## Stricken language would be deleted from and underlined language would be added to the Arkansas Constitution.

1	State of Arkansas
2	91st General Assembly
3	Regular Session, 2017 SJR 8
4	
5	By: Senators Irvin, E. Williams, T. Garner, Bledsoe, J. Dismang, L. Eads, J. English, Files, J. Hendren,
6	Hester, B. Johnson, Rapert, B. Sample, Standridge, D. Wallace
7	By: Representatives Ballinger, Barker, Beck, Bentley, Bragg, Brown, Cavenaugh, Coleman, Collins,
8	Cozart, Davis, Dotson, D. Douglas, Drown, Eaves, Eubanks, Farrer, D. Ferguson, L. Fite, Gates,
9	Gonzales, M. Gray, Henderson, K. Hendren, Hillman, G. Hodges, Holcomb, Hollowell, Jean, Jett,
10	Ladyman, Lemons, Lowery, Lundstrum, Lynch, Magie, McCollum, D. Meeks, Payton, Petty, Pilkington,
11	Richmond, Rushing, Rye, B. Smith, Sorvillo, Speaks, Sturch, Vaught, Wardlaw, Warren, Watson,
12	Womack
13	
14	SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION
15	PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE ARKANSAS CONSTITUTION
16	TO LIMIT ATTORNEYS' CONTINGENCY FEES IN CIVIL ACTIONS
17	TO THIRTY-THREE AND ONE-THIRD PERCENT OF THE NET
18	RECOVERY; TO LIMIT AWARDS OF PUNITIVE DAMAGES AND
19	NON-ECONOMIC DAMAGES IN CIVIL ACTIONS; TO REQUIRE
20	ADJUSTMENTS TO THE LIMITATIONS ON PUNITIVE AND NON-
21	ECONOMIC DAMAGE AWARDS FOR INFLATION OR DEFLATION;
22	AND TO PROVIDE THAT THE SUPREME COURT'S POWER TO
23	PRESCRIBE RULES OF PLEADING, PRACTICE, AND PROCEDURE
24	FOR COURTS IS SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE GENERAL
25	ASSEMBLY, WHICH MAY ADOPT, AMEND, OR REPEAL SUCH
26	RULES AS IT DEEMS NECESSARY OR PROPER BY A THREE-
27	FIFTHS VOTE OF EACH HOUSE.
28	
29	
30	Subtitle
31	A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT LIMITING
32	CONTINGENCY FEES AND AWARDS OF PUNITIVE
33	AND NON-ECONOMIC DAMAGES; AND CHANGING
34	THE POWERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND
35	THE SUPREME COURT REGARDING RULES OF
36	PLEADING, PRACTICE, AND PROCEDURE.

1	
2	DE IM DECOLVED DY MUE CENAME OF MUE NINEMY DIDOM CENEDAL ACCEMBLY OF MUE
3	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-FIRST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE
4	STATE OF ARKANSAS AND BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, A MAJORITY OF ALL
5 6	MEMBERS ELECTED TO EACH HOUSE AGREEING THERETO:
-	That the fallering is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of
7 8	That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of
9	the State of Arkansas, and upon being submitted to the electors of the state for approval or rejection at the next general election for Representatives
10	and Senators, if a majority of the electors voting thereon at the election
-	
11	adopt the amendment, the amendment shall become a part of the Constitution of
12	the State of Arkansas, to wit:
13 14	CECTION 1 Autonoog Constitution Auticle 7 is smoothed to add on
	SECTION 1. Arkansas Constitution, Article 7, is amended to add an
15 16	additional section to read as follows:
17	§ 53. Contingency fees.
18	(a) As used in this section, "contingency fee" means an attorney's fee
19	that is paid only if the claimant recovers money by way of settlement, arbitration, or judgment.
20	(b) A contingency fee for legal representation in a civil action shall
21	not exceed thirty-three and one-third percent (33 1/3 %) of the net amount of
22	the recovery, whether obtained by settlement, arbitration, or judgment.
23	(c) Beginning with the 2019 regular session, by a majority vote of
24	each house, the General Assembly shall enact laws necessary for the proper
25	implementation of this section, including without limitation laws:
26	(1) Establishing penalties for contingency fees that exceed the
27	maximum under this section; and
28	(2) Defining terms in subsection (b) of this section as
29	necessary, including without limitation defining the phrase "net amount of
30	the recovery".
31	(d) By a two-thirds vote of each house, the General Assembly may enact
32	laws amending the maximum percentage for contingency fees for legal
33	representation under subdivision (b) of this section.
34	
35	SECTION 2. Arkansas Constitution, Article 5, Section 32, is amended to

read as follows:

