1	State of Arkansas A	As Engrossed: H2/19/19 S3/7/19)
2	92nd General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2019		HOUSE BILL 1439
4			
5		Barker, Bentley, Cavenaugh, Cloud, Crav	•
6	Ladyman, McCollum, Petty, Rich	hmond, Slape, Penzo, B. Smith, C. Cooper	r, Sullivan, Christiansen
7	By: Senators Rapert, J. Cooper, I	B. Davis, Hester	
8			
9		For An Act To Be Entitled	
10	AN ACT TO CR	EATE THE CHERISH ACT; TO PROHID	BIT
11	ABORTIONS AF	TER EIGHTEEN (18) WEEKS' GESTA	TION EXCEPT
12	IN A MEDICAL	EMERGENCY; AND FOR OTHER PURPO	OSES.
13			
14			
15		Subtitle	
16	TO CREA	ATE THE CHERISH ACT; AND TO	
17	PROHIBI	T ABORTIONS AFTER EIGHTEEN (18)
18	WEEKS'	GESTATION EXCEPT IN A MEDICAL	
19	EMERGEN	ICY.	
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21			
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GEN	ERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF A	ARKANSAS:
23			
24	SECTION 1. Arkans	as Code Title 20, Chapter 16, :	is amended to add an
25	additional subchapter to	read as follows:	
26		<u>Subchapter 20 - Cherish Act</u>	
27			
28	20-16-2001. Title	<u>.</u>	
29	<u>This subchapter sha</u>	all be known and may be cited a	as the "Cherish Act".
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31	20-16-2002. Legis	lative findings and intent.	
32	<u>(a)</u> The General A	ssembly finds that:	
33	<u>(1)(A)</u> The 1	United States is one (1) of on	<u>ly seven (7) nations in</u>
34	the world that permits no	ontherapeutic or elective abor	tion on request after
35	the twentieth week of ge	station.	
36	<u>(B)</u> F1	ully seventy-five percent (75%)) of all nations do not



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1	permit abortion after twelve (12) weeks' gestation, except to save the life	
2	and preserve the physical health of the mother;	
3	(2) Medical and other authorities now know more about human	
4	prenatal development than ever before, including without limitation:	
5	(A) Between five (5) and six (6) weeks' gestation, an	
6	unborn human being's heart begins to beat;	
7	(B) An unborn human being begins to move about in the womb	
8	at approximately eight (8) weeks' gestation;	
9	(C) At nine (9) weeks' gestation, all basic physiological	
10	functions, buds for teeth, eyes, and external genitalia are present;	
11	(D)(i) An unborn human being's vital organs begin to	
12	function at ten (10) weeks' gestation.	
13	(ii) Hair, fingernails, and toenails begin to form	
14	at ten (10) weeks' gestation;	
15	(E)(i) At eleven (ll) weeks' gestation, an unborn human	
16	being's diaphragm develops, which can result in hiccups.	
17	(ii) In addition, an unborn human being begins to	
18	move about freely in the womb; and	
19	(F)(i) At twelve (12) weeks' gestation, an unborn human	
20	being can open and close his or her fingers, make sucking motions, and sense	
21	stimulation from outside the womb.	
22	(ii) At this stage, the unborn human being takes on	
23	"the human form" in all relevant aspects as stated in Gonzales v. Carhart,	
24	<u>550 U.S. 124, 160 (2007);</u>	
25	(3) The United States Supreme Court has recognized that a state	
26	has an "important and legitimate interest in protecting the potentiality of	
27	human life" in Roe v. Wade, 410 U.S. 113, 162 (1973), and, specifically, that	
28	"the state has an interest in protecting the life of the unborn" as discussed	
29	in Planned Parenthood of Southeastern Pennsylvania v. Casey, 505 U.S. 833,	
30	<u>873 (1992);</u>	
31	(4)(A) The majority of abortion procedures performed after	
32	fifteen (15) weeks' gestation are dismemberment abortions as defined by § 20-	
33	16-1802, which are prohibited under the Arkansas Unborn Child Protection from	
34	Dismemberment Abortion Act, § 20-16-1801 et seq.	
35	(B) The performance of these types of abortions for	
36	nontherapeutic or elective reasons is a barbaric practice that is dangerous	

