1	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: \$2/20/25 \$2/26/25	
2	95th General Assembly A Bill	
3	Regular Session, 2025 SENATE BILL 2	227
4		
5	By: Senators C. Tucker, B. Davis, J. Boyd, C. Penzo, G. Stubblefield	
6	By: Representative Eubanks	
7		
8	For An Act To Be Entitled	
9	AN ACT TO AMEND THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT OF	
10	1967; TO AMEND THE PROVISIONS OF THE FREEDOM OF	
11	INFORMATION ACT OF 1967 CONCERNING PUBLIC MEETINGS;	
12	AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.	
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15	Subtitle	
16	TO AMEND THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT	
17	OF 1967; AND TO AMEND THE PROVISIONS OF	
18	THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT OF 1967	
19	CONCERNING PUBLIC MEETINGS.	
20		
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:	
22		
23	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code § $25-19-103(6)-(9)$ , concerning the	
24	definitions used under the Freedom of Information Act of 1967, are amended	to
25	read as follows:	
26	(6) <u>"Public meetings"</u> <u>"Public entity"</u> means <del>the meetings of an</del>	<u>у:</u>
27	(i) A bureau, commission, or agency of the state:	<del>or</del>
28	<del>any</del>	
29	$\underline{(ii)}$ A political subdivision of the state, includi	ng
30	municipalities, and counties, and boards of education; and all	
31	(iii) All other boards, bureaus, commissions, or	
32	organizations in the State of Arkansas, except grand juries, supported whol	1 <i>y</i>
33	or in part by public funds or expending public funds:	
34	(7)(A) "Public meeting" means the formal gathering together of	<u>a</u>
35	governing body, whether in person or through electronic or telephonic means	<u>,</u>
36	of a public entity.	

1	(B) "Public meeting" does not include:
2	(i) The gathering together, whether in person or
3	through electronic or telephonic means, of the members of a governing body to
4	discuss the settlement of a cause of action in a court-ordered alternative
5	dispute resolution process, including without limitation a settlement
6	conference or mediation; and
7	(ii) A meeting of the Child Maltreatment
8	Investigations Oversight Committee under § 10-3-3201 et seq.;
9	$\frac{(7)(A)(8)(A)}{(8)(A)}$ "Public records" means writings, recorded sounds,
10	films, tapes, electronic or computer-based information, or data compilations
11	in any medium required by law to be kept or otherwise kept and that
12	constitute a record of the performance or lack of performance of official
13	functions that are or should be carried out by a public official or employee,
14	a governmental agency, or any other agency or improvement district that is
15	wholly or partially supported by public funds or expending public funds. All
16	records maintained in public offices or by public employees within the scope
17	of their employment shall be presumed to be public records.
18	(B) "Public records" does not mean software acquired by
19	purchase, lease, or license;
20	(8)(9) "Public water system" means all facilities composing a
21	system for the collection, treatment, and delivery of drinking water to the
22	general public, including without limitation reservoirs, pipelines,
23	reclamation facilities, processing facilities, distribution facilities, and
24	regional water distribution districts under The Regional Water Distribution
25	District Act, § 14-116-101 et seq.; and
26	$\frac{(9)}{(10)}$ "Vulnerability assessment" means an assessment of the
27	vulnerability of a public water system to a terrorist attack or other
28	intentional acts intended to substantially disrupt the ability of the public
29	water system to provide a safe and reliable supply of drinking water as
30	required by the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and
31	Response Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-188.
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33	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 25-19-103, concerning the definitions used
34	under the Freedom of Information Act of 1967, is amended to add additional
35	subdivisions to read as follows:
36	(11) "Cybercacurity" means the measures taken to achieve

