1	State of Arkansas
2	93rd General Assembly
3	Regular Session, 2021 SCR 3
4	
5	By: Senator L. Eads
6	
7	SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION
8	TO ADOPT THE JOINT RULES OF THE HOUSE OF
9	REPRESENTATIVES AND THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-THIRD
10	GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
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12	
13	Subtitle
14	TO ADOPT THE JOINT RULES OF THE HOUSE OF
15	REPRESENTATIVES AND THE SENATE OF THE
16	NINETY-THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
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19	BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-THIRD GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE
20	STATE OF ARKANSAS, THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING THEREIN:
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22	SECTION 1. The Joint Rules of the House of Representatives and the Senate of
23	the Ninety-Third General Assembly of the State of Arkansas are adopted to
24	read as follows:
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26	JOINT RULES
27	OF THE
28	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
29	AND THE SENATE
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31	Joint Session - How Convened
32	Section 1. When, by the Constitution or laws of the state, a joint
33	meeting of the Senate and House of Representatives is required, they shall
34	assemble with their clerks on the day and at the hour previously agreed on
35	for that purpose in the hall of the House of Representatives.
36	Officers of Joint Session



- 1 Section 2. When the meeting is assembled, the President of the Senate 2 and Speaker of the House shall preside in conjunction, and the meeting shall 3 be governed by such standing rules as shall have been adopted for that 4 purpose by the concurrence of both houses. They shall have power to punish 5 any person, other than a member, for disorderly or contemptuous behavior in 6 their presence, by fine and imprisonment, in the same manner and to the same 7 extent as either house may do, for like conduct before it, by the 8 Constitution and laws of this state. 9 (A) Any member of either house who shall be guilty of 10 disorderly behavior in the presence of the meeting may be punished by the
- had been committed in the presence of that house.

  (B) The Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House shall both keep records of the proceedings, to be entered on the Journal of their respective houses.

house of which he or she is a member, in the same manner as if the offense

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Manner of Presenting Bills, Etc.

Section 3. All bills, resolutions, votes and amendments by either house, to which the concurrence of both is necessary, as well as messages, shall be presented to the other by the Clerk or Secretary of the house from which they are sent or by the assistant secretary or assistant clerk.

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23 Contents of Bills

Section 4. No bill or resolution shall be passed by either house containing more than one subject, which shall be expressed in the title. House bills and resolutions shall have at least one House sponsor, and Senate bills and resolutions shall have at least one Senate Sponsor. House bills, House concurrent resolutions, and House joint resolutions may have Senate sponsors, and Senate bills, Senate concurrent resolutions, and Senate joint resolutions may have House sponsors.

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Notice of Bill Rejection

Section 5. When a bill or resolution which has passed one house shall be rejected by the other, notice thereof shall be given to the house in which the same shall have passed.

1	Engrossment of Bills
2	Section 6. After adoption of an amendment on the floor of the Senate,
3	regardless whether the bill or resolution originated in the House or the
4	Senate, the Senate shall engross the bill or resolution as amended. After
5	the adoption of the amendment on the floor of the House of Representatives,
6	regardless whether the bill or resolution originated in the House or the
7	Senate, the House of Representatives shall engross the bill or resolution as
8	amended.
9	This rule may be waived by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate or
10	in his absence the Chairman of Senate Rules Committee, or the Speaker of the
11	House of Representatives.
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13	Enrollment of Bills
14	Section 7. When a bill shall have passed both houses, it shall be
15	enrolled by the enrolling clerk of the house in which it originated.
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17	Section 8. All bills must be enrolled and reported to each house by
18	the committee designated by each house to supervise the enrolling of bills,
19	within three (3) days after their passage; provided, that if the
20	reconsideration of any bill is moved, in either house, previous to its
21	presentation to the Governor, the committee shall hold the same until action
22	is taken upon such motion.
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24	Section 9. No bill, resolution, or memorial shall be sent to the
25	Governor for his approval, unless the same shall have been clearly and fairly
26	enrolled without obliteration or interlineation.
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28	Signing of Bills
29	Section 10. After examination and report by the committee responsible
30	for enrolling bills, each bill shall be signed by the Speaker of the House of
31	Representatives and by the President of the Senate. Each page of a bill
32	shall be signed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the right
33	margin, and shall be signed by the President of the Senate on the left margin
34	of each page. The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President
35	of the Senate shall manually sign each page of each bill, or may provide, at
36	their option and under their supervision, for the affixing thereto of their

l facsimile signature.

