1	State of Arkansas
2	93rd General Assembly A Bill
3	Regular Session, 2021HOUSE BILL 1637
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5	By: Representatives Vaught, Barker, Beaty Jr., Bentley, M. Berry, Brooks, Brown, Bryant, Carr,
6	Cavenaugh, C. Cooper, Cozart, Dotson, Evans, Gonzales, M. Gray, Haak, Hollowell, Lowery,
7	Lundstrum, McCollum, McNair, Miller, Milligan, Payton, Ray, Richmond, B. Smith, Speaks, Wardlaw,
8	Wing, Womack
9	By: Senators T. Garner, B. Ballinger, Beckham, Bledsoe, B. Davis, Flippo, Irvin, M. Johnson, D. Sullivan
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11	For An Act To Be Entitled
12	AN ACT TO ALLOW REVIEW OF PRESIDENTIAL EXECUTIVE
13	ORDERS; TO ALLOW THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO REVIEW
14	PRESIDENTIAL EXECUTIVE ORDERS; TO ADDRESS
15	IMPLEMENTATION OF A PRESIDENTIAL EXECUTIVE ORDER
16	UNDER REVIEW; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
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19	Subtitle
20	TO ALLOW REVIEW OF PRESIDENTIAL EXECUTIVE
21	ORDERS; TO ALLOW THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO
22	REVIEW PRESIDENTIAL EXECUTIVE ORDERS; AND
23	TO ADDRESS IMPLEMENTATION OF A
24	PRESIDENTIAL EXECUTIVE ORDER UNDER
25	REVIEW.
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28	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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30	SECTION 1. DO NOT CODIFY. <u>Scope.</u>
31	(a)(1) The Tenth Amendment to the United States Constitution
32	guarantees to the states and their people all powers not granted to the
33	United States Government elsewhere in the United States Constitution and
34	reserves to the State of Arkansas and its people certain powers as those
35	powers were understood at the time that Arkansas was admitted into statehood
36	<u>in 1836.</u>



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1	(2) The guaranty of those powers is a matter of contract between
2	the State of Arkansas and its people and the United States as of the time
3	that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by
4	Arkansas and the United States in 1836.
5	(b)(1) The Ninth Amendment to the United States Constitution
6	guarantees to the people rights not granted in the United States Constitution
7	and reserves to the people of Arkansas certain rights as they were understood
8	at the time that Arkansas was admitted into statehood in 1836.
9	(2) The guaranty of those rights is a matter of contract between
10	the State of Arkansas and its people and the United States as of the time
11	that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by
12	Arkansas and the United States in 1836.
13	(c) The regulation of intrastate commerce is vested in the states
14	under the Ninth and Tenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
15	(d) The Second Amendment to the United States Constitution reserves
16	the right to keep and bear arms to the people as that right was understood at
17	the time that Arkansas was admitted into statehood in 1836, and the guaranty
18	of the right is a matter of contract between the State of Arkansas and its
19	people and the United States as of the time that the compact with the United
20	States was agreed upon and adopted by Arkansas and the United States in 1836.
21	(e)(1) Arkansas Constitution, Article 2, § 5, clearly secures to
22	Arkansas citizens and prohibits government interference with the right of
23	individual Arkansas citizens to keep and bear arms.
24	(2) This constitutional protection is unchanged from the 1836
25	Arkansas Constitution, which was approved by the United States Congress and
26	the people of Arkansas, and the right exists as it was understood at the time
27	that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by
28	Arkansas and the United States in 1836.
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30	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code Title 25, Chapter 1, is amended to add an
31	additional subchapter to read as follows:
32	<u>Subchapter 6 - Review of Presidential Executive Orders</u>
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34	25-1-601. Legislative intent.
35	The General Assembly finds that:
36	(1) It is the duty of the General Assembly to make

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03/04/2021 8:09:24 AM MLD169

