules to implement this
30	section.
31	
32	SECTION 22. Arkansas Code § 16-93-705, concerning the procedures of
33	parole revocation, is amended to add a new subsection to read as follows:

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(h) A parolee whose parole is revoked under this section due to a

serious conditions violation or serious technical violation and is sentenced

to any period of incarceration resulting from that revocation is subject to

1	the periods of incarceration under § 16-93-715.
2	
3	SECTION 23. Arkansas Code Title 16, Chapter 93, Subchapter 7, is
4	amended to add an additional section to read as follows:
5	16-93-715. Revocation — Technical conditions violations and serious
6	conditions violations.
7	(a)(1) If a parolee is subject to a parole revocation hearing under
8	this subchapter for a technical conditions violation or a serious conditions
9	violation, the parolee is subject to confinement for the following periods,
10	subject to subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section, before being released and
11	returned to parole supervision:
12	(A) Up to ninety (90) days' confinement for a technical
13	conditions violation; and
14	(B) Exactly one hundred eighty (180) days' confinement for
15	a serious conditions violation.
16	(2)(A) A period of confinement under subdivision (a)(1) of this
17	section may be reduced by the Department of Correction or the Department of
18	Community Correction for good behavior and successful program completion.
19	(B) A period of confinement shall not be reduced under
20	subdivision (a)(2)(A) of this section for more than fifty percent (50%) of
21	the total time of confinement ordered to be served.
22	(3) Any time in custody for which the person is held before a
23	period of confinement is ordered to be served under subdivision (a)(1) of
24	this section shall not be credited to the overall period of confinement
25	ordered under subdivision (a)(1) of this section.
26	(b)(l)(A) After a parolee has been confined three (3) times under this
27	subchapter for a technical conditions violation, the parolee is subject to
28	having his or her parole revoked and being sentenced to the Department of
29	Correction or the Department of Community Correction for the next violation
30	of his or her parole.
31	(B) After a parolee has been confined for a parole
32	revocation or sanction two (2) times under this subchapter for a serious
33	conditions violation, the parolee is subject to having his or her parole
34	revoked and being sentenced to the Department of Correction or the Department
35	of Community Correction for the next violation of his or her parole.
36	(2) A parolee is subject to having his or her parole revoked

1 under this section for a technical conditions violation or a serious 2 conditions violation without having been sanctioned for a period of 3 confinement set out under subsection (a) of this section if the Department of 4 Community Correction determines that the parolee is engaging in or has 5 engaged in behavior that poses a threat to the community. 6 (c) The location of the appropriate confining facility in which a 7 parolee serves a period of confinement under this section shall be determined 8 by the Board of Corrections. 9 (d) Noncompliance with Department of Correction or Department of 10 Community Correction program requirements or violent or sexual behavior while 11 confined for a technical conditions violation or serious conditions violation 12 under this section may result in revocation of the parolee's parole for a 13 period of time exceeding the limitations of subdivision (a)(1) of this 14 section, up to and including the time remaining on the person's original 15 sentence. 16 17 SECTION 24. Arkansas Code § 16-93-1202(6), concerning the definition 18 of "eligibility" or "eligible offender" in the context of community 19 correction, is amended to read as follows: 20 "Eligibility" or "eligible offender" means any person 21 convicted of a felony who is by law eligible for such sentence or who is 22 otherwise under the supervision of the Department of Community Correction and 23 who falls within the population targeted by the General Assembly for 24 inclusion in community correction facilities or who is otherwise under the 25 supervision of the Department of Community Correction and who has not been 26 subject to a disciplinary violation for a violent act or for sexual 27 misconduct while in the custody of a jail or correctional facility and does 28 not have a current or previous conviction for a violent or sexual offense

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31 SECTION 25. Arkansas Code § 16-93-1202(10), concerning the definition 32 of "target group" in the context of community correction, is amended to read 33 as follows:

<u>listed under subdivision (10)(A)(iii) of this section;</u>

(10)(A)(i) "Target group" means a group of offenders and offenses determined to be, but not limited to, theft, theft by receiving, hot checks, residential burglary, commercial burglary, failure to appear,