36

1	§ 32. Workmen's Compensation Laws — Actions for <del>personal</del> injuries
2	resulting in death or injuries to persons or property.
3	(a) As used in this section:
4	(1) "Non-economic damages" means damages that cannot be measured
5	in money, including without limitation any loss or damage, however
6	characterized, for pain and suffering, mental and emotional distress, loss of
7	life or companionship, visible result of injury, or physical impairment; and
8	(2) "Punitive damages" means damages to punish and deter
9	wrongful conduct.
10	(b) The General Assembly shall have power to enact laws prescribing
11	the amount of compensation to be paid by employers for injuries to or death
12	of employees, and to whom said payment shall be made. It shall have power to
13	provide the means, methods, and forum for adjudicating claims arising under
14	said laws, and for securing payment of same. Provided, that otherwise, except
15	as provided in subsections (c), (d), and (e) of this section, no law shall be
16	enacted limiting the amount to be recovered for injuries resulting in death
17	or for injuries to persons or property; and in case of death from such
18	injuries the right of action shall survive, and the General Assembly shall
19	prescribe for whose benefit such action shall be prosecuted.
20	(c)(1) Punitive damage awards for each claimant in actions for
21	injuries resulting in death and actions for injuries to persons or property,
22	including without limitation medical injuries, shall not exceed the greater
23	of:
24	(A) Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); or
25	(B) Three (3) times the amount of compensatory damages
26	awarded to the claimant.
27	(2) Subdivision (c)(1) of this section does not apply if the
28	finder of fact determines by clear and convincing evidence that:
29	(A) The defendant intentionally pursued a course of
30	conduct for the purpose of causing injury or damage to the claimant; and
31	(B) The defendant's intentional conduct harmed the
32	<u>claimant.</u>
33	(3)(A) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, by
34	a two-thirds vote of each house, the General Assembly may enact laws
35	increasing the limitations under subdivisions (c)(1)(A) and (B) of this
36	section.

1	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section,
2	the General Assembly shall not enact laws decreasing the limitations under
3	subdivisions (c)(l)(A) and (B) of this section.
4	(d)(l) Non-economic damage awards in actions for injuries resulting in
5	death and actions for injuries to persons or property, including without
6	limitation medical injuries, shall be limited to:
7	(A) Two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) for each
8	claimant; and
9	(B) Five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for all
10	beneficiaries of an individual decedent in the aggregate in an action for
11	injuries resulting in death.
12	(2)(A) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, by
13	a two-thirds vote of each house, the General Assembly may enact laws
14	increasing the limitations under subdivisions (d)(l)(A) and (B) of this
15	section.
16	(B) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section,
17	the General Assembly shall not enact laws decreasing the limitations under
18	subdivisions (d)(l)(A) and (B) of this section.
19	(e)(1) By a majority vote of each house, the General Assembly during
20	its 2019 regular session shall enact laws adopting a procedure to adjust the
21	dollar figures under subsections (c) and (d) of this section for inflation or
22	deflation in future years.
23	(2) The procedure for adjustment under subdivision (e)(1) of
24	this section shall:
25	(A) Provide for adjustments intended only to compensate
26	for inflation or deflation;
27	(B) Be based upon the Consumer Price Index or a comparable
28	index chosen by the General Assembly; and
29	(C) Permit rounding to the nearest one hundred dollars
30	<u>(\$100).</u>
31	(3) Beginning with the 2021 regular session, by a two-thirds
32	vote of each house, the General Assembly may enact laws amending the
33	procedure enacted by law under subsection (e)(1) of this section.
34	
35	SECTION 3. Amendment 80, § 3, is amended to read as follows:
36	§ 3. Rules of pleading, practice, and procedure.

1	(a)(1) The Supreme Court shall prescribe the rules of pleading,
2	practice, and procedure for all courts, subject to approval by the General
3	Assembly under this section; provided these rules shall not abridge, enlarge
4	or modify any substantive right and shall preserve the right of trial by jury
5	as declared in this Constitution.
6	(2) A rule of pleading, practice, or procedure prescribed
7	by the Supreme Court shall not become effective until approved by the General
8	Assembly at a regular session, fiscal session, or special session.
9	(b)(1) By a three-fifths vote of each house, the General Assembly may
10	enact laws:
11	(A) Approving, amending, or repealing a rule of pleading,
12	practice, or procedure prescribed by the Supreme Court and
13	(B) Adopting on its own initiative a rule of pleading,
14	practice, or procedure.
15	(2) A rule of pleading, practice, or procedure enacted by law by
16	the General Assembly shall supersede a conflicting rule of pleading,
17	practice, or procedure prescribed by the Supreme Court.
18	(c) Rules of pleading, practice, and procedure under this section
19	shall preserve the right of trial by jury as declared in this Constitution.
20	(d) Rules of pleading, practice, and procedure in effect on January 1,
21	2019, shall continue in effect until amended, superseded, or repealed under
22	this section.
23	(e) Rules of pleading, practice, and procedure under this section
24	$\underline{\text{include without limitation rules governing the presentation and admission } \text{of} \\$
25	evidence.
26	
27	SECTION 4. Arkansas Constitution, Amendment 80, § 9, is amended to
28	read as follows:
29	§ 9. Annulment or amendment of rules.
30	Any rules promulgated by the Supreme Court pursuant to Sections 5,
31	6(B), 7(B), 7(D), or 8 of this Amendment may be annulled or amended, in whole
32	or in part, by a $\frac{1}{1}$ three-fifths vote of the membership of each
33	house of the General Assembly.