### Conference Committee

Section 11. When either body shall request a conference, and appoint a committee for that purpose, the other body shall also appoint a committee of equal number to confer, and such conference shall be held at any time and place agreed upon by the Chairpersons.

# Suspension of Joint Rules

Section 12. No joint rules shall be dispensed with but by a concurrent vote of two-thirds (2/3) of each house, and if either house shall violate a joint rule, the question of order may be raised in the other house, and decided in the same manner as in case of a violation of the rules of such house.

## Appropriation Bills

Section 13. The general appropriation bill, and all appropriation bills recommended "do pass" by the Joint Budget Committee, shall be privileged bills advanced upon the calendar, and take precedence over all other bills at any time after the reading of the Journal. It shall be in order, by the direction of the appropriate committee, to move that the House or Senate (as the case may be) resolve itself into the committee of the whole house for the purpose of considering the general appropriation bill, and no dilatory motion shall be entertained by the presiding officer.

## Deadline for the Introduction of Bills

Section 14. (A) An "appropriation bill" means a bill by the General Assembly that authorizes the expenditure of moneys if moneys are available.

- (B)(1) No appropriation bill shall be filed for introduction in either the House of Representatives or the Senate later than the fiftieth (50th) day of a regular session except upon consent of two-thirds (2/3) of the members elected to each house. When the filing deadline for any bills or resolutions ends on Saturday or Sunday, the deadline is hereby extended until the close of business the following Monday.
- (2) Any proposed legislation affecting any publicly supported retirement system or pension plan to be considered by the General Assembly at

- 1 a regular session shall be introduced in the General Assembly during the
- 2 first fifteen (15) calendar days of a regular session.
- 3 (3) No such bill shall be introduced after the fifteenth (15th)
- 4 day of a regular session unless its introduction is first approved by a
- 5 three-fourths (3/4) vote of the full membership of each house of the General
- 6 Assembly.
- 7 (C)(1) No appropriation bill shall be filed for introduction in either
- 8 the House of Representatives or the Senate later than the fifteenth (15th)
- 9 day of a fiscal session except upon consent of two-thirds (2/3) of the
- 10 members elected to each house.
- 11 (2) For a fiscal session, a non-appropriation bill shall not be
- 12 filed for introduction until identical resolutions authorizing the
- 13 introduction of the non-appropriation bill have been approved by an
- 14 affirmative vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the members elected to each house.
- 15 (3) The identical resolutions authorizing the introduction of a
- 16 non-appropriation bill in a fiscal session shall not be filed for
- 17 introduction in either the House of Representatives or the Senate later than
- 18 the first  $(1^{st})$  day of a fiscal session.
- 19 (4) A non-appropriation bill shall not be filed for introduction
- 20 in either the House of Representatives or the Senate later than the fifteenth
- 21 (15th) day of a fiscal session.
- 22 (D) When the filing deadline for any bills or resolutions ends on
- 23 Saturday or Sunday, the deadline is extended until the close of business the
- 24 following Monday.
- 25 (E) A bill affecting any publicly supported retirement system or
- 26 systems shall not be introduced or considered at any special session of the
- 27 General Assembly unless the introduction and consideration of the bill is
- 28 first approved by a three-fourths (3/4) vote of the full membership of each
- 29 house of the General Assembly.
- 30 (F) If the General Assembly recesses for longer than three (3)
- 31 consecutive days during the first fifteen (15) days of a regular session, the
- 32 fifteen-day introduction deadline shall be extended for a time period equal
- 33 to the recess.
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- 35 Introduction of Health Care Legislation
- 36 Section 15. (A) Any proposed legislation affecting the licensure of

- 1 any profession, occupation, or class of health care providers not currently
- 2 licensed, or expanding the scope of practice of any profession, occupation,
- 3 or class of health care providers to be considered by the General Assembly at
- 4 a regular biennial session shall be introduced in the General Assembly during
- 5 the first fifteen (15) calendar days of a regular biennial session.
- 6 (B) No such bill shall be introduced after the fifteenth (15th) day of
- 7 a regular biennial session unless its introduction is first approved by a
- 8 three-fourths (3/4) vote of the full membership of each house of the General
- 9 Assembly.
- 10 (C) The Senate and the House, and committees of the Senate and House,
- 11 shall take no action on any such bill for an additional fifteen (15) calendar
- 12 days after the fifteen (15) calendar day deadline for introduction of such
- 13 bills has passed.