- 1 fraudulent use of credit cards, criminal mischief, breaking or entering, drug
- 2 paraphernalia, driving while intoxicated, fourth or subsequent offense, all
- 3 other <u>Class B felonies</u>, Class C felonies, or Class D felonies that are not
- 4 either violent or sexual and that meet the eligibility criteria determined by
- 5 the General Assembly to have significant impact on the use of correctional
- 6 resources, Class A controlled substance felonies and Class B controlled
- 7 substance felonies, and all other unclassified felonies for which the
- 8 prescribed limitations on a sentence do not exceed the prescribed limitations
- 9 for a Class B felony and that are not either violent or sexual.
- 10 (ii) Offenders committing solicitation, attempt, or
- 11 conspiracy of the substantive offenses listed in subdivision (10)(A)(i) of
- 12 this section are also included in the group.
- 13 (iii) As used in this subdivision (10)(A), "violent
- or sexual" includes all offenses against the person codified in § 5-10-101 et
- 15 seq., § 5-11-101 et seq., § 5-12-101 et seq., § 5-13-201 et seq., § 5-13-301
- 16 et seq., and § 5-14-101 et seq., and any offense containing as an element of
- 17 the offense the use of physical force, the threatened use of serious physical
- 18 force, the infliction of physical harm, or the creation of a substantial risk
- 19 of serious physical harm, and an offense for which the offender is required
- 20 <u>to register as a sex offender under the Sex Offender Registration Act of</u>
- 21 1997, § 12-12-901 et seq.
- 22 (iv) For the purpose of the sealing of a criminal
- 23 record under § 16-93-1207, "target group" includes any misdemeanor conviction
- 24 except a misdemeanor conviction for which the offender is required to
- 25 register as a sex offender or a misdemeanor conviction for driving while
- 26 intoxicated.
- 27 (B) Offenders Except for those offenders assigned to a
- 28 technical violator program, only those offenders and offenses falling within
- 29 the target group population may access community correction facilities
- 30 pursuant to § 16-93-1208; whether by judicial transfer, administrative
- 31 <u>transfer</u>, <u>drug court sanction</u>, <u>or probation sanction</u>.
- 32 (C) Final determination of eligibility for placement in
- 33 any community correction center or program is the responsibility of the
- 34 Department of Community Correction;

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SECTION 26. Arkansas Code § 16-93-1202(13), concerning the definition

1 of "trial court" in the context of community correction, is amended to read 2 as follows: 3 (13) "Trial court" means any court of this state having 4 jurisdiction of an eligible offender and the power to sentence the eligible 5 offender to the included options, subject to eligibility determination by the 6 Department of Community Correction. 7 8 SECTION 27. Arkansas Code § 16-98-303(b)(2), concerning the 9 responsibilities of the Department of Community Correction for a drug court 10 program, is amended to read as follows: 11 (2) Subject to an appropriation, funding, and position 12 authorization, both programmatic and administrative, and subject to the 13 requirements of eligibility as defined in § 16-93-1202, the Department of 14 Community Correction: 15 (A) Shall: 16 (i) Establish standards regarding the classification 17 of a drug court program participant as a high-risk offender or medium-risk 18 offender; 19 (ii) Provide positions for persons to serve as 20 probation officers, drug counselors, and administrative assistants; 21 (iii) Provide for drug testing for drug court 22 program participants; 23 (iv) Provide for intensive outpatient treatment for 24 drug court program participants; 25 (v) Provide for intensive short-term and long-term 26 residential treatment for drug court program participants; and 27 (vi) Develop clinical assessment capacity, including 28 drug testing, to identify a drug court program participant with a substance 29 addiction and develop a treatment protocol that improves the drug court 30 program participant's likelihood of success; and 31 (B) May: 32 (i) Provide for continuous alcohol monitoring for 33 drug court program participants, including a minimum period of one hundred 34 twenty (120) days; and 35 (ii) Develop clinical assessment capacity, including 36 continuous alcohol monitoring, to identify a drug court program participant

