1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: H3/10/25
2	95th General Assembly A Bill
3	Regular Session, 2025HOUSE BILL 1611
4	
5	By: Representative Gonzales
6	By: Senator Crowell
7	
8	For An Act To Be Entitled
9	AN ACT TO CREATE THE GAME FOWL FARM REGISTRATION AND
10	PRESERVATION ACT; TO AMEND THE DEFINITION OF ANIMAL
11	FIGHTING WITH RESPECT TO THE OFFENSE OF UNLAWFUL
12	ANIMAL FIGHTING; TO CREATE THE OFFENSE OF UNLAWFUL
13	ROOSTER FIGHTING; TO DECLARE AN EMERGENCY; AND FOR
14	OTHER PURPOSES.
15	
16	
17	Subtitle
18	TO CREATE THE GAME FOWL FARM
19	REGISTRATION AND PRESERVATION ACT; TO
20	AMEND THE DEFINITION OF ANIMAL FIGHTING;
21	TO CREATE THE OFFENSE OF UNLAWFUL
22	ROOSTER FIGHTING; AND TO DECLARE AN
23	EMERGENCY.
24	
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
26	
27	SECTION 1. DO NOT CODIFY. <u>Title.</u>
28	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Game Fowl Farm
29	Registration and Preservation Act".
30	
31	SECTION 2. DO NOT CODIFY. Legislative findings and intent.
32	(a) The General Assembly finds that:
33	(1) Unlawful rooster fighting continues to be a serious issue in
34	Arkansas, damaging the reputation of legitimate game fowl breeders and
35	inviting illegal activity;
36	(2) Arkansas lacks a clear framework to distinguish lawful game



As Engrossed: H3/10/25

HB1611

1	fowl farms from unlawful rooster fighting operations;
2	(3) Concerns over disease outbreaks such as avian influenza and
3	Virulent Newcastle disease pose risks to Arkansas's poultry industry, which
4	is a major economic driver for the State of Arkansas;
5	(4) Game fowl farms currently operate without oversight, making
6	it difficult to ensure animal welfare, prevent illegal fighting, and protect
7	biosecurity; and
8	(5) A registration and health monitoring program will support
9	responsible game fowl breeders while protecting Arkansas's poultry industry.
10	(b) It is the intent of the General Assembly to:
11	(1) Maintain existing laws that prohibit rooster fighting;
12	(2) Establish a game fowl farm registration system under the
13	Arkansas Livestock and Poultry Commission to recognize lawful game fowl
14	breeders; and
15	(3) Implement mandatory disease testing requirements every two
16	(2) years to protect public health and safeguard Arkansas's poultry industry.
17	
18	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code Title 2, Subtitle 3, is amended to add an
19	additional chapter to read as follows:
20	<u> Chapter 41 — Game Fowl Farm Registration and Preservation Act</u>
21	
22	<u>2-41-101. Title.</u>
23	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Game Fowl Farm
24	Registration and Preservation Act".
25	
26	2-41-102. Definition.
27	As used in this chapter:
28	(1)(A) "Game fowl" means a domesticated bird traditionally bred,
29	raised, or kept for agricultural, exhibition, or lawful cultural purposes,
30	including without limitation a heritage breed known for historical or
31	regional significance.
32	(B) "Game fowl" does not include a bird bred, raised, or
33	trained for organized fighting; and
34	(2) "Game fowl farm" means an operation that breeds, raises, or
35	sells game fowl for agricultural, breeding, or exhibition purposes.
36	

1	2-41-103. Game fowl farm registration required.
2	(a) An individual or entity that owns a game fowl farm in Arkansas
3	shall register every two (2) years with the Arkansas Livestock and Poultry
4	Commission.
5	(b) Registration required by this section shall be:
6	(1) Free of charge;
7	(2) Required regardless of flock size; and
, 8	(3) Used solely for disease tracking and breeder recognition
9	purposes.
10	(c) A registered game fowl farm shall not be unfairly targeted or
11	penalized solely based on registration status.
12	
13	2-41-104. Failure to register.
14	(a) An individual or entity that owns a game fowl farm and operates
15	the game fowl farm without registering as required by this chapter shall
16	receive a written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, from
17	the Arkansas Livestock and Poultry Commission requiring the game fowl farm to
18	comply with the registration requirement under § 2-41-103 within thirty (30)
19	<u>days.</u>
19 20	<u>days.</u> (b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty
20	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty
20 21	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this
20 21 22	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per
20 21 22 23	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation.
20 21 22 23 24	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt
20 21 22 23 24 25	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in:
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in: (1) Additional civil fines not to exceed five hundred dollars
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in: (1) Additional civil fines not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each subsequent thirty-day period of noncompliance; or
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in: (1) Additional civil fines not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each subsequent thirty-day period of noncompliance; or (2) The suspension of eligibility to participate in poultry
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in: (1) Additional civil fines not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each subsequent thirty-day period of noncompliance; or (2) The suspension of eligibility to participate in poultry
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in: (1) Additional civil fines not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each subsequent thirty-day period of noncompliance; or (2) The suspension of eligibility to participate in poultry exhibitions, sales, or other regulated game fowl activities.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in: (1) Additional civil fines not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each subsequent thirty-day period of noncompliance; or (2) The suspension of eligibility to participate in poultry exhibitions, sales, or other regulated game fowl activities.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in: (1) Additional civil fines not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each subsequent thirty-day period of noncompliance; or (2) The suspension of eligibility to participate in poultry exhibitions, sales, or other regulated game fowl activities. 2-41-105. Mandatory disease testing. (a) A game fowl farm shall be subject to mandatory disease testing
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	 (b) The failure of a game fowl farm owner to register after thirty (30) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in a civil fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per violation. (c) Continued failure to register after ninety (90) days from receipt of a written notice under subsection (a) of this section may result in: (1) Additional civil fines not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each subsequent thirty-day period of noncompliance; or (2) The suspension of eligibility to participate in poultry exhibitions, sales, or other regulated game fowl activities. 2-41-105. Mandatory disease testing. (a) A game fowl farm shall be subject to mandatory disease testing every two (2) years under the supervision of the Arkansas Livestock and