1	protection against the criminal or unauthorized use of electronic data; and
2	(12) "Poll" means:
3	(A) A series of communications:
4	(i) Between:
5	(a) One (1) or more persons paid by a public
6	entity or agents or employees of that public entity; and
7	(b) One (1) or more members of the governing
8	body of that public entity;
9	(ii) Concerning any matter on which official action
10	will foreseeably be taken by the governing body;
11	(iii) To determine:
12	(a) How the member of the governing body
13	intends to vote; or
14	(b) Whether the member of the governing body
15	supports or opposes certain proposed action by the governing body; and
16	(iv) For the purpose of exercising a responsibility,
17	authority, power, or duty of the governing body; and
18	(13) "Remotely" means through electronic means, including
19	without limitation by telephone, video conference, or video broadcast.
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21	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 25-19-106 is amended to read as follows:
22	25-19-106. Open public Public meetings — Requirements, exceptions, and
23	penalties.
24	(a) Except as otherwise specifically provided by law, all meetings,
25	formal or informal, special or regular, of the governing bodies of all
26	municipalities, counties, townships, and school districts and all boards,
27	bureaus, commissions, or organizations of the State of Arkansas, except grand
28	juries, supported wholly or in part by public funds or expending public
29	funds, shall be public meetings. To lawfully hold a public meeting, a
30	governing body shall ensure that:
31	(1) Prior notice of the public meeting has been provided as
32	required under subsection (b) of this section;
33	(2) Any executive session held within a public meeting is
34	conducted as required under subsection (c) of this section;
35	(3) The public meeting is recorded as provided under subsection
36	(d) of this section;

1	(4) The public is permitted reasonable access to the public
2	meeting as provided under subsection (e) of this section; and
3	(5) The public meeting is conducted in a manner that allows the
4	public to attend and hear the governing body's meaningful discussion and
5	deliberation, if any, on official business.
6	(b)(1) $\underline{(A)}$ The time and place of each regular <u>public</u> meeting shall be
7	furnished to anyone who requests the information.
8	(B) Unless another notification timeline for the public
9	meeting of a governing body is specified by law, the notification required
10	under subdivision (b)(1)(A) of this section shall be made at least three (3)
11	days before the public meeting takes place in order that the public may have
12	representatives at the public meeting.
13	(2)(A) In the event of an emergency or special meetings public
14	meeting, the person calling the <u>public</u> meeting shall notify the
15	representatives of the newspapers, radio stations, and television stations,
16	if any, located in the county in which the <u>public</u> meeting is to be held and
17	any news media located elsewhere that cover regular <u>public</u> meetings of the
18	governing body and that have requested to be so notified of emergency or
19	special <u>public</u> meetings of the time, place, and date of the <u>public</u> meeting.
20	(B) Notification The notification required under
21	subdivision (b)(2)(A) of this section shall be made at least two (2) hours
22	before the $\underline{\text{public}}$ meeting takes place in order that the public $\underline{\text{shall}}$ $\underline{\text{may}}$ have
23	representatives at the <u>public</u> meeting.
24	(3) In addition to the requirements under subdivisions (b)(1)
25	and (2) of this section:
26	(A) The time, place, and date of a public meeting shall be
27	published online if the governing body or the public entity it governs
28	maintains a website or social media page; and
29	(B)(i) The governing body shall furnish the most current
30	agenda for a public meeting upon request and shall publish the most current
31	agenda for a public meeting online if the governing body or the public entity
32	it governs maintains a website or social media page at least three (3) days
33	before a regular public meeting and at least two (2) hours before an
34	emergency or special public meeting.
35	(ii) The requirement of subdivision (b)(3)(B)(i) of
36	this section does not preclude a governing body from adding items to an

Т	agenda after the agenda has been furnished or posted pursuant to subdivision
2	(b)(3)(B)(i) of this section.
3	(c)(l) $(\Lambda)$ Except as provided under subdivision (c)(6) of this section,
4	$\frac{\partial \mathbf{n}}{\partial \mathbf{n}}$ executive session will be permitted only for the purpose of:
5	(A)(i) considering Considering the employment,
6	appointment, promotion, demotion, disciplining, or resignation of any public
7	officer or employee.
8	(B) The specific purpose of the executive session
9	shall be announced in public before (ii) Before going into an executive
10	session called under subdivision (c)(l)(A)(i) of this section, a governing
11	body shall state publicly which specific purpose listed in subdivision
12	(c)(l)(A)(i) of this section is the basis for the executive session.
13	$\frac{(2)(A)(iii)}{(iii)}$ Only the person holding the top
14	administrative position in the public agency, department, or office involved,
15	the immediate supervisor of the employee involved, and the employee may be
16	present at the executive session when so requested by the governing $body_{\overline{{\boldsymbol{\tau}}}}$
17	board, commission, or other public body holding the executive session.
18	(B)(iv) Any person being interviewed for the top
19	administrative position in the public agency, department, or office involved
20	may be present at the executive session when so requested by the governing
21	$\frac{\text{board, commission, or other public}}{\text{body holding the executive session}}$
22	(B) Discussing how a governing body will respond to an
23	attack on or other breach of the cybersecurity of the public entity governed
24	by the governing body;
25	(C)(i) A board or commission of the state preparing
26	examination materials and answers to examination materials that are
27	administered to applicants for licensure from a state agency.
28	(ii) Boards and commissions are excluded from this
29	chapter for the administering of examinations to applicants for licensure;
30	<u>and</u>
31	(D) A governing body considering, evaluating, or discussing
32	matters pertaining to a public water system's security or municipally owned
33	utility system's security as described in § 25-19-105(b)(17).
34	$\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ Executive sessions must never be called for the purpose
35	of defeating the reason or the spirit of this chapter.
36	(4) No resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation, or