1	with a substance addiction and develop a treatment protocol that improves the
2	drug court program participant's likelihood of success.
3	
4	SECTION 28. Arkansas Code § 20-47-101 is repealed as the process of
5	arrest and citation by a law enforcement officer is already addressed under
6	the Arkansas Rules of Criminal Procedure.
7	20-47-101. Officers' duty to arrest insane and drunken persons.
8	It shall be the duty of all peace officers to arrest any insane or
9	drunken persons whom they may find at large and not in the care of some
10	discreet person. The officer shall take him or her before some magistrate of
11	the county, city, or town in which the arrest is made.
12	
13	SECTION 29. Arkansas Code § 20-47-102 is repealed as the authority of
14	a law enforcement officer to initiate the commitment process for an
15	individual in circuit court already exists under Arkansas law.
16	20-47-102. Officer's duty to make application to circuit court.
17	Whenever any sheriff, coroner, or constable shall discover any person
18	to be of unsound mind who resides in the county, it shall be his or her duty
19	to make application to the circuit court for the exercise of its
20	jurisdiction, and thereupon the like proceedings shall be had as directed in
21	§ 20-47-103.
22	
23	SECTION 30. Arkansas Code § 20-47-103 is repealed as the authority of
24	a law enforcement officer to initiate the commitment process for an
25	individual in circuit court already exists under Arkansas law.
26	20-47-103. Mental health judicial inquiry.
27	If any person shall give information in writing to the circuit court
28	that any person in his or her county has a mental illness, as defined by the
29	laws of this state, the circuit court, if satisfied that there is good cause
30	for the exercise of its jurisdiction, shall follow the procedure for
31	involuntary admission and treatment of the person with the mental illness, as
32	set out in the laws of this state.
33	
34	SECTION 31. Arkansas Code § 20-47-104 is repealed as the commitment
35	process for an individual in circuit court already exists under Arkansas law.

20-47-104. Detention prior to commitment to hospital.

1	The circuit court with venue and jurisdiction of a person whose
2	involuntary admission is sought shall make such orders as may be necessary to
3	keep that person in restraint until the person can be sent by due process of
4	law to the Arkansas State Hospital.
5	
6	SECTION 32. Arkansas Code § 20-47-105 is amended to read as follows:
7	20-47-105. Liability for costs of proceedings.
8	(a) When any person shall be found to be in need of involuntary
9	admission an individual is detained or involuntarily admitted to a mental
10	health facility under the Behavioral Health Crisis Intervention Protocol Act
11	of 2017, § 20-47-801 et seq., or to the state's mental health system, the
12	costs of proceedings shall be paid out of his or her estate or, if that is
13	insufficient, by the county according to § 20-47-201 et seq.
14	(b) If the person individual alleged to be in need of involuntary
15	admission to the state's mental health system or who was detained under the
16	Behavioral Health Crisis Intervention Protocol Act of 2017, § 20-47-801 et
17	seq., is discharged without admission, the costs of proceedings shall be paid
18	by the person at whose instance the proceeding was had unless the person is
19	an officer acting officially under the provisions of § 20-47-102, in which
20	case the costs shall be paid by the county proceedings were held, unless
21	waived by the court.
22	
23	SECTION 33. Arkansas Code § 20-47-106 is amended to read as follows:
24	20-47-106. Liability for support.
25	Persons A person legally liable for the support, care, or maintenance
26	of a person <u>an individual</u> in need of state mental health services shall be
27	under this chapter is liable for the costs of such mental health services to
28	the extent that:
29	(1) The person individual in need of services lacks the ability
30	to pay;
31	(2) The mental health services are not covered by a policy of
32	insurance or other source of payment; and
33	(2)(3) The legally liable person is able to pay.
34	
35	SECTION 34. Arkansas Code § 20-47-107 is repealed.
36	20-47-107. Recovery of money paid by county.

In all cases of appropriations out of the county treasury for the support and maintenance or confinement of any person who is in need of mental health services, the amount thereof may be recovered by the county from any parent, guardian, or custodian who by law is bound to provide for the support and maintenance of the person who is in need of mental health services if there is any parent, guardian, or custodian able to pay the amount.

