1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: \$3/4/21 H3/10/21 H4/5/21
2	93rd General Assembly A Bill
3	Regular Session, 2021SENATE BILL 335
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5	By: Senators B. Ballinger, M. Johnson
6	By: Representatives Gonzales, A. Collins
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8	For An Act To Be Entitled
9	AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW CONCERNING THE USE OF EMINENT
10	DOMAIN BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT; TO ADD NEW DEFINITIONS
11	UNDER EMINENT DOMAIN; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
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14	Subtitle
15	TO AMEND THE LAW CONCERNING THE USE OF
16	EMINENT DOMAIN BY A LOCAL GOVERNMENT; AND
17	TO ADD NEW DEFINITIONS UNDER EMINENT
18	DOMAIN.
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21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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23	SECTION 1. DO NOT CODIFY. Legislative intent.
24	(a) The General Assembly finds that:
25	(1) Public use is a legal requirement under the takings clause
26	of the Fifth Amendment to the United States Constitution, which stipulates
27	owners of real property seized for public use be paid just compensation;
28	(2) Over two hundred (200) years of case law exists in the State
29	of Arkansas establishing the legal definition of "public use";
30	(3) It is necessary to codify current case law defining "public
31	use" in the State of Arkansas so that the system of eminent domain is
32	preserved; and
33	(4) It is in the best interest of the people of the State of
34	Arkansas for property owners to be protected from being subjected to a taking
35	by the federal, state, or local government unless that property is taken by
36	the government for public use and just compensation is received.



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1	(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to amend § 18-15-101 et
2	seq. so that the language of § 18-15-101 et seq. reflects current case law,
3	decisions, and precedent and to preserve the status quo of the eminent domain
4	process in the state.
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6	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code Title 18, Chapter 15, Subchapter 1, is
7	amended to add an additional section to read as follows:
8	<u>18-15-104. Definitions.</u>
9	As used in this chapter:
10	(1) "Abandoned property" means property that:
11	(A) Has not been occupied or used for a commercial or
12	residential purpose for at least one (1) year by a person with a legal or
13	equitable right to occupy or use the property;
14	(B) Has been cited for a violation of a housing, building,
15	or fire code that has not been remedied within one hundred eighty (180) days
16	from the date the citation was issued; and
17	(C) Has accrued at least two (2) years of delinquent
18	property taxes;
19	(2) "Blighted property" means a building, in its current
20	condition, that has been designated and cited as unfit for human use or
21	habitation by the agency responsible for enforcement of housing, building, or
22	fire codes because the:
23	(A) Building is dilapidated, unsanitary, or unsafe;
24	(B) Building is a fire hazard; or
25	(C) Electricity, heating, or plumbing has been destroyed
26	or removed;
27	(3)(A) "Local government" means the elected governing body of a
28	<u>city, county, or township.</u>
29	(B) "Local government" does not include municipally owned
30	utilities; and
31	(4)(A) "Public use" means the taking of private property by an
32	entity authorized under this chapter using the power of eminent domain for
33	the purpose of:
34	(i) Possessing, developing, occupying, and owning
35	property for the enjoyment of the general public or public agency;
36	(ii) Possessing, occupying, and owning property for

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1	the necessary operations of a utility or common carrier that the general
2	public has a right to use;
3	(iii) Remediating and reselling blighted property;
4	or
5	(iv) Possessing and reselling abandoned property.
6	(B)(i) "Public use" does not include the taking of private
7	property for the economic benefit of the general public, including without
8	limitation for the purpose of an increase in the tax base, tax revenues, or
9	employment.
10	(ii) However, a taking of private property for a
11	public use as defined in subdivision (4)(A) of this section is not prohibited
12	because the public use also provides ancillary economic benefits.
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14	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code Title 18, Chapter 15, Subchapter 2, is
15	amended to add additional sections to read as follows:
16	18-15-203. Administrative warrant.
17	(a) For the purposes of establishing the basis for the use of eminent
18	domain for the remediation of a blighted property or for the possession of an
19	abandoned property, a local government may request an administrative warrant
20	from a judge or magistrate to gain access to inspect a building on the
21	property.
22	(b)(1) The judge or magistrate may allow the local government to
23	present evidence that shows that there is probable cause that a violation
24	occurred, notice of the violation has been served on the owner of the
25	property, the owner has failed to cure the violation, and the owner has
26	denied the local government access to the building.
27	(2) The local government may use evidence to support a
28	conclusion of probable cause, including without limitation evidence of:
29	(A) A recent fire or police inspection;
30	(B) Deterioration of the building's exterior; or
31	(C) Other violations of the municipal code in the
32	building.
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34	<u>18-15-204. Cause of action.</u>
35	(a) Unless otherwise agreed by the parties or determined by a court of
36	law, the owner of private property may raise a defense or bring a cause of

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1	action in circuit court to determine whether his or her private property is
2	lawfully being taken:
3	(1) For a public use;
4	(2) As blighted property;
5	(3) As abandoned property; or
6	(4) As necessary to achieve a public use.
7	(b) A local government has the burden of proof to show by a
8	preponderance of the evidence that the private property is lawfully being
9	taken for the purposes authorized under subsection (a) of this section.
10	(c) In a challenge to whether the taking is necessary to achieve a
11	public use, the local government bears the burden of proving by the
12	preponderance of the evidence that the:
13	(1) Land, real estate, premises, or other property the local
14	government seeks to acquire is required for a public use;
15	(2) Local government has plans that reflect a reasonable
16	schedule to complete the public use after the local government takes
17	ownership of the property;
18	(3) Local government has access to funding to complete the
19	public use; and
20	(4) Public use cannot be accomplished by using or acquiring
21	other property with the consent of the owner of the property without an
22	<u>unreasonable increase in cost or delay.</u>
23	(d) A cause of action under this section shall not be exercised more
24	than one hundred eighty (180) days after the date the owner of the property
25	received reasonable notice of a condemnation under this chapter.
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27	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 18-15-1202(b), concerning railroad
28	condemnation proceedings, is amended to read as follows:
29	(b)(l) In case the property sought to be condemned <u>for public use</u> is
30	owned by $any$ <u>an</u> individual or corporation and is located in more than one (1)
31	county, the petition may be filed in any $\underline{a}$ circuit court having jurisdiction
32	in any county in which the whole or a part of the property $\frac{may}{may}$ be <u>is</u> located.
33	(2) Proceedings had in the circuit court <del>will</del> <u>shall</u> apply to all
34	property designated in the petition.
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1	/s/B. Ballinger
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