1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: \$3/13/17		
2	91st General Assembly	A Bill		
3	Regular Session, 2017		SENATE BILL 225	
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5	By: Senator Rapert			
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7		For An Act To Be Entitled		
8	AN ACT CONCERNING CREDIT OR DEBIT CARD "SKIMMING";			
9	AMENDING THE OFFENSE OF FINANCIAL IDENTITY FRAUD; AND			
10	FOR OTHER PURPOSES.			
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13		Subtitle		
14	CONCE	ERNING CREDIT OR DEBIT CARD		
15	"SKIMMING"; AND AMENDING THE OFFENSE OF			
16	FINAN	NCIAL IDENTITY FRAUD.		
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19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE G	ENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF A	ARKANSAS:	
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21	SECTION 1. Arka	nsas Code Title 5, Chapter 37, Su	ubchapter 2, is amended	
22	to add an additional s	section to read as follows:		
23	<u>5-37-218. Unlaw</u>	<u>rful possession of a skimmer.</u>		
24	(a) As used in	this section, "skimmer" means an	<u>electronic</u> ,	
25	photographic, visual i	maging, recording, or other device	<u>ce capable of</u>	
26	accessing, reading, re	ecording, capturing, copying, imag	ging, scanning,	
27	reproducing, or storin	ng in any manner financial sight o	order or payment card	
28	information.			
29	(b) A person co	ommits the offense of unlawful pos	ssession of a skimmer	
30	<u>if he or she knowingly</u>	y possesses a skimmer with the pur	rpose to commit an	
31	offense under this subchapter.			
32	<u>(c) Unlawful po</u>	essession of a skimmer is a Class	C felony.	
33				
34	SECTION 2. Arka	nsas Code § 5-37-227 is amended t	to read as follows:	
35	5-37-227. Financ	rial identity fraud — Nonfinancial	l identity fraud —	
36	Restitution - Venue.			

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1	(a) A person commits financial identity fraud if, with the purpose to:		
2	(1) Create, obtain, or open a credit account, debit account, or		
3	other financial resource for his or her benefit or for the benefit of a third		
4	party, he or she accesses, obtains, records, or submits to a financial		
5	institution another person's identifying information for the purpose of		
6	opening or creating a credit account, debit account, or financial resource		
7	without the authorization of the person identified by the information; or		
8	(2) Appropriate a financial resource of another person to his or		
9	her own use or to the use of a third party without the authorization of that		
10	other person, the actor:		
11	(A) Uses a seanning device; or		
12	<del>(B) Uses a re-encoder.</del>		
13	(a) A person commits financial identity fraud if the person:		
14	(1) For his or her benefit or the benefit of a third party,		
15	accesses, obtains, records, or submits to a financial institution another		
16	person's identifying information with a purpose to create, obtain, or open a		
17	credit account, debit account, or financial resource without the		
18	authorization of the other person;		
19	(2) Uses a scanning device, re-encoder, or a skimmer for the		
20	purpose of appropriating a financial resource, financial sight order		
21	information, or payment card information of another person to his or her own		
22	use or to the use of a third party without the authorization of the other		
23	person; or		
24	(3) Transfers to another person a financial resource, a		
25	financial sight order, or payment card information knowing that the other		
26	person is not entitled to obtain or possess the financial resource, financial		
27	sight order, or payment card information.		
28	(b) A person commits nonfinancial identity fraud if he or she		
29	knowingly obtains another person's identifying information without the other		
30	person's authorization and uses the identifying information for any unlawful		
31	purpose, including without limitation:		
32	(1) To avoid apprehension or criminal prosecution;		
33	(2) To harass another person; or		
34	(3) To obtain or to attempt to obtain a good, service, real		
35	property, or medical information of another person.		
36	(c) As used in this section:		

