1	State of Arkansas	A D'11	
2	94th General Assembly	A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2023		HOUSE BILL 1607
4			
5	By: Representative S. Meeks		
6	By: Senator Irvin		
7			
8		For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT TO	CREATE THE ARKANSAS NIGHTTIME ENVI	RONMENT
10	PROTECTIO	N ACT; TO REPEAL THE SHIELDED OUTDO	OOR
11	LIGHTING A	ACT; AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	
12			
13			
14		Subtitle	
15	TO C	REATE THE ARKANSAS NIGHTTIME	
16	ENVI	RONMENT PROTECTION ACT; AND TO REPR	EAL
17	THE	SHIELDED OUTDOOR LIGHTING ACT.	
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19			
20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF AR	KANSAS:
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22	SECTION 1. DO	NOT CODIFY. <u>Findings.</u>	
23	The General Ass	embly finds that:	
24	<u>(1)</u> Stree	et lighting that is used excessivel	y and inefficiently
25	<u>is not a cost-effecti</u>	ve use of taxpayer money;	
26	<u>(2)(A)</u>	ight pollution generated by street	<u>lighting systems has</u>
27	<u>been implicated in di</u>	sruption of the human and animal ci	rcadian rhythm and
28	strongly suspected as	an etiology of suppressed melatoni	<u>n production,</u>
29	depressed immune syst	ems, and increases in certain cance	er rates, while
30	<u>disability glare pose</u>	s safety risks, especially for the	elderly.
31	<u>(B)</u>	The findings set out in subdivisi	<u>.on (2)(A) of this</u>
32	section prompted the	American Medical Association in Jun	<u>ie 2009 to adopt a</u>
33	resolution advocating	the reduction of light pollution a	and glare through the
34	use of energy-efficies	nt shielded lighting, and in 2016 t	<u>che American Medical</u>
35	Association advocated	avoiding outdoor lighting with hig	<u>h levels of blue</u>
36	<u>light; and</u>		



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1	(3) It is in the public interest to set standards for outdoor
2	night lighting fixtures to promote safety, conserve energy, save tax dollars,
3	and preserve the state's natural nighttime environment for the health and
4	welfare of the state's citizens and wildlife.
5	
6	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code Title 8, Chapter 14, is repealed.
7	CHAPTER 14
8	SHIELDED OUTDOOR LIGHTING ACT
9	
10	8-14-101. Title.
11	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Shielded Outdoor
12	Lighting Act".
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14	8-14-102. Purpose.
15	The purpose of this chapter is to conserve energy and preserve the
16	environment through the regulation of outdoor lighting fixtures.
17	
18	8-14-103. Definitions.
19	As used in this chapter:
20	(1) "Outdoor lighting fixture" means an automatically
21	controlled, outdoor artificial illuminating device, whether permanent or
22	portable, used for illumination or advertisement, including searchlights,
23	spotlights, and floodlights, whether for architectural lighting, parking lot
24	lighting, landscape lighting, billboards, or street lighting; and
25	(2) "Shielded" means a fixture that is covered in a manner that
26	light rays emitted by the fixture, either directly from the lamp or
27	indirectly from the fixture, are projected below a horizontal plane running
28	through the lowest point on the fixture where light is emitted.
29	
30	8-14-104. Shielding Prohibitions - Exemptions.
31	$(a)(1)(\Lambda)$ No public funds shall be used to install an outdoor lighting
32	fixture unless it is shielded.
33	(B) Subdivision (a)(1)(A) of this section does not apply
34	to any municipality or county if the governing body of the municipality or
35	county determines by ordinance or to a municipally owned utility if the
36	municipal employee responsible for procurement determines that the cost of

