1 2	State of Arkansas As Engrossed: $S2/20/25$ $S2/26/25$ $S3/3/25$ $S3/10/25$ 95th General Assembly $\bf A$ $\bf Bill$
3	Regular Session, 2025 SENATE BILL 227
4	
5	By: Senators C. Tucker, B. Davis, J. Boyd, C. Penzo, G. Stubblefield, J. Petty
6	By: Representative Eubanks
7	
8	For An Act To Be Entitled
9	AN ACT TO AMEND THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT OF
10	1967; TO AMEND THE PROVISIONS OF THE FREEDOM OF
11	INFORMATION ACT OF 1967 CONCERNING PUBLIC MEETINGS;
12	AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.
13	
14	
15	Subtitle
16	TO AMEND THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT
17	OF 1967; AND TO AMEND THE PROVISIONS OF
18	THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT OF 1967
19	CONCERNING PUBLIC MEETINGS.
20	
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ARKANSAS:
22	
23	SECTION 1. Arkansas Code $\S$ 25-19-103(6) - (9), concerning the
24	definitions used under the Freedom of Information Act of 1967, are amended to
25	read as follows:
26	(6) "Public meetings" "Public entity" means the meetings of any:
27	(i) A bureau, commission, or agency of the state; $\frac{\partial F}{\partial x}$
28	<del>any</del>
29	$\underline{(ii)}$ A political subdivision of the state, including
30	municipalities, and counties, and boards of education,; and all
31	(iii) All other boards, bureaus, commissions, or
32	organizations in the State of Arkansas, except grand juries, supported wholly
33	or in part by public funds or expending public funds:
34	(7)(A) "Public meeting" means the formal gathering together, in
35	a special or regular gathering, of a governing body, whether in person or
36	through electronic or telephonic means, of a public entity.

Ţ	(B) "Public meeting" does not include:
2	(i) The gathering together, whether in person or
3	through electronic or telephonic means, of the members of a governing body to
4	discuss the settlement of a cause of action in a court-ordered alternative
5	dispute resolution process, including without limitation a settlement
6	conference or mediation; and
7	(ii) A meeting of the Child Maltreatment
8	Investigations Oversight Committee under § 10-3-3201 et seq.;
9	$\frac{(7)(A)(8)(A)}{(8)(A)}$ "Public records" means writings, recorded sounds,
10	films, tapes, electronic or computer-based information, or data compilations
11	in any medium required by law to be kept or otherwise kept and that
12	constitute a record of the performance or lack of performance of official
13	functions that are or should be carried out by a public official or employee,
14	a governmental agency, or any other agency or improvement district that is
15	wholly or partially supported by public funds or expending public funds. All
16	records maintained in public offices or by public employees within the scope
17	of their employment shall be presumed to be public records.
18	(B) "Public records" does not mean software acquired by
19	purchase, lease, or license;
20	(8)(9) "Public water system" means all facilities composing a
21	system for the collection, treatment, and delivery of drinking water to the
22	general public, including without limitation reservoirs, pipelines,
23	reclamation facilities, processing facilities, distribution facilities, and
24	regional water distribution districts under The Regional Water Distribution
25	District Act, § 14-116-101 et seq.; and
26	$\frac{(9)}{(10)}$ "Vulnerability assessment" means an assessment of the
27	vulnerability of a public water system to a terrorist attack or other
28	intentional acts intended to substantially disrupt the ability of the public
29	water system to provide a safe and reliable supply of drinking water as
30	required by the Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and
31	Response Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-188.
32	
33	SECTION 2. Arkansas Code § 25-19-103, concerning the definitions used
34	under the Freedom of Information Act of 1967, is amended to add additional
35	subdivisions to read as follows:
36	(11) "Cybersecurity" means the measures taken to achieve

