1	State of Arkansas	As Engrossed: $S3/30/23$
2	94th General Assembly	A Bill
3	Regular Session, 2023	SENATE BILL 544
4		
5	By: Senators M. McKee, J. J.	Boyd, J. Bryant, Caldwell, Crowell, B. Davis, Dees, J. Dismang, J. Dotson, J.
6	English, Flippo, Gilmore, K	. Hammer, Hester, Hill, Irvin, B. Johnson, M. Johnson, C. Penzo, J. Petty,
7	Rice, Stone, G. Stubblefield	D. Sullivan, D. Wallace
8	By: Representatives Beaty J	, Ladyman, McAlindon
9		
10		For An Act To Be Entitled
11	AN ACT TO	AMEND THE LAW REGARDING ENERGY; TO AMEND
12	THE LAW C	ONCERNING COAL-POWERED ELECTRICAL GENERATION
13	FACILITIE	S; TO REQUIRE CERTAIN ACTIONS BEFORE
14	DECOMMISS	IONING OR DISPOSAL OF ASSETS; TO REQUIRE A
15	STUDY; TO	D ESTABLISH A STATE ENERGY POLICY; AND FOR
16	OTHER PUF	POSES.
17		
18		
19		Subtitle
20	TO A	AMEND THE LAW REGARDING ENERGY; TO
21	AME	ND THE LAW CONCERNING COAL-POWERED
22		CTRICAL GENERATION FACILITIES; TO
23	REQ	JIRE CERTAIN ACTIONS BEFORE
24	DEC	OMMISSIONING OR DISPOSAL OF ASSETS;
25	AND	TO REQUIRE A STUDY.
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28	BE IT ENACTED BY THE	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
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30	SECTION 1. Ark	cansas Code Title 15, Chapter 1, is amended to add an
31	additional section to	read as follows:
32	<u>15-10-102. Sta</u>	te energy policy.
33	<u>(a) It is the</u>	policy of this state that Arkansas shall have adequate,
34		sustainable, and clean energy resources.
35	<u>(b) To further</u>	the policy in subsection (a) of this section, Arkansas
36	shall promote the dev	relopment of:



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1	(1) Nonrenewable energy resources, including without limitation:
2	(A) Natural gas;
3	<u>(B) Coal;</u>
4	<u>(C) 0il;</u>
5	(D) Oil shale; and
6	(E) Oil sands;
7	(2) Renewable energy resources, including without limitation:
8	(A) Geothermal;
9	<u>(B)</u> Solar;
10	<u>(C) Wind;</u>
11	<u>(D) Biomass;</u>
12	(E) Biofuel; and
13	(F) Hydroelectric;
14	(3) Nuclear power generation technologies certified for use by
15	the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission, including without limitation
16	molten salt reactors producing medical isotopes;
17	(4) Alternative transportation fuels and technologies;
18	(5) Infrastructure to facilitate energy development, diversified
19	modes of transportation, greater access to domestic and international markets
20	for Arkansas's resources, and advanced transmission systems;
21	(6) Energy storage, pumped storage, and other advanced energy
22	systems, including without limitation hydrogen from all sources;
23	(7) Electricity systems that can be controlled at the request of
24	grid operators to meet system load demands to ensure an adequate supply of
25	dispatchable energy generation resources;
26	(8) Increased refinery capacity;
27	(9) Resources and infrastructure sufficient to meet the state's
28	growing demand for energy, while contributing to the regional and national
29	energy supply, thus reducing dependence on international energy sources; and
30	(10) Resources, tools, and infrastructure to enhance the state's
31	<u>ability to:</u>
32	(A) Respond effectively to significant disruptions to the
33	state's energy generation, energy delivery systems, or fuel supplies;
34	(B) Maintain adequate supply of energy resources,
35	including without limitation reserves of proven and cost-effective
36	dispatchable electricity reserves to meet grid demand; and