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1	for the pregnant woman and demeaning to the medical profession;
2	(5) Most obstetricians and gynecologists practicing in this
3	state do not offer or perform nontherapeutic or elective abortions;
4	(6)(A) According to a 2004 article, abortion can cause
5	significant physical and psychological risks to the pregnant woman that
6	increase with gestational age.
7	(B) Specifically, the relative physical and psychological
8	risks escalate exponentially as gestational age increases in abortions
9	performed after eight (8) weeks' gestation;
10	(7) In the vast majority of uncomplicated pregnancies, the
11	maternal health risks of undergoing an abortion become greater than the risks
12	of carrying a pregnancy to term as the second trimester progresses;
13	(8) In abortions performed after fifteen (15) weeks' gestation,
14	there is a higher risk that a pregnant woman will require a hysterectomy,
15	other reparative surgery, or blood transfusions; and
16	(9) The state has "legitimate interests from the outset of
17	pregnancy in protecting the health of women" as determined by Planned
18	Parenthood of Southeastern Pennsylvania v. Casey, 505 U.S. 833, 847 (1992),
19	as the "medical, emotional, and psychological consequences of abortion are
20	serious and can be lasting" as stated in H.L. v. Matheson, 450 U.S. 398, 411
21	<u>(1981).</u>
22	(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to restrict the practice
23	of nontherapeutic or elective abortions to the period up to the eighteenth
24	week of gestation.
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26	<u>20-16-2003. Definitions.</u>
27	As used in this subchapter:
28	(1) "Abortion" means the use or prescription of any instrument,
29	medicine, drug, or any other substance or device:
30	(A) To terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be
31	pregnant with an intention other than to:
32	(i) Increase the probability of a live birth;
33	(ii) Preserve the life or health of the unborn
34	child;
35	(iii) Terminate an ectopic pregnancy; or
36	(iv) Remove a dead unborn child who died in utero as

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1	the result of natural causes, accidental trauma, or a criminal assault on the
2	pregnant woman or her unborn child; and
3	(B) That causes the premature termination of the
4	pregnancy;
5	(2) "Attempt to perform or induce an abortion" means an act or
6	an omission of a statutorily required act that, under the circumstances as
7	the actor believes them to be, constitutes a substantial step in a course of
8	conduct planned to culminate in the performance or induction of an abortion
9	in this state in violation of this subchapter;
10	(3) "Conception" means the fusion of human spermatozoon with a
11	human ovum;
12	(4) "Gestation" means the time that has elapsed since the first
13	day of the woman's last menstrual period;
14	(5) "Human being" means an individual member of the species Homo
15	sapiens from and after the point of conception;
16	(6) "Major bodily function" means the functions of the body,
17	including without limitation functions of the immune system, normal cell
18	growth, and digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory,
19	circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions;
20	(7) "Medical emergency" means a condition that, on the basis of
21	the physician's good-faith clinical judgment, necessitates an abortion to
22	preserve the life of a pregnant woman whose life is endangered by a physical
23	disorder, physical illness, or physical injury, including a life endangering
24	physical condition arising from the pregnancy itself, or when the
25	continuation of the pregnancy will create a serious risk of substantial and
26	irreversible impairment of a major bodily function;
27	(8) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine in
28	this state, including a medical doctor; and
29	(9) "Probable gestational age" means the age of an unborn human
30	being as calculated from the first day of the last menstrual period of the
31	pregnant woman.
32	
33	20-16-2004. Abortion limited to eighteen (18) weeks' gestation.
34	(a) Except in a medical emergency or if the pregnancy results from a
35	rape under § 5-14-103 or incest under § 5-26-202, a person shall not perform,
36	induce, or attempt to perform or induce an abortion unless the physician or