1	protection against the criminal or unauthorized use of electronic data; and
2	(12) "Pol1" means:
3	(A) A series of communications:
4	(i) Between:
5	(a) One (1) or more persons paid by a public
6	entity or agents or employees of that public entity; and
7	(b) One (1) or more members of the governing
8	body of that public entity;
9	(ii) Concerning any matter on which official action
10	will foreseeably be taken by the governing body;
11	(iii) To determine:
12	(a) How the member of the governing body
13	intends to vote; or
14	(b) Whether the member of the governing body
15	supports or opposes certain proposed action by the governing body; and
16	(iv) For the purpose of exercising a responsibility,
17	authority, power, or duty of the governing body; and
18	(13) "Remotely" means through electronic means, including
19	without limitation by telephone, video conference, or video broadcast.
20	
21	SECTION 3. Arkansas Code § 25-19-106 is amended to read as follows:
22	25-19-106. Open public Public meetings — Requirements, exceptions, and
23	penalties.
24	(a) Except as otherwise specifically provided by law, all meetings,
25	formal or informal, special or regular, of the governing bodies of all
26	municipalities, counties, townships, and school districts and all boards,
27	bureaus, commissions, or organizations of the State of Arkansas, except grand
28	juries, supported wholly or in part by public funds or expending public
29	funds, shall be public meetings. To lawfully hold a public meeting, a
30	governing body shall ensure that:
31	(1) Prior notice of the public meeting has been provided as
32	required under subsection (b) of this section;
33	(2) Any executive session held within a public meeting is
34	conducted as required under subsection (c) of this section;
35	(3) The public meeting is recorded as provided under subsection
36	(d) of this section;

1	(4) The public is permitted reasonable access to the public
2	meeting as provided under subsection (e) of this section; and
3	(5) The public meeting is conducted in a manner that allows the
4	public to attend and hear all of the governing body's meaningful discussion
5	and deliberation, if any, on official business.
6	(b)(1) $\underline{(A)}$ The time and place of each regular <u>public</u> meeting shall be
7	furnished to anyone who requests the information.
8	(B) Unless another notification timeline for the public
9	meeting of a governing body is specified by law, the notification required
10	under subdivision (b)(1)(A) of this section shall be made at least three (3)
11	days before the public meeting takes place in order that the public may have
12	representatives at the public meeting.
13	(2)(A) In the event of an emergency or special meetings public
14	meeting, the person calling the <u>public</u> meeting shall notify the
15	representatives of the newspapers, radio stations, and television stations,
16	if any, located in the county in which the <u>public</u> meeting is to be held and
17	any news media located elsewhere that cover regular <u>public</u> meetings of the
18	governing body and that have requested to be so notified of emergency or
19	special <u>public</u> meetings of the time, place, and date of the <u>public</u> meeting.
20	(B) Notification The notification required under
21	subdivision (b)(2)(A) of this section shall be made at least two (2) hours
22	before the <u>public</u> meeting takes place in order that the public shall <u>may</u> have
23	representatives at the <u>public</u> meeting.
24	(3) In addition to the requirements under subdivisions (b)(1)
25	and (2) of this section:
26	(A) The time, place, and date of a public meeting shall be
27	published online if the governing body or the public entity it governs
28	maintains a website or social media page; and
29	(B)(i) The governing body shall furnish the most current
30	agenda for a public meeting upon request and shall publish the most current
31	agenda for a public meeting online if the governing body or the public entity
32	it governs maintains a website or social media page at least three (3) days
33	before a regular public meeting and at least two (2) hours before an
34	emergency or special public meeting.
35	(ii) The requirement of subdivision (b)(3)(B)(i) of
36	this section does not preclude a governing body from adding items to an