- 1 motion considered or arrived at in executive session will be legal unless, 2 following the executive session, the public body reconvenes in public session 3 and presents and votes on the resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, 4 regulation, or motion. 5 (5) (A) Boards and commissions of this state may meet in 6 executive session for purposes of preparing examination materials and answers 7 to examination materials that are administered to applicants for licensure 8 from state agencies. 9 (B) Boards and commissions are excluded from this chapter 10 for the administering of examinations to applicants for licensure. 11 (6) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (c)(4) of this 12 section, a public agency may meet in executive session for the purpose of 13 considering, evaluating, or discussing matters pertaining to public water 14 system security or municipally owned utility system security as described in 15  $\frac{\$ 25-19-105(b)(17)}{\$}$ 16 (7) An executive session held by the Child Maltreatment 17 Investigations Oversight Committee under § 10-3-3201 et seq. is exempt from 18 this section. 19 (d)(1) All officially scheduled, special, and called open public 20 meetings Except as provided under subdivision (d)(4) of this section, a 21 public meeting shall be recorded in a manner that allows for the capture of 22 sound, including without limitation: 23 (A) A sound-only recording; 24 (B) A video recording with sound and picture; or 25 (C) A digital or analog broadcast capable of being 26 recorded. 27 (2) A recording of an open a public meeting shall be maintained 28 by a public entity for a minimum of one (1) year from the date of the open 29 public meeting. (3) The recording shall be maintained in a format that may be 30 31 reproduced upon a request under this chapter. 32 (4) Subdivisions Subdivision (d)(1) and (2) of this section do 33 does not apply to:
  - (A) Executive sessions; or
- 35 (B) Volunteer fire departments.

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36 (5) Cities of the second class and incorporated towns are exempt

1	from subdivisions (d)(1) and (2) of this section until July 1, 2020.
2	(e)(1) A governing body shall ensure that Arkansas residents have
3	reasonable access to attend a public meeting, including through electronic
4	means, if such electronic means are available for use to the governing body.
5	(2)(A) If the Governor declares a disaster emergency under the
6	Arkansas Emergency Services Act of 1973, § 12-75-101 et seq., a public entity
7	may assemble, gather, meet, and conduct an open public meeting through
8	electronic means, including without limitation by:
9	(A) Telephone;
10	(B) Video conference; or
11	(C) Video broadcast. Except as provided under subdivisions
12	(e)(3) and (4) of this section, a member of a governing body shall be
13	physically present at a public meeting to be counted for purposes of
14	establishing a quorum or to vote.
15	(B) A quorum of a governing body shall be physically
16	present at a public meeting for the governing body to enter an executive
17	session.
18	(2)(3)(A) If an open public meeting is held under subdivision
19	(e)(1) of this section: A governing body may adopt a policy, resolution, or
20	ordinance permitting a member of the governing body who is unable to be
21	physically present at a public meeting to attend the public meeting remotely.
22	(A) The public may attend the open public meeting using
23	electronic means; and
24	(B)(i) Notice of the method the public may attend the open
25	public meeting shall be published with the notice of the open public meeting.
26	The governing body may count a member of the governing body who attends a
27	public meeting remotely for the purpose of establishing a quorum no more than
28	three (3) times per calendar year.
29	(ii) A member of a governing body attending remotely
30	who is used to establish a quorum under subdivision (e)(3)(B)(i) of this
31	section shall not be counted to determine if the governing body may enter
32	executive session under subdivision (e)(2)(B) of this section.
33	(C) This subdivision (e)(3) does not apply to public
34	meetings of quorum courts or city councils.
35	(3)(4) Physical presence of the public or of an individual
36	member of the public entity at the open public meeting is not required under