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1	referring physician has:	
2	(1) Made a determination of the probable gestational age of the	
3	unborn human being according to standard medical practices and techniques	
4	used in the medical community; and	
5	(2) Documented the probable gestational age in the medical	
6	records of the pregnant woman and, if required, in a report with the	
7	Department of Health as described in subsection (c) of this section.	
8	(b) Except in a medical emergency or if the pregnancy results from a	
9	rape under § 5-14-103 or incest under § 5-26-202, a person shall not	
10	intentionally or knowingly perform, induce, or attempt to perform or induce	
11	an abortion of an unborn human being if the probable gestational age of the	
12	unborn human being is determined to be greater than eighteen (18) weeks'	
13	gestation.	
14	(c)(l) If a physician performs or induces an abortion on an unborn	
15	human being whose gestational age is greater than eighteen (18) weeks, the	
16	physician shall file a report with the department within fifteen (15) days of	
17	the abortion.	
18	(2) The report described in subdivision (c)(1) of this section	
19	shall contain:	
20	(A) The date that the abortion was performed;	
21	(B) The specific method used for the abortion;	
22	(C) The probable gestational age of the unborn human being	
23	and the method used to calculate gestational age;	
24	(D) A statement declaring that the abortion was	
25	necessitated by a medical emergency;	
26	(E) The specific medical indications supporting the	
27	abortion and medical emergency;	
28	(F) The probable health consequences of the abortion and	
29	of the specific method used; and	
30	(G) The signature of the physician attesting that the	
31	information stated is true and correct to the best of his or her knowledge.	
32	(3) A report made under subsection (c) of this section shall not	
33	contain the name of the pregnant woman upon whom the abortion was performed	
34	or any other information or identifiers that would make it possible to	
35	identify, in any manner or under any circumstances, a woman who obtained or	
36	<u>sought to obtain an abortion.</u>	

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2	20-16-2005. Reporting forms.
3	(a) Within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this subchapter,
4	the Department of Health shall create forms required by this subchapter.
5	(b) The reporting requirements shall be enforceable ten (10) days
6	after either the effective date of this subchapter or the date that the forms
7	described in subsection (a) of this section become available, whichever
8	occurs later.
9	
10	20-16-2006. Penalties — Additional enforcement.
11	(a)(1) A person who purposely or knowingly violates this subchapter is
12	guilty of a Class D felony.
13	(2) A woman upon whom an abortion is performed, induced, or
14	attempted in violation of this subchapter shall not be prosecuted for
15	conspiracy to commit a violation of this subchapter.
16	(b) A physician who purposely or knowingly violates this subchapter
17	commits an act of unprofessional conduct that shall result in the Arkansas
18	State Medical Board suspending or revoking his or her license.
19	(c) A physician who purposely or knowingly delivers to the Department
20	of Health any report required under this subchapter that he or she knows is
21	false is subject to a civil penalty or fine up to two thousand dollars
22	(\$2,000) per violation imposed by the department.
23	(d) A woman upon whom an abortion has been performed, induced, or
24	attempted in violation of this subchapter may bring an action against the
25	person who purposely, knowingly, or recklessly performed, induced, or
26	attempted the abortion in violation of this subchapter for actual and
27	punitive damages.
28	(e)(l) A cause of action for injunctive relief against a person who
29	has purposely, knowingly, or recklessly violated this subchapter may be
30	maintained by:
31	(A) A prosecuting attorney with appropriate jurisdiction;
32	<u>or</u>
33	(B) The Attorney General.
34	(2) The injunction shall prevent the abortion provider from
35	performing or inducing and from attempting to perform or induce further
36	abortions in violation of this subchapter.

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1	(f) If judgment is rendered in favor of the plaintiff in an action	
2	described in this section, the court shall also render judgment for a	
3	reasonable attorney's fee in favor of the plaintiff against the defendant.	
4	(g) If judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant and the court	
5	finds that the plaintiff's suit was frivolous and brought in bad faith, the	
6	court shall render judgment for a reasonable attorney's fees in favor of the	
7	defendant against the plaintiff.	
8	(h) Damages or attorney's fee shall not be assessed against the woman	
9	upon whom an abortion was performed or induced or attempted to be performed	
10	or induced except under subsection (d) of this section.	
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12	20-16-2007. Construction.	
13	<u>This subchapter does not:</u>	
14	(1) Create or recognize a right to abortion;	
15	(2) Create or recognize a right to a particular method of	
16	abortion; or	
17	(3) Make lawful an abortion that is currently unlawful under any	
18	<u>law of this state.</u>	
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20	20-16-2008. Right of intervention.	
21	(a) The General Assembly by joint resolution may appoint one (1) or	
22	more of its members who sponsored or cosponsored this subchapter in his or	
23	her official capacity to intervene as a matter of right in any case in which	
24	the constitutionality of this law is challenged.	
25 26	(b) The Governor may also intervene as a matter of right in any case	
26 27	in which the constitutionality of this law is challenged.	
27	/s/Lundstrum	
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