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     agenda after the agenda has been furnished or posted pursuant to subdivision
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     (b)(3)(B)(i) of this section.
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           (c)(1)(A) Except as provided under subdivision (c)(6) of this section,
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     an An executive session will be permitted only for the purpose of:
 5
                       (A)(i) considering Considering the employment,
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     appointment, promotion, demotion, disciplining, or resignation of any public
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     officer or employee.
8
                             (B) The specific purpose of the executive session
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     shall be announced in public before (ii) Before going into an executive
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     session called under subdivision (c)(l)(A)(i) of this section, a governing
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     body shall state publicly which specific purpose listed in subdivision
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     (c)(l)(A)(i) of this section is the basis for the executive session.
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                             \frac{(2)(A)}{(iii)} Only the person holding the top
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     administrative position in the public agency, department, or office involved,
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     the immediate supervisor of the employee involved, and the employee may be
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     present at the executive session when so requested by the governing body_{\tau}
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     board, commission, or other public body holding the executive session.
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                             (B)(iv) Any person being interviewed for the top
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     administrative position in the public agency, department, or office involved
20
     may be present at the executive session when so requested by the governing
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     board, commission, or other public body holding the executive session-;
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                       (B) Discussing how a governing body will respond to an
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     attack on or other breach of the cybersecurity of the public entity governed
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     by the governing body;
25
                       (C)(i) A board or commission of the state preparing
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     examination materials and answers to examination materials that are
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     administered to applicants for licensure from a state agency.
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                             (ii) Boards and commissions are excluded from this
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     chapter for the administering of examinations to applicants for licensure;
30
     <u>and</u>
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                       (D) A governing body considering, evaluating, or discussing
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     matters pertaining to a public water system's security or municipally owned
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     utility system's security as described in § 25-19-105(b)(17).
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                 (3)(2) Executive sessions must never be called for the purpose
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     of defeating the reason or the spirit of this chapter.
36
                 (4) No resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, regulation, or
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- 1 motion considered or arrived at in executive session will be legal unless, 2 following the executive session, the public body reconvenes in public session 3 and presents and votes on the resolution, ordinance, rule, contract, 4 regulation, or motion. 5 (5) (A) Boards and commissions of this state may meet in 6 executive session for purposes of preparing examination materials and answers 7 to examination materials that are administered to applicants for licensure 8 from state agencies. 9 (B) Boards and commissions are excluded from this chapter 10 for the administering of examinations to applicants for licensure. 11 (6) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (c)(4) of this 12 section, a public agency may meet in executive session for the purpose of 13 considering, evaluating, or discussing matters pertaining to public water 14 system security or municipally owned utility system security as described in 15  $\frac{\$ 25-19-105(b)(17)}{\$}$ 16 (7) An executive session held by the Child Maltreatment 17 Investigations Oversight Committee under § 10-3-3201 et seq. is exempt from 18 this section. 19 (d)(1) All officially scheduled, special, and called open public 20 meetings Except as provided under subdivision (d)(4) of this section, a 21 public meeting shall be recorded in a manner that allows for the capture of 22 sound, including without limitation: 23 (A) A sound-only recording; 24 (B) A video recording with sound and picture; or 25 (C) A digital or analog broadcast capable of being 26 recorded. 27 (2) A recording of an open a public meeting shall be maintained 28 by a public entity for a minimum of one (1) year from the date of the open 29 public meeting. (3) The recording shall be maintained in a format that may be 30 31 reproduced upon a request under this chapter. 32 (4) Subdivisions Subdivision (d)(1) and (2) of this section do 33 does not apply to:
  - (A) Executive sessions; or
- 35 (B) Volunteer fire departments.

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36 (5) Cities of the second class and incorporated towns are exempt

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    from subdivisions (d)(1) and (2) of this section until July 1, 2020.
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           (e)(1) A governing body shall ensure that Arkansas residents have
    reasonable access to attend a public meeting, including through electronic
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 4
     means, if such electronic means are available for use to the governing body.
 5
                (2) If the Covernor declares a disaster emergency under the
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    Arkansas Emergency Services Act of 1973, § 12-75-101 et seq., a public entity
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    may assemble, gather, meet, and conduct an open public meeting through
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    electronic means, including without limitation by:
9
                      (A) Telephone;
10
                      (B) Video conference: or
11
                      (C) Video broadcast. Except as provided under subdivisions
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     (e)(3)-(5) of this section, a member of a governing body shall be physically
    present at a public meeting to be counted for purposes of establishing a
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14
    quorum or to vote.
15
                (2)(3) If an open public meeting is held under subdivision
16
    (e)(1) of this section: Other than governing bodies of municipalities,
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     counties, or public school districts, a governing body may adopt a policy
     permitting members of the governing body to attend a public meeting remotely.
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                      (A) The public may attend the open public meeting using
20
    electronic means: and
21
                      (B) Notice of the method the public may attend the open
22
    public meeting shall be published with the notice of the open public meeting.
                 (4) The ability of the governing body of a public school
23
    district to conduct a public meeting remotely shall be governed by § 6-13-
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    619.
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                (3)(5) Physical presence of the public or of an individual
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    member of the public entity at the open public meeting is not required under
28
    this subsection. If the Governor declares a disaster emergency under the
    Arkansas Emergency Services Act of 1973, § 12-75-101 et seq., a governing
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     body may conduct a public meeting remotely.
31
                (4)(6) The open public meeting shall be recorded in the format
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    in which it is conducted, including without limitation;
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                      (A) A sound-only recording;
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                       (B) A video recording with sound and picture; or
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                      (C) A digital or analog broadcast capable of being
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    recorded. For a member of a governing body who attends a meeting remotely to
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1	be counted for a quorum or to vote, the method used to permit the member of
2	the governing body to attend remotely shall:
3	(A) Provide a method for the president or the secretary of
4	the governing body to verify the identity of the member of the governing body
5	attending remotely;
6	(B) Allow other members of the governing body and members
7	of the public, whether physically present at the public meeting or attending
8	the public meeting remotely, at all times to:
9	(i) Hear the member of the governing body attending
10	<pre>remotely;</pre>
11	(ii) Observe or otherwise understand a vote of a
12	member of the governing body attending remotely; and
13	(iii) Know the identity of the member of the
14	governing body attending remotely when that member is speaking or voting; and
15	(C) Allow a member of the governing body attending
16	remotely to hear the other members of the governing body and any public
17	<pre>comment.</pre>
18	(5)(7) A public entity shall maintain the records of an open
19	public meeting held under this subsection for a minimum of one (1) year from
20	the date of the open public meeting. A member of a governing body who attends
21	a public meeting remotely shall not receive mileage or per diem for attending
22	the public meeting.
23	(8) If a public meeting is held remotely with no members of the
24	governing body physically present at the public meeting:
25	(A) The governing body shall enable members of the public
26	to attend the public meeting by the same means that the public meeting is
27	held for the members of the governing body; and
28	(B) Notice of the method the public may attend the public
29	meeting shall be published with the notice of the public meeting.
30	(9) The public meeting shall be recorded in the format in which
31	it is conducted, including without limitation:
32	(A) A sound-only recording;
33	(B) A video recording with sound and picture; and
34	(C) A digital or analog broadcast capable of being
35	recorded.
36	(10) A public entity shall maintain the records of a public