- SECTION 35. Arkansas Code § 20-47-109 is amended to read as follows: 20-47-109. Abuse of patients prohibited.
- 10 (a) Employees In addition to the protections provided to patients
 11 under the Adult and Long-Term Care Facility Resident Maltreatment Act, § 1212 12-1701 et seq., employees, agents, servants, or officers of the Arkansas
 13 State Hospital are prohibited from striking, beating, abusing, intimidating,
 14 assaulting, or in any manner physically chastising any patient in the
 15 Arkansas State Hospital.
 - (b)(1) It shall be is the duty of all employees, agents, servants, or officers of the Arkansas State Hospital, upon learning of a violation of subsection (a) of this section, to immediately notify in writing the Director of the Arkansas State Hospital.
 - (2) Upon receiving a written report of a violation of this section, the director shall immediately investigate the incident and submit a report of the result of his or her findings to the Department of Human Services State Institutional System Board at the its next regular meeting thereof.
 - (3) If the board finds the report to be true and finds that a violation of this section has occurred, the person so violating who violated this section shall be forthwith immediately dismissed from employment at the Arkansas State Hospital and shall be forever ineligible is no longer eligible for further employment by the institution with the Arkansas State Hospital.
- 30 (4) If the board should determine, after reading the report,
 31 determines that a violation of the state's criminal laws has occurred, it the
 32 board shall immediately submit the report to the prosecuting attorney.

- SECTION 36. Arkansas Code Title 20, Chapter 47, is amended to add an additional subchapter to read as follows:
- Subchapter 8 Behavioral Health Crisis Intervention Protocol Act of 2017

1	
2	20-47-801. Title.
3	This subchapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Behavioral
4	Health Crisis Intervention Protocol Act of 2017".
5	
6	20-47-802. Legislative intent.
7	(a) It is the intent of the General Assembly to create an established
8	protocol for crisis intervention by law enforcement agencies and jail
9	personnel, the court system, hospitals, healthcare providers, and mental
10	health professionals to address the methods and procedures to be used by law
11	enforcement agencies and jail personnel, the court system, hospitals,
12	healthcare providers, and mental health professionals in engaging with an
13	individual who demonstrates substantial likelihood of committing bodily harm
14	against himself or herself, or against another person, and who is an
15	individual with a behavioral health impairment, mental disability, mental
16	illness, or other permanent or temporary behavioral health or mental
17	<pre>impairment.</pre>
18	(b) Further, it is the intent of the General Assembly that the
19	behavioral health crisis intervention protocol created under this subchapter
20	and established to address engagement with a member of the public who is an
21	individual with a behavioral health impairment results not in incarceration
22	or prosecution but in a lawful detention of the individual until his or her
23	behavioral health impairment is managed to the point that the individual is
24	substantially less likely to commit a criminal or otherwise dangerous act.
25	
26	20-47-803. Definitions.
27	As used in this subchapter:
28	(1) "Activities of daily living" means without limitation:
29	(A) Ambulating;
30	(B) Transferring;
31	(C) Eating;
32	(D) Bathing;
33	(E) Dressing;
34	(F) Grooming; and
35	(G) Toileting;
36	(2)(A) "Behavioral health impairment" means a substantial

T	impairment of emotional processes, the ability to exercise conscious control
2	of one's actions, or the ability to perceive reality or to reason, when the
3	impairment is manifested by instances of extremely abnormal behavior or
4	extremely faulty perceptions that interfere with one (1) or more activities
5	of daily living.
6	(B) "Behavioral health impairment" may include a temporary
7	behavioral health or mental impairment that results when an individual is
8	under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance to the extent that
9	the impairment is substantial to the point of meeting the definition under
10	subdivision (2)(A) of this section;
11	(3) "Community mental health center" means an entity recognized
12	by the Division of Behavioral Health Services under § 20-46-301 et seq.;
13	(4) "Comprehensive psychiatric emergency service" means a
14	specialized psychiatric service operated by a single point of entry and
15	located in or near a hospital or other facility's emergency department that
16	can provide psychiatric emergency services for a period of time greater than
17	can be provided in the hospital's or other facility's emergency department;
18	(5) "Crisis intervention protocol" means the implementation of
19	established methods and procedures, including the creation of a behavioral
20	health crisis intervention team and establishment of a crisis stabilization
21	unit, to address a criminal or otherwise dangerous act by a member of the
22	public who is an individual with a behavioral health impairment in a manner
23	that results in the management of the individual's behavioral health
24	impairment to the point that the individual is substantially less likely to
25	commit a criminal or otherwise dangerous act;
26	(6)(A) "Crisis intervention team" means a community partnership
27	among law enforcement agencies and jail personnel, healthcare providers, and
28	mental health professionals.
29	(B) A crisis intervention team also may include consumers
30	and family members of consumers to serve in an advisory capacity;
31	(7) "Crisis intervention team officer" means a law enforcement
32	officer who is:
33	(A) Authorized to make arrests under the laws of this
34	state;
35	(B) Trained and certified in behavioral health crisis
36	intervention by law enforcement under § 12-9-118; and