1	acquiring a shielded outdoor lighting fixture will be prohibitive after
2	comparing:
3	(i) The cost of the fixtures; and
4	(ii) The projected energy cost of the operation of
5	the fixtures.
6	(2) The Division of Environmental Quality shall promulgate rules
7	prohibiting any person or entity from knowingly placing or disposing of the
8	bulb or tube portion of an electric lighting device containing hazardous
9	levels of mercury in a landfill if:
10	(A) The electric lighting device contains more than two-
11	tenths milligram per liter (0.2 mg/l) of leachable mercury as measured by the
12	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure as set out in United States
13	Environmental Protection Agency Test Method 1311; and
14	(B) Adequate facilities exist for the public to properly
15	dispose of the electric lighting device described in subdivision (a)(2)(A) of
16	this section.
17	(3)(A) Each electric public utility shall offer a shielded
18	lighting service option.
19	(B) Each electric public utility shall file an application
20	with the Arkansas Public Service Commission to establish a schedule of rates
21	and charges for the provision of a shielded lighting service option to the
22	utility's customers.
23	(C) The commission shall require each electric public
24	utility to inform its customers of the availability of the shielded lighting
25	service.
26	(b) This chapter does not apply to acquisitions of:
27	(1) Incandescent outdoor lighting fixtures of one hundred fifty
28	watts (150 W) or less or other light sources of seventy watts (70 W) or less;
29	(2) Outdoor lighting fixtures on advertisement signs on
30	interstate or federal primary highways;
31	(3)(A) Outdoor lighting fixtures existing and legally installed
32	before August 12, 2005.
33	(B) However, if an existing outdoor lighting fixture
34	exempted from this chapter under subdivision (b)(3)(A) of this section needs
35	to be replaced, the acquisition of the replacement outdoor lighting fixture
36	shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter;

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1	(4) Navigational lighting systems at airports or other lighting
2	necessary for aircraft safety; and
3	(5) Outdoor lighting fixtures that are necessary for worker
4	safety at farms, ranches, dairies, or feedlots or industrial, mining, or oil
5	and gas facilities.
6	(c) This chapter does not apply to outdoor lighting fixtures
7	maintained or installed by:
8	(1) A public school district;
9	(2) A correctional facility;
10	(3) A juvenile detention facility;
11	(4) An adult detention facility;
12	(5) A mental health facility; or
13	(6) A state-supported institution of higher education.
14	
15	8-14-105. Penalties.
16	Violations of this chapter are punishable by:
17	(1) A warning for a first offense; and
18	(2) A fine of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) minus the replacement
19	cost for each offending outdoor lighting fixture for a second or subsequent
20	offense or for an offense that continues for thirty (30) calendar days from
21	the date of the warning.
22	
23	8-14-106. Enforcement.
24	This chapter may be enforced by a town, city, or county of this state
25	by seeking injunctive relief in a court of competent jurisdiction.
26	
27	8-14-107. Provisions supplemental.
28	The provisions of this chapter are cumulative and supplemental and
29	shall not apply within a town, city, or county of this state that by
30	ordinance has adopted provisions restricting light pollution that are equal
31	to or more stringent than the provisions of this chapter.
32	
33	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code Title 8 is amended to add an additional
34	chapter to read as follows:
35	CHAPTER 16
36	ARKANSAS NIGHTTIME ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION ACT

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2	<u>8-16-101. Title.</u>
3	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Arkansas Nighttime
4	Environment Protection Act".
5	
6	<u>8-16-102.</u> Purpose.
7	The purpose of this chapter is to regulate lighting systems to promote
8	safety, conserve energy, save tax dollars, and preserve the state's natural
9	nighttime environment.
10	
11	8-16-103. Definitions.
12	As used in this chapter:
13	(1) "Governing body" means an agency director for a state level
14	entity and the legislative body for a county or municipality;
15	(2) "Fixture" means a complete lighting unit with an initial
16	rating of one thousand eight hundred lumens (1,800 lm) or more, including
17	without limitation a light source together with the parts designed to
18	distribute the light, to position and protect the light source, and to
19	connect the light source to the power supply;
20	(3) "Full cutoff" means a fixture does not allow more than two
21	percent (2%) light emissions, either directly from a light source or
22	indirectly by reflection or refraction from any part of the lighting unit,
23	above a horizontal plane running through the lowest point on the fixture
24	where light is emitted;
25	(4) "Illuminance" means the level of light measured on an
26	intercepting surface;
27	(5) "Light pollution" means general sky glow caused by the
28	scattering of artificial light in the atmosphere;
29	(6) "Light trespass" means excessive or unreasonable light
30	emitted by a fixture that shines beyond the boundaries of the property on
31	which the fixture is located; and
32	(7) "Lighting system" means a group of adjoining lighting
33	fixtures that are substantially identical and are:
34	(A) On the same street; or
35	(B) On the same property.
36	