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1	(C) Ensure the state's energy independence by promoting
2	the use of energy resources generated within the state.
3	(c) In addition to promoting the development of energy resources and
4	related assets and policies under subsection (b) of this section, Arkansas
5	<u>shall:</u>
6	(1) Allow market forces to drive prudent uses of energy
7	resources, although incentives and other methods may be used to ensure the
8	state's optimal development and use of energy resources in the short- and
9	<u>long-term;</u>
10	(2) Pursue energy conservation, energy efficiency, and
11	environmental quality;
12	(3) Promote the development of a secure supply chain from
13	resource extraction to energy production and consumption;
14	(4) Maintain an environment that provides for stable consumer
15	prices that are as low as possible while providing producers and suppliers a
16	fair return on investment, recognizing that:
17	(A) Economic prosperity is linked to the availability,
18	reliability, and affordability of consumer energy supplies; and
19	(B) Investment shall occur only when adequate financial
20	<u>returns can be realized;</u>
21	(5) Promote training and education programs focused on
22	developing a comprehensive understanding of energy, including without
23	<u>limitation:</u>
24	(A) Programs addressing:
25	(i) Energy conservation;
26	<u>(ii) Energy efficiency;</u>
27	(iii) Supply and demand; and
28	(iv) Energy-related workforce development; and
29	(B) Energy education programs in kindergarten through
30	grade twelve (K-12); and
31	(6) Promote the use of clean energy sources by considering the
32	emissions of an energy resource throughout the entire life cycle of the
33	energy resource.
34	(d)(1) State regulatory processes should be streamlined to balance
35	economic costs with the level of review necessary to ensure protection of the
36	<u>state's various interests.</u>

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1	(2) When federal action is required, Arkansas shall encourage
2	expedited federal action and collaborate with federal agencies to expedite
3	<u>review.</u>
4	(e) State agencies are encouraged to conduct state agency activities
5	consistent with this section.
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7	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code Title 23, Chapter 18, is amended to add an
8	additional subchapter to read as follows:
9	Subchapter 12 — Coal-powered Electrical Generation Facilities
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11	23-18-1201. Legislative findings.
12	The General Assembly finds that:
13	(1) Affordable, reliable, dispatchable, and secure energy
14	resources are important to the health, safety, and welfare of the state's
15	<u>citizens;</u>
16	(2) The state has invested substantial resources in the
17	development of affordable, reliable, dispatchable, and secure energy
18	resources within the state;
19	(3) The early retirement of an electrical generation facility
20	that provides affordable, reliable, dispatchable, and secure energy is a
21	threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the state's citizens;
22	(4) The state's police powers, reserved to the state by the
23	United States Constitution, provide the state with sovereign authority to
24	make and enforce laws for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare
25	of the state's citizens;
26	(5) The state has a duty to defend the production and supply of
27	affordable, reliable, dispatchable, and secure energy from external
28	regulatory interference; and
29	(6) The state's sovereign authority with respect to the
30	retirement of an electrical generation facility for the protection of the
31	health, safety, and welfare of the state's citizens is primary and takes
32	precedence over any attempt from an external regulatory body to mandate,
33	restrict, or influence the early retirement of an electrical generation
34	facility in the state.
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36	<u>23-18-1202. Definitions.</u>

1	As used in this subchapter:
2	(1) "Dispatchable" means available for use on demand and
3	generally available to be delivered at a time and quantity of the operator's
4	choosing;
5	(2) "Disposal" means the sale, transfer, or other disposition of
6	<u>a project entity's assets;</u>
7	(3) "Electrical generation facility" means a facility that
8	generates electricity to provide to customers;
9	(4) "Forced retirement" means the closure of an electrical
10	generation facility as a result of a federal regulation that:
11	(A) Directly mandates the closure of an electrical
12	generation facility; or
13	(B) Imposes costs of compliance that are so high as to
14	effectively force the closure of an electrical generation facility;
15	(5)(A) "Project" means an electric generation and transmission
16	facility owned by an interlocal entity or an electric interlocal entity.
17	(B) "Project" includes without limitation the following
18	facilities that are owned by an interlocal entity or an electric interlocal
19	entity and required for the electric generation and transmission facility:
20	(i) Fuel facilities;
21	(ii) Fuel production facilities;
22	(iii) Fuel transportation facilities;
23	(iv) Energy storage facilities; or
24	<u>(v) Water faciliites.</u>
25	(C) "Project" includes a project entity's ownership
26	interest in:
27	(i) Facilities providing additional project
28	capacity;
29	(ii) Facilities providing replacement project
30	capacity; and
31	(iii) Additional generating, transmission, fuel,
32	fuel transportation, water, or other facilities added to a project;
33	(6) "Project entity" means an interlocal entity or an electric
34	interlocal entity that owns a project;
35	(7)(A) "Project entity asset" means a project entity's:
36	(i) Land;