1	(C) Employed by a law enforcement agency that is a
2	participating partner in a crisis intervention team;
3	(8)(A) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a public or private
4	facility operated by or used by a behavioral health crisis intervention team
5	in the administration of a behavioral health crisis intervention protocol.
6	(B) "Crisis stabilization unit" includes without
7	limitation a single point of entry;
8	(9) "Crisis stabilization unit catchment area" means the
9	geographical area that a crisis stabilization unit serves;
10	(10) "Extended observation bed" means a bed that is used by a
11	comprehensive psychiatric emergency service that is licensed by the
12	Department of Human Services, or a division of the department, for the
13	purpose of providing comprehensive psychiatric emergency services;
14	(11) "Participating partner" means a law enforcement agency, a
15	community mental health center, a consumer, a crisis stabilization unit, a
16	mental health services provider, mental health professional, or a hospital
17	that has entered into the collaborative agreement required under § 20-47-805
18	to implement a crisis intervention protocol;
19	(12) "Psychiatric emergency services" means services provided by
20	mental health professionals that are designed to reduce the acute psychiatric
21	symptoms of an individual with a behavioral health impairment and, when
22	possible, to stabilize that individual so that continuing treatment can be
23	provided in the individual's community;
24	(13) "Psychiatric nurse practitioner" means a registered nurse
25	licensed and certified by the Arkansas State Board of Nursing as an advanced
26	practice nurse under the title of "Clinical Nurse Practitioner" or "Clinical
27	<u>Nurse Specialist" who:</u>
28	(A) Has completed at least one (1) year of advanced
29	practice nursing as a clinical nurse practitioner or clinical nurse
30	specialist; and
31	(B) Is working within the scope of practice as authorized
32	<u>by law;</u>
33	(14) "Psychiatric physician assistant" means a physician
34	assistant licensed by the Arkansas State Medical Board who:
35	(A) Has completed at least one (1) year of practice as a
36	physician assistant employed by a community mental health center; and

1	(B) Is working under the supervision of a physician at a
2	single point of entry;
3	(15) "Single point of entry" means a hospital, community mental
4	health center, or other healthcare facility that is a participating partner
5	in a crisis intervention team and that has agreed to provide psychiatric
6	emergency services and triage and referral services;
7	(16) "Substantial likelihood of bodily harm" means:
8	(A) That an individual:
9	(i) Has threatened or attempted to commit suicide or
10	to inflict serious bodily harm against himself or herself;
11	(ii) Has inflicted, attempted to inflict, or
12	threatened to inflict serious bodily harm on another person, and there is a
13	reasonable probability that the conduct will occur;
14	(iii) Has placed another person in reasonable fear
15	of serious bodily harm; or
16	(iv) Is unable to avoid severe impairment or injury
17	from a specific risk; and
18	(B) There is substantial likelihood that serious bodily
19	harm will occur unless the individual is provided psychiatric emergency
20	services and treatment; and
21	(17) "Triage and referral services" means services designed to
22	provide evaluation of an individual with a behavioral health impairment as
23	defined under subdivision (2)(A) of this section in order to direct that
24	individual to a community mental health center, mental health facility,
25	hospital, or other mental health services provider that can provide
26	appropriate treatment.
27	
28	20-47-804. Crisis intervention protocol not exclusive — Voluntary stay
29	at crisis stabilization unit.
30	(a) If during or after the initiation of a crisis intervention
31	protocol under this subchapter a mental health professional or medical
32	professional believes the individual being detained would benefit more from a
33	longer commitment in a residential facility, the mental health professional
34	or medical professional may institute commitment proceedings as authorized
35	<u>under § 20-47-201 et seq.</u>
36	(b) If a commitment proceeding is initiated under § 20-47-201 et seq.