34

35 SECTION 5. SEVERABILITY. <u>The provisions of this amendment are</u> 36 <u>severable</u>, and if any should be held invalid, the remainder shall stand.

```
1
           SECTION 6. EFFECTIVE DATE. This amendment:
 2
 3
                (1) Is effective on and after January 1, 2019; and
 4
                 (2) Applies to all:
 5
                      (A) Civil actions that accrue on and after January 1,
6
    2019; and
7
                      (B) Contingency fee agreements signed on and after January
8
    1, 2019.
9
           SECTION 7. BALLOT TITLE AND POPULAR NAME. (a) When presented on the
10
     general election ballot, the popular name for this proposed amendment shall
11
12
    be "An Amendment Concerning Civil Lawsuits and the Powers of the General
13
    Assembly and Supreme Court to Adopt Court Rules."
14
           (b) When presented on the general election ballot, the ballot title
15
    for this proposed amendment shall be "A proposed amendment to the Arkansas
16
    Constitution providing that a contingency fee for an attorney in a civil
17
     lawsuit shall not exceed thirty-three and one-third percent (33 1/3 %) of the
18
    net recovery; defining "contingency fee" as an attorney's fee that is paid
19
    only if the claimant recovers money; providing that the General Assembly may
20
     amend the foregoing percentage by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of each house;
21
     limiting punitive damages awards for each claimant in lawsuits for personal
22
     injury, property damage, or wrongful death to the greater of (i) two hundred
23
     fifty thousand dollars ($250,000), or (ii) three (3) times the amount of
    compensatory damages awarded; defining "punitive damages" as damages assessed
24
25
     to punish and deter wrongful conduct; providing that the General Assembly may
26
    not decrease the foregoing limitations on punitive damages but may increase
27
     the limitations by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of each house; providing that the
28
     limitations on punitive damages do not apply if the factfinder determines by
29
    clear and convincing evidence that the defendant intentionally pursued a
30
     course of conduct for the purpose of causing injury or damage to the claimant
31
     and that such intentional conduct harmed the claimant; limiting awards of
32
    non-economic damages in lawsuits for personal injury, property damage, or
    wrongful death to (i) two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) for each
33
34
    claimant, or (ii) five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) for all
35
    beneficiaries of an individual deceased person in the aggregate in a lawsuit
36
     for wrongful death; defining "non-economic damages" as damages that cannot be
```

1	measured in money, including pain and suffering, mental and emotional
2	distress, loss of life or companionship, visible result of injury, or
3	physical impairment; providing that the General Assembly may not decrease the
4	foregoing limitations on non-economic damages but may increase the
5	limitations by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of each house; providing that the
6	General Assembly shall adopt a procedure to adjust the dollar limitations on
7	punitive damages and non-economic damages in future years to account for
8	inflation or deflation; providing that the Supreme Court's power to prescribe
9	rules of pleading, practice, and procedure for courts is subject to approval
10	by the General Assembly, which by a three-fifths (3/5) vote of each house may
11	approve, amend, or repeal the rules prescribed by the Supreme Court and may
12	adopt other rules of pleading, practice, or procedure on its own initiative;
13	providing that rules of pleading, practice, or procedure prescribed by the
14	Supreme Court shall not become effective until approved by the General
15	Assembly, but that rules of pleading, practice, and procedure in effect on
16	January 1, 2019 shall continue in effect until a change to the rules is
17	approved or enacted by the General Assembly; providing that a rule of
18	pleading, practice, or procedure enacted by the General Assembly shall
19	supersede a conflicting rule of pleading, practice, or procedure prescribed
20	by the Supreme Court; providing that certain other rules promulgated by the
21	Supreme Court may be annulled or amended by a three-fifths (3/5) vote of each
22	house of the General Assembly instead of a two-thirds (2/3) vote as presently
23	stated in the Arkansas Constitution; and providing that this amendment
24	becomes effective on January 1, 2019."
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	
32	
33	
34	
35	
36	