1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: S2/2/17	
2	91st General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2017		SENATE BILL 140
4			
5	By: Senators Files, J. Dismang,	Teague, B. Sample, Rapert	
6	By: Representative D. Douglas		
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8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT TO PI	ROVIDE FOR THE COLLECTION OF SAL	LES AND USE
10	TAX RATHER 7	THAN USE TAX ON SALES BY CERTAIN	I REMOTE
11	SELLERS; ANI	D FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	
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14		Subtitle	
15	TO PRO	OVIDE FOR THE COLLECTION OF SALES	S
16	AND US	SE TAX RATHER THAN USE TAX ON SAI	LES
17	BY CER	RTAIN REMOTE SELLERS.	
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19			
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GE	NERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF A	RKANSAS:
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22		T CODIFY. Legislative findings.	<u>-</u>
23		Assembly finds that:	
24		ability to effectively collect a	
25		lers who deliver tangible person	
26		tansas sales and use tax, or serv	
27		ing the sales tax base of this s	_
28		m to the state through the loss	of critical funding
29	for state and local serv		
30		rm from the loss of revenue is e	
31		and use tax revenues are essenti	al in funding state
32 33	and local services;	a the feet that a was tor in orre	d on tonoible nemeroal
		e the fact that a use tax is owe	
34 35		property, or services delivered	
	·	ers actively market sales as tax	rree or transactions
36	not subject to sales tax	<u>A j</u>	

1	(4) The structural advantages of remote sellers, including the	
2	absence of point-of-sale tax collection and the general growth of online	
3	retail, make clear that further erosion of this state's sales and use tax	
4	base is likely to occur in the near future;	
5	(5) Remote sellers that make a substantial number of deliveries	
6	into Arkansas or collect large gross revenues from Arkansas benefit	
7	extensively from this state's market, economy, and infrastructure;	
8	(6) In contrast with the expanding harms caused to the state	
9	from the exemption of sales and use tax collection duties for remote sellers	
10	the costs of such a collection have decreased because advanced computing and	
11	software options have made it neither difficult nor burdensome for remote	
12	sellers to collect and remit sales and use taxes associated with sales into	
13	this state;	
14	(7) As United States Supreme Court Justice Anthony Kennedy	
15	recently recognized in his concurrence in Direct Marketing Association $v_{\:\raisebox{1pt}{\text{\circle*{1.5}}}}$	
16	Brohl, 575 U.S, 135 S. Ct. 1124 (2015) (Kennedy, J., concurring), the	
17	United States Supreme Court should reconsider its doctrine that prevents	
18	states from requiring remote sellers to collect use tax, and based on the	
19	foregoing findings, this argument has grown stronger and the cause more	
20	urgent with time;	
21	(8) Given the urgent need for the United States Supreme Court to	
22	reconsider the doctrine, it is necessary for this state to pass a law	
23	clarifying its immediate intent to require collection of sales and use taxes	
24	$\underline{\text{by remote sellers}}$ and permitting the most expeditious possible review of the	
25	constitutionality of this law;	
26	(9) Expeditious review is necessary and appropriate because,	
27	although it may be reasonable notwithstanding this act for remote sellers to	
28	continue to refuse to collect the sales and use tax in light of existing	
29	federal constitutional doctrine, this refusal causes imminent harm to this	
30	state; and	
31	(10) At the same time, the General Assembly recognizes that the	
32	enactment of this law places remote sellers in a complicated position,	
33	precisely because existing constitutional doctrine calls this act into	
34	question.	
35	(b) The General Assembly intends to:	
36	(1) Clarify that the obligations created by this act would be	

1	appropriately stayed by the courts until the constitutionality of this law
2	has been clearly established by a binding judgment, including without
3	limitation a decision from the United States Supreme Court abrogating its
4	existing doctrine or a final judgment applicable to a particular taxpayer;
5	(2) Apply Arkansas's sales and use tax obligations to the
6	greatest extent possible under federal and state constitutional doctrines;
7	<u>and</u>
8	(3) Clarify that Arkansas law permits the state to immediately
9	argue in any litigation that the constitutional doctrine should be changed to
10	permit the collection obligations of this act.
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12	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 26-52-110 is repealed.
13	<del>26-52-110. Sellers and affiliated persons - Referral agreements -</del>
14	Notice required.
15	(a) As used in this section:
16	(1) "Affiliated person" means:
17	(A) A person that is a member of the same controlled group
18	of corporations as the seller; or
19	(B) Another entity that, notwithstanding its form of
20	organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the seller as a
21	corporation that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations;
22	(2) "Controlled group of corporations" means the same as in 26
23	U.S.C. § 1563(a), as it existed on January 1, 2011; and
24	(3) "Facilitator" means a person that directly aids or assists
25	sellers in making remote sales, including without limitation a person that
26	operates a website marketplace through which the seller makes sales.
27	(b) A seller is presumed to be engaged in the business of selling
28	tangible personal property or taxable services for use in the state if an
29	affiliated person is subject to the sales and use tax jurisdiction of the
30	state and the:
31	(1) Seller sells a similar line of products as the affiliated
32	person and sells the products under the same business name or a similar
33	<del>business name;</del>
34	(2) Affiliated person uses its in-state employees or in-state
35	facilities to advertise, promote, or facilitate sales by the seller to
36	consumers;