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1	in a court with jurisdiction, that proceeding shall control and any custodial
2	detention or treatment as part of a crisis intervention protocol initiated
3	under this subchapter shall cease in lieu of any commitment or treatment
4	ordered by the court.
5	(c)(1) A crisis intervention protocol may be ended before the maximum
6	detention time of seventy-two (72) hours has elapsed, as described under §
7	20-47-810, by the law enforcement agency who has custody of the individual at
8	its discretion if:
9	(A) The individual in custody under this subchapter agrees
10	to remain at the crisis stabilization unit voluntarily;
11	(B) The detaining law enforcement agency reasonably
12	believes that that individual would not be a danger to himself or herself or
13	to others if he or she remained at the crisis stabilization unit voluntarily;
14	<u>and</u>
15	(C) The crisis stabilization unit agrees to allow the
16	individual to remain at the crisis stabilization unit.
17	(2)(A) An individual who is released from custody and remains at
18	a crisis stabilization unit voluntarily under this subsection is free to
19	leave the crisis stabilization unit at any time.
20	(B) A crisis stabilization unit may:
21	(1) Discharge an individual who is released from
22	custody and remains at the crisis stabilization unit voluntarily at its
23	discretion;
24	(2) As part of the discharge process and subject to
25	the consent of the person no longer in custody, provide the person with a
26	follow-up treatment plan and a request that the person utilize the treatment
27	plan, including subsequent appointments with a mental health professional.
28	
29	20-47-805. Establishment of crisis intervention teams.
30	(a) As part of a crisis intervention protocol established under this
31	subchapter, a law enforcement agency or community mental health center, as a
32	participating partner, is authorized to establish a crisis intervention team
33	or multiple crisis intervention teams to provide psychiatric emergency
34	services and triage and referral services for individuals with a behavioral
35	health impairment who demonstrate substantial likelihood of committing bodily
36	harm against themselves or against another person as a more humane

alternative to confinement in a jail. 1

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2 (b) A crisis intervention team shall have at least one (1) designated 3 hospital or community mental health center within the specified crisis 4 stabilization unit catchment area that has agreed to serve as a single point 5 of entry and to provide psychiatric emergency services, triage and referral 6 services, and other appropriate medical services for individuals in the 7 custody of a crisis intervention team officer or who have been referred by 8 the community mental health center within the specified crisis stabilization 9 unit catchment area. 10 (c)(l) As a participating partner and serving as a single point of entry, a hospital, community mental health center, or mental health facility 11 12 may establish a comprehensive psychiatric emergency service to provide 13 psychiatric emergency services to an individual with a behavioral health 14 impairment for a period of time greater than allowed in a hospital or other facility's emergency department when, in the opinion of the treating 15 physician, psychiatric nurse practitioner, or psychiatric physician 16 assistant, the individual is likely to be stabilized within seventy-two (72) 17 18 hours so that continuing treatment can be provided in the local community 19 rather than a crisis stabilization unit or the Arkansas State Hospital. 20 (2)(A) During the time an individual with a behavioral health impairment is under a crisis intervention protocol and detained at a single 21 22 point of entry or at a crisis stabilization unit, the individual is 23 considered to be in the custody of the law enforcement agency that detained 24 the individual. 25 (B) This subchapter does not authorize the forfeit of any 26 state or federal constitutional right regarding the detention and custody of 27 an individual with a behavioral health impairment who has been detained or 28 placed in custody due to the commission of a criminal offense. 29 (d)(1) Two (2) or more governmental entities may jointly provide 30 crisis intervention teams and comprehensive psychiatric emergency services 31 authorized under this subchapter. 32 (2) For the purpose of addressing unique rural service delivery needs and conditions, the Department of Human Services may authorize two (2) 33 34 or more hospitals, community mental health centers, or mental health services