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1	(1) "Check" means the same as defined in § 4-60-101;		
2	(2) "Debit card" means the same as defined in § 4-88-702;		
3	(1)(3) "Disabled person" means the same as defined in § 4-88-		
4	201;		
5	$\frac{(2)}{(4)}$ "Elder person" means the same as defined in § 4-88-201;		
6	(3)(5) "Financial institution" includes, but is not limited to		
7	without limitation a credit card company, bank, or any other type of lending		
8	or credit company or institution;		
9	(4)(6) "Financial resource" includes, but is not limited to,		
10	without limitation a credit card, debit card, or any other type of line of		
11	credit or loan;		
12	(7) "Financial sight order or payment card information" means		
13	financial information that is:		
14	(A) Contained on either side of a check or similar sight		
15	order or payment card; or		
16	(B) Encoded on the magnetic strip or stripe of a payment		
17	<u>card;</u>		
18	(5)(8) "Identifying information" includes, but is not limited		
19	to, without limitation a:		
20	(A) Social <del>security</del> <u>Security</u> number;		
21	(B) Driver's license number;		
22	(C) Checking account number;		
23	(D) Savings account number;		
24	(E) Credit card number;		
25	(F) Debit card number;		
26	(G) Personal identification number;		
27	(H) Electronic identification number;		
28	(I) Digital signature; or		
29	(J) Any other number or information that can be used to		
30	access a person's financial resources;		
31	(9) "Payment card" means a debit card or credit card;		
32	(6)(10) "Re-encoder" means an electronic device that places		
33	encoded information from the <u>computer chip or</u> magnetic strip or stripe of a		
34	payment card onto the computer chip or magnetic strip or stripe of a		
35	different <u>payment</u> card, or any electronic medium that allows an authorized		
36	transaction to occur; <del>and</del>		

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- 1 (7)(11) "Scanning device" means a scanner, reader, or any other 2 electronic device that is used to access, read, scan, obtain, memorize, or 3 store, temporarily or permanently, information encoded on the magnetic strip 4 or stripe of a payment card+; and
- 5 (12) "Skimmer" means an electronic, photographic, visual
  6 imaging, recording, or other device capable of accessing, reading, recording,
  7 capturing, copying, imaging, scanning, reproducing, or storing in any manner
  8 financial sight order or payment card information.
- 9 (d) The provisions of this section do not apply to any person who
  10 obtains another person's driver's license or other form of identification for
  11 the sole purpose of misrepresenting the actor's age.
- 12 (e)(1) Except as provided in subdivision (e)(2) of this section, 13 financial identity fraud is a Class C felony.
- 14 (2) Financial identify identity fraud is a Class B felony if the 15 victim is an elder person or a disabled person.
- 18 (2) Nonfinancial identity fraud is a Class C felony if the 19 victim is an elder person or a disabled person.
  - (g)(1) In addition to any penalty imposed under this section, a violation of this section constitutes an unfair or deceptive act or practice as defined by the Deceptive Trade Practices Act, § 4-88-101 et seq.
- (2) Any remedy, penalty, or authority granted to the Attorney

  General or another person under the Deceptive Trade Practices Act, § 4-88-101

  et seq., is available to the Attorney General or that other person for the

  enforcement of this section.
  - (h)(1)(A) In addition to any penalty imposed under this section, upon conviction for financial identity fraud or nonfinancial identity fraud, a court may order the defendant to make restitution to any victim whose identifying information was appropriated or to the estate of the victim under § 5-4-205.
- 32 (B) In addition to any other authorized restitution, the 33 restitution order described in subdivision (h)(l)(A) of this section may 34 include without limitation restitution for the following financial losses: 35 (i) Any costs incurred by the victim in correcting
- 35 (i) Any costs incurred by the victim in correcting 36 the credit history or credit rating of the victim; and

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1	(ii) Any costs incurred in connection with any civi			
2	or administrative proceeding to satisfy any debt, lien, or other obligation			
3	resulting from the theft of the victim's identifying information, including			
4	lost wages and attorney's fees.			
5	(C) The court also may order restitution for financial			
6	loss to any other person or entity that suffers a financial loss from a			
7	violation of subsection (a) or subsection (b) of this section.			
8	(2) A judgment entered under this section and § 5-4-205 does no			
9	bar a remedy available in a civil action to recover damages relating to			
10	financial identity fraud or nonfinancial identity fraud.			
11	(i) Venue for any criminal prosecution under this section or any civi			
12	action to recover damages relating to financial identity fraud or			
13	nonfinancial identity fraud is proper in any of the following venues:			
14	(1) In the county where the violation occurred;			
15	(2) If the violation was committed in more than one (1) county,			
16	or if the elements of the offense were committed in more than one (1) county,			
17	then in any county where any violation occurred or where an element of the			
18	offense occurred;			
19	(3) In the county where the victim resides; or			
20	(4) In the county where property that was fraudulently used or			
21	attempted to be used was located at the time of the violation.			
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23	/s/Rapert			
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