1	(2) Virulent Newcastle disease; and
2	(3) Pullorum disease.
3	(c) The cost of mandatory testing under this section shall be covered
4	by the commission for registered game fowl farms.
5	
6	2-41-106. Failure to comply with testing requirements.
7	(a) A game fowl farm that fails to comply with the testing
8	requirements under this chapter shall receive a written notice by certified
9	mail, return receipt requested, from the Arkansas Livestock and Poultry
10	Commission requiring the game fowl farm to comply with the testing
11	requirements within sixty (60) days.
12	(b) The failure of a game fowl farm to comply with testing
13	requirements under this chapter within sixty (60) days from receipt of a
14	written notice under subsection (a) of this section shall result in a civil
15	fine of five hundred dollars (\$500).
16	(c) Continued failure to comply with testing requirements under this
17	chapter after one hundred eighty (180) days from receipt of a written notice
18	under subsection (a) of this section may result in suspension from poultry
19	exhibitions, poultry sales, or other regulated game fowl farm activities.
20	
21	SECTION 4. Arkansas Code § 5-62-120(f), concerning the definition of
22	"animal fighting" with regard to unlawful animal fighting, is amended to read
23	as follows:
24	(f) <u>(l)</u> As used in this section, "animal fighting" means <u>organized</u>
25	fighting between roosters or other birds or between dogs, bears, or other
26	animals.
27	(2) "Animal fighting" does not include lawful game fowl breeding
28	or exhibition activities.
29	
30	SECTION 5. Arkansas Code Title 5, Chapter 62, Subchapter 1, is amended
31	to add an additional section to read as follows:
32	5-62-128. Unlawful rooster fighting.
33	(a)(1) A person commits the offense of unlawful rooster fighting in
34	the first degree if he or she knowingly:
35	(A) Organizes, promotes, or profits from rooster fighting;
36	<u>or</u>

4

03-10-2025 11:02:43 TNL196

(B) Receives money for the admission of another person to		
a location used for rooster fighting.		
(2) Unlawful rooster fighting in the first degree is a Class D		
felony.		
(b)(1) A person commits the offense of unlawful rooster fighting in		
the second degree if he or she knowingly:		
(A) Pays to attend a rooster fight; or		
(B) Participates in watching or carrying out an organized		
rooster fight.		
(2) Unlawful rooster fighting in the second degree is a Class A		
misdemeanor.		
(c) A person shall not be charged under this section solely for being		
present near a rooster fight unless there is reasonable cause to believe that		
the person paid to attend a rooster fight or was a knowing participant in		
watching or carrying out an organized rooster fight.		
(d) A rooster shall not be seized by law enforcement under this		
section solely based on the arrest of a person for violating a provision of		
this section unless there is clear and convincing evidence that the rooster		
was used in rooster fighting.		
(e) If a person is not convicted under this section, any seized		
rooster shall be immediately returned to the owner.		
(f) A seized rooster shall not be euthanized unless a licensed		
veterinarian determines that the rooster is suffering from an untreatable		
medical condition.		
SECTION 6. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. It is found and determined by the		
General Assembly of the State of Arkansas that game fowl farming is a		
historical, cultural, and agricultural practice in this state; that there is		
an urgent need to protect the state's poultry industry from significant risks		
arising from potential outbreaks of diseases such as Avian influenza and		
Virulent Newcastle disease, which pose threats to public health and economic		
stability; that the lack of an immediate regulatory framework for game fowl		
farming limits biosecurity measures and may inadvertently facilitate unlawful		
rooster fighting operations; and this act is immediately necessary to ensure		
public safety, economic protection, and the integrity of Arkansas's poultry		
sector. Therefore, an emergency is declared to exist, and this act being		

HB1611

As Engrossed: H3/10/25

1	immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, and
2	safety shall become effective on:
3	(1) The date of its approval by the Governor;
4	(2) If the bill is neither approved nor vetoed by the Governor,
5	the expiration of the period of time during which the Governor may veto the
6	bill; or
7	(3) If the bill is vetoed by the Governor and the veto is
8	overridden, the date the last house overrides the veto.
9	
10	/s/Gonzales
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	
32	
33	
34	
35	
36	