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1	<u>(ii) Buildings; or</u>
2	(iii) Essential equipment, including without
3	limitation turbines, generators, transformers, and transmission lines.
4	(B) "Project entity asset" does not include an asset that
5	is not essential for the generation of electricity in the project entity's
6	coal-powered electrical generation facility;
7	(8) "Qualified utility" means an electric corporation that
8	serves more than two hundred thousand (200,000) retail customers in the
9	<u>state;</u>
10	(9) "Reliable" means supporting a system generally able to
11	provide a continuous supply of electricity at the proper voltage and
12	frequency and the resiliency to withstand sudden or unexpected disturbances;
13	and
14	(10) "Secure" means protected against disruption, tampering, and
15	external interference.
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17	23-18-1203. Notice of decommissioning or disposal of project entity
18	assets.
19	(a) A project entity shall provide a notice of decommissioning or
20	disposal to the Legislative Council at least one hundred eighty (180) days
21	before the:
22	(1) Disposal of any project entity assets; or
23	(2) Decommissioning of the project entity's coal-powered
24	electrical generation facility.
25	(b) The notice of decommissioning or disposal described in subsection
26	(a) of this section shall include:
27	(1) The date of the intended decommissioning or disposal;
28	(2) A description of the project entity's coal-powered
29	electrical generation facility intended for decommissioning or a project
30	entity asset intended for disposal; and
31	(3) The reasons for the decommissioning or disposal.
32	(c) A project entity shall not intentionally prevent the functionality
33	of the project entity's existing coal-powered electrical generation facility.
34	(d) Notwithstanding the requirements in this section, a project entity
35	may take any action necessary to transition to a new electrical generation
36	facility powered by nuclear power, natural gas, hydrogen, or a combination of

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1	natural gas and hydrogen, including without limitation any action that has
2	been approved by a permitting authority.
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4	23-18-1204. Forced retirement.
5	(a) A qualified utility that receives notice of any federal regulation
6	that may result in the forced retirement of the qualified utility's
7	electrical generation facility shall inform the Attorney General's Office of
8	the regulation within thirty (30) days after the receipt of notice.
9	(b) After being informed under subsection (a) of this section, the
10	Attorney General's Office may take any action necessary to defend the
11	interest of the state with respect to electricity generation by the qualified
12	utility, including without limitation filing an action in court or
13	participating in administrative proceedings.
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15	SECTION 3. TEMPORARY LANGUAGE. DO NOT CODIFY. Project entity
16	continued operation study.
17	(a) The Department of Energy and Environment shall conduct a study to:
18	(1) Evaluate all environmental regulations and permits to be
19	filed to continue operation of a project entity's existing coal-powered
20	electrical generation facility;
21	(2) Identify the best available technology to implement
22	additional environmental controls for the continued operation of a project
23	entity's existing coal-powered electrical generation facility;
24	(3) Identify the transmission capacity of the project entity;
25	(4) Coordinate with state and local economic development
26	agencies to evaluate economic opportunities for continued use of a project
27	entity's existing coal-powered electrical generation facility;
28	(5) Analyze the financial assets and liabilities of a project
29	entity;
30	(6) Identify the best interests of the local economies, local
31	tax base, and the state in relation to a project entity;
32	(7) Evaluate the viability of the continued operation of a
33	project entity's existing coal-powered electrical generation facility:
34	(A) Under ownership of the state; or
35	(B) In a public-private partnership; and
36	(8) Identify the steps necessary for the state to obtain right

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1	of first refusal for ownership of a project entity's existing coal-powered
2	electrical generation facility.
3	(b) A project entity shall cooperate and provide timely assistance and
4	information to the department in the preparation of the study under
5	subsection (a) of this section.
6	(c) The department shall report to the Joint Committee on Energy and
7	the Legislative Council on or before September 2024.
8	(d) The report under subsection (c) of this section shall include:
9	(1) The results of the study under subsection (a) of this
10	section;
11	(2) Recommendations for continued operation of a project
12	entity's existing coal-powered electrical generation facility;
13	(3) Environmental controls that need to be implemented for the
14	continued operation of a project entity's existing coal-powered electrical
15	generation facility;
16	(4) Recommendations to increase local and state tax revenue
17	through the continued operation of a project entity's existing coal-powered
18	electrical generation facility; and
19	(5) Recommendations for legislation to enable the continued
20	operation of a project entity's existing coal-powered electrical generation
21	facility.
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23	/s/M. McKee
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