comprehensive psychiatric emergency services and shall facilitate any

providers to collaborate in the development of crisis intervention teams and

1	collaboration authorized.
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3	20-47-806. Crisis intervention protocol — Collaborative agreements.
4	(a) A proposed crisis intervention protocol and crisis intervention
5	team shall include necessary collaborative agreements among the participating
6	hospitals, community health centers, mental health service providers,
7	participating law enforcement agencies, and the facility that is designated
8	as the single point of entry for the crisis stabilization unit catchment
9	area.
10	(b)(1) A collaborative agreement under subsection (a) of this section
11	shall specify that the facility designated under the collaborative agreement
12	as the single point of entry is required to accept any individual who is in
13	the custody of or detained by a crisis intervention team officer operating
14	within the crisis stabilization unit catchment area, whether in the field or
15	at a local detention facility, if the individual has been taken into custody
16	or is detained because the individual demonstrates the substantial likelihood
17	of committing bodily harm against himself or herself or against another
18	person.
19	(2) A participating partner that is not a law enforcement agency
20	as part of a collaborative agreement under this section shall indemnify a
21	participating law enforcement agency against all acts of negligence that may
22	occur in the course of and scope of the application of a crisis intervention
23	protocol toward another person.
24	
25	20-47-807. Single point of entry — Operations.
26	(a)(l) The internal operation of a single point of entry shall be
27	governed by the administration of a facility designated as the single point
28	of entry and regulated by the Department of Human Services or a division of
29	the department.
30	(2) All collaborative agreements under § 20-47-806(a) shall be
31	in compliance with the regulatory authorities under subdivision (a)(1) of
32	this section.
33	(b)(l) A facility operating as a single point of entry under a crisis
34	intervention protocol shall appoint a unit director to oversee the operation
35	of the facility-based service.
36	(2) The unit director shall assure that the services provided

1 are within the guidelines established by the collaborative agreements under § 2 20-47-806(a). 3 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this subchapter does 4 not create an entitlement for any individual to receive psychiatric emergency 5 services at a single point of entry. 6 7 20-47-808. Determination of need to initiate crisis intervention 8 protocol. 9 (a)(1) If a crisis intervention team officer determines that an 10 individual with a behavioral health impairment demonstrates a substantial likelihood of committing bodily harm to himself or herself or to another 11 person, the crisis intervention team officer may take the individual into 12 13 custody for the purpose of transporting the individual to the designated 14 single point of entry serving the crisis stabilization unit catchment area in 15 which the officer has jurisdiction. (2) The crisis intervention team officer shall certify in 16 17 writing the reasons for taking the individual into custody. 18 (b) Only a crisis intervention team officer with jurisdictional 19 authority to operate within a crisis stabilization unit catchment area may 20 bring a person in custody to the single point of entry for that crisis 21 stabilization unit catchment area. 22 (c)(1) An individual transported by a crisis intervention team officer 23 to the single point of entry or a individual referred by the community mental health center under the guidelines of a collaborative agreement under § 20-24 25 47-806(a) shall be examined by a physician, psychiatric nurse practitioner, 26 or psychiatric physician assistant. 27 (2) If the individual does not consent to voluntary evaluation and treatment and the physician, psychiatric nurse practitioner, or 28 29 psychiatric physician assistant determines that the individual is an 30 individual with a behavioral health impairment, the physician, psychiatric 31 nurse practitioner, or psychiatric physician assistant shall then determine if that individual may be held under the crisis intervention protocol as set 32 out in this subchapter. 33 34 (3) If the physician, psychiatric nurse practitioner, or 35 psychiatric physician assistant determines that the individual demonstrates a 36 substantial likelihood of committing bodily harm against himself or herself