- 16 Method of Preparing Bills and Resolutions Automated Bill Preparation System
- 17 Section 16. (A) No bill or resolution, as defined herein, shall be
- 18 accepted for introduction by clerks of the Senate or of the House of
- 19 Representatives unless such bill or resolution has been prepared for
- 20 introduction by an automated bill preparation system developed by the Bureau
- 21 of Legislative Research.
- 22 (1) The Bureau of Legislative Research shall establish and
- 23 operate, in cooperation with the appropriate officials of the House of
- 24 Representatives and the Senate, an automated bill preparation system in which
- 25 all bills and resolutions, as defined herein, shall be prepared for
- 26 introduction. Such system shall be designed in a manner which will permit
- 27 either or both houses of the General Assembly to install compatible and
- 28 interconnecting electronic equipment for the preparation of bills and
- 29 resolutions in the same format as prepared by the Bureau of Legislative
- 30 Research for introduction in either house of the General Assembly.
- 31 (2) The Bureau of Legislative Research shall provide the
- 32 Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives
- 33 access by electronic medium to the central bill files in which bills and
- 34 resolutions recorded in the automated bill preparation system are stored, to
- 35 enable the engrossing rooms of the respective houses to have ready access
- 36 thereto for enrollment of engrossed amendments adopted to such bills and

- l resolutions.
- 2 (3) As used herein:
- 3 (a) "resolutions" shall mean all resolutions prepared for
- 4 introduction which require the concurrence of both houses of the General
- 5 Assembly for the adoption thereof, and shall include resolutions prepared for
- 6 consideration by only the house in which introduced;
- 7 (b) "automated bill preparation system" shall mean an
- 8 automated system using word processors, computers, or other electronic
- 9 devices for the typing and preparation of bills and resolutions (as defined
- 10 herein) for introduction by members of the General Assembly in either the
- 11 Senate or the House of Representatives, and shall include the following
- 12 features:
- (i) a separate identification number, to be placed
- 14 upon each page of the original and each copy thereof prepared for
- 15 introduction in the General Assembly;
- 16 (ii) a method of electronically recording the
- 17 contents of each bill and resolution for ready access for retrieval and
- 18 engrossment purposes;
- 19 (iii) security features to protect the automated
- 20 bill preparation files from access by unauthorized persons, and to maintain
- 21 the integrity and confidentiality of drafts of bills and resolutions prepared
- 22 by the Bureau of Legislative Research for members of the General Assembly
- 23 which have not been filed for introduction; and
- 24 (iv) such other features as deemed to be necessary
- 25 and advisable by the Bureau of Legislative Research after consulting with the
- 26 appropriate officials of the House of Representatives and the Senate.
- 27 (B) All bills and resolutions introduced in the House and Senate shall
- 28 be prepared on  $8\ 1/2\ x\ 11$  inch paper. The number of copies of bills and
- 29 resolutions to be prepared for introduction shall be specified by the
- 30 Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.
- 31 One (1) copy shall be placed in the manuscript cover provided for the
- 32 official copy of bills or resolutions and one (1) copy shall be placed in the
- 33 manuscript cover provided for the duplicate copy, with any additional copies
- 34 attached thereto in the manner prescribed by the respective houses. In
- 35 addition, copies of the caption on each bill or resolution shall be prepared
- 36 and attached thereto at the time of introduction.

- 1 (C) Upon the introduction of each bill and resolution, the appropriate 2 clerks of the respective houses shall cause the original signed copy thereof (which is contained in the official bill or resolution manuscript cover) to 3 4 be identified as the official copy by perforation or stamping on the left 5 margin of each page thereof the words "HOUSE ORIGINAL" to be placed on each 6 official original copy of House bills and resolutions, and the words "SENATE 7 ORIGINAL" to be placed on the left margin of each official original copy of 8 Senate bills and resolutions. Whenever any bill or resolution is amended, 9 the engrossed page or pages thereof shall be perforated in the same manner as 10 the original introduced copy. Only the original signed copy of a bill or 11 resolution and engrossed pages thereof shall be perforated or stamped as 12 provided herein.
- 13 (D) If any person shall unlawfully perforate any fraudulent or 14 counterfeit copy of any bill or resolution for the purpose of intentionally 15 inserting in any bill or resolution any page or provision thereof for the 16 purpose of altering the bill or resolution as introduced, such person shall 17 be in contempt of the House or Senate, or both House and Senate, and shall be 18 punished accordingly. If any person shall make any alteration, change or 19 erasure in any original copy of a bill or resolution as originally 20 introduced, except upon direction of the House or Senate, or both House and 21 Senate, or upon direction of the appropriate committees on engrossed or 22 enrolled bills, such person shall be in contempt of the House or Senate, or 23 both of them and shall be punished accordingly. In addition, such person 24 shall be subject to such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by the laws 25 of this State for fraud.
  - (E)(1) Only bills and amendments to bills which meet the requirements of this subsection (E) may be introduced into the Senate or the House of Representatives.
- 29 (2) Except as provided in subsections (E)(5), (6) and (8), all 30 bills and amendments to bills shall reflect the changes proposed in the 31 existing law by:

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- 32 (a) over striking all language of the existing law which 33 is proposed to be deleted; and
- 34 (b) underlining all new language proposed to be added to 35 the existing law. At the top of the first page of the bill shall appear 36 language substantially similar to the following: "Stricken language would be

- 1 deleted from present law. Underlined language would be added to present
- 2 law."
- 3 (3) Except as provided in subsections (E)(5), (6) and (8), all
- 4 resolutions proposing amendments to the Arkansas Constitution and amendments
- 5 to resolutions shall reflect the changes proposed in the existing
- 6 Constitution by:
- 7 (a) over striking all language of the existing
- 8 Constitution which is proposed to be deleted; and
- 9 (b) underlining all new language proposed to be added to
- 10 the existing Constitution. At the top of the first page of the bill shall
- 11 appear language substantially similar to the following: "Stricken language
- 12 would be deleted from the present Constitution. Underlined language would be
- 13 added to present Constitution."
- 14 (4) Except as provided in subsections (E)(5), (6) and (8), all
- 15 resolutions proposing changes in the rules of the Senate or House or the
- 16 joint rules of the Senate and House shall reflect the changes proposed in the
- 17 existing rule by:
- 18 (a) over striking all language of the existing rule which
- 19 is proposed to be deleted; and
- 20 (b) underlining all new language proposed to be added to
- 21 the existing rule. At the top of the first page of the resolution shall
- 22 appear language substantially similar to the following: "Stricken language
- 23 would be deleted from present rule. Underlined language would be added to
- 24 present rule."
- 25 (5) This subsection (E) may be waived by the President Pro
- 26 Tempore of the Senate or in his absence, the Chairman of the Senate Rules
- 27 Committee, or the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- 28 (6) Markups are not required of the following:
- 29 (a) appropriation sections, state agencies regular salary
- 30 sections, and state agencies extra help sections contained within a bill if
- 31 the sections do not specifically amend existing law;
- 32 (b) sections which allocate funds within the Revenue
- 33 Stabilization Law or within the General Improvement Fund Distribution Law;
- 34 and
- 35 (c) sections which amend Arkansas Code §§ 21-5-208(b) and
- 36 21-5-209(e).

1 (7) It shall be the duty of the Chairman of the Joint Budget 2 Committee to have a schedule prepared which reflects the amounts approved by the Joint Budget Committee for each category for each fund within the Revenue 3 4 Stabilization Law to provide funding for the budget enacted by the General 5 Assembly and a schedule reflecting the proposed distribution of General 6 Improvement funds. The schedule reflecting the allocation of funds in the 7 Revenue Stabilization Law for the next fiscal year shall be submitted during 8 a regular session or fiscal session to each body of the Arkansas General 9 Assembly at least three (3) calendar days prior to the day at which the same 10 is to be considered for final passage. The schedule reflecting the 11 allocation of funds in the General Improvement Fund Distribution Law for the 12 next biennium shall be submitted during a regular session to each body of the Arkansas General Assembly at least three (3) calendar days prior to the day 13 14 at which the same is to be considered for final passage. 15 (8) Markups are not required on sections that are substantially 16 the same as the following boiler-plate sections: 17 "SECTION. COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS. Disbursement of funds 18 19 authorized by this Act shall be limited to the appropriation for such agency 20 and funds made available by law for the support of such appropriations; and 21 the restrictions of the State Purchasing Law, the General Accounting and 22 Budgetary Procedures Law, the Revenue Stabilization Law, the Regular Salary 23 Procedures and Restrictions Act, the Higher Education Expenditure 24 Restrictions Act, where applicable, and regulations promulgated by the 25 Department of Finance and Administration, as authorized by law, shall be 26 strictly complied with in disbursement of said funds. 27 SECTION. EMPLOYMENT OF ATTORNEYS. None of the funds appropriated in 28 this Act for Maintenance and General Operation shall be expended in payment 29 for services of attorneys, unless the agency shall first make a request in 30 writing to the Attorney General of the State of Arkansas to provide the 31 required legal services. The Attorney General's Office shall provide the 32 required legal services, or, if the Attorney General's Office shall determine 33 that sufficient personnel are not available to provide the requested legal 34 services, the Attorney General shall certify the same to the agency and may 35 authorize the agency to employ legal counsel and to expend monies

appropriated for Maintenance and General Operations thereof, if:

- 1 (1) The Attorney General determines, and certifies in writing, 2 that such agency needs the advice or assistance of legal counsel, and
  - (2) The Attorney General consents in writing to the employment of the legal counsel to be retained by the agency.

Such certification shall be required with respect to each instance of the employment of special legal counsel, or shall be required annually with respect to legal counsel employed on a retainer basis. A copy of such certification shall be entered in the official minutes of the agency, and shall be retained in the fiscal records of the agency for audit purposes.

SECTION. DISBURSEMENT CONTROLS. (A) No contract may be awarded nor obligations otherwise incurred in relation to the project or projects described herein in excess of the State Treasury funds actually available therefore as provided by law. Provided, however, that institutions and agencies listed herein shall have the authority to accept and use grants and donations including Federal funds, and to use its unobligated cash income or funds, or both available to it, for the purpose of supplementing the State Treasury funds for financing the entire costs of the project or projects enumerated herein. Provided further, that the appropriations and funds otherwise provided by the General Assembly for Maintenance and General Operations of the agency or institutions receiving appropriation herein shall not be used for any of the purposes as appropriated in this Act.

23 (B) The restrictions of any applicable provisions of the State
24 Purchasing Law, the General Accounting and Budgetary Procedures Law, the
25 Revenue Stabilization Law and any other applicable fiscal control laws of
26 this State and regulations promulgated by the Department of Finance and
27 Administration, as authorized by law, shall be strictly complied with in
28 disbursement of any funds provided by this Act unless specifically provided

29 otherwise by law.

SECTION. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. It is the intent of the General Assembly that any funds disbursed under the authority of the appropriations contained in this Act shall be in compliance with the stated reasons for which this Act was adopted, as evidenced by the Agency Requests, Executive Recommendations and Legislative Recommendations contained in the budget manuals prepared by the Department of Finance and Administration, letters, or summarized oral

testimony in the official minutes of the Arkansas Legislative Council or Joint Budget Committee which relate to its passage and adoption.

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Section 17. (A) Once a Senate bill has passed the House of Representatives and returned to the Senate, it may not be subsequently amended in the Senate unless the House expunges the vote by which it passed the bill and any amendments to the bill and the Senate expunges the vote by which the bill was passed and places the bill on second reading.

(B) Once a House bill has passed the Senate and has been returned to the House, it may not be subsequently amended in the House unless the Senate expunges the vote by which it passed the bill and any amendments to the bill and the House expunges the vote by which the bill was passed and places the bill on second reading.

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## Submission of Bills to Governor

Section 18. Whenever any Senate bill shall be approved by the House of Representatives and enrolled by the Senate, the Secretary of the Senate or one of his or her authorized agents shall without delay, deliver the same to the Governor or his or her designated representative and take receipt thereof, which receipt shall be returned to the Senate and entered in the Journal. Whenever any House bill shall be approved by the Senate and enrolled by the House, the Chief Clerk of the House or one of his or her authorized agents shall, without delay, deliver the same to the Governor or his or her designated representative and take receipt thereof, which receipt shall be returned to the House and entered in the Journal. In the event the Governor, or his or her designated representative, shall refuse to accept delivery of any such bill, the Secretary of the Senate, or the Chief Clerk of the House, or their designated agents, as the case may be, shall forthwith serve the same by handing the bill to either the Governor or to any employee of the Governor's office, and shall return a certificate to the Senate or the House as the case may be, of the date and time of such delivery and of the name of the person to whom delivered and such certificate shall be entered in the Journal of the Senate or the Journal of the House, as the case may be, and shall constitute proof of delivery of said bill to the Governor in determining the period of time in which the Governor has to sign the same or return it to the Senate or the House with his veto as provided in the

Constitution of the State of Arkansas.