1	8-16-104. Regulations for outdoor illumination.
2	(a) A state agency, public corporation, county, municipality, or
3	electric utility shall not install, or cause to be installed, a new or
4	replacement lighting system unless the following conditions are met:
5	(1) The fixtures making up the lighting system are full cutoff
6	<u>fixtures;</u>
7	(2) The illuminance of a surface does not exceed what is
8	adequate for that purpose under guidelines recommended for that purpose by
9	the Illuminating Engineering Society, as the guidelines existed on January 1,
10	2023, or the minimum illuminance recommendation for that purpose by the
11	United States Department of Transportation, as the minimum illuminance
12	recommendation existed on January 1, 2023;
13	(3) Consideration has been given to minimizing glare, light
14	pollution, and light trespass and to reducing energy use; and
15	(4) The color temperature is three thousand kelvin (3,000 K) or
16	less for all areas unless a recognized standard or practice requires
17	otherwise.
18	(b) Unless requested by the property owner, an electric utility shall
19	not install a permanent outdoor fixture for new or replacement residential
20	security or area lighting unless the permanent outdoor fixture is a full
21	cutoff fixture and the color temperature is two thousand seven hundred kelvin
22	<u>(2,700 K) or less.</u>
23	(c) An entity that installs new or replacement lighting system on
24	behalf of or that will become the responsibility of a state agency, public
25	corporation, county, or municipality shall comply with subsection (a) of this
26	section.
27	
28	<u>8-16-105. Enforcement.</u>
29	(a) This chapter may be enforced by a city or municipality by seeking
30	relief in a court of competent jurisdiction.
31	(b) If a city or municipality presents sufficient evidence in an
32	action under subsection (a) of this section, the court may compel the
33	electric utility to replace a fixture with a fixture meeting the standards of
34	this chapter at the electric utility's cost.
35	
36	<u>8-16-106. Exemptions.</u>

1	Section 8-16-104 does not apply if:
2	(1) A federal law, rule, or regulation preempts § 8-16-104;
3	(2)(A) There are special lighting requirements, including
4	without limitation:
5	(i) At sports facilities that comport with
6	recognized lighting practice for such sports facilities as established by the
7	Illuminating Engineering Society;
8	(ii) For historic decorative considerations;
9	(iii) At monuments; and
10	(iv) For decorative lighting on bridges over
11	navigable waterways.
12	(B) However, lighting exempted under subdivision (2)(A) of
13	this section shall be selected and installed to shield the lamp or lamps from
14	direct view to the greatest extent possible and to minimize upward lighting
15	and light trespass;
16	(3) The lighting is for a public or private state correction
17	facility, a detention facility, or a mental health facility; or
18	(4) The governing body determines through an ordinance that a
19	compliant lighting system could not achieve the lighting conditions needed to
20	meet safety concerns without incurring excessive cost.
21	(B) The ordinance shall be in effect only for the current
22	instance of the project and include:
23	(i) The specific lighting system and its location;
24	and
25	(ii) A cost or safety justification for the need.
26	
27	8-16-107. Authority to recover compliance costs through interim
28	surcharge.
29	(a) Upon a proper filing with the Arkansas Public Service Commission,
30	a public utility is permitted to recover, in a prompt and timely manner, all
31	investments and expenses for compliance with this chapter through an interim
32	surcharge, if the investments or expenses:
33	(1) Are not currently being recovered in existing rates;
34	(2) Are reasonably incurred;
35	(3) Were not reasonably known and measurable at a time that
36	allowed for a reasonable opportunity for the inclusion and consideration of

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1	the investments or expenses for recovery in the public utility's last general
2	rate case; and
3	(4) Are incurred by the public utility to comply with the
4	requirements of this chapter.
5	(b)(l) The interim surcharge permitted under subsection (a) of this
6	section is effective until the implementation of new rate schedules in
7	connection with the next general rate filing of the public utility in which
8	the investments or expenses can be included in the public utility's base rate
9	schedule.
10	(2)(A) The interim surcharge permitted under subsection (a) of
11	this section shall not exceed ten percent (10%).
12	(B) If the interim surcharge permitted under subsection
13	(a) of this section exceeds ten percent (10%), the public utility shall
14	conduct a rate review before recovering the interim surcharge.
15	(c) The interim surcharge permitted under subsection (a) of this
16	section is effective immediately upon proper filing with the commission.
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