- 1 or against another person because of a behavioral health impairment caused by 2 alcohol or a controlled substance and that there is no reasonable less 3 restrictive alternative, the individual may be held at the single point of 4 entry until the behavioral health impairment has resolved and the individual no longer demonstrates a substantial likelihood of committing bodily harm to 5 6 himself or herself or against another person. 7 8 20-47-809. Implementation of psychiatric emergency services. 9 (a)(1) To implement psychiatric emergency services under a crisis 10 intervention protocol under this subchapter, a single point of entry shall request licensure from the Department of Human Services for the number of 11 12 extended observation beds that are required to adequately serve the 13 designated crisis stabilization unit catchment area. 14 (2) A license for the requested extended observation beds is 15 required before the single point of entry may put the extended observation 16 beds into service for patients. 17 (b) If the Department of Human Services determines that psychiatric 18 emergency services under this subchapter are adequate to provide for the 19 privacy and safety of all patients receiving services in the single point of 20 entry, the Department of Human Services may approve the location of one (1) 21 or more of the extended observation beds within another area of the single 22 point of entry rather than in proximity to the emergency department. 23 (c) Each psychiatric emergency service shall provide or contract to 24 provide qualified physicians, licensed mental health professionals, 25 psychiatric nurse practitioners, psychiatric physician assistants, and ancillary personnel necessary to provide services twenty-four (24) hours per 26 27 day, seven (7) days per week. 28 (d)(1) A psychiatric emergency service provided by a single point of 29 entry shall have at least one (1) physician, one (1) psychiatric nurse 30 practitioner, or one (1) psychiatric physician assistant who is a member of 31 the staff of the single point of entry and who is on duty and available at all times. 32 (2) However, the medical director of the psychiatric emergency 33
 - (A) A physician in the emergency department to assume

service may waive the requirement under subdivision (d)(l) of this section if

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provisions are made for:

As Engrossed: S2/13/17

1	responsibility and provide initial evaluation and treatment of an individual
2	with a behavioral health impairment in the custody of a crisis intervention
3	team officer or referred by the community mental health center;
4	(B) A licensed mental health professional to screen and
5	assess an individual with a behavioral health impairment within thirty (30)
6	minutes of notification that the individual has arrived; and
7	(C) The physician, psychiatric nurse practitioner, or
8	psychiatric physician assistant on call for the psychiatric emergency service
9	to evaluate the individual with a behavioral health impairment onsite within
10	twelve (12) hours of the individual's admission.
11	
12	20-47-810. Seventy-two-hour maximum time of detention.
13	(a) An individual with a behavioral health impairment who is admitted
14	to a psychiatric emergency service under a crisis intervention protocol under
15	this subchapter shall have a final disposition within a maximum of seventy-
16	two (72) hours or be released from custody.
17	(b) If the individual with a behavioral health impairment cannot be
18	stabilized within seventy-two (72) hours of entering into a crisis
19	intervention protocol, a participating partner may institute commitment
20	proceedings as authorized under § 20-47-201 et seq.
21	(c) An individual who has been released from custody and has chosen to
22	stay at a crisis stabilization unit voluntarily under § 20-47-804(c) is not
23	bound by the seventy-two-hour maximum time of detention under this section.
24	(d) As part of the discharge process after the seventy-two (72) hour
25	hold has expired and the individual is being released from custody, and
26	subject to the consent of the person no longer in custody, a crisis
27	stabilization unit may provide the individual with a follow-up treatment plan
28	and a request that the individual utilize the treatment plan, including
29	subsequent appointments with a mental health professional.
30	
31	20-47-811. Immunity from liability.
32	A person acting in good faith in connection with the detention of an
33	individual with a behavioral health impairment under the crisis intervention
34	protocol as set out in this subchapter is immune from civil or criminal
35	<u>liability for those acts.</u>

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1	20-47-812. Development of crisis intervention protocols.
2	(a)(1) A director of a community mental health center shall actively
3	encourage hospitals, community mental health centers, mental health services
4	providers, and other mental health professionals to develop psychiatric
5	emergency services.
6	(2) If a collaborative agreement can be negotiated with a
7	hospital, community mental health center, or other healthcare facility that
8	can provide a comprehensive psychiatric emergency service, that hospital,
9	community mental health center, or other healthcare facility shall be given
10	priority when designating the single point of entry.
11	(b) The Department of Human Services shall encourage community mental
12	health center directors to actively work with hospitals, mental health
13	services providers, other mental health professionals, and law enforcement
14	agencies to develop a crisis intervention protocol and associated crisis
15	intervention teams and psychiatric emergency services and shall facilitate
16	the development of those collaborations.
17	
18	SECTION 37. DO NOT CODIFY. Effective date:
19	Sections 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, and 23 of this act are effective on
20	and after October 1, 2017.
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22	/s/J. Hutchinson
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