1	this subsection. If the Governor declares a disaster emergency under the
2	Arkansas Emergency Services Act of 1973, § 12-75-101 et seq., a governing
3	body may conduct a public meeting remotely.
4	(4)(5) The open public meeting shall be recorded in the format
5	in which it is conducted, including without limitation:
6	(A) A sound-only recording;
7	(B) A video recording with sound and picture; or
8	(C) A digital or analog broadcast capable of being
9	recorded. For a member of a governing body who attends a meeting remotely to
10	be counted for a quorum or to vote, the method used to permit the member of
11	the governing body to attend remotely shall:
12	(A) Provide a method for the president or the secretary of
13	the governing body to verify the identity of the member of the governing body
14	attending remotely;
15	(B) Allow members of the governing body who are physically
16	present at the public meeting and members of the public at all times to:
17	(i) Hear the member of the governing body attending
18	remotely;
19	(ii) Observe a vote of a member of the governing
20	body attending remotely; and
21	(iii) Know the identity of the member of the
22	governing body attending remotely when that member is speaking or voting; and
23	(C) Allow a member of the governing body attending
24	remotely to hear the members of the governing body physically present at the
25	public meeting and any public comment.
26	(5)(6) A public entity shall maintain the records of an open
27	public meeting held under this subsection for a minimum of one (1) year from
28	the date of the open public meeting. A member of a governing body who attends
29	a public meeting remotely shall not:
30	(A) Attend an executive session remotely;
31	(B)(i) Vote on an issue that is the subject of an
32	executive session.
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34 35	(ii) The inability of the member of a governing body

1	(C) Receive mileage or per diem for attending the public
2	meeting.
3	(7) If a public meeting is held remotely with no members of the
4	governing body physically present at the public meeting:
5	(A) The governing body shall enable members of the public
6	to attend the public meeting by the same means that the public meeting is
7	held for the members of the governing body; and
8	(B) Notice of the method the public may attend the public
9	meeting shall be published with the notice of the public meeting.
10	(8) The public meeting shall be recorded in the format in which
11	it is conducted, including without limitation:
12	(A) A sound-only recording;
13	(B) A video recording with sound and picture; and
14	(C) A digital or analog broadcast capable of being
15	recorded.
16	(9) A public entity shall maintain the records of a public
17	meeting held under this subsection for a minimum of one (1) year from the
18	date of the public meeting.
19	(f) A member of a governing body shall not participate in a
20	communication, whether oral, written, electronic, or otherwise, that:
21	(1) He or she knows or reasonably should know is a poll; or
22	(2)(A) Occurs outside of a public meeting with another member of
23	the governing body about a matter on which official action will foreseeably
24	be taken by the governing body.
25	(B) It is not a violation of subdivision $(f)(2)(A)$ of this
26	section if a member of a governing body or employee or agent of a public
27	entity communicates information that is background or otherwise non-
28	decisional in nature to one (1) or more members of the same governing body.
29	(g) Two (2) or more employees of a governing body may communicate for
30	the purpose of exercising a responsibility, authority, power, or duty of an
31	employee without notice and an open meeting under this section.
32	(h)(1) If a circuit court finds under § 25-19-107 that a governing
33	body violated this section, the circuit court may invalidate any action the
34	governing body took at the unlawful public meeting.
35	(2) If a circuit court finds under § 25-19-107 that a member of
36	a governing hody engaged in a communication prohibited under subsection (f)

1	of this section, the circuit court may invalidate any action the governing
2	body took that is the direct or indirect result of the prohibited
3	communication.
4	(3) An action taken in an executive session is void unless the
5	governing body conducts a public vote on the matter discussed in the
6	executive session at the conclusion of the executive session.
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8	/s/C. Tucker
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