1 (3) Affiliated person maintains an office, distribution 2 facility, warehouse or storage place, or similar place of business to facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the seller to the 3 4 seller's business; 5 (4) Affiliated person uses trademarks, service marks, or trade 6 names in the state that are the same or substantially similar to those used 7 by the seller; or 8 (5) Affiliated person delivers, installs, assembles, or performs 9 maintenance services for the seller's purchasers within the state. 10 (c) The presumption in subsection (b) of this section may be rebutted by demonstrating that the affiliated person's activities in the state are not 11 12 significantly associated with the seller's ability to establish or maintain a market in the state for the seller's sales. 13 14 (d)(1) If there is not an affiliated person with respect to a seller 15 in the state, the seller is presumed to be engaged in the business of selling 16 tangible personal property or taxable services for use in the state if the 17 seller enters into an agreement with one (1) or more residents of the state 18 under which the residents, for a commission or other consideration, directly 19 or indirectly refer potential purchasers, whether by a link on an Internet 20 website or otherwise, to the seller. 21 (2) However, subdivision (d)(1) of this section applies only if 22 the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the seller to purchasers in the 23 state who are referred to the seller by all residents according to the type of agreement described in subdivision (d)(1) of this section exceed ten 24 25 thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the preceding twelve (12) months. 26 (e)(1) The presumption in subsection (d) of this section may be 27 rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the seller has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was 28 significantly associated with the seller's ability to establish or maintain 29 30 the seller's market in the state during the preceding twelve (12) months. (2) Proof provided under subdivision (e)(1) of this section may 31 32 consist of written statements from all of the residents with whom the seller 33 has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the 34 state on behalf of the seller during the preceding twelve (12) months if the statements were provided and obtained in good faith. 35 36 (f) The Director of the Department of Finance and Administration shall

promulgate rules to implement this section.

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2 SECTION 3. Arkansas Code Title 26, Chapter 52, Subchapter 1, is 3 4 amended to add an additional section to read as follows: 5 26-52-111. Collection by remote sellers. 6 (a) A seller selling tangible personal property, any other property 7 subject to Arkansas sales and use tax, or services for delivery into 8 Arkansas, that does not have a physical presence in this state: 9 (1) Is subject to the provisions of this chapter and the 10 Arkansas Compensating Tax Act of 1949, § 26-53-101 et seq.; and 11 (2) Shall remit the sales and use tax and follow all applicable 12 procedures and requirements of law as if the seller had a physical presence 13 in the state, if the seller meets either of the following criteria in the previous calendar year or the current calendar year: 14 15 (A) The seller's gross revenue from the sale of tangible personal property, any other property subject to Arkansas sales and use tax, 16 17 and services delivered into Arkansas exceeds one hundred thousand dollars 18 (\$100,000); or 19 (B) The seller sold tangible personal property, any other 20 property subject to Arkansas sales and use tax, and services for delivery into Arkansas in at least two hundred (200) separate transactions. 21 22 (b)(1) The state may bring a declaratory judgment action against any 23 person the state believes meets the criteria of subsection (a) of this section to establish that the obligation to remit sales and use tax is 24 25 applicable and valid under state and federal law. 26 (2) The state is not required to initiate an audit or other tax 27 collection procedure before bringing a declaratory judgment action under this 28 section. 29 (3) The circuit court shall act on a declaratory judgment action 30 filed under this section as expeditiously as possible, and this action shall 31 proceed with priority over any other action presenting the same question in 32 any other venue. 33 (4) The award of attorney's fees is not allowed in a declaratory 34 judgment action brought under this section or any appeal from a declaratory 35 judgment action brought under this section. 36 (c)(1) The filing of a declaratory judgment action by the state under

1 this section operates as an administrative injunction during the pendency of

- 2 the action, prohibiting any state entity from enforcing the obligation in
- 3 subsection (a) of this section against any taxpayer that does not
- 4 affirmatively consent or otherwise remit the sales and use tax on a voluntary
- 5 basis.
- 6 (2) An administrative injunction under this subsection does not
- 7 apply if there is a previous judgment from a court establishing the validity
- 8 of the obligation in subsection (a) of this section with respect to the
- 9 particular taxpayer.
- 10 (3) If the declaratory judgment action is resolved in favor of
- 11 the state, in general or with respect to a specific taxpayer, the state shall
- 12 assess and apply the obligation established in subsection (a) of this section
- 13 from that date forward with respect to any taxpayer covered by the
- 14 <u>administrative injunction</u>.
- 15 <u>(d) The obligation to remit the sales and use tax required under this</u>
- section shall not be applied retroactively.
- 17 (e)(1) A taxpayer complying with this section may seek a recovery of
- 18 taxes, penalties, or interest only by following the procedures established in
- 19 Arkansas Code Title 26, Chapter 18.
- 20 (2) However, a claim shall not be granted on the basis that the
- 21 taxpayer lacked a physical presence in the state and complied with this
- 22 section voluntarily while covered by an injunction under this section.
- 23 (f) This section does not limit the ability of a taxpayer to obtain a
- 24 refund for any other reason, including without limitation a mistake of fact
- 25 <u>or mathematical miscalculation of the applicable tax.</u>
- 26 (g) A seller that remits sales and use tax under this section is not
- 27 <u>liable to a purchaser if the seller was not required to collect sales and use</u>
- 28 tax because a provision of this section is later deemed unlawful.
- 29 (h) This section does not affect the obligation of a purchaser from
- 30 this state to remit use tax on any applicable transaction in which the seller
- 31 <u>does not collect and remit sales and use tax.</u>

33 SECTION 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. Sections 1 through 3 of this act are

34 effective on the first day of the second calendar month following the

35 <u>effective date of this act.</u>

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