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meeting held under this subsection for a minimum of one (1) year from the
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 2
     date of the public meeting.
 3
           (f) A member of a governing body shall not participate in a
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     communication, whether oral, written, electronic, or otherwise, that:
 5
                (1)(A) He or she knows or reasonably should know is a poll.
 6
                       (B)(i) It is not a violation of subdivision (f)(1)(A) of
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     this section if a secretary or administrative assistant of a governing body
     communicates in writing with one (1) or more members of the governing body
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9
     for the purpose of conducting a ministerial act, including without limitation
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     scheduling a public meeting of the governing body or setting the agenda for a
11
     public meeting of the governing body.
12
                       (ii) It is a violation of subdivision (f)(l)(A) of this
13
     section if a secretary or administrative assistant of a governing body
14
     communicates with one (1) or more members of the governing body to schedule a
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     public meeting of the governing body or set the agenda for a public meeting
     of the governing body and the communication functionally conducts substantive
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     business of the governing body concerning any matter on which official action
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     would foreseeably be taken by the governing body.
19
                       (C)(i) It is not a violation of subdivision (f)(1)(A) of
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     this section if an employee or an agent of a public entity communicates
21
     information that is background and non-decisional in nature to one (1) or
22
     more members of the governing body of the public entity.
23
                            (ii) Except as provided in subdivision (f)(1)(B)(i)
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     of this section, it is a violation of subdivision (f)(1)(A) of this section
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     if an employee or agent of a public entity communicates to a member of the
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     governing body of the public entity:
27
                                   (a) How another member of the governing body
28
     intends to vote; or
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                                  (b) Whether another member of the governing
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     body supports or opposes a certain proposed action by the governing body; or
31
                 (2)(A) Occurs outside of a public meeting with another member of
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     the governing body about a matter on which official action will foreseeably
     be taken by the governing body.
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34
                       (B) It is not a violation of subdivision (f)(2)(A) of this
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     section if a member of a governing body communicates information that is
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     background and non-decisional in nature to one (1) or more members of the
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1	same governing body.
2	(C) It is a violation of subdivision $(f)(2)(A)$ of this
3	section if a member of a governing body engages in any communication with one
4	(1) or more members of the governing body that constitutes an exchange of
5	information or opinion to seek or disclose a decision on or to solicit,
6	disclose, or inquire about a member's support or opposition concerning any
7	matter on which official action will foreseeably be taken by the governing
8	body.
9	(g) Two (2) or more employees of a governing body may communicate for
10	the purpose of exercising a responsibility, authority, power, or duty of an
11	employee without notice and an open meeting under this section.
12	(h)(1) If a circuit court finds under § 25-19-107 that a governing
13	body violated this section, the circuit court may invalidate any action the
14	governing body took at the unlawful public meeting.
15	(2) If a circuit court finds under § 25-19-107 that a member of
16	a governing body engaged in a communication prohibited under subsection (f)
17	of this section, the circuit court may invalidate any action the governing
18	body took that is the direct or indirect result of the prohibited
19	<pre>communication.</pre>
20	(3) An action taken in an executive session is void unless the
21	governing body conducts a public vote on the matter discussed in the
22	executive session at the conclusion of the executive session.
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24	/s/C. Tucker
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