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#### Constitutional Amendments

- Section 19. (A)(1) The Senate may, according to its rules, recommend one (1) proposed constitutional amendment for consideration and vote by the House of Representatives and the Senate.
- 7 (2) If the Senate-proposed constitutional amendment does not 8 receive an affirmative vote of the majority of House of Representatives, the 9 Senate may, according to its rules, recommend additional proposed 10 constitutional amendments to the House of Representatives one (1) at a time 11 until the House of Representatives affirms by a majority vote the Senate-12 proposed constitutional amendment.
  - (B)(1) The House of Representatives may, according to its rules, recommend one (1) proposed constitutional amendment for consideration and vote by the House of Representatives and the Senate.
  - (2) If the House of Representatives-proposed constitutional amendment does not receive an affirmative vote of the majority of Senate, the House of Representatives may, according to its rules, recommend additional proposed constitutional amendments to the Senate one (1) at a time until the Senate affirms by a majority vote the House of Representatives-proposed constitutional amendment.
  - (C) A third  $(3^{\rm rd})$  proposed constitutional amendment shall not be considered or voted upon by the General Assembly until identical resolutions authorizing the consideration of the proposed constitutional amendment have been approved by an affirmative vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the members elected to each house.
  - (D) A resolution proposing a constitutional amendment shall not be filed in either the House of Representatives or the Senate after the thirty-first (31st) day of each regular session of the General Assembly.
- 30 (E) A resolution proposing a constitutional amendment shall be 31 considered only during a regular session.

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Joint Meetings of Senate and House Committees

Section 20. The standing and select Committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives are authorized to hold joint meetings upon the call of the Chairpersons of the two committees involved or by one-half (1/2) or

1	more of the members of both committees involved.
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3	Correction of Obvious Errors
4	Section 21. The Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the
5	House are authorized, subject to approval by the appropriate designated
6	committee, to correct obvious errors occurring in documents originating in
7	the House and the Senate respectively, provided that each such correction is
8	noted on the bill jacket and is documented by a "correction note" at the end
9	of the official daily journal for the date on which the correction was made.
10	
11	Assigning Bill and Resolution Numbers
12	Section 22. In assigning numbers to bills and resolutions introduced
13	in the Senate and House of Representatives, Senate bills and resolutions
14	shall be numbered commencing with the figure 1, and House bills and
15	resolutions shall be assigned numbers commencing with the figure 1001.
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17	Pre-filing of Bills and Resolutions
18	Section 23. (A) Beginning on November 15th of each year preceding a
19	regular session of the General Assembly, each holdover member of the Senate
20	who will be serving at the next following regular session of the General
21	Assembly, and each member-elect of the General Assembly, as soon as the
22	members-elect of the next General Assembly are certified to the Secretary of
23	State, shall be permitted to prefile bills and resolutions for such regular
24	session with the Chief Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate.
25	(B)(1) Beginning on the second Monday of January of each year of a
26	fiscal session of the General Assembly, each member of the House of
27	Representatives and the Senate may prefile appropriation bills and
28	resolutions for the fiscal session with the Chief Clerk of the House and the
29	Secretary of the Senate.
30	(2) A non-appropriation bill may not be pre-filed prior to a
31	fiscal session due to the requirements of Article 5, $\S$ 5 of the Constitution
32	of Arkansas.
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34	Interim Committee Meetings
35	Section 24. (A) Interim committees shall not meet beginning January 1

immediately prior to a regular legislative session, without the prior

1	approval of:
2	(1) The current Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
3	current President Pro Tempore of the Senate for joint interim committees;
4	(2) The current Speaker of the House of Representatives for
5	interim committees of the House of Representatives; or
6	(3) The current President Pro Tempore of the Senate for interim
7	committees of the Senate.
8	(B)(1) Interim committees, including the Legislative Council and
9	Legislative Joint Auditing Committee and their respective subcommittees,
10	shall not schedule a meeting at the same time as a regularly scheduled pre-
11	session Arkansas Legislative Council/Joint Budget Committee or Joint Budget
12	Committee budget hearing meeting, unless the pre-session budget hearing
13	meeting was scheduled with less than one week's notice and prior
14	authorization for the conflicting interim committee meeting is granted by the
15	President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
16	Representatives.
17	(2)(a) For purposes of this rule, "regularly scheduled pre-
18	session budget hearing meetings" means those pre-session budget hearings that
19	are held prior to the regular or fiscal session for the purpose of
20	recommending agency appropriation bills for the following regular or fiscal
21	session.
22	(b) "Regularly scheduled pre-session budget hearing
23	meetings" does not include meetings of the subcommittees of Arkansas
24	Legislative Council/Joint Budget Committee or Joint Budget Committee.
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