1	State of Arkansas	A Bill	
2	94th General Assembly	A DIII	HOUSE DILL 1460
3	Regular Session, 2023		HOUSE BILL 1468
4	Day Day was autotissa I awa		
5	By: Representative Long		
6 7		For An Act To Be Entitled	
8	AN ACT TO PROTECT FACULTY MEMBERS, TEACHERS, AND		
9	EMPLOYEES OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND STATE-SUPPORTED		
10	INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION FROM COMPELLED		
11	SPEECH; TO PROHIBIT REQUIRING FACULTY MEMBERS,		
12	TEACHERS, AND EMPLOYEES OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND STATE-		
13	SUPPORTED INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION TO USE A		
14	PERSON'S PREFERRED PRONOUN; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.		
15			
16			
17	Subtitle		
18	TO PR	OHIBIT REQUIRING FACULTY MEMBERS	5,
19	TEACH	ERS, AND EMPLOYEES OF PUBLIC SCH	HOOLS
20	AND S	TATE-SUPPORTED INSTITUTIONS OF	
21	HIGHER EDUCATION TO USE A PERSON'S		
22	PREFE	RRED PRONOUN.	
23			
24			
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE G	ENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF	ARKANSAS:
26			
27	SECTION 1. Arkan	nsas Code Title 6, Chapter 1, Su	bchapter l, is amended
28	to add an additional section to read as follows:		
29	6-1-108. Protect	tion against compelled speech.	
30	(a) The General	Assembly finds that:	
31	(1) Facult	ty members, teachers, and employ	rees of public schools
32	and state-supported institutions of higher education do not shed their		
33	_	to freedom of speech or expressi	
34		cting the right to free speech f	-
35		s promotes three (3) important i	nterests, which
36	include:		

1	(A) Students' interests in receiving informed opinions on		
2	matters of public concern;		
3	(B) Faculty members', teachers', and employees' rights to		
4	disseminate their own opinions; and		
5	(C) The public's interest in exposing our children and		
6	future leaders to different viewpoints; and		
7	(3) The selection and use of pronouns in classrooms, on		
8	campuses, and elsewhere is a matter of free speech and academic freedom		
9	because it communicates a message on a matter of public concern and shapes		
10	classroom discussions and debates, and is not merely an administrative or		
11	ministerial act by faculty members, teachers, and employees of public schools		
12	and state-supported institutions of higher education.		
13	(b) As used in this section, "school" includes:		
14	(1) A public school or school district;		
15	(2) An open-enrollment public charter school; and		
16	(3) A state-supported institution of higher education.		
17	(c) A faculty member, teacher, or other employee of a school,		
18	regardless of the scope of his or her official duties:		
19	(1) Is not required to use a student's or coworker's preferred		
20	pronoun when referring to the student or coworker if the preferred pronoun is		
21	not consistent with the student's or coworker's biological sex;		
22	(2) Is not civilly, criminally, or administratively liable for		
23	using a pronoun that is consistent with the biological sex of a person to		
24	whom the faculty member, teacher, or other employee of a school is referring,		
25	even if the pronoun is not the person's preferred pronoun; and		
26	(3) Shall not be subject to adverse employment action for using		
27	a pronoun that is consistent with the biological sex of a person to whom the		
28	faculty member, teacher, or other employee of a school is referring, even if		
29	the pronoun is not the person's preferred pronoun.		
30	(d) A person who is harmed by a violation of this section may bring a		
31	cause of action for:		
32	(1) Injunctive relief;		
33	(2) Monetary damages;		
34	(3) Reasonable attorney's fees and costs; and		
35	(4) Any other appropriate relief.		
36			