1	determinations regarding the use of state personnel and state resources;
2	(2) Making determinations about how state personnel and state
3	resources shall be used is a function of the General Assembly;
4	(3) The citizens of Arkansas have elected the members of the
5	General Assembly to exercise the ability to make political determinations
6	regarding the resources of the state; and
7	(4) A determination or action taken under this subchapter is not
8	a judicial determination or action.
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10	25-1-602. Review of presidential executive orders.
11	(a)(1) The General Assembly may take whatever actions it deems
12	necessary concerning presidential executive orders that may affect the State
13	of Arkansas, its officials, or its financial resources.
14	(2)(A) During the interim between legislative sessions, the
15	Legislative Council may schedule a meeting to review an executive order
16	issued by the President of the United States that has not been affirmed by a
17	vote of the United States Congress and signed into law as prescribed by the
18	United States Constitution.
19	(B) During legislative sessions, the Joint Budget
20	Committee may schedule a meeting to review an executive order issued by the
21	President of the United States that has not been affirmed by a vote of the
22	United States Congress and signed into law as prescribed by the United States
23	Constitution.
24	(3)(A) The Legislative Council or Joint Budget Committee shall
25	refer an executive order issued by the President of the United States that
26	$\underline{has}\ not\ been\ affirmed\ by\ a\ vote\ of\ the\ United\ States\ Congress\ and\ signed\ into$
27	law as prescribed by the United States Constitution that is under review by
28	the General Assembly to the appropriate standing committees of the General
29	Assembly that would address the subject matter of the executive order under
30	review.
31	(B) The standing committees of the General Assembly
32	meeting jointly may request the Attorney General to review the presidential
33	executive order under review by the standing committees and prepare an
34	opinion to be delivered to the designated standing committees stating:
35	(i) A brief description of the issues involved;
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03/04/2021 8:09:24 AM MLD169

1	presidential executive order is:
2	(a) Constitutional under the United States
3	Constitution; or
4	(b) In conflict with the Arkansas
5	Constitution;
6	(iii) The Attorney General's opinion of whether the
7	state should seek an exemption from the application of the presidential
8	executive order;
9	(iv) The Attorney General's opinion of whether the
10	state should seek to have the order declared to be an unconstitutional
11	exercise of legislative authority by the President of the United States; and
12	(v) Other information that will enable the
13	designated standing committee to determine the action that may be deemed
14	necessary to protect the interests of the General Assembly and the State of
15	Arkansas.
16	(4) The standing committees shall make a recommendation to the
17	Legislative Council during the interim between legislative sessions, or the
18	Joint Budget Committee during legislative sessions, including:
19	(A) Whether state resources and personnel are required to
20	implement the presidential executive order; and
21	(B) Identifying other action deemed necessary to protect
22	the General Assembly's and the state's interests in litigation regarding the
23	presidential executive order.
24	(5)(A) During the interim between legislative sessions, the
25	Legislative Council shall, and during legislative sessions, the Joint Budget
26	<u>Committee shall:</u>
27	(i) Call a meeting to discuss the report of the
28	standing committees' review of a presidential executive order; and
29	<u>(ii) Determine:</u>
30	(a) Whether state resources and personnel are
31	required to implement the presidential executive order; and
32	(b) Whether to take other action deemed
33	necessary to protect the General Assembly's and the state's interests in
34	litigation regarding the presidential executive order.
35	(B) All determinations of action shall be made by motion
36	and must receive a majority vote.

1	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the state, a political
2	subdivision, or any entity that receives an appropriation of funds from the
3	General Assembly shall not implement a presidential executive order using
4	state resources and personnel if:
5	(1) The Legislative Council or the Joint Budget Committee issues
6	a political determination that the presidential executive order is
7	unconstitutional and the presidential executive order restricts a person's
8	rights and relates to:
9	(A) Pandemics or other health emergencies;
10	(B) The regulation of natural resources, including coal
11	and oil;
12	(C) The regulation of the agriculture industry;
13	(D) The use of land;
14	(E) The regulation of the financial sector as it relates
15	to environmental, social, or governance standards; or
16	(F) The regulation of the constitutional right to bear
17	arms;
18	(2) The Legislative Council, or the Joint Budget Committee if
19	the General Assembly is in regular, fiscal, or special session, affirmatively
20	votes to report the determination to the Governor; and
21	(3) The Governor directs the state, the political subdivision,
22	or the entity that receives an appropriation of funds from the General
23	Assembly to not implement the presidential executive order.
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